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Newsletter) can be found at

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Important notice:

Please note that the dates for the 10th UN Conference for the Standardization of Geographical Names and the 27th Session of UNGEGN are:

UNCSGN: 31 July – 9 August 2012 UNGEGN: 30 July and 10 August 2012

Inside this issue:

Preface

Message from the Chairperson

From the Secretariat

Message from the Secretariat High-Level Forum on Global Geospatial Information Management

From the Divisions

Arabic Division Asia South-West Division East Central and South-East Europe Division Norden Division

From the Working Groups

Working Group on Country Names	14
Working Group on Exonyms	15
Working Group on Toponymic Data Files and Gazetteers	17
Task Team for Africa	18

From the Countries

- Brazil
- Special Projects and News Items

Progress in the foundation of a joint ICA/IGU Commission on Toponymy	22
The Gazetteer Framework of the Centre of Excellence for UN Spatial Data Infrastructure Project	23
 an UNGEGN-supported initiative 	
The XXIVth ICOS Congress, Barcelona, Spain 5 – 9 September 2011	28

Upcoming Meetings of Groups Associated with Geographical Names

UNGEGN Information Bulletin

(formerly NEWSLETTER)

The Information Bulletin of the United Nations Group of Experts on Geographical Names (formerly UNGEGN Newsletter) is issued twice a year by the Secretariat of the Group. The Secretariat is established within the Statistics Division (UNSD), Department for Economic and Social Affairs (DESA), Secretariat of the United Nations. It publishes contributions/reports from the Experts the Group, of its Linguistic/ Geographical Divisions and its Working Groups. Contributions for the Information Bulletin can only be considered when they are made available in digital form. They should be sent to the following address:

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Preface

Message from the Chairperson

Now that the 26th Session of UNGEGN is successfully behind us, I thank members of the UNGEGN Secretariat and all of you who were involved in its organization, in preparing papers or workshops, and in participating in the discussions and assorted activities. The Working Group Evaluation and on Implementation will be reviewing vour evaluations of the Session and vour suggestions will be taken into account in planning the 10th UN Conference on the Standardization of Geographical Names (New York, 2012).

In following up work from the Session, I would particularly like to mention:

- (1) The proposal for a joint **Toponymy Commission** of the International Geographical Union (IGU) and the International Cartographic Association (ICA) is moving forward. Discussion and planning advanced at the ICA Congress in Paris in July (*see report from Peter Jordan, pages 22-23*). This will be further worked out at the IGU Conference to be held in Santiago, Chile in November. Those of you interested in being involved are still invited to add your names, if you have not already done so.
- (2) The meeting of the Task Team for Africa in Vienna has led to an initiative of UNECA to hold a working session of some 15 individuals from Africa this November. The aim will be to develop a strategic work plan for UNECA to create a better framework

for names standardization processes in African countries. We look forward to the advances that should result from this initiative (see report from Chukwudozie Ezigbalike, pages 18-19).

(3) The UN Spatial Data Infrastructure (UNSDI) Gazetteer Framework, as introduced to us during the 26th Session, is now presented in more detail (*see report from Suha Ulgen*, *pages 23-28*). The Working Group on Toponymic Data Files and Gazetteers will collaborate with the CoE4UNSDI Project, but all experts are invited to follow the Project and to provide input.

Early in September, the XXIVth International Congress of Onomastic Sciences (**ICOS**) was held in Barcelona, Spain. The organizers were keen to interweave the research of academics in onomastics with the practicalities of names standardization and the use of names in daily life. A plenary session, discussion groups, and various individual presentations were all linked to UNGEGN activities (*see report from Botolv Helleland, page 28*). Materials will be available as a web publication of ICOS and some parts directly relevant to names authorities will be posted on the UNGEGN website.

In the immediate future, we are turning our attention to the first High Level Forum on Global Geospatial Information Management (**GGIM**) to be held in Seoul in October (*see report on pages 6-7*). The Working Groups on Evaluation and Implementation and on

Publicity and Funding will hold a joint meeting to coincide with the forum, and so will be offering a small exhibition and short lunch-time presentations on UNGEGN issues forum participants. А common to of UNGEGN's understanding work in geographical names standardization is important for our future cooperation with GGIM.

2012 is the year we shall be holding the 10th UN Conference and I encourage Divisions and Working Groups to make as much progress as possible in the months between now and July/August next year!

Helen Kerfoot

Chair, UNGEGN Ottawa, Canada Email: <u>hkerfoot@nrcan.gc.ca</u>

News from the Secretariat

Message from the Secretariat

26th Session of UNGEGN

The secretariat would like to thank delegates of the 26th Session as well as experts working in the preparation of the Session and its various side events for their contributions and great cooperation. The report of the session has been available in all languages on the UNGEGN website since June this year. The website also serves as the repository of all material related to the event. The Working Group on Evaluation and Implementation is currently reviewing feedback provided in the evaluation forms at the end of the Session. This feedback will be very valuable in preparation of the 10th UN Conference on the Standardization of Geographical Names (New York, 2012).

10th UN Conference on the Standardization of Geographical Names (UNCSGN) and 27th Session of UNGEGN

As recommended by the 26th Session of UNGEGN in Vienna, the Economic and Council in July this year decided to hold the 10th UN Conference on the Standardization of Geographical Names in New York from 7 - 16 August 2012 and, in conjunction with it, to hold the 27th session of UNGEGN in New York, 6 and 17 August 2012 (ECOSOC decision 2011/251). However, the timeframe originally planned has provided issues with conference management. Following the input from the UNGEGN Bureau, after consultation with a wider group of experts and the Secretariat, the decision was taken to move the dates for the 10th UN Conference and the 27th Session of UNGEGN one week earlier:

UNCSGN: 31 July – 9 August 2012 UNGEGN: 30 July and 10 August 2012

This difficult decision was reached to avoid the problems inherent in an overlap between UNCSGM/UNGEGN and the second session of the Committee of Experts on GGIM, which is now scheduled for 13-15 August 2012.

We are looking forward to your active participation in the 10th Conference and the 27th Session as planned. We expect that the Note Verbale for the two events will be sent out early next year. As usual we will post all material (including the Note Verbale) on our event website as it becomes available. If you have any questions, please contact the secretariat.

World Geographical Names Database (http://unstats.un.org/unsd/geoinfo/ geonames/)

Updates are now done on a quarterly schedule, the next of which is due 1 December 2011. We would like to encourage you to send us your material for the online database by 18 November for inclusion in the next update, namely:

- Names of cities with a population over 100,000 (original writing system and romanized form)

- Coordinates in degrees and decimal degrees

- Audio files (.wav) for each city name

Please check the website and contact us if your country's information needs additions or corrections!

