

# UNNES: Beyond GDP Sprint Session 4

## Mapping domestic well-being dashboards and their concepts and contents

7 September 2023



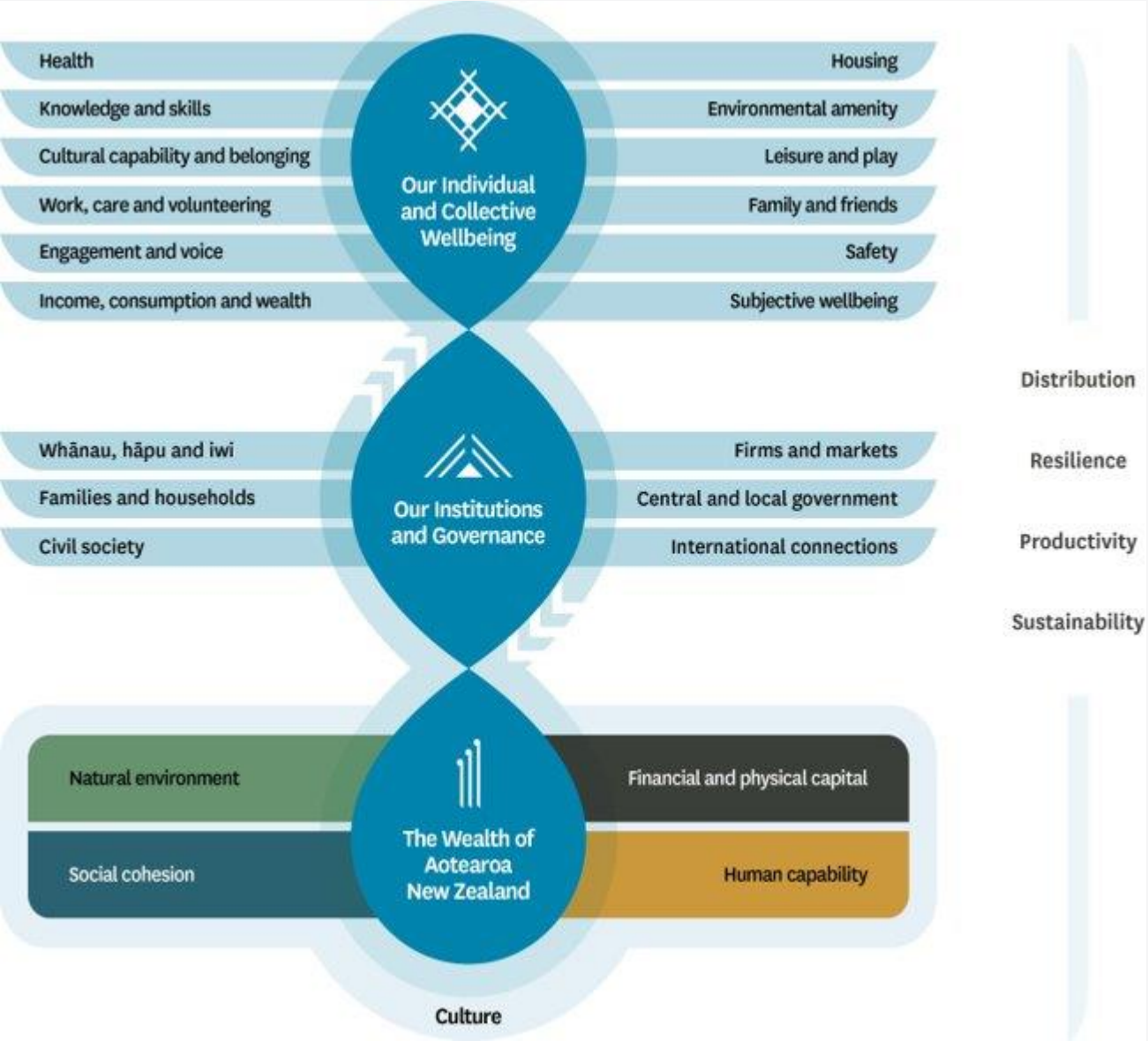
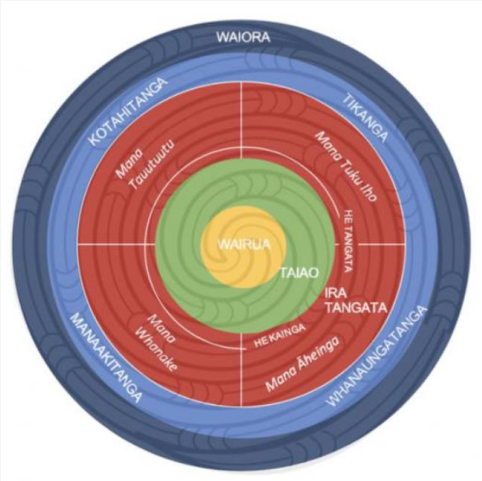
# Session 1 – Opening, welcome remarks and scene setting

- Stefan Schweinfest, Director, United Nations Statistics Division
- *Sonia Raizenne, Director – Industrial Organization and Finance Division, Economic Statistics Field, Statistics Canada*



# Session 2 – New Zealand’s Living Standards Framework

*Presenter: Diana Cook, The Treasury New Zealand and Marilette Lotter, Statistics New Zealand*



# Session 3 – UK Measures of National Well-being

*Eleanor Rees, UK Office for National Statistics*


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## UK Measures of National Well-being: Dashboard

A visual overview of how people in the UK are doing across 10 domains of national well-being.

