



Lessons Learnt from MDG Monitoring Mechanism in Kenya

EGM on indicator framework for the post-2015
development agenda in New York

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Outline

- ▶ MDGs Monitoring Mechanism
- ▶ MDGs Integration with national goals & targets
- ▶ Linkage to policy making
- ▶ Lessons Learnt/Challenges
- ▶ Way Forward



MDGs Monitoring Mechanism

Existence of an MDG Coordination Unit under the Ministry of Devolution and Planning : ~

The Enablers Coordination Directorate (ECD) ~ Spearhead MDG monitoring (reporting) and sensitization on MDGs

- An inter-ministerial MDG team in place
 - Comprises MDG focal persons from all relevant Ministries, Departments and Agencies (MDA)
 - Further categorized into MDG clusters – based on the goals (i.e. health education etc)
- The NSO works closely with the ECD and validates all data/statistics produced in the national MDG report (Statistics Act 2006).



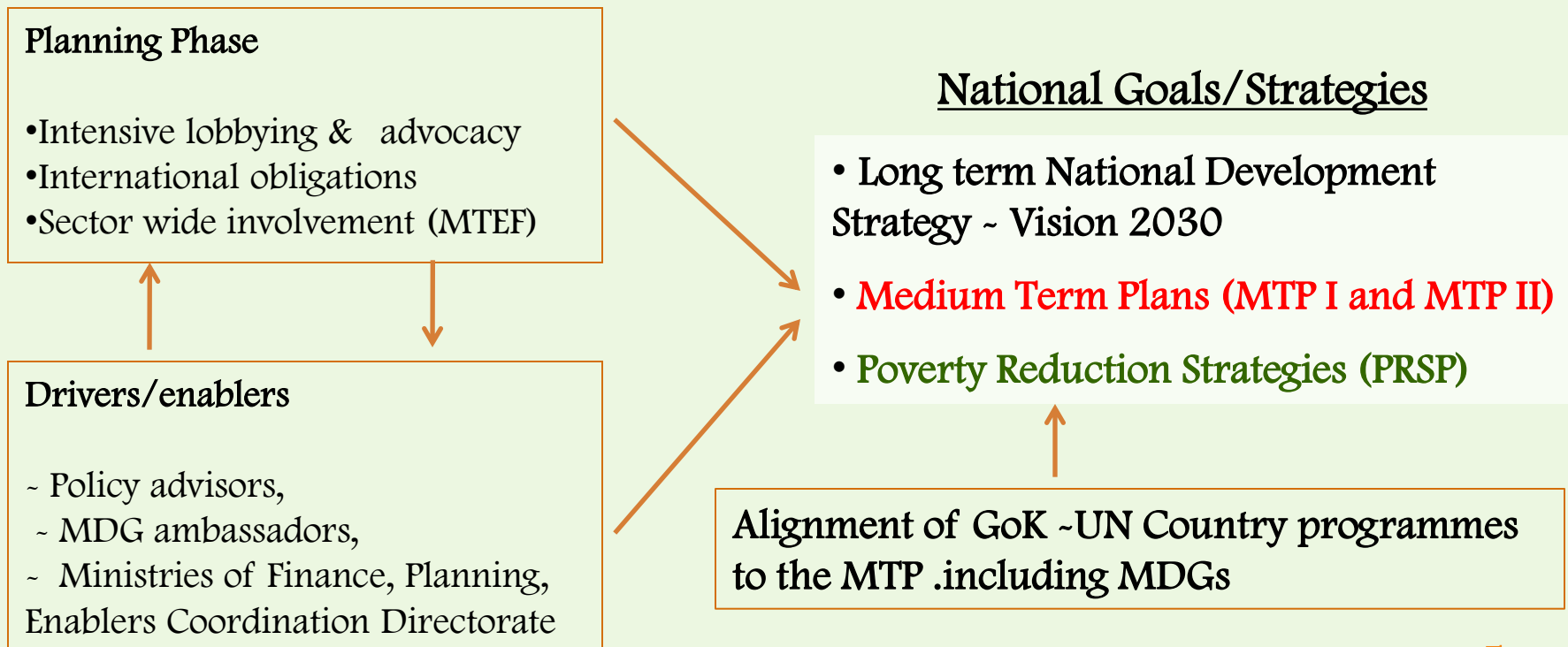
MDGs Integration with National goals & targets

- Emphasis on National priority issues affecting citizens (poverty, food security/hunger, education, child and maternal health, safe water etc)
- Timing of monitoring the MDGs ...2002
 - Convergence where International Goals including MDGs are entrenched in the Country's long-term Development Strategy (ERSWEC 2003-2008, Vision 2030).

MDGs Integration with National goals

At the International Level : Treaties, Conventions etc.
including MDGs

National Level





Linkage with Policy Making

- Early involvement of decision makers (parliamentarians & county government) through sensitization
 - All budgeting and planning to focus on MDGs (2005 directive)
 - Bi-annual production of the MDG report (a big challenge !)
 - Increased budgetary allocation to key sectors e.g. health , education.
- Allocation of national resources
- Free primary and free day secondary school tuition (2013)



Linkage with Policy Making

- Social protection policy developed ~elderly (60+ yrs), OVCs, persons with disability & the urban poor)
- Women and youth enterprise fund (*Uwezo* fund, 2013)
- Special seats for women representatives in national assembly and at county level (Constitution of Kenya, 2010)
- National policy on Gender and Development (2011)
- Right to quality reproductive health (Constitution 2010)~ free delivery in all public hospitals (May 2013)
- Zero rating of technological gadgets (Cellular subscriptions increased)



Lessons learnt/Challenges

- **Weak Statistics Act**
 - Politicization of results (Census 2009) affecting dissemination of Analytical reports
 - non-inclusion of the devolved units
- **Statistical Capacities**
 - Capacity been strengthened through south-south, north-south, national, regional and international efforts
 - Advocate for use of standard definitions and include metadata for clarity across the National Statistical System (NSS)



Lessons learnt/Challenges

■ Data Availability

- Lack of baseline data for monitoring MDGs. Most data sourced from HH surveys which are quite expensive and not regular)
- Financing of HH surveys mainly supported by development partners (e.g MICS, KDHS, WMS, KIHBS, KAIS)
- Administrative data compilation improved but there are still quality issues



Way forward

- MTP II- recognition of Statistical reforms that will trigger increased financing
- Embarked on the NSDS that will improve data availability, quality and accessibility across the NSS
- Anticipation for the P4R arrangement with the World Bank
- Availability of Baseline data (KIHBS II, proposed annual and quarterly statistics)
- Embarked on review of the Statistics Act, 2006



END
THANK YOU

