

# Experience with the Global Framework of

## Climate Change (CC) Indicators & Statistics



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## Steps conducting CC questionnaire

Make a list of potentional data sources like (m in. Of environment, Energy & Water Companies, Forestry & Agriculture dept etc).

#### 1. Data availabilty at the NSO

Go through the list and see if data is a vailable for the CC indicators/statistics using existing publications, databases, administrative data, survey data etc.

Send to UNSD

#### 2. Collaboration Stakeholders

- Send the list to the relevant dataproviders and highlight the indicators/statistics where there is a datagap.
- Hold meetings (as a group or individual) with the dataproviders.

4.Complete Questionnaire
After the questionnaire has
been filled out in collaboration
with the data providers,
please write any comments
you have on the
indicators/Statistics

Contact the UNSD team for clarification on the Global CC framework if needed

#### 3. Metadata & References

Use the metadata sheets by clicking on the indicator. Also use other references such as the IPCC guidelines, the FDES and the SDGs

Da ta a va ila b ility
Re le vance
Me thodological Soundness

## **Example Listing Stakeholder**

Area	Indicator Topic		Themes		National Data Sources		Relevance	Methodological Soundness		Data Availability		General Comments
					Y.	es/N	Reference/ Link	Yes/No/ Partially	Reference/ Link	Yes/No	Reference/ Link	
DRIVERS												
	Total greenhouse gas (GHG) emission		$\perp$									
	1	Total greenhouse gas emissions per year (SDG 13.2.2)	1	GHG emissions	UNFCCC report- CC consultants					yes		Suriname 2nd UNFCCC repport-
	Energy production and supply											
	2	Total primary energy production from fossil fuels	1	Energy	Energy Company Suriname (EBS)/ State Oil Suriname, Bauxite Institute Suriname (BIS)					yes		Chapter 7- ES pub
	Energy consumption											
	3	Energy consumption by households and enterprises	1	Energy	Energy Company Suriname (EBS)					Yes		Chapter 7- ES pub
	Transport		┺									
	Land and agriculture	Number of (fossil-driven) vehicles per capita	2	Transport	Central Bank of Suriname (CBvS)					Yes		Chapter 4- ES pub
	Lana ana agriculture	Livestock number per agricultural area	1	Agriculture						ves		
	6	Use of nitrogen fertilizers per hectare of total agricultural area (cropland and pastures)	1	Agriculture	Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Husbandry and Fisheries (LVV)					ves		Chapter 10- ES pul
IMPACTS		ogneditarar area (cropiana ana pastares)								yes		
	Areas impacted by climate change											
	7	Forest area as a proportion of total land area (SDG_15.1.1)	1	Forests	Foundation for Forest Management and Production Control (SBB)					yes		Chapter 8-ES pub
	Freshwater abstraction, supply and us	se										
	8	Freshwater abstracted as proportion of renewable freshwater resources	1	Water resources	Suriname Water Company (SWM)					Partial		
	9	Water quality	3	Water quality						NO		Chapter 6-ES pub
	Hazardous events and disasters											
	10	Frequency of hazardous events and disasters	1	Disasters						yes		1
	11	Direct economic loss attributed to disasters in relation to global gross domestic product (GDP) (SDC 11.5.2)	2	Disasters	National Coordination Center For					ves		Chapter 2-ES pub

## Listing of Stakeholders

Α	В	E	G	Н	I.
	Institute	Link Environment Stat pub	Link to their website	Adress	Phone numbers
1	The Planning Institute		http://www.planningofficesurinan	ne.com/	
2	Coordination Environment, Cabinet of the President				472917 /471216
3	Minister of Spatial Planning and Environment (ROM)			Jamaludin Straat #26,	451192
4	Ministry of Natural Resources				
5	Anton de Kom University of Suriname (ADEKUS)				
6	National Institute Environment and Development in Suriname (NIMOS)		www.nimos.org	Mr. Jaggernath Lachmonstraat 100	490-044
7	Meteorology Service	chapter 2: Climate and natural	http://www.meteosur.sr/	Magnesiumstr 41	491143
8	National Coordination Center For Disaster Relief (NCCR)	Disasters	nccr@sr.net	Kwattaweg 29	426416/426522
9	Fire Department		www.kbs.sr	Verlengde Gemenelandsweg 19-2	l
10	Maritime Authority Suriname (MAS)	chapter 4: Transport	http://www.mas.sr/	Cornelis Jongbawstraat 2	476733
11	Bureau for Public Health	Chapter 5:		Rode kruislaan 13	499703
12	Suriname Water Company	Chapter 6: Water	https://www.swm.sr/	Henck Arronstraat 9-11	471414
13	Suriname Energy Company		www.nvebs.com	Noorderkerk 2-14	471045
14	Bauxiet Instituut Suriname (BIS)		http://www.bauxietinstituut.com/	Zonnebloemstraat 68	499835/499852
15	State Oil Company Suriname			Adhinstraat 21	499649
16	Newmont Suriname			Van 't Hogerhuysstraat 15	568760
17	Rosebel Gold Mines			President Da Costalaan 2	325115
18	Central Bank of Suriname (CBvS)		http://www.cbvs.sr/	Waterkant 20	473741
19	Foundation for Forest Management and Production Control	Chapter 8: Forest	http://sbbsur.org/	Martin Luther Kingweg 283	483131
20	Suriname Fisheries Services	Chapter 9: Coastal And Marine	Resource	Cornelis Jongbawstraat 50	472233
21	Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Husbandry and Fisheries	Chapte 10: Land use and Agricul	ture	Letitia Vriesdelaans 8-10	
22	Forest Management Service, division Nature Conservation				471316
23	National Herbarium Suriname: Forest Bureau of Suriname			Leysweg 86, geb # 17	
24	National Zoological Collection Suriname (NZCS)	Chapter 11: Biodiverity		Leysweg 86, geb # 17	
25	Ministry of Public Works:Garbage and Waste management Department	Chapter 13: Waster		Kankantriestr 30	403011

