

Comments/Suggestions for Statistical Commission 50th Session New York, March 2019

3(a) Items for discussion and decision: data and indicators for the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

File/Page/Par.	Contents	Comments/Suggestions
2019-2-IAEG- SDG-EE/page 3/Par.8	The data availability of all Tier I and II indicators was reviewed in the global indicator database as of 31 August 2018 to assess country and population coverage for each region where the indicator is relevant.	The Expert Group needs to map countries that have already provided global indicators classified as Tier II by the Expert Group. This is an important infofrmation to enable one identify from which countries we can learn in order to be able to provide global indicators in Tier II. For instance, some countries have already calculated indicators PoU and FIES, but other countries might not.
2019-2-IAEG- SDG-EE/page 3/Par.10	Based on the updates to the Tier classification following these reviews, as of 6 December 2018, out of the 232 indicators, 101 are Tier I indicators, 81 are Tier II, 44 are Tier III and 6 are multiple tiers (different components of the indicator are classified into different tiers)	Providing example or list of these 6 multiple tier indicators in this paragraph would be helpful for the readers
2019-3-SG- SDG-EE/Page 4	VI. Development cooperation and technical assistance activities of the Statistics Division on SDG indicators implementation	It may be important to put a point on exploring the use of statistical method (e.g. Small Area Estimation/SAE) to provide SDGs disaggregation at lower administrative regions since conducting a survey or data collection for sub-national administrative level is often very costly
2019-3-SG- SDG-EE/Page 8/Par. 31	and iv) reviewing and assessing statistical literacy training, particularly around the data needs of policy makers. Four Task	iv) reviewing and assessing statistical literacy training, particularly around the data needs of policy makers and v) reviewing and assessing the use of alternative data source (i.e big data, satellite imagery, etc) to support conventional data collection (census, survey etc). Four task



2019-4-HLG-	Annex II: Examples and practices in the Ex	examples and best practices in the implementation of the CTGAP
SDG-EE/Page 9	implementation of the CTGAP are essential to ar	and data eco-system of official statistics are essential to understand
	understand how national statistical offices and the ho	now national statistical offices and the wider statistical system are
	wider statistical system are working to fulfil the we	vorking to fulfil the data needs of the 2030 Agenda. Thus
	data needs of the 2030 Agenda. Thus	