



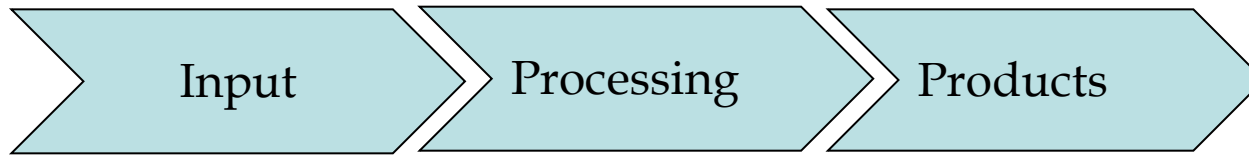
EGM on the Indicator Framework for the post-2015 Development Agenda
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Material intensity - a key indicator of sustainable industrialization

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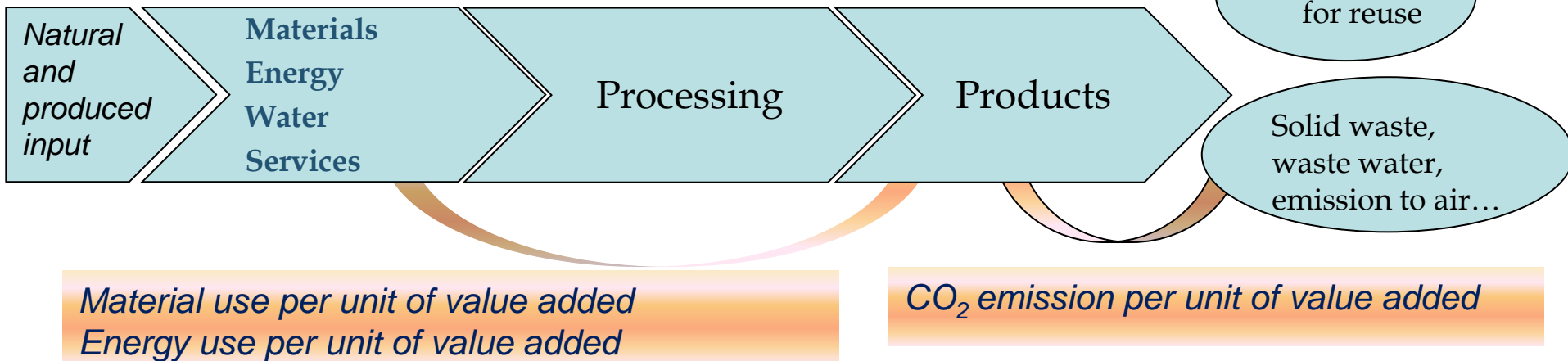
Industrial production:

a) ... in traditional economic accounting context



Manufacturing value added
Share in GDP and per capita

b) ... in environmental economic accounting context



Approach to indicators

- Material intensity as ratio of material used to the amount of production :

At the level of whole economy

Material intensity = DMC/GDP

Material used per unit of GDP

At the manufacturing sector level

Material used in kg per unit of MVA

- Value based indicators

Material intensity = $\text{cost of material input}/VA$

Cost of material per unit of value added or *ratio of material cost to value added*

Ratio at product levels

- Quantity of water used per unit of a beverage
- Amount of coal used to generate 1 kwh electricity
- Metal used per unit of a passenger car

Data sources and monitoring mechanism

- Data on materials consumed by industry are collected by industrial surveys (IRIS-2008)
- UNIDO collects industrial statistics data (B,C,D and E of ISIC rev 4) using its General Industrial Statistics Questionnaire in cooperation with OECD
- Currently, input data are not the part of the international data collection programme, but data exist in national statistical databases
- By adding input item(s) to UNIDO questionnaire data could be obtained internationally through existing mechanism
- For developing countries, UNIDO will enhance its existing technical assistance programme taking the new data demands into account.



Thank you!

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