5 July 2023

This dashboard brings together the latest data on how people in the UK are doing as individuals, communities, and a nation. It also considers how sustainable our well-being is for the future.

 **These measures come from data sources with different geographical coverage and data collection periods. Please use caution when making comparisons between measures and over time. Please also consider the potential impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic on data collection and scores.**

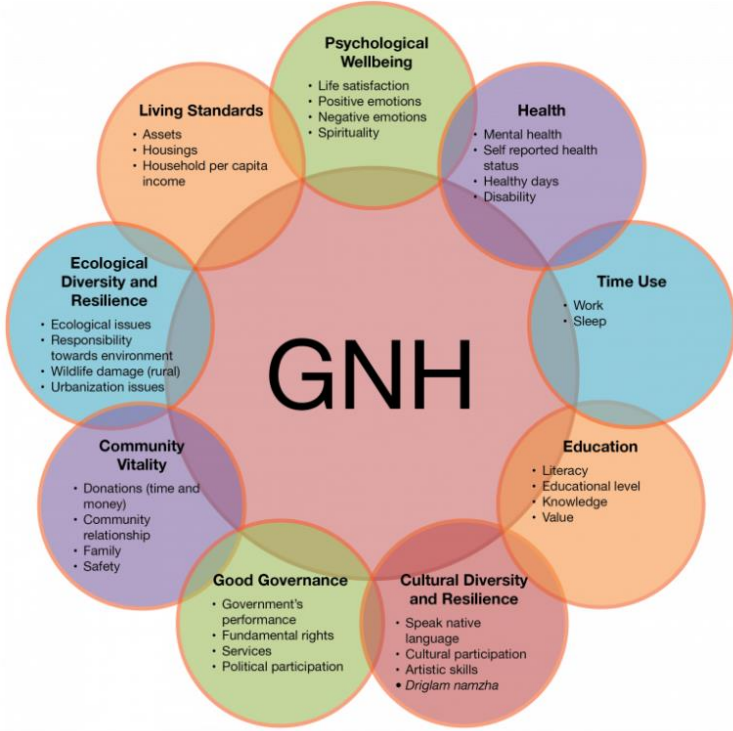
For more detail on the methods, sources and assessment of change methodology, please read our [UK Measures of National Well-being user guide](#).

# Session 4 – Bhutanese Gross National Happiness Index

Presenter: Dasho Karma Ura, Centre for Bhutan Studies and GNH Research

GROUP TYPE	HAPPINESS GRADIENT	SUFFICIENCY SCORES INCLUDED	PROPORTION OF POPULATION IN EACH GROUP	AVERAGE SUFFICIENCY SCORE
Happy people	Deeply happy	77–100%	9.5%	80.9%
	Extensively happy	66–76.9%	38.6%	70.8%
Not-yet-happy people	Narrowly happy	50–65.9%	45.5%	59.7%
	Unhappy	0–49.9%	6.4%	45.2%

Source: GNH 2022. 2023



# Session 5 – Canada's Quality of Life Framework

*Kari Wolanski, Statistics Canada*





# Session 6 – OECD Better Life Index

*Carrie Exton, WISE  
Centre, Organisation for  
Economic Co-operation  
and Development*

**Countries are employing different methods and processes to apply a well-being approach in policy practice**

## BUDGETING/ FISCAL STRATEGY

- Italy
- New Zealand
- France
- Canada
- Ireland
- Iceland
- Sweden
- Australia



## PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORKS & STRATEGIC COORDINATION PLANS

*Performance frameworks (+indicators)*

- Iceland
- Japan
- UK
- Slovenia
- Finland
- Ireland
- Latvia
- Scotland
- Wales
- Finland

*Inclusive Growth Strategies*

- UK
- Slovenia
- Finland
- Colombia
- Ireland
- Spain
- Latvia

*National Development/Action Plans*

- UK
- Slovenia
- Finland
- Colombia
- Ireland
- Spain
- Latvia



## POLICY APPRAISAL AND EVALUATION TOOLS

*Well-being valuation/cost-benefit analysis*

- NZ
- UK
- Slovenia

*Modelling/forecasting techniques*

- Italy
- Finland

*Impact assessment and evaluation*

- UK
- Canada
- Finland



## EMBEDDING MECHANISMS

*Legislation and accountability structures*

- Italy
- NZ
- Wales
- Scotland
- France

*Capacity-building and evidence gathering*

- UK
- NZ
- Ireland

*Coordinating bodies*

- Italy
- NZ
- Finland



**There is no single way to use well-being evidence in policy**

# Session 7 – UNECE Review of Measurement of Well-being

*Amit Yagur-Kroll, Israel Central Bureau of Statistics*

Use of dimensions in composite indicators

	<i>Income</i>	<i>Jobs</i>	<i>Housing</i>	<i>Health</i>	<i>Education</i>	<i>Environment</i>	<i>Subjective well-being</i>	<i>Safety</i>	<i>Work-life balance</i>	<i>Community</i>	<i>Civil engagement</i>	<i>Trust</i>
Belgium	x	x		x	x			x		x		x
Cyprus	x	x	x									
Georgia	x	x		x								
Greece	x			x	x				x			x
Mexico	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	
Netherlands	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Portugal	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x
Serbia	x					x						
Total	8	6	3	6	5	3	3	4	4	3	3	4