#### Metadata

#### 1. Total greenhouse gas emissions per year

Field	Description						
Code	1020	1021	1022	1023			
Indicator	Total greenhouse gas emissions per year (SDG 13.2.2)						
Statistics		Total emissions of direct greenhouse gases (GHGs, excluding LULUCF) (FDES 3.1.1.a)	Total emissions of indirect greenhouse gases (GHGs) (FDES 3.1.1.b)	Greenhouse gas emissions from land use, land use change and forestry (LULUCF) (UN- ECE 11)			
Area	Drivers						
Topic	Total greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions	Total greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions	Total greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions	Total greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions			
Themes	GHG emissions	GHG emissions	GHG emissions	GHG emissions			
Paris Agreement article	13.7a	13.7a	13.7a	13.7a			
PAWP-Katowice	Decision 18/CMA.1, chapter II, para. 47-49	Decision 18/CMA.1, chapter II, para. 47-49	Decision 18/CMA.1, chapter II, para. 47-49	Decision 18/CMA.1, chapter II, para. 47-49			
FDES		3.1.1.a	3.1.1.b				
SDG	13.2.2						
Sendai Framework							
Preliminary Tier	1	1	1	1			
Definition	Greenhouse gases (GHG) are those gaseous constituents of the atmosphere, both natural and anthropogenic, that absorb and emit radiation at specific wavelengths within the spectrum of thermal infrared radiation emitted by the Earth's surface, the atmosphere itself, and by clouds, [IPCC, p. 550, https://www.ipcc.ch/sr15/chapter/glossary/] Emissions are the release of	Direct GHG emissions are those directly emitted into the atmosphere by a source. It includes CO <sub>2</sub> , CH <sub>4</sub> , N <sub>2</sub> O, HFC, SF <sub>6</sub> , PFC, NF <sub>3</sub> from AFOLU, from energy, industry and waste, excludes LULUCF. GHG inventories under the UNFCCC cover estimation and reporting of anthropogenic GHG emissions and removals occurring on 'managed land'. Emissions resulting from fires in unmanaged forests would be considered as	Indirect GHG or GHG precursors are compounds which by themselves are not significant as GHGs, but which nevertheless have an effect on the concentration of GHGs in the atmosphere, as they take part in physical or chemical processes regulating the production or destruction rates of GHGs. The most important indirect GHGs are those generated by chemical	GHG emissions and removals produced in land use, land use change and forestry, as defined by the relevant IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories. [UN-ECE metadata. https://statswiki.unece.org/download/attachments/285216611/CCCI 11 25 092020.pdf?version=1&modificationDate=1601036 873497&api=v21			

### Advantages

- 1. The availability of the Environment Statisticspublication. If there is a Climate Change Statistics Report available that would be useful.
- 2. The availably of SurinamessecondNational Communication. Suriname is busy working on the third UNFCCC report. Check and see if your countries has an UNFCCC report.
  - 3. Data available from surveys, such as Census (Population data), MICS (Water & Sanitation data), households surveys etc (Electricity use &waste collection). See what is available at your NSO/min of Environment etc.
- collection). See what is available at your NSO/min of Environment etc.

  4. Use of administrative data
- 5. GBS has a good relationshiwith the Stakeholders. Use exiting Committees etc.

### Challenges

- 1. Since March 2020, Covid 19
- 2. There are a lot of data gaps regarding the topic CC
  - 3. Data is sometimes outdated
  - 4. Lack of Financial and human resources.
- 5. Lack of knowledge on data collection regarding CC from some stakeholders. This is also the case for some of the SDGs.
  - 6. Data quality cannot be measured, because of the strong dependence on administrative data and the lacking of metadata for some CC indicators

# Thank You!