**United Nations Statistical Commission**  
**Fifty-third session**  
**Item 3 (j) of the provisional agenda**  
**Items for discussion and decision: crime and criminal justice statistics**


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**Statement provided by:**  
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**Statement:**  
Malaysia would like to welcome the report and to convey our note of appreciation for the effort made by the Secretary-General. We believe that the report will help us in terms of strengthening the reporting and completeness on SDG Goal 16.

(a) Malaysia agreed and approved the proposed set of activities and work plan to continue the implementation of the roadmap as approved by the Commission in 2013 and updated in 2019.

(b) Malaysia agreed and approved the statistical framework for measuring the gender-related killing of women and girls (also referred to as “femicide/feminicide”).

(c) Malaysia agreed and approved the conceptual framework for the statistical measurement of illicit financial flows.

(d) Malaysia acknowledged the proposal to use the Sustainable Development Goal 16 survey developed by UNDP, UNODC and OHCHR as an instrument to measure progress on Goal 16 indicators related to access to justice, corruption, discrimination, governance, human trafficking and violence; and encourage Member States and donors to support the financing and implementation of the Sustainable Development Goal 16 survey by national statistical offices to significantly improve the availability and quality of survey-based Goal 16 indicators. In regards to reduce the data gaps for SDG 16 and indicators related to violence, Malaysia has conducted National Household Indicators Survey (NHIS) in 2021 which will contribute to generate full-fledged indicators for SDG 5.2.1, 5.2.2, 10.3.1, 16.1.3, 16.1.4, 16.2.3, 16.3.1, 16.6.1, 16.7.2, 16.9.1 and 16.b.1.

(e) Malaysia acknowledged the key activities to modernise and strengthen crime and criminal justice statistics between 2022-2025 presented in this document and encourage their implementation in line with the Road Map.

(f) Malaysia acknowledged the successful model of the Centres of Excellence as effective partnerships between national statistical offices and United Nations agencies to support countries in the area of crime and criminal justice statistics and invited UNODC to define a new partnership for the establishment of a centre of excellence to support countries in Africa.
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(g) DOSM will be assisting and working with the Ministry of Home Affairs (MOHA) and all relevant agencies to implement the International Classification of Crime for Statistical Purpose in an integrated manner. Technical assistance and expertise from the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) or relevant is needed to enable ICCS fully adopted by all ministries/agencies in Malaysia. To date, DOSM has not yet fully used ICCS in the publication of crime statistics.

Additional Information

i. Malaysia has published Crime Statistics, Malaysia, 2021 which presents eight selected crime statistics covering Crime Index, Drugs, Corruptions, Environment, Traffic Offences, Cyber Crime, Maritime Crime and Correctional Facility. The data is based on administrative records obtained from various agencies in Malaysia.

ii. Malaysia also acknowledged that the framework of statistical measurement of illicit financial flows has considered existing statistical frameworks such as the System of National Accounts (SNA) and the balance of payments.

Submitted on: 2/24/2022