



# **12TH MEETING OF THE EXPERT GROUP ON ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE CHANGE STATISTICS (LONDON, 23-25 SEPTEMBER 2025)**



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LT. COL. FEYSSAL G. MOUMOUNI

HEAD OF THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL OBSERVATORY

TOGO

# FUNDING AND DEVELOPING CAPACITY AT GLOBAL, REGIONAL AND NATIONAL LEVELS

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- PLAN
- a. Highlights/updates on your work programme to inform the Expert Group
- b. How do you navigate current challenges to invest in climate monitoring and evaluation?
- c. Can you share lessons from national experience on receiving/accessing funding?

# A. HIGHLIGHTS/UPDATES ON OUR WORK PROGRAMME

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- In Togo, we began using the Framework for the Development of Environment Statistics (FDES) and the ESSAT, and the Global Set of Climate Change Statistics and Indicators and the CISAT:
  - UNSD/ECOWAS Workshop on Environment Statistics in support of the implementation of the FDES 2013 (Togo, 19-23 October 2015)
  - COMESA Workshop Capacity Building Workshop on Environment and Climate Change Statistics (in collaboration with UNSD) (Kenya, 28 November - 1 December 2022)
  - Workshop Capacity Building Workshop on Environment and Climate Change Statistics in Togo (20-24 November 2023)
  - Dialogue on Environment and Climate Change Statistics (25-26 June 2024)
  - Participation in the workshop on Strengthening Climate Change Data Ecosystems (CCDE): Senegal and the Region (Senegal, 15-18 July 2024)



# A. HIGHLIGHTS/UPDATES ON OUR WORK PROGRAMME

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- Published the **2024 Togo's Green Budget** is a budgetary mechanism aimed at **integrating climate and environmental issues into public financial management by identifying expenditures and revenues that have an impact on the environment. Togo, a pioneer in this field in French-speaking Africa, initiated this process with an initial Green Budget in 2024 for nine ministries, before expanding its scope in 2025 and launching work on the third in 2026.**
  - Strengthened **capacity-building for ministries and local authorities** on environmental data collection and reporting.
  - Actively engaged in **regional cooperation** through ECOWAS to harmonize methodologies for environment statistics.
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## B. NAVIGATING CURRENT CHALLENGES IN CLIMATE MONITORING AND EVALUATION

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- **Mobilize co-financing** by linking monitoring activities to national strategies (NDC, NAP) to attract donor support.
- **Integrate climate monitoring into existing national statistics** to maximize resources and avoid duplication.
- Rely on **digital innovations** (remote sensing, open-source platforms) to complement traditional data collection at lower cost.
- Enhance **institutional partnerships** between ANGE, INSEED, and line ministries for better coordination and data sharing.
- Prioritize **capacity-building for staff** to ensure sustainability of monitoring and evaluation systems.

# C. LESSONS FROM ACCESSING FUNDING

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- **Alignment with national priorities** (NDC, NDP) has been key to securing funding.
- **Coordination with the Ministry of Finance** improved efficiency in managing external support and accessing climate funds.
- Strengthening **technical expertise in proposal design and transparent reporting** has boosted donor confidence.
- **Partnerships with regional and international institutions** (UNEP, UNDP, UNSD, STATAFRICA) have facilitated access to funding and technical support.

# C. LESSONS FROM ACCESSING FUNDING (CONT)

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- Demonstrating **tangible results from past projects** has been crucial in unlocking new resources.
- The need to **diversify funding sources** remains essential to ensure long-term sustainability.

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- **THANK YOU**

[feysalm@yahoo.com](mailto:feysalm@yahoo.com)

[feysal.moumouni@environnement.gouv.tg](mailto:feysal.moumouni@environnement.gouv.tg)