



Mongolian TUS experience

Khuslen Zorigt National Statistics Office of Mongolia



Contents

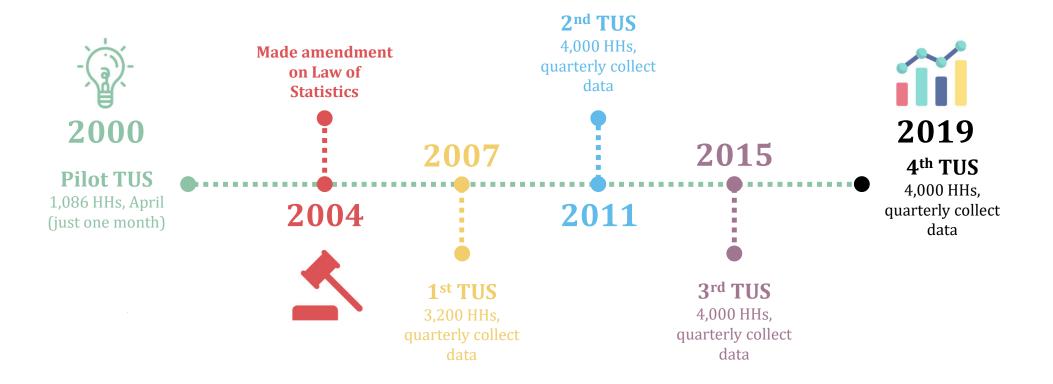


- Background of Mongolian TUS
- The latest TUS 2019



Background of Mongolian TUS







Justification and rationale for the survey implementation



- Implementation of the Law on Statistics
- Derive SDGs indicator 5.4.1
- Monitor implementation of international conventions and treaties Mongolia is signatory to



Survey objectives





Update data and statistics on situation of Mongolian people's lifestyle



Derive data and statistics to monitor the SDGs (determine time spent in unpaid and pad work of women and men)



Contribute to
calculation of the Gross
Domestic Product,
particularly value
added of household



Data to inform further in-depth studies and analyses for researchers and academics



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Sampling design and size



- Representative national and regional level
- Multi-stages sample method
- Total sample is 4,000 households
- Data collected by quarterly
- 12 and older in selected households for diary



Classification



- International classification of activities for time use statistics (ICATUS 2016)
- International standard industrial classification (ISIC 4.0)
- International standard classification of occupation (ISCO 08)





Household questionnaire (Selected households)

- HH living condition
- Individual information (demographic, education, functioning, marital status, employment)

Children under 5 questionnaire (Mother/caretaker of children under 5 years)

• Refers to child illness related to air pollution and parents how many hours and money spend for caring their children *(additional-new module)*

Diary (12 years and above)

- Main and parallel activities in 10 minutes interval
- Contextual information (location, with whom)



Data collection



Household questionnaire TUS-1:

face-to-face interview using tablet (CAPI)

Under 5 questionnaire TUS-1a:

face-to-face interview using tablet (CAPI)

Diary TUS-2:

- Mixed mode of data collection was used (from quarter 3)
- **PAPER**: interviewer collected filled diary from households then coded and done data entry
- SMART PHONE APP: respondent filled diary on own smartphone.



