The distinction between deposits and loans in macro-economic statistics

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BOPCOM Outcomes on Questions/Points for Discussion

I. Questions/points for discussion

1. What are the views of Group members on the analytical use of the split between deposits and loans?

The IMF Committee on Balance of Payments Statistics agreed that the distinction was useful.

2. Should the usefulness of this split be confirmed, do Group members agree that current international standards do not provide clear criteria to perform such a distinction?

The Committee noted that the distinction was blurred in a minority of cases. It was agreed that it was not necessary for the Committee to prescribe criteria.

3. Do Group members have any preference for any of the criteria mentioned in the note, i.e. (i) looking at who takes the initiative (and whether or not a distinction should be made between short-term and long-term instruments); (ii) taking into account the nature of the borrower (banks \approx deposits / non-banks \approx loans); (iii) defining in a very precise way which instruments meet the definition of "transferable" and "other deposits"; (iv) considering the representation in the documents that evidence loans or deposits; etc.?

The Committee mentioned the parties' own descriptions, and the financial/nonfinancial borrower criterion. It was considered that the use of the party who initiates the arrangement was not an effective criterion.