Frameworks of Environmental Statistics and Indicators

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Frameworks for statistics and indicators

- Framework for the Development of Environment Statistics (UNSD)
- Pressure-state-response framework for environmental indicators (OECD)
- Driving force-state-response framework (CSD)
- Theme indicator framework for indicators of sustainable development (CSD)
- Driving force-pressure-state-impactresponse framework (Eurostat and EEA)

FRAMEWORK FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF ENVIRONMENT STATISTICS

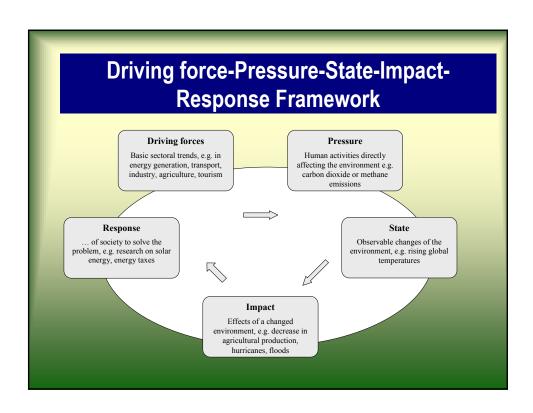
Components of		Information	categories	
the environment	Social and economic activities, natural events	Environmental impacts of activities/events	Responses to environmental impacts	Inventories, stocks and background conditions
1. Flora 2. Fauna 3. Atmosphere 4. Water (a) Fresh water (b) Marine water 5. Land/soil (a) Surface (b) Sub-surface 6. Human settlements				

Pressure-State-Response Framework

Issues	PRESSURE	STATE	RESPONSE
Climate change			
Ozone layer depletion			
Eutrophication			
Acidification			
Toxic contamination			
Urban environmental quality			
Biodiversity			
Landscapes			
Waste			
Water resources			
Forest resources			
Fish resources			
Soil degradation (desertification & erosion)			
General indicators			

Driving force-State-Response Framework CHAPTERS OF AGENDA 21 DRIVING FORCE INDICATORS CATEGORY: SOCIAL CATEGORY: ECONOMIC CATEGORY: ENVIRONMENTAL CATEGORY: INSTITUTIONAL

CSD Thematic Framework				
Dimension	Theme	Sub-Theme	Indicators	
Social				
Environmental				
Economic				
Institutional				



Major differences between the frameworks

- FDES/PSR four vs. three information categories
- CSD theme indicator framework no longer has a two dimensional approach as in the DSR framework
- FDES/DPSIR four vs. five information categories