China, Hong Kong Special Administrative Region



Air and climate Emissions of:		Year	No. of the second secon	
SO ₂ (1000t)				
SO ₂ per capita (kg)			China	
NO _x (1000t)			S mag	
NO _x per capita (kg)			The state of the	
CO ₂ (million tonnes)	37	2009	Hong Kong	
CO ₂ per capita (tonnes)	5	2009	The state of the s	
GHG (million tonnes CO ₂ eq.)			Carried Market	
GHG per capita (tonnes CO2 eq	.)		3: and	
Consumption of ozone depleting CFCs (ODP t)	9		Source USOS & UNIONO	
Biodiversity Proportion of terrestrial and			Note: The boundaries, the names shown, and the designations used on to do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.	
marine areas protected (%)	42	2010	Permanent meadows and	Year
Number of threatened species	56	2011	pastures (% of agric. land)	
Fish catch (tonnes)	168 010	2010	Change in agricultural land	
Change in fish catch			area since 1990 (%)	
from previous year (%)	5	2010	Forest area (sq km)	
Economy			Change in forest area since 1990 (%)	
GDP growth rate from previous year (%)	-	2011	Population	
GDP per capita	5	2011	Population (1000) 7 053	2010
(at current prices - \$US)	34 161	2011	Population growth rate	
% Value added: agriculture,			from previous year (%)	2010
hunting, forestry, fishing	0	2011	Waste	
% Value added: mining, manufacturing, utilities	4	2011	Total population served by municipal waste collection (%) 100	2009
Energy Energy consumption			Municipal waste collected (1000t) 6 450	2009
(1000t oil eq.)	11 804	2009	Hazardous waste generated (1000t) 57	2008
Energy consumption per capita (kg oil eq.)	1 689	2009	Water and sanitation	
Energy use intensity (kg oil eq.) per \$1,000 GDP			Long-term average renewable freshwater resources (mio m³/yr) 1 075	N / A
(Constant 2005 PPP\$)	54	2009	• • •	IN / A
Renewable electricity production (%)	0	2009	Urban population with access to improved drinking water source (%)	
Land and agriculture			Rural population with access to improved drinking water source (%) ···	
Total area (sq km)	1 104	2011	-	
Agricultural land (sq km)			Urban population with access to improved sanitation (%)	
			. , ,	

Rural population with access to improved sanitation (%)

Permanent crops (% of agric. land)

Arable land (% of agric. land)

Environment Statistics Country Snapshot

Last updated: February 2013

These snapshots provide data about the environment and other related statistics at a point in time that will allow comparison between countries. For up to date data, time series, downloadable data, and additional information, please visit original sources. UNSD is not responsible for the quality, completeness / availability, and validity of data obtained from other data providers. Original sources should be cited when Environment Statistics Country Snapshot data are referenced. A list of sources and corresponding URLs are shown below.

Data Sources

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) Database

Fish catch, Change in fish catch from previous year, Agricultural land, Arable land, Permanent crops, Permanent meadows and pastures, Change in agricultural land area since 1990, Forest area, Change in forest area since 1990, and some of Long-term average renewable freshwater resources data are extracted from FAO.

FAOSTAT: http://faostat.fao.org/

AQUASTAT: http://www.fao.org/nr/water/aquastat/dbase/index.stm

International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN)

Number of threatened species data are extracted from the IUCN.

http://www.iucnredlist.org/

IINdata

GDP growth rate from previous year, and GDP per capita (at current prices) data are retrieved from the UNdata portal. UNdata was launched by the United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs (DESA). It brings the various UN statistical databases within easy reach of users through a single entry point. Users can search and download a variety of statistical resources provided by the UN System. http://data.un.org/

United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects

All 'per capita' variables use population data obtained from this source. Population and Population growth rate from previous year data are also retrieved from this source.

http://www.un.org/esa/population/

United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) Secretariat

 SO_2 emissions, SO_2 per capita emissions, NO_x per capita emissions, GHG emissions and GHG per capita are obtained from the UNFCCC Greenhouse Gas Emissions Database.

http://unfccc.int/ghg_emissions_data/items/3800.php

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Demographic Statistics Yearbook

Total area data are extracted from this source.

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/dyb/default.htm

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Energy Statistics Database

Energy consumption, Energy consumption per capita, and Renewable electricity production figures are extracted from the UNSD Energy Statistics Database.

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/energy/default.htm

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Environment Statistics Database

Total population served by municipal waste collection, Municipal waste collected, Hazardous waste generated and some of Long-term average renewable freshwater resources data are extracted from the UNSD Environment Statistics Database (note: database also includes data from OECD and Eurostat). http://unstats.un.org/unsd/environment/gindicators.htm

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) Millennium Development Goals (MDG) Indicator Database

Proportion of terrestrial and marine areas protected, CO₂ emissions, CO₂ emissions per capita, Consumption of ozone-depleting CFCs, Energy use intensity (kg oil eq.) per \$1,000 (PPP) GDP, Urban population with access to improved drinking water source, Rural population with access to improved drinking water source, Urban population with access to improved sanitation, and Rural population with access to improved sanitation data are extracted from the MDG database.

http://mdgs.un.org/unsd/mdg/Data.aspx

United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) National Accounts Database

% value added - agriculture, hunting, forestry, fishing; and % value added - mining, manufacturing, utilities are obtained from the National Accounts Main Aggregates Database, according to the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC).

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/snaama/introduction.asr