# Self Assessment of the status of National Accounts and Supporting Economic Statistics

DATA DOMAINS: Economic Statistics - 2
DATA CATEGORY: Macroeconomic statistics - 2.1

Economic accounts – 2.2

# I STATISTICAL PRODUCTION PROCESS

Data integration, editing and data linking (4.4) Dissemination and Communication (4.5)

Statistical confidentiality and disclosure protection (4.6)

Data analyses (4.7)

### International standards/good practices

"Yes" answer to all questions contained in above blocks of the Diagnostic Questionnaire represents the international standard/good practices which countries are encouraged to implement. Any other answer to these questions would suggest that there is a need for improvement in those areas.

#### Plans for improvements

### II. INSTITUTIONAL ENVIRONMENT AND MANAGEMENT

Institutional frameworks and principles (5.1)

Statistical programmes; national coordination within statistical systems (5.2)

Quality framework and measurement of performance (5.3)

Management and development of human resources (5.4)

Management and development of technological resources (including standards for electronic data exchange and data sharing) (5.5)

# International standards/good practices

"Yes" answer to all questions contained in above blocks of the Diagnostic Questionnaire represents the international standard/good practices which countries are encouraged to implement. Any other answer to these questions would suggest that there is a need for improvement in those areas.

Plans for improvements	

**DATA DOMAINS:** Economic Statistics - 2

**DATA CATEGORY:** Macroeconomic statistics – 2.1

Economic accounts – 2.2

**DATA INDICATORS:** GDP by Production – 2.2.1

# I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

# International standards/good practices

- All economic activities undertaken in the economy during an accounting period should be covered. exhaustively in the gross domestic product (GDP).

- Concepts and principles of 2008 SNA should be followed in compiling the GDP by production
- Concepts and principles of 2008 SNA should be followed in compiling the GDF by production should be compiled at basic prices.
- Economic activities and products should be classified as per the ISIC Rev. 4 and CPC Ver. 2 respectively.
- GDP estimates should be compiled with annual and quarterly periodicities at current and constant prices
- GDP estimates should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual - 18 months after the close of the reference
year, quarterly - 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly - 45 days after close of the month.
- Financial services indirectly measured (FISIM) should be allocated to user industries.
- Infra-annual estimates should be seasonally adjusted.
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.
Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices
Plans for improvements
II. STATISTICAL PRODUCTION PROCESS
International standards/good practices
For conducting the sample surveys to estimate contribution of the economic activities without duplication and omission, an
integrated business register of all units undertaking economic activities is required which is updated continuously. For
coverage of small units not contained in the business register, an area frame is required
Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices
Plans for improvements
Timb for improvements
III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING
Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)
Areas and extent (short/long term) of external technical assistance required

Agriculture, forestry and fisheries statistics – 2.2.1.1

DATA INDICATORS: Crops – 2.2.1.1.1 Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Commodity production Production index Producer price index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

# **Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)**

### International standards/good practices

- Output of all crops, intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra -annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked should be estimated by crops.
- Estimates of crop output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Crop output should be estimated as it grows (work-in-progress approach).
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

Practices followed	by country as	compared to	International	standards/good	nractices
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#### Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

#### International standards/good practices

- Production of all crops/ seasons should be covered including the plantation crops, subsistence production and the production in the foreyard and the backyard farming.
- Crop yield may be estimated preferably through the crop-cutting surveys. If it is based on household surveys, then households operating the land should be in the scope rather than the owner households.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through cost of cultivation surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Estimates of value added at constant prices should be obtained preferably using the double deflation method.

Plans for improvements

#### III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

Agriculture, forestry and fisheries statistics – 2.2.1.1

**DATA INDICATORS:** Animal production – 2.2.1.1.2

Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Commodity production Production index Producer price index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of all livestock products, intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in livestock production should be estimated.
- Estimates of livestock products, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag
  preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and
  monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Animal production should be estimated as it grows (work-in-progress approach).
- Estimates to be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

Practices followed by	country	as comp	ared to	International	standards/	good	practices

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Plans	tor	improvem	ents

# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

#### International standards/good practices

- Production of all livestock products should be covered including the subsistence livestock production for own use.
- Livestock production may be estimated using administrative source (market intelligence) and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys..
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through cost of cultivation surveys rather than basing it on old norms
- Estimates of value added at constant prices should be obtained preferably using the double deflation method.

### Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

Plans for improvements

#### III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

DATA DOMAINS: **Economic Statistics - 2 DATA CATEGORY: GDP** by production – 2.2.1 Agriculture, forestry and fisheries statistics – 2.2.1.1 **DATA INDICATORS:** Forestry – 2.2.1.1.3 Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added **Commodity production** Production index Producer price index Number of persons employed/hours worked I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1) International standards/good practices - Output of forestry and logging (Div 02 of ISIC Rev. 4), intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly) - Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices. - Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity - Number of persons employed/hours worked in forestry should be estimated. - Estimates of forestry output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual - 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly - 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly - 45 days after close of the month - Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted - Forestry production should be estimated as it grows (work-in-progress approach). Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period. Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices Plans for improvements Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5) International standards/good practices - Production of all forestry activities should be covered including the unrecorded (unobserved) production. - Forestry production may be estimated using administrative source and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys. - Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms - Estimates of value added at constant prices should be obtained preferably using the double deflation method. Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

# Plans for improvements

#### III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

Agriculture, forestry and fisheries statistics – 2.2.1.1

DATA INDICATORS: Fisheries – 2.2.1.1.4 Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Commodity production Production index Producer price index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of fishing and aquaculture (Div 03 of ISIC Rev. 4), intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in fishing and aquaculture should be estimated.
- Estimates of fishing and aquaculture output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Fishing and aquaculture production should be estimated as it grows (work-in-progress approach).
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

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# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

#### International standards/good practices

- Production of all fishing and aquaculture activities should be covered including the subsistence fishing and unrecorded (unobserved) production.
- Fishing and aquaculture production may be estimated using administrative source (fish landing centre data) and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms
- Estimates of value added at constant prices should be obtained preferably using the double deflation method.

Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good pract	<b>Practices</b>	followed by	country as	s compared t	o International	l standards/go	od practice
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Plans for improvements

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

DATA DOMAINS: Economic Statistics - 2
DATA CATEGORY: GDP by production - 2.2.1
Industrial statistics - 2.2.1.2

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DATA INDICATORS: Mining – 2.2.1.2.1 Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Commodity production Production index Producer price index Turnover index New order index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

# **Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)**

# International standards/good practices

- Output of mining and quarrying (Div 05-09of ISIC Rev. 4), intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in mining and quarrying should be estimated.
- Estimates of mining and quarrying output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

#### Plans for improvements

#### Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

# International standards/good practices

- Production of all mining and quarrying activities should be covered including the small and informal enterprises and unrecorded (illegal mining) production.
- Data relating should the mining and quarrying is collected following International recommendations for industrial statistics 2008
- Mining and quarrying production may be estimated using administrative source and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms
- Turnover index and new order index are required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

# Plans for improvements

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

DATA DOMAINS: Economic Statistics - 2
DATA CATEGORY: GDP by production - 2.2.1
Industrial statistics - 2.2.1.2

Manufacturing – 2.2.1.2.2

Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Commodity production Production index Producer price index Turnover index New order index

**DATA INDICATORS:** 

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

# **Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)**

# International standards/good practices

- Output of manufacturing (Div 10-33 of ISIC Rev. 4), intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in manufacturing should be estimated.
- Estimates of manufacturing output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag
  preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and
  monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

# Plans for improvements

#### Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

#### International standards/good practices

- Production of all manufacturing activities should be covered including the small and informal enterprises, goods produced by households for own final use and unrecorded (unrecorded) production.
- Data relating should the manufacturing is collected following International Recommendations for Industrial Statistics 2008
- Manufacturing production may be estimated using administrative source and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Estimates of value added at constant prices should be obtained preferably using the double deflation method.
- Turnover index and new order index are required..

#### Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

# Plans for improvements

#### III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

DATA DOMAINS: Economic Statistics - 2
DATA CATEGORY: GDP by production - 2.2.1
Industrial statistics - 2.2.1.2

Electricity, gas, steam and air-conditioning supply generation –2.2.1.2.3

Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Commodity production Production index Producer price index Turnover index

**DATA INDICATORS:** 

Number of persons employed/hours worked

### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of electricity, gas, steam and air-conditioning supply (Div 35 of ISIC Rev. 4), intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in Electricity, gas, steam and air-conditioning supply should be estimated.
- Estimates of electricity, gas, steam and air-conditioning supply output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

# Plans for improvements

# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

#### International standards/good practices

- Production of all Electricity, gas, steam and air-conditioning supply activities should be covered.
- Data relating should the Electricity, gas, steam and air-conditioning supply is collected following International Recommendations for Industrial Statistics 2008
- Electricity, gas, steam and air-conditioning supply production may be estimated using data from administrative sources.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required..

### Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

# Plans for improvements

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

**Industrial statistics – 2.2.1.2** 

**DATA INDICATORS:** Water supply, sewerage, waste and remediation activities - 2.2.1.2.4

Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

**Commodity production** Production index Producer price index Turnover index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of water supply, sewerage, waste and remediation activities (Div 36-39 of ISIC Rev. 4), intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in water supply, sewerage, waste and remediation activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of water supply, sewerage, waste and remediation activities output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual - 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly - 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly - 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

#### Plans for improvements

#### Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

# International standards/good practices

- Production of all water supply, sewerage, waste and remediation activities including the small and informal enterprises should be covered.
- Data relating should the water supply, sewerage, waste and remediation activities is collected following International Recommendations for Industrial Statistics 2008
- Water supply, sewerage, waste and remediation activities production may be estimated using data from administrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys (specially local bodies and the private water suppliers).
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

# Plans for improvements

### III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

DATA INDICATORS: Construction – 2.2.1.3 Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Commodity production Production index Producer price index Turnover index New order index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

# Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of construction activities (Div 41-43 of ISIC Rev. 4), intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in construction activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of construction activities output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

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# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

# International standards/good practices

- Production of all construction activities including, informal enterprises and the own account construction should be covered.
- Data relating should construction activities is collected following International Recommendations for Industrial Statistics 2008
- Construction activities production may be estimated using data from administrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Estimates of value added at constant prices should be obtained preferably using the double deflation method
- Turnover index and new order index are required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

Plans for improvements

#### III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

DATA INDICATORS: Distributive trade – 2.2.1.4 Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Producer price index Turnover index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

# Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

#### International standards/good practices

- Output of distributive trade activities (Div 45-47 of ISIC Rev. 4), intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra -annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in distributive trade activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of construction activities output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

Practices followed by	country as o	compared to	International	standards/s	good 1	practices

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### Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

# International standards/good practices

- Production of all distributive trade activities including, small and informal enterprises should be covered.
- Data relating should distributive trade activities is collected following International Recommendations for Distributive Trade Statistics 2008
- Distributive trade activities production may be estimated using data from administrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

Plans for improvements

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

DATA DOMAINS: **Economic Statistics - 2 DATA CATEGORY: GDP** by production – 2.2.1 **Transport and storage – 2.2.1.5** 

**DATA INDICATORS:** Road transport – 2.2.1.5.1 Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

**Production (goods and passenger transport)** 

Production index Producer price index Turnover index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of road transport activities, intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infraannual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in road transport activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of road transport activities output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual - 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly - 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly - 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seas on ally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

Plans for	improvements
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# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

#### International standards/good practices

- Production of all road transport activities including, small and informal enterprises should be covered.
- Road transport activities production may be estimated using data from administrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

#### Plans for improvements

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

DATA DOMAINS: Economic Statistics - 2
DATA CATEGORY: GDP by production - 2.2.1
Transport and starger 2.2.1

 $Transport\ and\ storage-2.2.1.5$ 

DATA INDICATORS: Rail transport – 2.2.1.5.2 Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Production (goods and passenger transport)

Production index Producer price index Turnover index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of rail transport activities, intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra-annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in rail transport activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of road transport activities output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

Practices followed by country as compare	d to	International	l stand	lard	s/good	l practices
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# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

#### International standards/good practices

- Production of all rail transport activities (goods and passenger transport) should be covered.
- Rail transport activities production (goods and passenger transport) may be estimated using data from administrative sources.
- Turnover index is required.

Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

Plans for improvements

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

Transport and storage – 2.2.1.5 Water transport – 2.2.1.5.3

DATA INDICATORS: Water transport – 2.2 Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Production (goods and passenger transport)

Production index Producer price index Turnover index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of water transport activities, intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infraannual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in water transport activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of water transport activities output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

Plans for	improvements
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#### Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

#### International standards/good practices

- Production of all water transport activities (goods and passenger transport) should be covered including the small and informal enterprises.
- Water transport activities production (goods and passenger transport) may be estimated using data from administrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

#### Plans for improvements

#### III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

**Transport and storage – 2.2.1.5** 

DATA INDICATORS: Air transport – 2.2.1.5.4 Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

**Production (goods and passenger transport)** 

Production index Producer price index Turnover index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of air transport activities, intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in air transport activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of air transport activities output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

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# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

#### International standards/good practices

- Production of all air transport activities (goods and passenger transport) should be covered.
- Air transport activities production (goods and passenger transport) may be estimated using data from administrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

Plans for improvements

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

**DATA DOMAINS: Economic Statistics - 2 DATA CATEGORY: GDP** by production – 2.2.1 Accommodation and food services - 2.2.1.6 **DATA INDICATORS:** Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added **Production** Production index **Producer price index** Turnover index Number of persons employed/hours worked I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1) International standards/good practices - Output of accommodation and food service activities (Div 55-56 ISIC Rev. 4), intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly) - Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices. - Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity - Number of persons employed/hours worked in accommodation and food service activities should be estimated. - Estimates of accommodation and food service activities output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time -lag preferably annual - 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly - 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly - 45 days after close of the month - Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted - Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period. Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices Plans for improvements Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5) International standards/good practices

- Production of all accommodation and food service activities should be covered including the small and informal enterprises.
- Accommodation and food service activities production may be estimated using data from administrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required.

Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

Plans for improvements

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

Information and communication services – 2.2.1.7

**DATA INDICATORS:** Telecommunication – 2.2.1.7.1

Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Production
Production index
Producer price index
Turnover index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

# I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of Telecommunication activities (Div 61 of ISIC Rev. 4), intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra -annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in telecommunication activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of Telecommunication output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

<b>Plans</b>	for	improvements

# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

### International standards/good practices

- Production of all Telecommunication activities should be covered including the small and informal enterprises.
- Telecommunication activities production may be estimated using data from administrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

Plans for improvements

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

Information and communication services - 2.2.1.7

DATA INDICATORS: Information and communication services except telecommunication – 2.2.1.7.2

Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Production
Production index
Producer price index
Turnover index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

#### International standards/good practices

- Output of Information and communication services except telecommunication activities (Div 58-60 and 62-63 of ISIC Rev.
   4), intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in information and communication services except telecommunication activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of Information and communication services except telecommunication output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time -lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

Practices followed	by country as	compared to	International	standards/good	1 practices

P	lans	for	im	prov	em	en	ts

#### Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

#### International standards/good practices

- Production of all Information and communication services except telecommunication activities should be covered including the small and informal enterprises.
- Information and communication services except telecommunication activities production may be estimated using data from administrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

# Plans for improvements

#### III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

Financial and insurance services – 2.2.1.8

DATA INDICATORS: Monetary intermediation services – 2.2.1.8.1

Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Production
Production index
Producer price index
Turnover index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of monetary intermediation service activities (Div 64 and Group 661 of ISIC Rev. 4), intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra -annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in monetary intermediation service activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of monetary intermediation service output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

Practices followed by	country as o	compared to	International	standards/good	practices

Plans	for	improvem	ents

# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

### International standards/good practices

- Production of all monetary intermediation service activities should be covered including the small and informal enterprises (money lenders).
- Monetary intermediation service activities production may be estimated using data from administrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

