### 3.1 Items for discussion and decision: International Comparison Programme

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Page/Paragraph</th>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>Comments/Suggestions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Page 4/Point 21| - Main price survey and validation of household consumption goods and services.  
- Housing rentals and volume, compensation of government employees, machinery and equipment, and construction and civil engineering price surveys. | Due to time needed for administrative and technical preparation to comply country regulation, Indonesia propose to conduct:  
- Main price survey and validation of household consumption goods and services start from quarter 3 year 2017 until quarter 2 year 2018.  
- Housing rentals and volume, compensation of government employees, machinery and equipment, and construction and civil engineering surveys in 2018 until 2019. |
| Page 5/Point 26| - Update exercise for 2015-2016  
- Subnational PPPs | - Base on the updated exercise for 2015-2016, commodity of global products are rarely found in several countries. Including regional products in ICP could described the uniqueness of a region.  
- Not all countries have commitment to give their specific data in more detail.  
- All kind ICP data had been submitted from all countries had to be used only for the ICP purpose.  
- Exercise on producing PPPs using CPI data has been done, with note from ICP expert from World Bank that selected product should be described more precise. |
| Page 7/Point 38| - Harmonizing ICP and CPI activities | - Integrated pricing for all overlapping products of ICP and CPI has already been done. |
| Page 7/Point 39| - Using CPI to produce sub-national PPPs | - Indonesia is an archipelago. Goods are supplied locally in each area or imported from other area in the same province or from another country. The way they are distributed is also vary. This condition makes large variety of goods consumed by people and makes less overlapping products of CPI to produce PPPs.  
- Nevertheless, Indonesia calculated PPPs based on the result of the National Socio-Economic Survey for several purposes. |