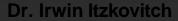
GeoConnections



A National Partnership to Develop the Canadian Geospatial Data Infrastructure (CGDI)



The 8th United Nations Regional Cartographic Conference for the Americas New York, 27 June -1 July, 2005



Presentation Outline

- Overview of SDIs
- Overview of Canadian Approach to SDI
- Accomplishments after Phase I
- Objectives for Phase II





With the advent of digital cartographic technologies, mapmaking has been democratized...





The 8th United Nations Regional Cartographic Conference for the Americas



...our ability to correlate social, economic and environmental phenomena to geography is unprecedented;

Linking air quality and health care capacity

- General Medical and Surgical Hospitals, 2002
- Nursing and Personal Care Facilities, 2002.
- Skilled Nursing Care Facilities, 2002
- Offices and Clinics of Doctors of Medicine, 2002.

Air Quality Monitoring Station 03, August 15 2002



Good



Fair



Poor

Population per square kilometre 2001, NB Health Regions

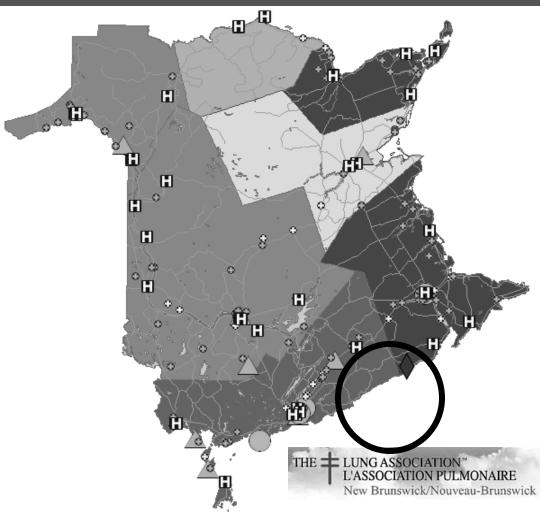


4.84001 - 5.51000

5.51001 - 7.06000

7.06001 - 16.30000

16.30001 - 18.25000





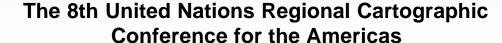


However, coordination is needed to realize this potential...



copyright ©2005 S Javanrouh







Spatial Data Infrastructures

- A worldwide enterprise, SDIs are being developed in over 100 countries;
- Using the Internet, they harness the power of geomatics by enabling sharing of interoperable spatially correlated data;
- Now evolving from centralized warehouses to fully distributed networks.



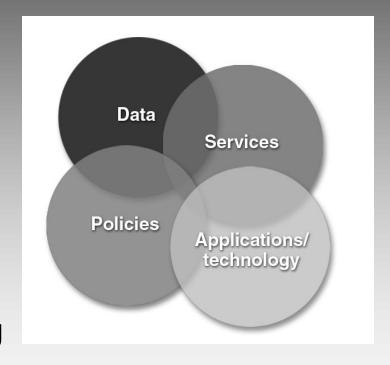
Defining Spatial Data Infrastructure

Definition:

an integrated, on-line mechanism to deliver geospatial data and services and information for applications, better business and policy decision-making, and valueadded commercial activities.

Components:

collection of people, policies, networked databases and enabling technologies and services







Essential characteristics of any infrastructure

Components must be...

- 1. Standardized
- 2. Networked together
- 3. Customized for easy 3rd-party access



SDIs now evolving to Interoperable Networks

Stovepipes Connectivity Inter-Inter-Connectivity **Operability Client-server** Data transfer **Data sharing Enterprise-wide** single database within broad and system and data applications warehousing subject areas integration Implementation continuum **Enterprise Application View (single purpose) View (multiple purpose)**





A Canadian Perspective

Canada's approach recognizes:

- our nation's political realities where decisionmaking, and the information needed to support it, is distributed across a confederated structure;
- Private industry is best suited to develop the components in a model partnership with governments;
- A single 'backbone', properly constructed, can support many applications.