Process diagram of data collection using smart phone application

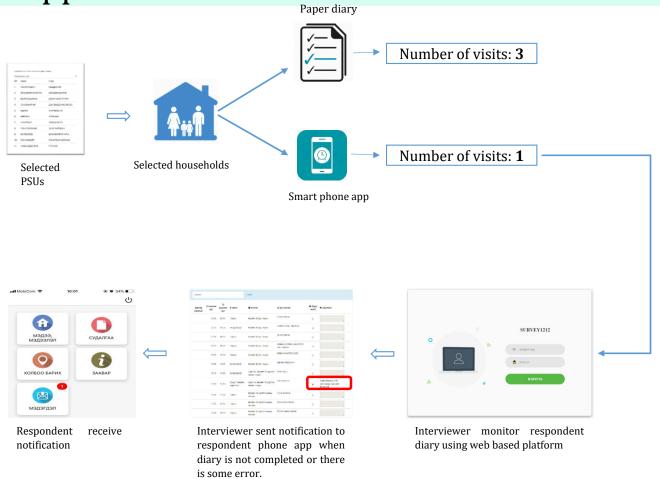


Google Play Store



Apple App Store

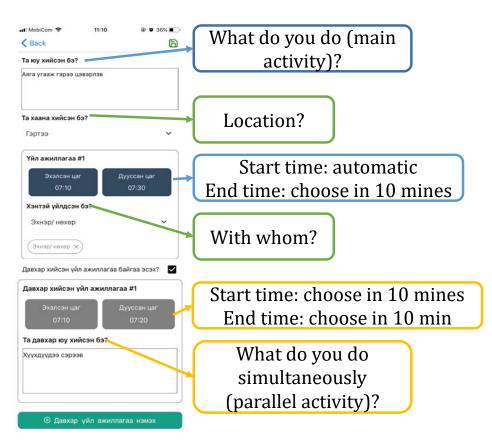


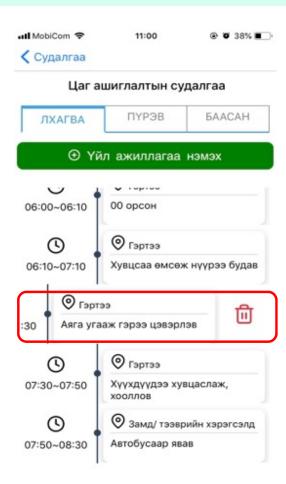




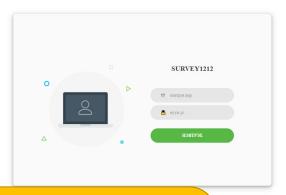
Appearance of application (on the phone)









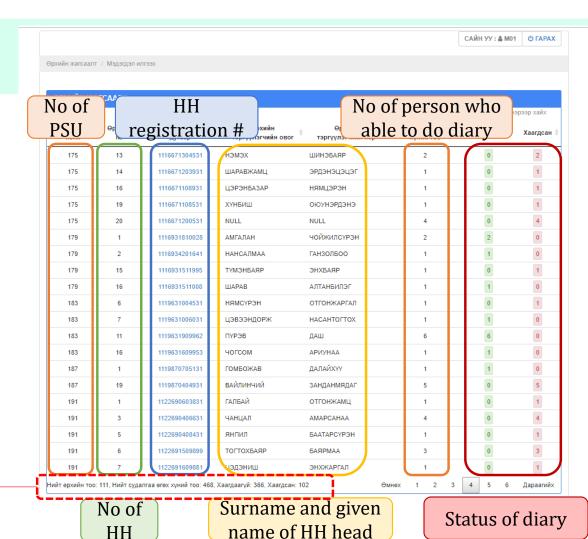


Interviewers and supervisors are using web based platform to monitor diary and coding activities

http://srv.nso.mn/Survey1212/

Summary

HH: 111, Total number of person who able to do diary using app: 468, Not closed diary: 366, Completed diary: 102





Using smart phone application

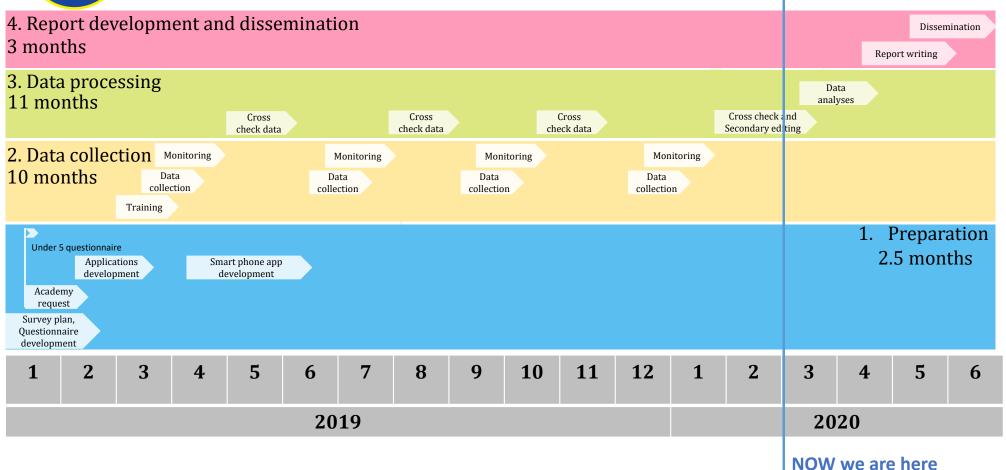


	Advantage	Disadvantage
Respondent burden	More option/choice to respondent – some people prefer to using application instead of write down on the paper	
Time	Safe time – no need to data entry, just coding on web based platform	
Budget	Safe world – not using paper	Additional budget – given phone data to respondent
Coding activities	Integrated coding (it will reduce non sampling error on activities coding)	
Monitoring	We can monitor during data collection on timely manner	
Data quality	Not clear yet	



Stages of survey implementation





Dissemination

VI

IN-DEPTH STUDIES

REPORT

English and Mongolian report

X

V

DISSEMINATION WORKSHOP

Dissemination workshops will be held in June





INFOGRAPHIC

Developed using graphics of **lifestyle**





PRIMARY DATA

Open anonymized primary data access

IV

Detailed information on survey methodology and indicators

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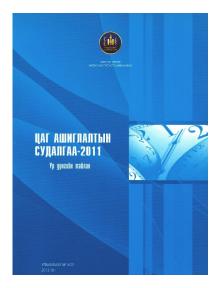


THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION











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www.1212.mn