

Inter-Agency and Expert Group on Gender Statistics (IAEG-GS)

16th meeting summary & IAEG-GS work programme for 2023

12, 13 and 14 December 2022
Virtually held from New York, NY

Summary of discussion: Mainstreaming a gender perspective into Climate change statistics and International Trade Statistics

Key elements:

- liaising with subject-matter experts;
- understanding how the topics relate to gender equality;
- aiming at common concepts, definitions and classifications;
- conveying that sex disaggregation is necessary, but not sufficient

Climate change statistics

- UNSD: Global Set of Climate Change Statistics and Indicators (adopted by the UN Statistical Commission in 2022)
- UN Women: Better utilization of existing data + Model questionnaire to collect additional data
- RC: ESCAP work on measuring the gender-environment nexus
- Countries: Challenges and new developments to address gender issues in the context of climate change (Italy, Morocco, Finland)

International trade statistics:

- UNSD Task Team on International Trade Statistics revising manuals to integrate a gender angle (co-chair US Census Bureau)
- UNCTAD: Measurement framework for gender-in-trade statistics + guidelines on compilation of gender and trade indicators
- RC's: ECA and ECE DA12 on trade and gender
- Countries: Challenges in record linkages for gender analysis and new developments in data visualization (Kazakhstan, Finland, Mexico)

Summary of discussion: Innovations/new developments to close data gaps on gender equality

Measuring/monitoring SDGs, regional commitments and national policies

- Switzerland's innovative integration of data sources to measure Gender Overall Earnings Gap and Gender Pension Gap.
- Mexico's wider and deeper disaggregation of SDGs gender relevant indicators
- ECLAC and ESCWA work on capacity building to close gender data gaps on SDGs monitoring

Measuring/monitoring the care economy

- Mexico's survey on care
- Switzerland findings on the contribution of the "number of monthly working hours" to the gender overall earnings gap
- UN revised guidelines on time use statistics and ILO piloting related module options
- Measurement and valuation of women paid and unpaid work (ILO, Morocco, Finland)
- Measuring the multiplying effects of the care economy (ECLAC)
- Gender norms related to children's engagement in unpaid domestic and care work (UNICEF)

Summary of discussion: Innovations/new developments to close data gaps on gender equality

Measuring violence against women

- Technology facilitated violence against women (UN Women and UNFPA)
- Statistical framework for measuring the gender-related killings of women and girls (femicide/feminicide) (UNODC, UN Women and Mexico)
- International Classification of Violence against Children (ICVAC)
- Violence against women with disabilities and older women

Other areas

- Leaving no one behind: improving traditional data sources to measure inequalities (ESCAP:CRVS; ECE: Revision of Census P&Rs task team on sex and gender identity, ESCWA: Disability)
- Improving communication and data use (Mexico, ESCAP, ECE)
- Informality stats standards, gender and LFS (ILO and 2023 ICLS)

Agreed activities:

Mainstreaming a gender perspective into Climate change statistics and International Trade Statistics

- Advisory group (Colombia, Finland, India, Italy, Mexico, Switzerland, USA, Vietnam, ECA, ECE, ECLAC, ESCAP, UNCTAD, UNFPA, UNICEF, UN Women, WB, and UNSD) to:
 - Climate change:
 - Provide country examples in relation to the Global Set of Climate Change Statistics and Indicators
 - Recommend questions/topics for inclusion in Census P&Rs
 - Trade:
 - Provide feedback to proposed indicators and ongoing revision of the trade manuals (Task Team-ITS H.5 Sub-Group)
 - Take stock of and build on current guidelines and pilot studies led by the regional commissions
 - Report back to the IAEG-GS in Q3 2023 for feedback and submission to Statistical Commission on the advancements of these initiatives

Invite:
Kazakhstan,
Georgia,
Zimbabwe?

Ongoing
2023

Q1
2024

 IAEG-GS to revisit the Minimum Set of Gender Indicators once work on mainstreaming gender in climate change statistics and international trade statistics is adopted by the Commission.

Agreed activities:

Technology facilitated violence against women, older women, WWD

- UN Women, UNFPA and WHO to coordinate efforts and align frameworks ([ongoing](#)) and report back on advancements on this area (17th IAEG-GS)

Time-use statistics

- UNSD and the UN EG-TUS to finalize the revised UN Guide to Producing Statistics on Time Use ([By December 2023](#)); ILO on modular LFS approach => report back at 17th IAEG-GS

Global Survey on Gender Statistics

- Regional Commissions to finalize uploading information into the database ([By Q1 2023](#))
- UNSD and RCs to prepare a summary report as a background paper to the [55th session of the Statistical Commission](#)

9th Global Forum on Gender Statistics in South Africa!!

- UNSD (and co-chairs) to initiate preparations for the 9th Global Forum on Gender Statistics (2023) and the 17th meeting of IAEG-GS ([Q3-Q4 2023](#))

Other

- UNSD to prepare summary report, containing the salient aspects of 16th meeting ([By December of 2022](#))