GeoConnections: A confederated approach

GeoConnections:

A \$60 million federal/provincial/territorial initiative launched in 1999 to build the Canadian Geospatial Data Infrastructure (CGDI) by 2004

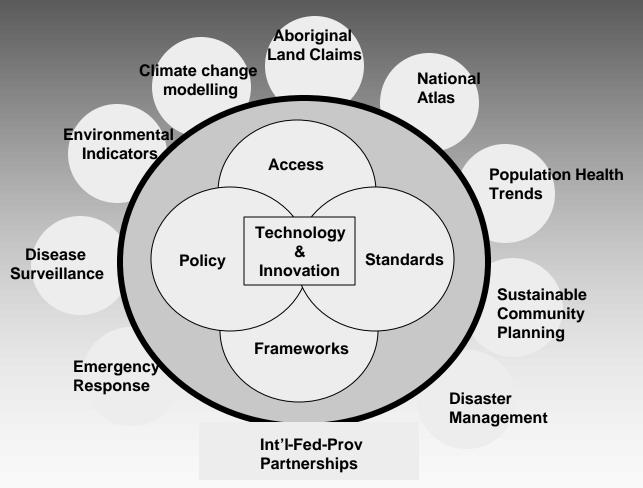
Objectives:

- 1. Increase the amount of geospatial data, information and services available on-line
- 2. Ease data integration issues through the use of data standards
- 3. Promote the development of innovative infrastructure technologies through private sector partnerships
- 4. Simplify the conditions for geospatial data use and resale





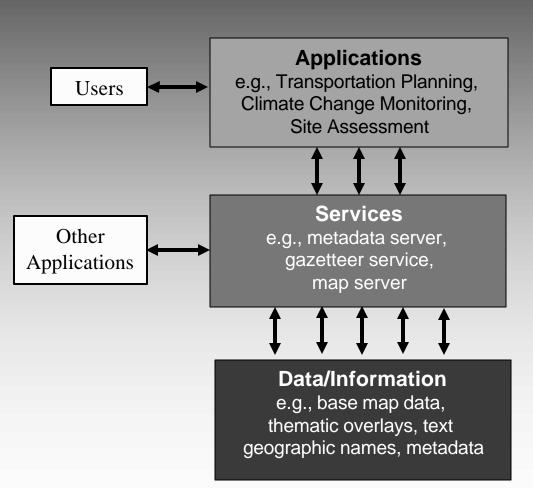
CGDI: A single backbone







...Based on Web Services



For Example...

A trip planning web site that calculates the best route between two cities

Uses...

Gazetteer service, Road network server, Web mapping service

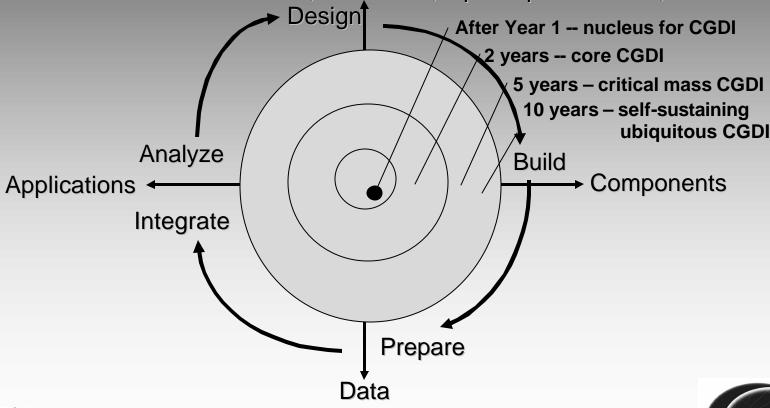
based on...
Geographical Names,
Road network features
Base maps

Canadä

Followed an Evolutionary Development

- 1. Establish a CGDI nucleus
- 2. Incrementally build up by pursuing opportunities along several fronts
- 3. Follow a spiral development approach
- 4. Support and deliver to Communities of Practice

Reference Architecture, Standards, Open Specifications,







After Phase I: The Backbone is Built

- Established the Canadian Geospatial Data Infrastructure (CGDI): Through partnerships with industry, developed elements of the operational infrastructure such as advanced technologies and applications that increase access, sharing and use of geographic data.
- Strengthened Federal-provincial-territorial collaboration:
 Negotiated first ever Ministerial Canadian Geomatics Accord with Canadian provinces and territories; achieved common agreement and policy approach on partnership principles and to licensing data to remove policy barriers to data sharing;
- Created foundational, standardized data framework
 Facilitated the provision of seamless, up-to-date and maintained
 GeoBase framework data at no cost to users.





...Helping People

- Meeting the needs of decision-makers: Increased number of decision-makers from traditional and non-traditional sectors who are benefiting from integrating geo-info as a key tool in their operations thereby facilitating more efficient and effective decisions by and for all Canadians.
- Empowering rural, remote and Aboriginal communities/ municipalities in Canada: Developed capacity in over 109 communities to improve their ability to plan and make decisions towards a sustainable future through the use of modern geomatics techniques.

