Communication and outreach for the SEEA in Australia





Conference on Global Implementation of SEEA

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Outline of presentation

Recognition of problems and acceptance of SEEA

- •The issues surrounding sustainability are widely recognised by the public, businesses and governments of Australia
- •SEEA gaining in acceptance and adopted by key stakeholders in Australia

Examples of outreach

•Demonstrating the application of SEEA to policy

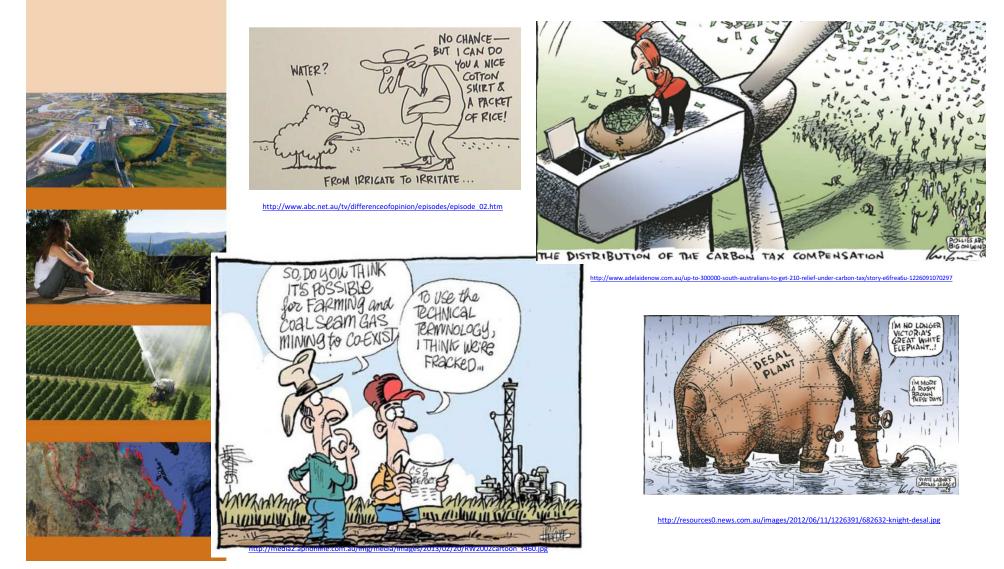
Planning for the future

- •Building on the current momentum with on-going engagement with key stakeholders nationally and internationally
- •Developing and maintaining partnerships
- Securing resources



Broad recognition of need for improving decisions about sustainability in media

Many articles and cartoons:















Sustainable Australia Report (Environment 2013)

"We have benefited from a strong economy, with low unemployment and increasing incomes. However, inequality has increased and the health of our natural environment has continued to decline in some key areas."

http://www.environment.gov.au/sustainability/measuring/publications/sustainable-australia-report-2013.html

Measuring wellbeing in theory and practice (Treasury 2011)

"Improving the measures of wellbeing, and sustainability, is a complex task. For policy choices and decisions to have a reasonable prospect of improving wellbeing and sustainability, we need to base them on reason, as well as empirical evidence."

http://www.treasury.gov.au/~/media/Treasury/Publications%20and%20Media/Publications/2011/Working%20paper%202011%2002/Downloads/Tsy_WorkingPaper_1 1_2.ashx











Recognition of SEEA

- National Plan for Environmental Information
 - Environmental Accounts Landscape http://www.bom.gov.au/environment/doc/environmental_accounts_landscape.pdf
 - Guide to Environmental Accounting (in prep.)
- Australian proposal to International Platform for Biodiversity and Ecosystem Service

http://www.ipbes.net/intersessional-process/comments-received.html

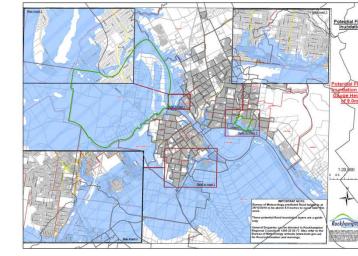
- Victorian Experimental Ecosystem Accounts https://ensym.dse.vic.gov.au/cms/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=60&Itemid=71
- Media
 - Radio <u>http://www.3cr.org.au/economists/podcast/renegade-economists-27032013</u>
 - Print http://www.theage.com.au/business/a-better-way-of-linking-the-economy-and-environment-20121221-2bry3.html#ixzz2VIsm2Jfa
- Academics
 - Carbon and biodiversity accounts, Link to analysis via I-O, CGE, etc.



