



Statistical Capacity, Subnational and Legal Frameworks

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Outline

Introduction

A

Statistical involvement in Government matters through subnational statistical development & management

B

Government involvement in statistical matters through legal reforms

Conclusion

from
Advocacy

to

Introduction

Statistical involvement in
Government matters

Help build and support
data-centric
governments both
central and local

Government involvement in
statistical matters

Areas: legislation;
international PPPs;
country's narrative

Broad-based Participation

Local participation; data
culture

Introduction [Cont'd]



Sub-national
statistics for
decentralization
and disaggregation

From
statistics acts
to
ever-evolving and
comprehensive
bodies of legislation



A

Statistical involvement
in Government
matters

e.g.: sub-national
statistics for
decentralization and
disaggregation

AREAS WHICH NSOs SHOULD HELP GOVERNMENT...

Determine and manage

1

Jurisdictional delineation

A subnational statistical system is defined by 3 dimensions (geography, data and institutions) that must be clearly defined and delineated in the NSDS..

Establish

2

Legal recognition

It entails acknowledging existing local area statistical agencies in national legislation as primary compilers and custodians of subnational statistics.

Manage complexities & dependencies

3

Two-way subsidiarity

Subnational statistical operations may be best conducted by local governments or national departments.

AREAS WHICH NSOs SHOULD HELP GOVERNMENT

Stimulate

4

Statistical participation

Recognizing the roles of various groups of local society in collecting and producing data.

Guarantee

5

Local relevance

Meeting development objectives that are specific to each local government as well as those that have national implications.

B

Government involvement in statistical matters through legal reforms

From
statistics acts
to
ever-evolving and comprehensive
bodies of legislation

Matters of national sovereignty and security

Upgrade data development to the highest priority level of country's development budget

Make data laws and regulations fit for evolving data needs and ever-complexifying data eco-systems

Help the National Statistical System establish adaptive partnerships on data sharing

Address the '**borderlessness**' of national statistical systems

Master the country's narrative on economic and social dynamics

Involving Government Through Legislative Reforms

Public Goods

Vs

Private Sector Rights

Avert data
poverty **Poor countries**

Ownership rights will be enshrined in law in a way that will preserve the principle of statistics remaining regional or national public goods.

A legal framework required to address :
scope of rights being licensed; purposes of use; ownership of underlying rights and rights to derived data; warranties of compliance with laws and regulation; data protection; sector specific regulation; audit and investigation; duration, suspension and termination of supply; risk allocation; etc.

Conclusion

It's all about making statistics the language, the light, and the evidence of the political conversation

May be time is right to define ***data economics*** or ***statistics economics*** and highlight government's potential and actual role, benefits, gains and losses?



Thank You