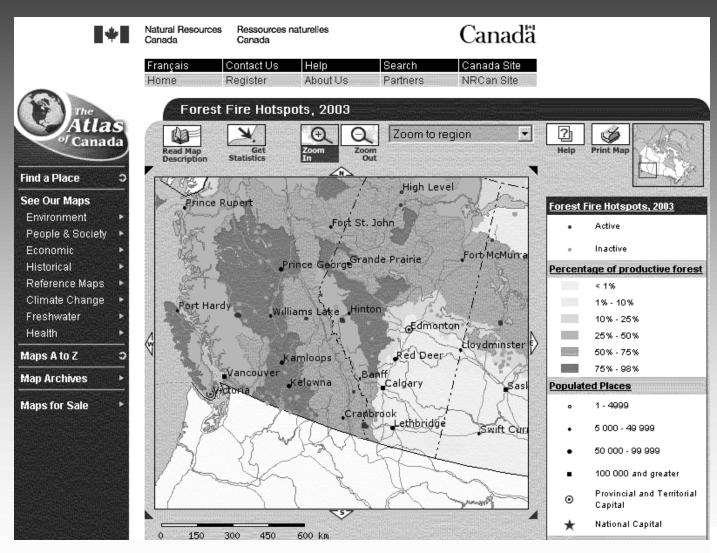


...Successful Partnerships

- Leveraging investments and develop partnerships: The federal government has benefited from a \$170M program based on its \$60M investment through cost-sharing partnerships with industry, academia and provinces/territories, and nongovernmental agencies
- Growing an innovative geomatics industry: advancing innovation and growth of the high-tech geomatics sector through partnerships on Internet-applications and advanced technology development (70% of funds expended with industry = \$42M)