Australian Bureau of

Demonstrating the application of accounts to issues

Land accounts and disaster management



Energy accounts and decoupling





1.5

1.6

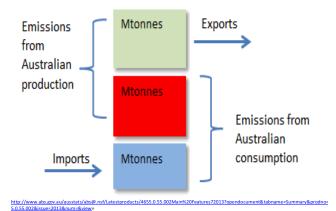
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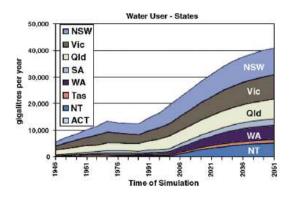
— Energy Consumption

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Greenhouse gas accounts and final consumption



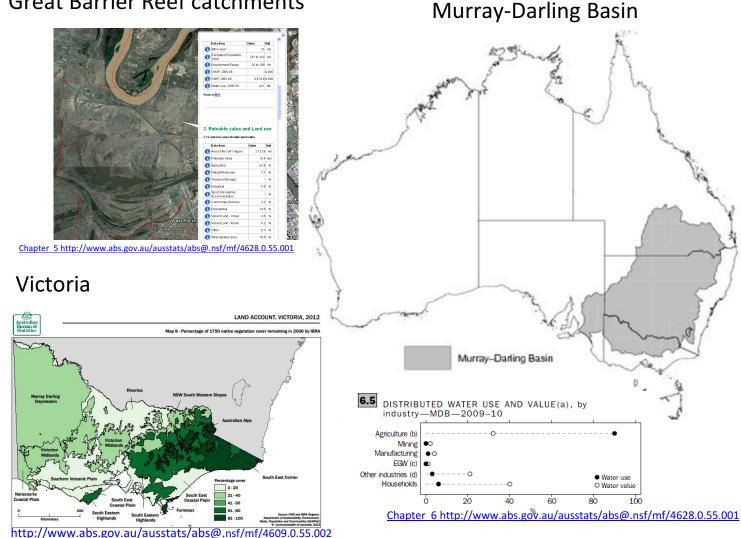
Water accounts and demand forecasting





Demonstrating the application of accounts to areas of interest

Great Barrier Reef catchments













Planning for the future

To develop environmental accounting the general plan is to:

- •Build on national and international momentum Work with key stakeholders to develop and promote clear and consistent messages regarding environmental accounting
- •Recognise that resources are limited and that we need to develop the accounts progressively. This requires prioritisation of account development
- •Work collaboratively to produce the prioritised accounts and demonstrate their use
- •Work nationally and internationally to builds the capacity to produce accounts (tools, training, etc)
- •Address the challenge of finding resources











The challenge of finding resources

The financial environment means that securing resources for environmental accounting is challenging

•Real levels of resources are diminishing and the ABS will have to produce current environmental accounts more efficiently to sustain the program

•Other beginning accounts have little on-going resourcing to go beyond demonstration to regular production

Securing additional resources via budget processes for producing a broader range of accounts requires agencies working together to explain why an investment in environmental accounts will be more profitable than alternative investments











Acknowledgements

A large number of people and agencies are contributing to the development and use of environmental accounting in Australia:

- •Bureau of Meteorology
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- •Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
- Victorian Government
- •Queensland Government
- •Catchment Management Authorities
- •Wentworth Group of Concerned Scientists
- •Australian National University
- •Queensland University
- University of Sydney
- •International colleagues in countries and international organisations