We would like to take this opportunity to thank Sybille Marxgut for her work on this database. Sybille has left UNSD and relocated to Australia with her family.

Sabine Warschburger

UNGEGN Secretariat E-Mail: warschburger@un.org

High-Level Forum on Global Geospatial Information Management

The ECOSOC made history in its last substantive session in July 2011 by establishing a new intergovernmental mechanism: the UN Committee of Experts Geospatial Information Global on Management. At a time when few new intergovernmental bodies are being created, this decision reflected ECOSOC's concern for promoting greater and wider use of geospatial information globally for sustainable development and humanitarian assistance. The Committee will comprise experts from all Member States, as well as experts from international organizations, as observers. The new body will be serviced by the Statistics Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs (DESA) and the Cartographic Section of the Department of Field Services.

The Committee will convene its inaugural session on 26 October 2011 in Seoul, Republic of Korea. The inaugural meeting will bring together experts from Member States and observers from international organizations to adopt the terms of reference of the Committee, review its rules of procedure, discuss its contribution to The Rio+20 Conference as well as an inventory of critical issues to be addressed by the sessions. Committee in future Immediately preceding the inaugural session of the Committee, the United Nations Statistics Division and the United Nations Cartographic Section are jointly organizing with the National Geographic Information Institute (NGII) of the Republic of Korea, a High Level Forum on Global Geospatial Information Management at the COEX Convention Centre in Seoul, 24-26 October 2011. The Forum will provide a first-of-itstype opportunity for in-depth discussion of current critical geospatial information issues consultations and by over 400 representatives including ministers and other high-level Government officials, mostly heads of National Mapping Authorities and National Statistical Offices, international organizations active in GGIM. and prominent civil society and business leaders.

At the opening of the Forum, a Ministerial Segment will be convened in the morning of 24 October 2011. The Under-Secretary-General for DESA, Mr. Sha Zukang, will deliver the opening address. The Segment will provide a platform for Ministers, representing all the regions of the world, to discuss national policies on geospatial information, particularly in reference to management aspects; to provide direction in evolving common frameworks and methodologies across countries; to promote the use of geospatial information to address key global challenges; and to give guidance on capacity development and enhance technology transfer.

The High Level Forum and the inaugural session of the Committee will be accompanied by two thematic side-events, namely:

- an 'Exchange Forum with the Geospatial Industry' (on Sunday 23 October 2011) which will initiate a discussion between industry leaders and governmental officials in geospatial information to inform and enrich the subsequent high-level forum on GGIM; and
- a Seminar on "the Integration of Statistical and Geospatial Information: Issues and Challenges" (on Thursday 27 October 2011). This thematic seminar will look at the best practices in integrating these two types of data and ensure their

efficient use and optimal dissemination. The seminar is coorganized by Statistics Korea, Eurostat and the United Nations Statistics Division. It will be held at the Korea International Exhibition Center on 27 October 2011.

For more information on any of these events, please go to http://ggim.un.org/.

Amor Laaribi

Head, GGIM Secretariat E-Mail: laaribi@un.org

From the Divisions



Arabic Division (ADEGN)

Report about the meetings of ADEGN which were held on 2 and 4 May 2011 in conjunction with Twenty-sixth session of UNGEGN Vienna 2-6 May 2011

Participants

The two meetings had high participation: 22 participants from 11 Arab Countries (Egypt, Algeria, Sudan, Kuwait, Morocco, Tunisia, Oman, Qatar, Lebanon), chaired by Eng / Ahmed Mohamed Kamel, Chair of the Arabic Division. One observer Ms. Naela Sarras from ICANN attended the meetings

First Meeting, 2 May 2011

Agenda

- 1. Database of the names of major cities (more than 100,000 people) in Arab countries.
- 2. Glossary of terms on geographical names in Arab countries.
- 3. Establishment of the new web site for ADEGN and enhancing the work of the Funding Committee.
- 4. Collecting information and contacts about the institutions responsible for geographical names in Arab countries.
- 5. Geographical names training in Arab countries.
- 6. Any other items.

Minutes of the meeting

- First Mr. Ahmed Kamel Chair of ADEGN welcomed the participants and praised the fruitful and constructive cooperation between the Arab members of the Division; then he opened the floor for discussion.
- Dr. Seif Qayedi from United Arab Emirates, Chairman of the Gazetteers Working Group of ADEGN, presented the ongoing work of collecting data of the cities with a population greater than 100000. The countries that have participated are Sudan, Jordan, UAE, Tunisia, Palestine, Qatar and Egypt. He urged the experts to provide the Division with data according to the last official census.
- Mrs. Naima Freiha from Tunisia and • President of the Committee on Terminology presented the last work of the Terminology Committee on collection of terms related to geographical names of Sudan, Jordan, Tunisia, Palestine, Egypt, and suggested a standard format for sending further terms. She will provide the Division members with it, and urged the members

of the ADEGN to provide the Division with the terminologies in their countries as soon as possible in a proposed standard form.

- Mrs. Eman Oriby from Egypt presented a collected questionnaire about Romanization systems from some Arab countries: Jordan, Tunisia, Palestine, Sudan, and Egypt. The experts suggested postponing discussion of the unified Arabic Romanization system to the subsequent meeting on 4 May 2011.
- Eng / Ahmed Kamel from Egypt and Chair of ADEGN presented the ongoing work on the new website of ADEGN Egypt and the work of the Publicity and Funding Committee.
- Experts discussed the importance of training for the Arab States on the basis of standardization of geographical names and activating the work of the Training Committee through conducting a training course in Egypt, assisted by a team of experts.
- Experts discussed the importance of establishing bodies responsible for standardization of geographical names in Arab countries.

The recommendations

- The Arab countries recommended to promptly finalize the establishment of institutions who are responsible for standardization of geographical names and to provide a report to the Division responsible about institutions on geographical names and the law regulating its work.
- Urged national institutions concerned with geographical names, to contribute in the creation of glossary of terms of geographical names by sending a list of terms prevailing in the Arab States and its meaning according to a proposed

standard form of the Terminology Committee.

- Postponing discussion of a unified Romanization system to next meeting, on 4 May 2011.
- Experts to contribute in enriching the Division's website and electing Mr. Younis bin Khamis bin Saad Al-Balushi, from Oman as chairman of the Publicity and Funding Committee.

Second Meeting 4 May 2011

Agenda

- 1. Discuss the current situation for the application of Romanization system 2007 in Arab countries and the regulations actually applied by them.
- 2. Any other business.

