COUNTRY-SPECIFIC INFORMATION

Armenia

Other vegetal material and residues data are available from 2012 onward, animal waste production and consumption are available from 2015 onward.

Belarus

Prior to 2013, kerosene-type jet fuel is reported under other oil products.

China

Data for other kerosene include kerosene-type jet fuel until 2013.

China, Hong Kong SAR

Data on kerosene-type jet fuel include aviation gasoline and other kerosene.

China, Macao SAR

For confidentiality reasons, some data on coal and coal products, petroleum products and biomass are not available.

Egypt

Data for lubricants are included with other oil products for 2011-2013.

Greenland

Data for kerosene-type jet fuel include other kerosene.

Israel

For confidentiality reasons, data on electricity from hydro and wind are not available for 2016.

Kazakhstan

The Committee of Statistics of Kazakhstan constantly works on improving data quality and aligning their data collection and dissemination system with the International Recommendations for Energy Statistics.

Supply of some oil products for 2016 and 2017 as well as coke oven throughputs from 2014 until 2018 are under verification.

Lesotho

In 2017, the Bureau of Statistics conducted the “Household Energy Consumption Survey 2017” in order to establish a baseline for energy consumption in households. The data on supply and consumption of animal waste and fuelwood for 2017 are based on the results of this new survey. Supply and consumption data of animal waste and fuelwood from 2009 to 2016 were estimated by UNSD to avoid breaks in the time series. Revisions are pending.

Madagascar

Data for bitumen include petroleum coke.

Pakistan

Data on wind and solar electricity and on electricity from other sources are all reported as wind electricity.

Russian Federation

The main source of Russian trade statistics is the Federal Customs Service of the Russian Federation. As a result, some of the figures may not include the mutual trade with the Member States of the Eurasian Economic Union. Some of the crucial trade datapoints were estimated by UNSD in order to avoid undercounting on the world level and for international comparison purposes.

Kerosene-type jet fuel statistics are confidential, and as such were estimated by UNSD.

Ethane figures are under investigation and should be treated with caution.

Senegal

The sources of trade data for 2017 are the Bureaux de change au Sénégal and this may lead to breaks in time series between 2016 and 2017.

Manantali dam and Féloù hydro electricity plants are situated in Mali, but are owned by Mali, Senegal and Mauritania, supplying electricity to these three countries. Following the International Recommendations for Energy Statistics, electricity obtained by Senegal from these plants are
counted as imports, and not as Senegalese hydro electricity production.

**Tajikistan**

The Agency on Statistics under President of the Republic of Tajikistan is constantly working on increasing transparency and improving the quality of energy data.

Starting with 2016, more granular data on coal consumption are available. This leads to breaks in time series between 2015 and 2016 data.

New information on quantities of fuelwood consumed for energy purposes in Tajikistan are available for 2016 as a result of a survey conducted by the Agency on Statistics. The revised historical time series are currently unavailable.

**Ukraine**

For confidentiality reasons, data on the following products (mainly on production) may not be available or may be included with other products: sub-bituminous coal (included with other bituminous coal), lignite (included with peat), patent fuel (included with peat briquettes), aviation gasoline, kerosene-type jet fuel, other kerosene, petroleum coke, paraffin waxes and white spirit (the latter three included with other oil products), gasworks gas (included with other recovered gases).

**Uzbekistan**

In 2019, the State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics released more granular energy supply information, starting with 2013 data. As a result, there are breaks in time series for many products and flows. For historical data, revisions are pending.

Electricity trade figures from 2013 to 2018 should be used with caution, as they most likely do not comprise electricity exchange under intergovernmental agreement.