### Plans for improvements

#### III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

Financial and insurance services - 2.2.1.8

DATA INDICATORS: Insurance services – 2.2.1.8.2

Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Production
Production index
Producer price index
Turnover index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of Insurance service activities, intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infraannual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in insurance service activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of Insurance service output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable timelag preferably annual - 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly - 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly - 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

<b>Practices followed</b>	by country a	as compared to	International	standards/good	practices

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# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

### International standards/good practices

- Production of all insurance service activities should be covered including the small and informal enterprises (activities auxiliary to insurance services).
- Insurance service activities production may be estimated using data from admin istrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

### Plans for improvements

#### III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

Financial and insurance services – 2.2.1.8

DATA INDICATORS: Pension funds – 2.2.1.8.3 Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Production
Production index
Producer price index
Turnover index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of Pension funds activities, intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infraannual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in Pension funds activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of Pension funds output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

Practices followed by	country as o	compared to	International	standards/s	good 1	practices

Plans for improve	ements
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# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

### International standards/good practices

- Production of all Pension funds activities should be covered
- Pension funds activities production may be estimated using data from administrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

Plans for improvements

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

Financial and insurance services – 2.2.1.8

DATA INDICATORS: Other financial and insurance services – 2.2.1.8.4

Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Production
Production index
Producer price index
Turnover index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

#### International standards/good practices

- Output of Other financial and insurance service activities, intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in Other financial and insurance service activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of Other financial and insurance services output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time -lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

Practices followed by	country as	compared to	International	standards/good	practices

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# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

### International standards/good practices

- Production of all Other financial and insurance services activities should be covered
- Other financial and insurance services activities production may be estimated using data from administrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

Plans for improvements

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

DATA INDICATORS: Real estate – 2.2.1.9 Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Production
Production index
Producer price index
Turnover index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of real estate activities (Div 68 of ISIC Rev. 4), intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in real estate activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of real estate activities output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

	Practices followed b	y country as	compared to	International	standards/good	d practices
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# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

### International standards/good practices

- Production of all real estate activities should be covered including small enterprises
- Real estate activities production may be estimated using data from administrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

Plans for improvements

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

DATA INDICATORS: Other services – 2.2.1.10 Gross output, intermediate consumption, value added

Production
Production index
Producer price index
Turnover index

Number of persons employed/hours worked

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

# International standards/good practices

- Output of other services activities (Div 68 of ISIC Rev. 4), intermediate consumption and value added should be estimated at annual and infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Output and value added should be estimated as basic prices.
- Appropriate price indices for output and intermediate consumption are required with annual and infra -annual periodicity
- Number of persons employed/hours worked in Other services activities should be estimated.
- Estimates of Other services activities output, intermediate consumption and value added should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates of output and value added should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

<b>Practices followed</b>	by country	as compared to	International	standards/good	practices

<b>Plans</b>	for	improvements

# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

### International standards/good practices

- Production of all Other services activities should be covered including small and informal enterprises
- Other services activities production may be estimated using data from administrative sources and/or through the scientifically planned sample surveys.
- Intermediate input should be estimate regularly through sample surveys rather than basing it on old norms.
- Turnover index is required.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

Plans for improvements

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

DATA INDICATORS: Final consumption expenditure – 2.2.2.1

Household final consumption expenditure

.01 Food and non-alcoholic beverages .08 Communication .02 Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics .09 Recreation and culture

.03 Clothing and footwear .10 Education

.04 Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels .11 Restaurants and hotels

.05 Furnishings, household equipment and maintenance .12 Miscellaneous goods and services

.06 Health .13 Net purchases abroad .07 Transport Consumer Price Index (CPI)

# I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

#### International standards/good practices

- Estimates of household consumption expenditure should be compiled for the above basic headings at annual periodicity for ICP purposes
- Estimates of household consumption expenditure should also be compiled with infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Consumer price indices are required with annual and infra-annual periodicity
- Estimates of household consumption expenditure may be based on retail trade survey, household income and consumption survey and/or data from administrative sources.
- Estimates of household consumption expenditure should be released with reasonable time -lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

#### Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

### Plans for improvements

# Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

### International standards/good practices

- Household consumption expenditure should cover all households including institutional households (such as prisons, religious orders and retirement homes etc)
- Estimates of household consumption expenditure should be compiled following COICOP.

### Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

### Plans for improvements

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

DATA DOMAINS: Economic Statistics - 2 **DATA CATEGORY:** GDP by expenditure – 2.2.2 **DATA INDICATORS:** Final consumption expenditure - 2.2.2.1 Consumption expenditure by non-profit institutions serving households (NPISHs) Price index for NPISHs consumption expenditure I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1) International standards/good practices - Estimates of consumption expenditure by non-profit institutions serving households (NPISHs) should be compiled with annual and infra-annual periodicities (quarterly and monthly) - Price index for NPISHs consumption expenditure is required with annual and infra-annual periodicities. - Estimates of NPISHs consumption expenditure may be based on sample survey, and/or data from administrative sources. - Estimates of NPISHs consumption expenditure should be released with reasonable time -lag preferably annual - 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly - 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly - 45 days after close of the month - Infra-annual estimates should be seasonally adjusted - Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period. Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices Plans for improvements Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5) International standards/good practices - NPISHs consumption expenditure should cover all NPISHs both legally registered and social entities. - Estimates of NPISHs consumption expenditure should be compiled following COPNI. Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices Plans for improvements III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7) Areas and extent (short/long term) of external technical assistance required

DATA INDICATORS: Final consumption expenditure – 2.2.2.1

Individual consumption expenditure by Government

.01 Housing .04 Education .02 Health .05 Social protection

.03 Recreation and culture

Collective consumption expenditure by Government

Price Index for government final consumption expenditure

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

#### Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

### International standards/good practices

- Estimates of Individual consumption expenditure by Government should be compiled for the above basic headings at annual periodicity for ICP purposes
- Estimates of Individual consumption exp enditure by Government should also be compiled with infra-annual periodicity (quarterly and monthly)
- Estimates of Collective consumption expenditure by government should be compiled with annual and infra-annual periodicities
- Price Index for Government consumption expenditure is required with annual and infra-annual periodicity
- Estimates of Government consumption expenditure may be based on data from administrative sources and sample survey (for local bodies).
- Estimates of Government consumption expenditure should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.

Practices followed	l by countr	y as compared	to l	[nternationa]	l stand:	ards/good	l practices
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Plans for improveme	nts
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#### Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)

#### International standards/good practices

- Government consumption expenditure should cover government entities at all levels of including local bodies.
- Estimates of Government consumption expenditure should be compiled following COFOG.

# Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices

#### Plans for improvements

#### III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

DATA INDICATORS: Gross fixed capital formation – 2.2.2.2

.01 Machinery and equipment

.03 Other products

.02 Construction

Price index for gross fixed capital formation (GFCF)

#### I. CLASSIFICATION, META DATA AND DATA REPORTING

# Meta Data and Data Reporting (4.1)

#### International standards/good practices

- Estimates of Gross fixed capital formation should be compiled for the above basic headings at annual periodicity for ICP purposes
- Estimates of Gross fixed capital formation should also be compiled with infra-annual periodicities.
- Price Index for GFCF is required with annual and infra-annual periodicity
- Estimates of Government consumption expenditure should be released with reasonable time -lag preferably annual 18 months after the close of the reference year, quarterly 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates should be seasonally adjusted
- Estimates should be finalised (from 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.
- Entire defence expenditure should be included in the gross capital formation.