Minutes of the meeting:

- Mr Ahmed Kamel Chair of ADEGN welcomed the participants then opened the floor for discussion.
- Dr. Ibrahim Atoui from Algeria, the • Vice-President of the UNGEGN, gave a brief history of the stages of establishing the Arabic Romanization systems and the amendments that have occurred in the system 1956, and Beirut system of 1971, which was adopted by Arab experts and the League of Arab States in the first Expert Forum of the Geographical Names, which was held in Beirut in 1971 and was authorized after the first adjustments in the Second United Nations Conference in 1972 and then the further changes occurred in 1973 which is called amended Beirutsystem and the latest amendments in 2007, which is called Unified Arabic Romanization system 2007.
- Members discussed the current situation of applied Romanization systems in their

country and difficulties in applying the Unified Arabic Romanization system 2007, and the significance of the added provision that would allow taking into account the specificity of each country.

Recommendations

The participants decided that:

1- Sending Unified Arabic Romanization system 2007, which was proposed in the Third Arab Conference in Beirut 2007 to the concerned authorities for geographical names in all Arab countries through the Arab League for expressing their opinions before the first of April 2012 for preparation of approval and adoption in the fifth Arab Conference of Geographical Names that will

Eng / Eman Ahmed Orieby Reporter of ADEGN Email: <u>emanorieby@gmail.com</u> be held in Cairo on the first half of 2012.



Photo of ADEGN members with Mrs Helen Kerfoot chair of UNGEGN 5-MAY 2011

Eng.Ahmed Mohamed Kamel Chair of ADEGN Email <u>Col.kamel@gmail.com</u>

Asia South-West Division

Planning to establish the Regional Geographical Names Database for Asia South-West Division (other than Arabic)

In order to promote the consistent use and dissemination of accurate place names in the Asia South-West Division (other than Arabic), the Islamic Republic of Iran is preparing to establish the Regional Geographical Names Database for divisional member countries.

The necessity of the database creation was raised in the Ninth Regional Meeting on Standardization of Geographical Names in Tehran and was adopted by the delegates. This regional database can contain many endonyms and exonyms and can cover major cities and important natural and manmade features.

Feature and place coding methods were proposed and necessary data tables were designed by experts of Iranian Committee on Standardization of Geographical Names.

Of course, this regional project requires contribution of national geographical names authority in all divisional countries and each country should take part in collection and registration of its relevant data.

Finally, the database will be accessible for all of contributor countries via proper media.

Iranian Committee on the Standardization of Geographical Names (ICSGN), National Cartographic Center (NCC), Email: geonames@ncc.org.ir

East Central and South-East Europe Division

ECSEE Division meeting during the 26th UNGEGN Session

The East Central and South-East Europe Division (ECSEED) organized a meeting during the 26th UNGEGN Session (2 - 6 May 2011, UN Center Vienna). The ECSEED meeting was held on the 4th May in the UN Center Vienna. The meeting was attended by 14 representatives: Croatia (1), Cyprus (2), Georgia (3), Greece (1), Poland (3), Slovenia (1), the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (1) and Turkey (2) (see Fig. 1). The last 20th ECSEED Session was held a few months before, in February 2011 in Zagreb. But, during that period there were important Division activities.



Figure 1a: ECSEED meeting



Figure 1b: ECSEED meeting

Georgia joined ECSEED (see Fig. 2). Before that, Montenegro was accepted into the ECSEED in 2008 during the 19th ECSEED session in Zagreb. The ECSEE Division has now 17 countries active (see Table 1).



Figure 2: ECSEE Division countries

The main topics discussed during the ECSEE Division meeting:

- the Division Chairman reported about activities,
- Georgian delegates introduced the country in the field of standardization of geographical names,
- the text about 20th ECSEED session in Zagreb was sent to be published in the UNGEGN Bulletin,
- distribution of a CD with documents of all three joint meetings: 20th ECSEED session, Working Group on Toponymic Data Files and Gazetteers and EuroGeoNames workshop, February 2011 in Zagreb,
- ECSEE Division reporting at the UNGEGN session,
- news and changes on the ECSEED web pages,
- and other.

Nr.	UNGEGN Divisions	Number of Division countries
1	Latin America Division	22
2	Asia South-East and Pacific South-West Division	18
3	East Central and South-East Europe Division	17
4	French-speaking Division	17
5	Africa East Division	16
6	Africa West Division	16
7	Arabic Division	15
8	Romano-Hellenic Division	15
9	Africa Central Division	12
10	Africa South Division	10
11	Portuguese-speaking Division	9
12	Eastern Europe, Northern and Central Asia Division	9
13	Asia South-West Division (other than Arabic)	7
14	Dutch- and German-speaking Division	7
15	India Division	6
16	Norden Division	5
17	United Kingdom Division	5
18	Asia East Division (other than China)	3
19	Baltic Division	3
20	Celtic Division	2
21	East Mediterranean Division (other than Arabic)	2
22	United States of America-Canada Division	2
23	China Division	1

Tables 1: UNGEGN Divisions and number of countries

Organization in UN Center in Vienna was excellent, and the ECSEE Division meeting was held in a working and friendly atmosphere. Željko Hećimović ECSEE Division Chairman Email: <u>zeljko.hecimovic@cgi.hr</u>

Norden Division

News from the Norden Division Meeting in Vienna, May 2, 2011.

This year's Norden Division Meeting was held in Vienna on May 2, in conjunction with the 26th UNGEGN Session. Of issues discussed at the meeting was the status of the Norden Division homepage, as well as the implementation of INSPIRE and EuroGeoNames services among the Norden Division area National Mapping Authorities. Also discussed were how to involve the North Atlantic area, the Faroe Islands, Greenland and Iceland deeper in the UNGEGN and Norden Division work, and the possibility of legislation for geographical names in Finland.

Next Norden Division Meeting

The next Norden Division Meeting is still being planned. There was a general

acceptance at the Norden Division Meeting that a meeting in connection with the coming Femtende nordiske navneforskerkongres (Fifteenth Nordic Name Research Congress) 2012, June 6-9, in Askov, Denmark, would be optimal - as this should give the North Atlantic members a greater possibility of participating in the meeting. The meeting agenda is at present undecided, but the main issues at the next Norden Division Meeting will be how to prepare for the 27th UNGEGN Session and the 10th United Nations' Conference on the Standardization of Geographical Names Conference in New York, USA later the same year.

