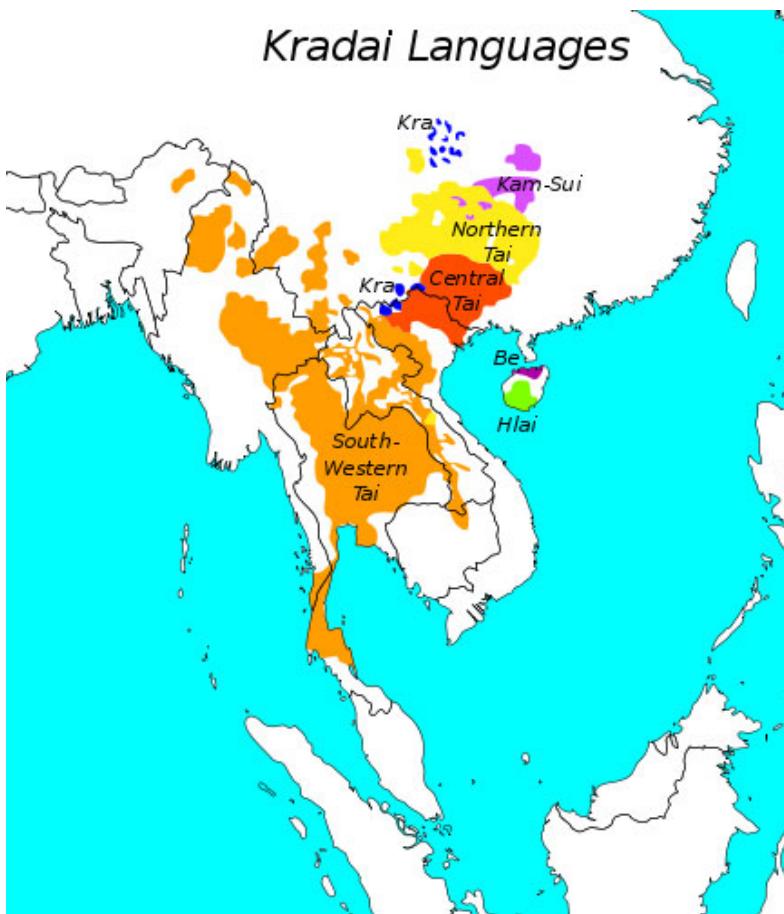


## 9. CLASSIFICATION OF LANGUAGES - L) THE DAIC FAMILY

&lt;previous - next&gt;



- Including official languages of Thailand (Thai) and Laos (Lao).
- Attempts are made to link it to the Sino-Tibetan or the Austro-Asiatic family.



Source: [Wikipedia](#) / Author: [Heinrich Damm](#)

[Home](#)  
 |  
[Self study](#)  
 :  
[Languages](#)  
 |  
[Contents](#)  
 |  
[Intro](#)  
 |  
[1.Toponymy](#)  
 |  
[2.Names vs languages](#)  
 |  
[3.Languages of the world](#)  
 |  
[4.Toponymic importance of language](#)  
 |  
[5.Toponymic importance of linguistic status](#)  
 |  
[6.Language vs dialect](#)  
 |  
[7.Official vs non-official](#)  
 |  
[8.Dead and disappeared languages](#)  
 |  
[9.Classification of languages](#)  
 (a/b/c/d/e/  
 f/g/h/i/j/  
 k/l/m/n/o/  
 p/g/r)  
 |  
[10.Back to toponymy](#)

**i** The 70 languages of the Daic, or Tai-Kadai family are spoken in an area to the east of the Austro-Asiatic languages in Indo-China. They include two official languages: Thai (the mother tongue of up to 25 million people in Thailand) and Lao (spoken by 4 million people in Laos, of which it is the official language). Attempts are being made to link the Tai languages to either the Sino-Tibetan or the Austronesian families.

&lt;previous - next&gt;