- Consumption of fixed capital included on all government fixed assets
- Expenditure on Research and Development should be included in the gross capital formation.
- Expenditure on all databases expected to be used for more than a year should be included in the gross capital formation.
- Expenditure on valuables should be included in gross capital formation.
- Entire expenditure on mineral exploration and evaluation should be included in the gross capital formation.
Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices
Tractices followed by country as compared to international standards good practices
Plans for improvements
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Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and administrative sources (4.3.5)
International standards/good practices
- Estimates of GFCF may be based on data from administrative sources and sample surveys
Practices followed by country as compared to International standards/good practices
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Plans for improvements
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III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING
Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)
Areas and extent (short/long term) of external technical assistance required

DATA DOMAINS:	<b>Economic Statistics</b>	-2
DATA CATEGORY:	GDP by expenditure	e - 2.2.2
DATA INDICATORS:	Change in inventor	
Finished goods and work in pr		Goods sold in the same condition as purchased
Price index for finished goods Raw material and supplies	and work in progress	Price index for goods sold in the same condition as purchased Acquisitions less disposals of valuables
Price index for raw material an	d cumplies	Acquisitions less disposals of valuables
Trice index for raw material an	d supplies	
I. CLASSIFICATION, META	DATA AND DATA RI	EPORTING
Meta Data and Data Reporting		
International standards/good		
		d for the above basic headings at annual periodicity for ICP purposes
		ipiled with infra-annual periodicities.
- Price Index for components of	of Change in inventories,	namely for finished goods and work in progress, raw material and
		hased are required with annual and infra-annual periodicities.
		with reasonable time-lag preferably annual - 18 months after the
		the close of the quarter and monthly - 45 days after close of the month
- Infra-annual estimates should		
		ional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.
as inventories.	e-use weapons systems,	such as ammunition, missiles, rockets, bombs, etc., should be treated
	as sampared to Interna	tional standards/good practices
Fractices followed by country	as compared to interna	tional standards/good practices
Plans for improvements		
Survey (4.3.3 and 4.3.4) and ac	dministrative sources (4	.3.5)
International standards/good		
		ata from administrative sources and sample surveys
Practices followed by country	as compared to Interna	tional standards/good practices
Tractices followed by country	us compared to interna	aronar standards/good practices
Plans for improvements		

# III. TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Technical cooperation and capacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)

Areas and extent (short/long term) of external technical assistance required

DATA DOMAINS:	Economic Statistics - 2
DATA CATEGORY:	Institutional sector accounts – 2.2.4
DATA INDICATORS:	Total Economy, National Aggregates – 2.2.4.1
Gross national income	3)
Gross national disposable income	
Gross savings	
Net lending/ net borrowing	
I. CLASSIFICATION, META D	
Meta Data and Data Reporting (	<b>4.1</b> )
International standards/good pra	ictices
	tal economy should be compiled with annual and infra -annual periodicities.
	es should be compiled with annual and infra-annual periodicities.
	es should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual - 18 months after the close
of the reference year, quarterly - Infra-annual estimates should be	- 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly - 45 days after close of the month
	rom 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.
	use weapons systems, such as ammunition, missiles, rockets, bombs, etc., should be treated
as inventories.	······································
Practices followed by country as	compared to International standards/good practices
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Plans for improvements	
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Technical cooperation and capac	ity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)
Areas and extent (short/long term	n) of external technical assistance required

DATA DOMAINS:	Economic Statistics - 2
DATA CATEGORY:	Institutional sector accounts – 2.2.4
DATA INDICATORS:	Financial corporations – 2.2.4.2
Financial corporate operating su	rplus/profit
Financial corporate savings	
Financial corporate debt	
I CLASSIFICATION META D	ATA AND DATA REPORTING
Meta Data and Data Reporting (	
International standards/good pra	actices
	nancial corporations sector should be compiled with annual and infra -annual periodicities
	ons sector aggregates such as surplus/profit, savings and debt should be compiled with
annual and infra-annual periodic	
- Estimates of financial corporati	ons sector aggregates should be released with reasonable time -lag preferably annual - 18
months after the close of the ref	Ference year, quarterly - 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly - 45 days after
close of the month	
- Infra-annual estimates should b	e seasonally adjusted
	rom 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.
Practices followed by country as	compared to International standards/good practices
Plans for improvements	
rians for improvements	
II. TECHNICAL COOPERATI	ON AND CAPACITY BUILDING
	city building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)
Areas and extent (short/long term	n) of external technical assistance required