Peder Gammeltoft Chair, Norden Division Email: gammelt@hum.ku.dk

From the Working Groups

Working Group on Country Names

The Working Group on Country Names currently consists of the following members (those marked with an asterisk [*] are new members):

- Marcus Allsup* (United States)
- Bahram Amirahmadian (Islamic Republic of Iran)
- Hubert Bergmann (Austria)
- Caroline Burgess (United Kingdom)
- Catherine Cheetham (United Kingdom)
- Sungjae Choo* (Republic of Korea)
- Leo Dillon (United States)
- Naima Friha* (Tunisia)
- Danielle Henripin* (liaison, UN Terminology Section)
- Peter Jordan (Austria)
- Gholamreza Karimzadeh* (Islamic Republic of Iran)
- André Lapierre (Canada)
- Eman Ahmed Orieby (Egypt)
- Sirkka Paikkala* (Finland)
- Peeter Päll (Estonia)
- Trent Palmer* (United States)
- Ioannis Papaioannou (Greece)
- Ahmet Saraç (Turkey)
- Alexandrous Stavropoulos (Greece)
- Danielle Turcotte (Canada)
- Abdülvahit Torun (Turkey)

The Working Group (WG) held a meeting on May 4, 2011during the 26th Session of UNGEGN in Vienna. After welcoming new members, the WG discussed the purpose, structure, and content of its principal document, the UNGEGN List of Country Names. This list provides the names of countries in their official language(s) and script(s), and also in the six official languages of the United Nations, as found on the UN Multilingual Terminology Database (UNTERM - http://unterm.un.org/).

The current official version of that document was presented to the Ninth UN Conference on the Standardization of Geographical Names (UNCSGN) in New York in August 2007. It is available from the UNGEGN website, in that Conference's list of documents (E/CONF.98/89). An updated unofficial list was presented at the 26th UNGEGN Session (Working Paper No. 54).

The main job of the WG at present is to this document for the update Tenth UNCSGN in 2012. To aid the WG in this process, an unofficial "working version" of the document will be posted on the WG's section of the UNGEGN webpage (http://unstats.un.org/unsd/geoinfo/UNGEG N/wg1.html). This version contains changes made since May 2011. Most of these changes have been minor, although an entry for the new country of South Sudan has been added. All UNGEGN experts are invited make comments and suggestions to concerning this draft document to the WG convenor.

One of the topics discussed at the WG meeting in May 2011 was the development of a document containing references to lists of country names issued by national authorities. It was suggested that by providing access to country names used by national authorities to UNGEGN members, the section called "Names used by a National Authority" could potentially be

removed from the List of Country Names. Any UNGEGN member state that wishes to contribute to this document is asked to provide a web address or other reference to a country names list to the WG convenor at the address below.

The Working Group on Country Names invites any interested experts to become a

Working Group on Exonyms

11th Meeting of the Working Group on Exonyms

The Working Group on Exonyms met informally out-of-session on 4th May 2011 during the 26th Session of UNGEGN in the Theatersaal of the Austrian Academy of Sciences in Vienna. The venue away from the UNGEGN Session was intended to allow wider participation.

The meeting focused on current themes and questions of the WG, especially on the **endonym/exonym divide** and the status of sea names in this context.

Peter JORDAN outlined his paper "The endonym - name from within a social group" (WP 69) which had been presented to the UNGEGN Session. Paul WOODMAN. who had not taken part in the UNGEGN Session, presented his paper entitled "Endonyms, Exonyms and Language Boundaries: А Clarification". which recapped the WG's recent discussions on this subject and aimed at clarifying the author's view, which he felt had been misconstrued or misunderstood. The paper considered the essence particularly of names for features beyond a single (or any) sovereignty, their nature as endonym or exonym, and how this applied to relevant language communities.

member of the group. Please contact the convenor at the address below if there are any questions.

Leo Dillon

Convenor Working Group on Country Names Email: <u>dillonli@state.gov</u>

The Working Group enjoyed a robust discussion on the nature of the endonym and name classification in general. A particular discussion focused on the nuanced distinction between 'all over', meaning at each individual location within a feature, and 'entire' meaning the feature in its entirety as a single whole and how these terms had been intended and interpreted in Paul WOODMAN's paper.

The essence of the terms 'endonym' and fundamental 'exonym', either as а characteristic, or as a reflection of an externally-given status, was also discussed. And the significance of the cultural context, noting that a name might differ in its endonym status according to a specific culture, was also acknowledged. An example was noted by Bill WATT of certain Aboriginal people of Australia who had a close relationship with coastal waters, but whose affinity did not extend to the entire The 'entire' sea might body of water. therefore not have what could be considered an endonym in certain Aboriginal languages.

The meeting recalled also the WG's previous consideration of the establishing of **guideline criteria for the appropriate use of exonyms**. A proposal for such guidelines had been considered at the WG's meeting during the 25th UNGEGN Session in

Nairobi, Kenya, though consensus had not been achieved. Peter JORDAN had drafted a revised document "Criteria for the use of exonyms – a next approach" (WP 64) for the WG's consideration.

It was noted that the title *Criteria for the Use of Exonyms* was somewhat suggestive of promoting exonym use, and the WG agreed that any subsequent discussions should be considered with the understanding that the goal was to 'ensure the politicallysensitive use of exonyms'.

The Co-Convenor asked the WG to consider whether, in addition to 'endonym' and 'exonym', a third term might be required where there was contention about the application of either of the existing terms, specifically for **features beyond sovereignty**. The viewpoints of various WG members were again re-stated.

Gholamreza KARIMZADEH presented a paper "Mechanism for standardizing the exonyms of features beyond sovereignty", suggesting historical evidence should be considered when identifying valid exonyms. The WG noted that there could, however, be practical difficulties in determining the validity of such sources.

The WG also considered **trends in exonym use**. Maciej ZYCH presented his paper "Polish lists of geographical names of the World" (WP 24) describing the list of exonyms approved for use in Poland, noting that only those Polish exonyms included in the list were recommended for use in Poland.

The WG discussed the future direction and appropriate themes to be considered.

Suggestions included the categorisation of exonyms (e.g. such as of their phonological/morphological type, or whether they were a translation of a relevant endonym) and an expansion of the current questions into a more focused look at their relevance and application in languages outside Europe, perhaps especially in East Asia.

A next WG meeting prior to the 10th United Nations Conference on the Standardisation of Geographical Names (to be held in New York, August 2012) and in preparation for it will be held on three days (one day excursion) in the bilingual region of Kashubia in Poland in May 2012. An exact date is still to be defined. The place for this next WG meeting was chosen due to the kind offer of Katarzyna PRZYSZEWSKA and Maciej ZYCH, who will provide for the local organisation.

This next meeting will have the character of a workshop, where papers are presented and intensively discussed. As regards topics, the endonym/exonym divide, the status of sea names, criteria for a sensitive use of exonyms, trends in exonym use and the categorisation of exonyms will be in the focus of the agenda. A call for papers will be disseminated towards the end of 2011. Registration will start soon afterwards. Participation is not at all confined to WG members.