Example Application:Atlas of Canada

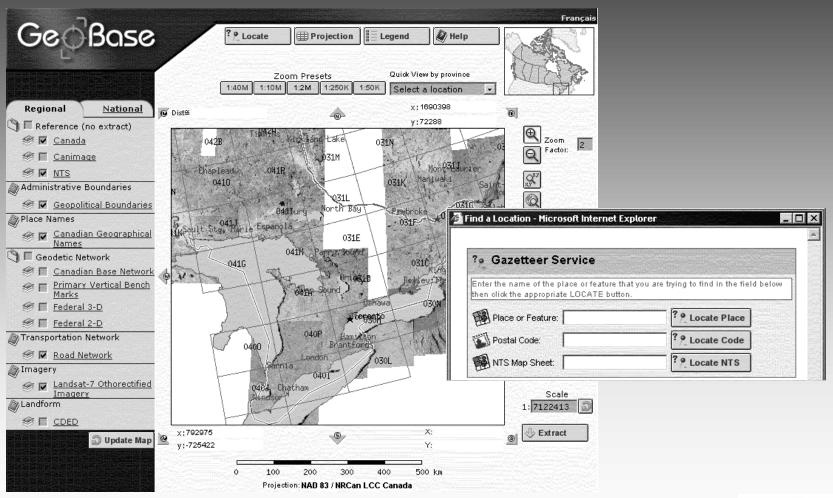




The 8th United Nations Regional Cartographic Conference for the Americas



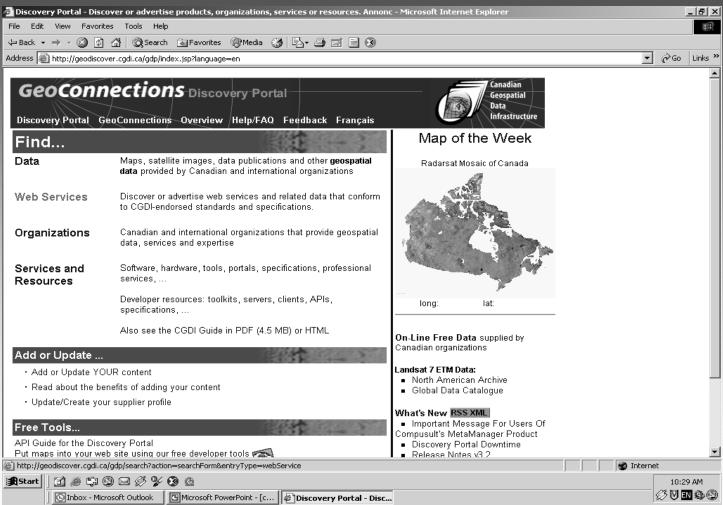
GeoBase Portal



Canadä



GeoConnections Discovery Portal







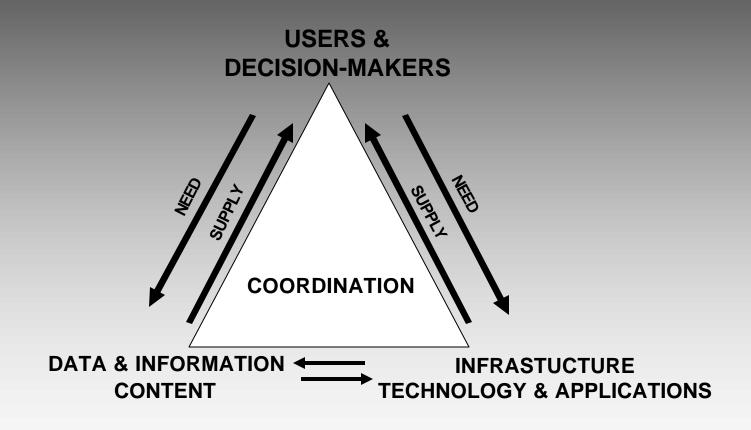
Phase II: Building on our Success...

Now that backbone is built, we will focus on industry and government partnerships to adopt and extend the CGDI:

- to further meet the needs of users & decisionmakers
- to address priority public issues
- to create sustainable private-public partnerships around specific solutions...
- ...using common geospatial infrastructure.



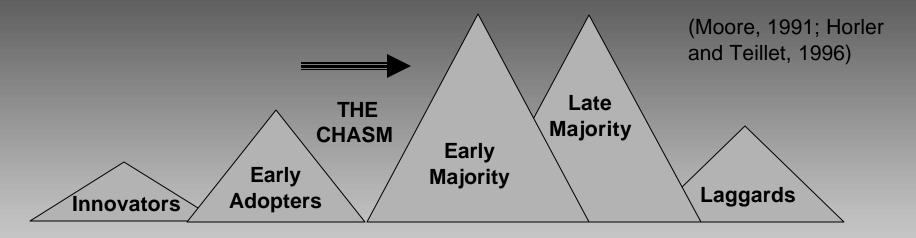
Shift to User-Driven CGDI







Innovation Diffusion Challenge: "Crossing the Chasm"



- innovators and early adopters need vision
- majorities need business plan (value proposition) to effect culture change
- laggards need guarantees





Objectives for Next 5 Years

- Working through partner agencies, actively support decision-makers and citizens on an array of issues;
- Secure access to high quality framework data needed by these clients;
- Operate and evolve infrastructure to meet user needs (e.g. privacy, security considerations);
- Advance national geomatics policy development
- Further "operationalize" Canadian federal government collaboration through Federal Geomatics Strategy and Policy Framework





GeoConnections Program AreasDelivering on Priority Issues

USER CAPACITY

DATA CONTENT

INFRASTRUCTURE TECHNOLOGY

POLICY & COORDINATION

- ➤ Public Safety
- > Public Health
- Environment/ Sustainable Development
- ➤ Issues of Importance to Aboriginal Communities

USER-DRIVEN





Led through participation and "shared leadership"

- Implemented through Advisory Committees
 - comprised of federal, provincial, territorial government agencies
 - private sector and academia
- Collective leadership among the participants
 - securing matching investments and partnerships/participation
 - developing implementation projects
 - finding common interests and leverage
- Responds to need for horizontal approach
 - recognizes multi-participants and activities across different user communities





Lessons learned over 5 years

- Criticality of partnerships
 - cost sharing tests partners' commitment
- Iterative development operational cycle
 - adoption of recognized standards
- Institution/capacity building underestimated
- Supportive policy (need for willingness to change)
- Delivering real benefits





Criticality of Leadership

- Remains important to set direction and win support
 - champion/political champion
- Particular skill sets needed to manage more diverse partnerships
 - building trust
- Management boards (boards of directors) and advisory panels
 - ---> means to developing consensus
 - ---> sharing risk, reward and decisions





Value Proposition

- <u>informed decision making</u>: easy access to current information, knowledge and expertise.
- efficiency: reducing duplication of effort on data collection, common policy and national standards, leverage of web services that support partnerships
- usability: governments, private sector, and individuals need a reliable "infrastructure" to make use of resources
- <u>relevance</u>: incredible potential for the use of geomatics and geographic
- global leadership: international markets and commercial opportunities as geo knowledge becomes common place



GeoConnections Secretariat

...Building the Canadian Geospatial Data Infrastructure...

Phone:1-877-221-6213

Email:info@geoconnections.org

Website: www.geoconnections.org

Ottawa, Ontario, Canada