DATA DOMAINS:	Economic Statistics - 2
DATA CATEGORY:	Institutional sector accounts – 2.2.4
DATA INDICATORS: Non-financial corporate operatin Non-financial corporate savings Non-financial corporate debt	
I. CLASSIFICATION, META D Meta Data and Data Reporting (	OATA AND DATA REPORTING (4.1)
periodicities Estimates of non-ficompiled with annual and infra  Estimates of non-financial corpimonths after the close of the resiclose of the month  Infra-annual estimates should be Estimates should be finalised (fi	on-financial corporations sector should be compiled with annual and infra-annual financial corporations sector aggregates such as surplus/profit, savings and debt should be annual periodicities.  orations sector aggregates should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual - 18 ference year, quarterly - 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly - 45 days after
Plans for improvements	
	ION AND CAPACITY BUILDING city building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)
Areas and extent (short/long term	m) of external technical assistance required

DATA DOMAINS:	Economic Statistics - 2
DATA CATEGORY:	Institutional sector accounts – 2.2.4
DATA INDICATORS: Government savings Government debt	General government – 2.2.4.4
	DATA AND DATA REPORTING
Meta Data and Data Reporting	g (4.1)
Estimates of general government annual periodicities.  Estimates of general governments after the close of the close of the month  Infra-annual estimates should  Estimates should be finalised	general government sector should be compiled with annual and infra-annual periodicities nent sector aggregates such as savings and debt should be compiled with annual and inframent sector aggregates should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual - 18 reference year, quarterly - 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly - 45 days after
Technical cooperation and cap	TION AND CAPACITY BUILDING pacity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)
Areas and extent (short/long to	erm) of external technical assistance required

DATA DOMAINS:	Economic Statistics - 2
DATA CATEGORY:	Institutional sector accounts – 2.2.4
DATA INDICATORS:	Households and NPISHs – 2.2.4.5
Households disposable income	
Households saving	
Households debt	
I. CLASSIFICATION, META D	ATA AND DATA REPORTING
Meta Data and Data Reporting (4	4.1)
International standards/good pra	actices
- Sequence of accounts for the Ho Estimates of Households and NPI	ouseholds and NPISHs sector should be compiled with annual and infra-annual periodicities SHs sector aggregates such as disposable income, savings and debt should be compiled with
	SHs sector aggregates should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual - 18
close of the month	erence year, quarterly - 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly - 45 days after
- Infra-annual estimates should be	
	rom 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.
Practices followed by country as	compared to International standards/good practices
Plans for improvements	
•	
H TECHNICAL COOPEDATE	ON AND CAPACITY BUILDING
	ity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)
Areas and extent (short/long term	n) of external technical assistance required
The day and extent (short yiong term	ii) or external technical assistance required

DATA DOMAINS:	Economic Statistics - 2
DATA CATEGORY:	Institutional sector accounts – 2.2.4
DATA CATEGORI.	Institutional sector accounts – 2.2.7
DATA INDICATORS:	Rest of the World – 2.2.4.6
External balance of goods and se	rvices
Current external balance Net lending/borrowing	
I. CLASSIFICATION, META D.	ATA AND DATA REPORTING
Meta Data and Data Reporting (4	<b>i.</b> 1)
International standards/good pra	
- Estimates of Rest of the World's	est of the World sector should be compiled with annual and infra-annual periodicities. sector aggregates such as External balance of goods and services, Current external balance
	ald be compiled with annual and infra-annual periodicities. sector aggregates should be released with reasonable time-lag preferably annual - 18 months
after the close of the reference y the month	ear, quarterly - 3 months after the close of the quarter and monthly - 45 days after close of
- Infra-annual estimates should be	e seasonally adjusted rom 'quick' to 'provisional' to 'final') within a reasonable time period.
	compared to International standards/good practices
Tractices followed by country us	compared to international standards, good practices
Plans for improvements	
W TECHNICAL COOPERATE	ON AND GARACTER DAY DAY
	ON AND CAPACITY BUILDING ity building, priorities and plans for improvement (5.7)
Areas and extent (short/long tern	n) of external technical assistance required
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