Peter JORDAN (Co-Convenor), Caroline BURGESS, Catherine CHEETHAM Email: peter.jordan@oeaw.ac.at

<u>cburgess@pcgn.org.uk</u> ccheetham@pcgn.org.uk

Working Group on Toponymic Data Files and Gazetteers

Re-launch of the Working Group website

The WG TDFG website has been re-launched and will be hosted by the German Federal Agency for Cartography and Geodesy (BKG): <u>https://network.gdi-</u> <u>de.org/display/wgtdfg/Working+Group+on+Top</u> <u>onymic+Data+Files+and+Gazetteers+of+UNGE</u> <u>GN</u>

The re-launched WG website as yet comprises the content formerly hosted by Slovenia.

The WG TDFG would like to take the opportunity to thank Ms. Mimi Urbanc and her institute, the Scientific Research Centre of the Slovenian Academy of Sciences and Arts, for hosting and managing the website since 2007. The information on the Working Group website had been regularly updated and new folders like "SDI announcements" were introduced. including links and newsletters in the context of SDIs. For the re-launch of the WG website the "Confluence" software has been used. Confluence is a web-based enterprise wiki software written in Java and mainly used in corporate environments. It is developed and marketed by Atlassian.

The Confluence software potentially allows implementation of Wiki functionality, e.g. a discussion forum within the website. The WG TDFG will assess and evaluate if there is any interest for commenting or editing drafts/ documents or any other WG-related issues in a restricted WG TDFG web space. Those WG members willing to shape this restricted WG web space would have to be registered with a personal user account and password.

The Convenor would like to invite UNGEGN experts to check the content of the re-launched WG TDFG website. Please provide the Convenor with any comments, amendments and corrections by email

Pier-Giorgio Zaccheddu

Convenor of the Working Group on Toponymic Data Files and Gazetteers

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Task Team for Africa

Future Orientation of Geographical Names Programme in Africa

Consultative Experts Group Meeting, November 23-25, 2011

While African countries recognize the importance of maintaining gazetteers of place or geographical names, very few of them have been able to maintain a continuous geographical names programme. Over the years, UNGEGN has devoted substantial efforts to engage African countries in its work, especially through the Task Team for Africa. The efforts include and sending delegations to making presentations at sessions of ECA's intergovernmental bodies to elevate the status of geographical names activities in their work programmes, organizing and through UNGEGN various training courses to assist countries of UNGEGN Divisions in different geographical regions of Africa.

In 2010 a resolution of the second session of the Statistical Commission for Africa (StatCom Africa II) urged ECA to liaise with UNGEGN to establish geographical names activities in its work programme. The background of the resolution was that previous efforts have focused mainly on technical aspects, such as creating databases, with little attention being paid to the organizational and policy issues.

It is in response to this resolution, and following up the round table discussion held in conjunction with the 26th Session of UNGEGN in Vienna, that the African Centre for Statistics (ACS) is organizing a consultative workshop to produce a plan of action for geographical names activities in Africa. The outcome of the consultative workshop will be used by ECA (and other partners and stakeholders) to define relevant activities to be included in their work programme from the 2012-2013 biennium onwards.

Objective

The main objective of the workshop is to develop a roadmap for African countries to implement comprehensive activities on Geographical names at national, regional and sub-regional levels, including identifying areas of intervention by ECA and other partners.

Specific objectives include:

- Reviewing major challenges facing African countries in the area of geographical names management;
- Proposing possible interventions by ECA and other partners to deal with the challenges;
- Defining relevant activities, including technical material and organizing workshops, to be included in the work programme of ACS for the 2012-2013 biennium and beyond.

Methodology

The blueprint for the programme on geographical names will be prepared by drawing on the collective experience of members of the Task Team for Africa of UNGEGN, and contributions from members of the various African divisions and other divisions.

Expected Outcome and Impact

The immediate outcome expected is a short report titled "Future Orientation of Geographical Names Programme in Africa" which will summarize the problems and concrete remedial actions to be taken by member States, ECA and partners to institute geographical names programmes in Africa at national, sub regional and regional levels.

In the medium term (2012 – 2013), the outcome of the workshop will result in focused work by ECA and partners on geographical names. This will lead in the long run to countries reviving dormant geographical names authorities, or establishing new ones if none existed following appropriate guidelines from

UNGEGN and best practices from UNGEGN members, all in the context of comprehensive geographical names programmes that include policy and procedural issues.

For more information, please contact:

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From the Countries

Brazil

Glossary of the generic terminology – 1: 1.000.000

The Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics (IBGE) launched the *Glossary of the generic terminology used in the Brazilian official mapping system in the 1:1,000,000 scale*, available at http://www.ibge.gov.br/home/geociencias/ca rtografia/BCIM.shtm in its digital version.

The glossary presents 140 generic terms used in the CIM Chart, organized in alphabetic order and collaborates in conceptualizing the generic terminology used in the official mapping of Brazil drawing from studies carried out by the IBGE researchers in the field of Earth Sciences. Regional variations of terminology for the same elements are dealt with, especially concerning watercourses, which receive different denominations according to the Brazilian region where they occur.

The Glossary was organized by Dr. Cláudio João Barreto dos Santos from the Reference Center on Geographic Names of the Coordination of Cartography of IBGE.

The Gazetteer in the same scale is expected to be launched in October 2011.

International Cartographic Conference (ICC) 2011

The staff of the Reference Center on Geographic Names of IBGE participated with three papers of the ICC 2011, which took place in Paris from 3 to 8 July. The papers, "A New Approach to the Collecting of Geographic Names in Brazil", "The Importance of the Phonemes in the Collection of Geographic Names" and "The Riverhead of Uruguai River: Origins of a Controversy" were presented on July 7 and are available, respectively, at

http://icaci.org/documents/ICC_proceedings/IC C2011/Oral%20Presentations%20PDF/D1-Toponyms%20on%20maps%20and%20on%20 GeoDB/CO-313.pdf

http://icaci.org/documents/ICC_proceedings/IC C2011/Oral%20Presentations%20PDF/D1-Toponyms%20on%20maps%20and%20on%20 GeoDB/CO-312.pdf

http://icaci.org/documents/ICC_proceedings/IC C2011/Poster%20Presentations%20PDF/POSTE RS%20SESSION%203/P-150.pdf



Cláudio João Barreto dos Santos in his oral presentation "A New Approach to the Collecting of Geographic Names in Brazil"



Ana Cristina Resende presenting "The Riverhead of Uruguai River: Origins of a Controversy"



Márcia Mathias providing information on the poster "The Importance of the Phonemes in the Collection of Geographic Names"



Ferjan Ormeling receives a printed copy of the Glossary of the generic terminology used in the Brazilian official mapping system in the 1:1000,000 scale from Cláudio João Barreto dos Santos.

The Geographic Names Database of Brazil (BNGB)

On September 23, in Rio de Janeiro, IBGE will launch the first version of the **Geographic Names Database of Brazil** (**BNGB**). The BNGB is part of the efforts towards the standardization of geographic names in Brazil.

As of this date, the database will be available at www.bngb.ibge.gov.br

Training Courses

As part of IBGE's annual training program (PAT), the Reference Center on Geographic Names will implement the course of Introduction to Standardization of Geographic Names, from 22-24 November 2011, in Rio de Janeiro. In this period, it is estimated that about 15 people will be trained.

Brazilian Geographic Names and Geographical Indications

The IBGE started a partnership with the National Institute of Industrial Property (INPI) which aims at delimitating the areas of the Brazilian geographical indications.

ICA Working Group on Toponymy

Since July 2011 Brazil, represented by Prof. Dr. Paulo Márcio Leal de Menezes, is chair of the ICA Working Group on Toponym, which is working on the formation of a cooperative working group with the IGU.

Ana Cristina da Rocha Bérenger Resende IBGE - DGC - Coordenação de Cartografia Centro De Referência Em Nomes Geográficos Email: ana.resende@ibge.gov.br

Special Projects and News Items

Progress in the foundation of a joint ICA/IGU Commission on Toponymy

After a first meeting in the framework of the 26th UNGEGN Session in Vienna in May 2011, the next meeting on a joint ICA/IGU Commission on Toponymy took place during the International Cartographic Conference (ICC) in Paris, 5 July 2011. It was chaired by Georg GARTNER, at that time ICA vice-chair and later elected ICA chair, conducted by Ferjan ORMELING, and UNGEGN vice-chair. Several members of ICA, IGU and UNGEGN were present. All of them expressed their firm intention that a joint ICA/IGU Commission on Toponymy should be founded and that it would be instrumental in disseminating knowledge on place names among cartographers and geographers on the one hand and in promoting cartographic and geographical research in this field on the other.

An ICA commission can, however, only be initiated by the ICA General Assembly, and thus within ICA it must start as a working group, that could be elevated to commission status at the next ICA General Assembly (Rio de Janeiro 2015). The IGU-part of the proposed joint commission can start immediately as a commission.

The meeting then developed the following possible terms of reference for the proposed commission:

- to foster geographic/cartographic research in the field of place names, especially as regards:
 - functions of place names on maps
 - rendering of place names on maps

- names placement on maps
- elaborating principles for creating new place names
- place names as expression of time or space-related identity
- place name/feature relations
- motives for place naming
- place names and administration
- place names and transportation
- place names in the cyber world
- social dimensions of place names
- elaborating principles for solving place-name conflicts
- to disseminate the scientific knowledge on processing and use of place names within geography and cartography;
- to support the establishment of national and regional boards on geographical names.
- to support the efforts of international standardization of geographical names, such as undertaken by UNGEGN);
- to maintain contacts and scientific exchange with UNGEGN and ICOS, such as by organizing joint events;
- to support and encourage the elaboration and publication of gazetteers, toponymic data files and place-names reference systems (such as EuroGeoNames).

Paulo Márcio Leal de MENEZES (Brazil) was then designated and later (by the ICA General Assembly) elected Working Group chair on behalf of ICA. He was by the same General Assembly also elected ICA vicechair. It will depend on IGU, whether he is accepted as the chair of the joint Commission or whether IGU wishes to nominate a co-chair.

The next ICA/IGU Working Group on Toponymy Meeting will take place during the IGU Regional Conference in Santiago, Chile, November, 17th, and will have the following agenda:

- Discuss the possible terms of reference for the proposed joint ICA/IGU commission on toponymy (see above);
- Define the IGU chair and propose on acting of the joint commission chair;
- Discuss the final proposal to consolidate the ICA/IGU Working Group;

• Define next meetings' date and venues.

Everybody interested is invited to take part in this meeting. For further information on this meeting and as well as if you wish to support the efforts of founding the joint ICA/IGU Working Group (later: Commission), please contact peter.jordan@oeaew.ac.at

Peter JORDAN September 2011 Email: <u>peter.jordan@oeaew.ac.at</u>

The Gazetteer Framework of the Centre of Excellence for UN Spatial Data Infrastructure Project – an UNGEGN-supported initiative

Introduction

At the 26th Session of UNGEGN on 26 May 2011 in Vienna, the Centre of Excellence for UN Spatial Infrastructure Data (CoE4UNSDI) Project of the United Nations Geographic Information Working Group (UNGIWG) was introduced by current UNGIWG Co-chair, Mr. Suha Ulgen, of the Office of Information and Communications Technology (OICT) of the UN Secretariat in New York. The presentation focused on one of the deliverables of the Project, namely the UN Spatial Data Infrastructure (UNSDI) Gazetteer Framework, as it is of particular interest to UNGEGN. Mr. Ulgen expressed the desire of the CoE4UNSDI Project Team to collaborate with UNGEGN as well as Member States in the development and

piloting of the Gazetteer Framework infrastructure.

The basis for UNGEGN's support for the CoE4UNSDI Project was laid down almost 10 years ago when in 2002, the 8th Resolution of the 8th UN Conference on the Standardization of Geographical Names (UNCSGN) recommended that the Group of Experts collaborate with UNGIWG in the design and construction of the toponymic solutions. The UNCSGN further recommended that the Group of Experts, through its structure of Working Groups and Divisions, actively facilitate the provision of standardized geographical names information from appropriate national authorities to UNGIWG.

This summary covers both the background to CoE4UNSDI Project and related developments since May 2011. It foresees active collaboration with UNGEGN, its Working Group on Toponymic Data Files and Gazetteers, and UNGEGN members in reference to the CoE4UNSDI Project deliverables.

Background

From peacekeeping to humanitarian relief, from climate change to disaster reduction, response and recovery; from environmental protection to poverty reduction, food security and economic development, the agencies of the UN System deliver more services in more places than ever before. In doing so they produce data and information that needs to be shared among these agencies and programs, with Member States, and with non-governmental organizations and scientific and research institutions. This shared data and information is essential to reducing costs, raising operational efficiency and improving the quality of services for everyone.

The UN Geographic Information Working Group (www.ungiwg.org), a voluntary geo-spatial professionals assembly of representing more than 30 UN Secretariat departments, funds. programs and specialized agencies was established in 2000. In 2005 UNGIWG decided to establish the United Nations Spatial Data Infrastructure (UNSDI) to begin to institutionalize common standards, adoption of best practices, and the governance required to develop and sustain mechanisms for successful geo-spatial informationsharing. Subsequently, UNGIWG developed the UNSDI Strategy (http://www.ungiwg.org/docs/unsdi/UNSDI Compendium_13_02_2007.pdf), a multiphased roadmap that situates individual

agency geospatial initiatives and interagency activities within a coherent information and communications technology (ITC) action plan. This is intended to achieve substantial strides towards interoperability and contribute to the United Nations Reform objective of "Delivering as One".

In 2010 UNGIWG voted to create the Centre of Excellence for UNSDI Project to implement the first phase of the Strategy. In 2011, as part of its mandate to harmonize ICT practices across the UN System and responding to the request of UNGIWG, the Office of Information and Communications Technology (OICT) of the UN Secretariat is standing up the CoE4UNSDI Project for an initial period of two years. OICT assumed this responsibility in conformity with its mandate (endorsed by the General Assembly in 2010) to harmonize ICT practices across the UN System. In parallel, leading members of UNGIWG have constituted the UNSDI Steering Committee ¹ as the governance body to provide strategic direction to the UNSDI process. A trust fund has been established at the UN Secretariat to receive voluntary contributions from donor nations for project implementation.

In a related development in 2011, the UN Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) endorsed the establishment of the intergovernmental Expert Committee on Global Geospatial Information Management

¹ 2011-13 UNSDI Steering Committee members are: Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty Organization (CTBTO), Global Pulse Project (GP), Office of Information and Communications Technology (OICT), United Nations Children's Education Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Department of Safety and Security (UNDSS), United Nations Environmental Program (UNEP), United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), United Nations Office of Outer Space Affairs (UNOOSA) and World Food Program (WFP).

(GGIM). Taken together, these developments create needs and opportunities for collaboration and synergies between the work of UNGIWG, GGIM and UNGEGN.

The Centre of Excellence for UNSDI Project

The CoE4UNSDI Project has three subprojects. These are: i) the Gazetteer Framework which seeks to establish standards and best practices for provisioning core geodatasets; ii) the Spatial Data Warehouse, and iii) the Visualization Facility.

Together, these three elements are designed to accomplish the following:

- To strengthen and enable improved interoperability between the existing network of geospatial information management portals (found within a number of UN Agencies, Funds and Programmes) and extend this network further throughout the UN System promulgating open standards.
- To realize additional value from agencyproduced or procured geospatial content (maps, Geographic Information System data, remote sensing imagery, Global Navigation Satellite System data logs, and other georeferenced information) by formally describing these resources using the UNGIWG Metadata Profile, thus making them discoverable, accessible and re-usable across the UN System.
- To provide a framework that supplements and supports UN agencies' and national efforts to build, maintain and provide access to gazetteers. Common gazetteers will be used to leverage social network and volunteered geographic information and to reconcile

crowd-sourced information with more formal data sources.

- interlink UN System agency-То procured content (e.g. thematic reports and statistics) as well as crowd-sourced information at regional, country, subcountry and local geographic levels, on common presentation platforms. Analytical and navigation options will permit highly visual, drill-down and cross-sectional views of related information. This will facilitate the identification of new relationships between disparate data sources. This has been impossible up until now, in the absence of any collective publishing and presentation platforms.
- To realize operational efficiencies by allowing the producers of the content to use a single data upload facility that will walk them through a process that georeferences any content not already location-tagged. It will also make content-producers aware of the data sharing policies supported, and help them to decide which visualization platforms they want to publish their content on.
- To eliminate the necessity for each content provider to negotiate a separate agreement anew with publishing platform owners such as Google, Microsoft, ESRI, Yahoo, geoCommons, etc. through the development of favorable blanket agreements with these organizations in advance.

The UNSDI Gazetteer Framework

Of immediate significance to UNGEGN is the UNSDI Gazetteer Framework, which will provide an important means for getting UN organizations to "open" the data they collect on the ground by offering them significant benefits in exchange for sharing. The UNSDI gazetteer framework is being funded by AusAID and the Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO), Australia's national science agency, and being implemented by CSIRO in partnership with OICT.

The UNSDI Gazetteer Framework will provide mechanisms that allow:

- Registration of authoritative gazetteers and the ability for users of gazetteers to subscribe to them. This registration and subscription patterns will enable a social network view of gazetteer usage, by which system designer and users will be able to determine 'who is using what' gazetteer;
- ii) Creation, management and integration of indexes for registered gazetteers enabling users to explore the actual terms used within each gazetteer;
- iii) Cross-referencing of gazetteer terms between systems, based on the registration and publication of individual place name terms, and the unambiguous stable identifiers for each;
- iv) Users to follow links between gazetteer terms in integrated index and features in source systems to which they relate;
- v). The development of common access mechanisms and tools that work across a range of diverse gazetteers, thus enabling a globally scalable solution;
- vi) Users to add their own place names to supplement registered gazetteers and to tag existing place names in common gazetteers to report deficiencies to relevant authorities and thus improve the data quality.

The Gazetteer Framework will develop an ICT infrastructure to support these mechanisms and then field-test them. Indonesia is the first country where this facility will be piloted with a focus on social

protection applications. Lessons learned will be compiled in a Gazetteer Framework Cookbook to be developed for subsequent scaling of this capability globally.

Technology companies will be encouraged to develop interfaces between the UNSDI Gazetteer architecture and their offerings in order to provide a means to "plug-in" services such as topological analysis, fuzzy matching, crowd-sourcing – anything that may validate or augment registered gazetteer content. Identifier metadata for each feature will be published by the UNSDI Gazetteer Framework. The source features themselves will remain hosted by partners, as well as through the anticipated Spatial Data Warehouse deliverable.

Longer-term Implications of the UNSDI Gazetteer Framework

The "game changing" potential of the UNSDI Gazetteer Framework is that the model created will go beyond the multitude of stand-alone systems being built with the inherent weakness of separate access and interoperability. little The Gazetteer Framework model, instead, will offer an infrastructure that supports *all* participants in exchanging data, collaborating in rights management, and observing mutually agreed-upon protocols. It will also be expandable incorporate future to interoperability requirements. This 'cloudbased facility' will be owned and operated by all of the participants, with development and running costs covered by sponsors.

More specifically, UNSDI Gazetteer Framework will provide the foundation for an interoperability support and validation framework for domain-specific data networks by creating:

- The ability to share common definitions of terms and their semantics;
- The ability to specify data exchange structures;
- The ability to specify service operations;
- Data provenance and discovery framework (e.g. for indicators);
- The ability to share and specify data production methodologies;
- A spatial referencing framework to support delegation/aggregation and validation services;
- Open source and other tools and configuration templates;
- Case studies and best practices.

The thematic domains to be served in pilot implementations of the UNSDI Gazetteer Framework are social protection, climate change adaptation and humanitarian response.

Major Project Stakeholders

As a UN System-wide initiative, the Centre of Excellence for UNSDI Project is designed from the ground up to deliver the desired outputs, once it is sufficiently funded. Key UN organizations have actively contributed to the formulation of the project goals and the development of the implementation approach. To ensure wide adoption of its guidelines and tools, the CoE4UNSDI Project is seeking to align with the activities of global and regional entities such as the Global Spatial Data Infrastructure (GSDI) Association. the Group on Earth Observation/Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEO/GEOSS) and the Infrastructure for Spatial Information in the European Community (INSPIRE) as well as the Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC).

The UN Secretary-General's Global PulseProject(http://www.unglobalpulse.org/)with itsobjective of supporting social

protection policy formulations at Pulse Labs around the world (such as the one being established in Indonesia) is providing initial use cases for the UNSDI Gazetteer Environment Program Framework. UN (UNEP) is another organization aligning its infrastructure development efforts with the CoE4UNSDI Project. The Common and Fundamental Operational Datasets initiative of the humanitarian community lead by the Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) is also one of the early beneficiaries of the UNSDI Gazetteer Framework.

In addition to AusAID and CSIRO's financial and technical commitment, other UN Member States are also considering supporting the CoE4UNSDI Project - especially as they consider the necessity to align with work programs of related initiatives, such as the recently endorsed GGIM. The CoE4UNSDI Project plans include active participation in the October 2011 GGIM meeting in Seoul, Korea.

Aligning with UNGEGN's Program of Work

As a primary focus of the CoE4UNSDI Project, the Gazetteer Framework will seek to contribute to the work of UNGEGN through a close collaboration with the Working Group on Toponymic Data Files and Gazetteers and with member states directly. Name Specialists of UNGEGN member countries are invited and encouraged to provide direct input into the Gazetteer Framework. Please contact the UNGEGN Secretariat or the Convenor of the Working Group of Toponymic Data Files and Gazetteers to express your interest in contributing to the effort or taking advantage of its offerings, and to receive earliest information about next steps in the developing CoE4UNSDI Project.

T. Suha Ulgen (Mr.)

Co-chair of the United Nations Geographic Information Working Group and Senior Advisor on Spatial Data Infrastructure Office of Information and Communications Technology UN Secretariat New York, USA Email: ulgen@un.org

The XXIVth ICOS Congress, Barcelona, Spain 5 – 9 September 2011

The XXIVth Congress of the International Council of Onomastic Sciences (ICOS) was held at the University of Barcelona 5 - 9 September this year. The number of registered participants was close to 600, which is the highest number until now. Altogether 537 papers were accepted, but some people were not able to participate so the final number of contributions was about 480. The number of participating countries was 57. At the opening of the congress UNGEGN Chair Helen Kerfoot held a key note lecture entitled Toponymy and Administration: from plazas to planets with particular reference to United Nations work. Several parallel sessions were held on various onomastic topics, reaching from street names to brand names. In addition, three round tables were organized, one on Analysis and management of databases and toponymic/onomastic information, and one on Onomastics and media and a third one on Names Authorities. The powerpoint presentations of the last one are available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/geoinfo/UNGEGN /nna.html.

The number of official Congress languages was extended at this congress as Catalan, Occitan, Spanish, English, French and German were accepted. Catalan is the main language in the Barcelona area. One day was allocated for excursions to various sites of historic and touristic area, i.a. the Monastery of Montserrat.

See program and timetable on http://barcelona.onomastica.cat/en/programa/

At the ICOS general assembly a new Board was elected:

Executive Committee:

President: Carole Hough (Scotland) Vice-President: Richard Coates (England) Vice-President: Milan Harvalík (Czech Republic) Secretary: Guy Puzey (Scotland) Treasurer: Staffan Nyström (Sweden) Assistant Secretary and Web Officer: Antti Leino (Finland)

Non-executive Members:

Terhi Ainiala (Finland) Lidia Becker (Germany) Ian Clark (Australia) Barbara Czopek-Kopciuch (Poland) Laura Kostanski (Australia) Kaisa Rautio Helander (Norway)

The XXVth ICOS Congress is to be held in Glasgow in 2014.

Botoly Helleland

Email: botolv.helleland@iln.uio.no

Upcoming Meetings of Groups Associated with Geographical Names

Some forthcoming meetings of organizations relevant to geographical names

High Level Forum on Global Geospatial Information Management

(<u>http://ggim.un.org/forum1.html</u>) 24-26 October 2011, Seoul, Republic of Korea

Africa GIS 2011

(http://www.eis-africa.org/EIS-Africa/) 7-11 November 2011, Abuja, Nigeria

International Geographical Union IGU Regional Conference 2011

(<u>http://www.ugi2011.cl/</u>) 14-18 November 2011, Santiago, Chile

American Association of Geographers (AAG) *Annual meeting 2012* (http://www.aag.org/cs/annualmeeting)

24-28 February 2012, New York, U.S.A.

Challenges in synchronic toponymy:

structure, context and use / Défis de la toponymie synchronique : structures, contextes et usages

(http://www.sites.univ-rennes2.fr/lidile/) 22-23 March 2012, Rennes, France

International Congress Geotunis 2012

(http://www/geotunis.org) 26-30 March 2012, Tunis

GSDI World Conference

Spatially enabling government, industry and citizens: research and development perspectives

(http://www.gsdi.org/gsdiconf/gsdi13/) 14-17 May 2012, Québec, Canada

Names in the Economy

(<u>http://www.tse.fi/EN/unis/otherunits/na</u> <u>mes-in-the-economy/Pages/NITE4.aspx</u>) 14-16 June 2012, Turku, Finland

Trends in Toponymy 5

(http://www.topotrends2012.org) 9-13 July 2012, Bern, Switzerland

International Geographical Union IGU International Geographical Congress 2012

(<u>http://www.igc2012.org/frontend/index.php</u>) 26-30 August 2012, Köln, Germany

ICC 2013 – 26th International

Cartographic Conference (http://www.icc2013.org/) 25-30 August 2013, Dresden, Germany

International Congress of Onomastic Sciences (ICOS)

(<u>http://www.icosweb.net/</u>) 25-29 August 2014, Glasgow, Scotland