Workshop On Energy Statistics for ASEAN Countries



Current Status Of Myanmar's Energy **Statistics** 21~23 November, 2017

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- Institutional Framework for Myanmar Energy Sector
- Legal Basic on energy statistics
- Government agencies collecting energy statistics
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- Conclusion

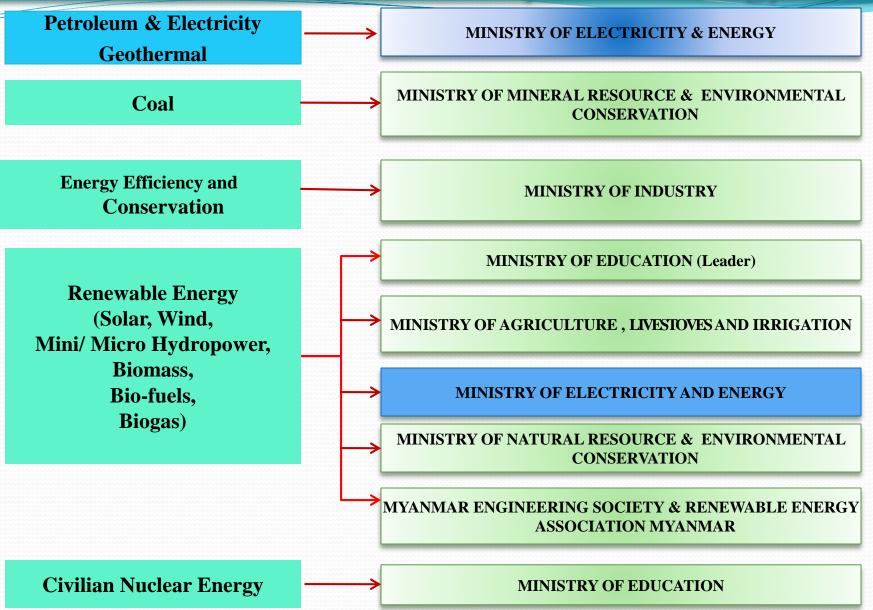
National Energy Policy

- To invite the local and foreign investments for the extraction and utilization of natural resources in order to fulfill the nation's energy needs by minimizing the environmental impacts and practicing the HSE and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)activities measures
- To adopt prioritized plans on Energy Efficiency and Conservation
- To define the energy pricing by observing the ASEAN and international energy pricing policy for the affordable and reliable energy prices for end users & customers.
- To formulate the energy standards and specifications which are appropriate for the nation and which are also in compliance with ASEAN and international practices.
- To promote private sector participation or privatization according to the State's economic policy
- To lay down the short term and long term plans not only for increasing the power generation of hydropower, renewable energy sources, thermal power plants but also the feasible alternative energy sources.

National Energy Policy

- To establish the regional cooperation for energy by expanding the power grid and pipeline network to neighboring countries.
- To implement full-fledged power generation as short term and long term plans in order to get stability of power generation.
- To establish Energy Database System and to draw and execute the energy supply plans by surveying the nation's energy demand annually.
- To plan energy <u>stockpiling</u> for energy security.
- To formulate the short term and long term plans for fulfilling petro-chemical products requirements of the country by constructing the innovative refineries and plants

Institutional Framework for Myanmar Energy Sector



Laws on Energy Statistics

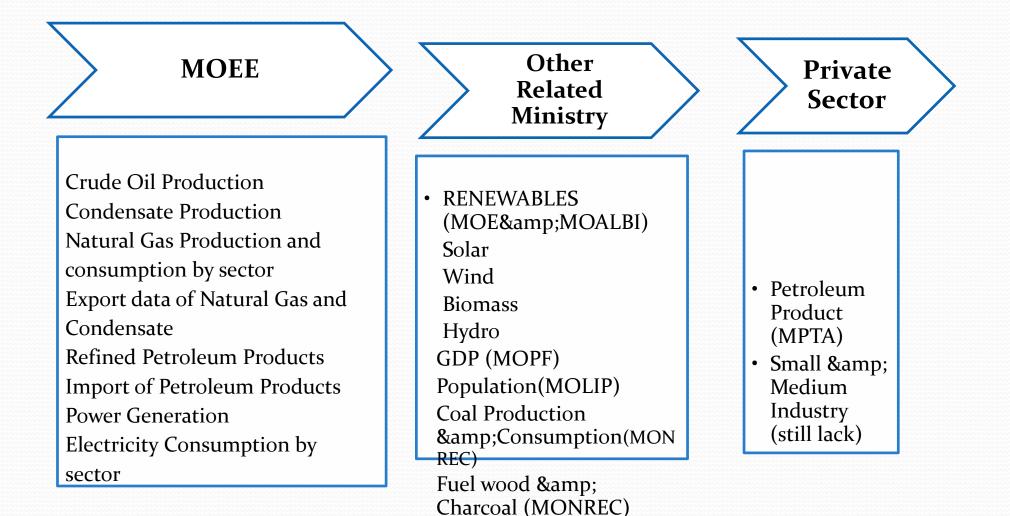
- 1. The Central Statistics Authority Act, Act No.34 of 1952 (Amended on 2016)
- 2. The Petroleum Act, 1934 (Amended on 2017)
- 3. Law on Petroleum Exploration, Extraction and Production

These laws are mostly based upon British Law Codes (Pre-independence Indian statutes)

Compiling Energy Statistics

- Categories into each fuel source
 - Coal (solid fossil fuels and manufactured gases)
 - Natural gas
 - Electricity and heat
 - Oil (crude oil and petroleum products)
 - Renewable Energy
- For all energy products, all elements have to be provided
 - Production, imports/exports, stock changes
 - Various transformation and losses
 - Consumption
- Technical parameters, such as calorific values

Source of Data



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Source of Coal Data

- Production & Consumption
- Fuel wood & Charcoal

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURCE & ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

- Import and Export MINISTRY OF TRADE and COMMERCE

- Data Collection Period - Annually

Coal Production, Consumption, Export and Import

(000 ton)

					Cor	nsumption				_
	Year	Production	Cement	Steel	Briquetting	Electricity	FeNi Factory	Other	Export	Import
ž	2010-11	555.79	166.23	3.30		290.10		96.16		
22	2011-12	732.52	237.65			338.12	69.30	62.95	24.50	47.10
ž	2012-13	790.43	218.91			302.59	73.15	162.08	33.70	8.00
ž	2013-14	565.21	199.09			131.41	88.94	92.36	53.41	
	2014-15	532.58	159.77	154.45	5.33	26.63	0.00	186.40	20.00	
	2015-16	419.87	239.92	71.97	3.99	19.99	0.00	63.98	20.00	

Coal Reserve - 543.75 Million Metric Ton in 2016-2017

Source of Oil and Gas Data

- Crude Oil Production
- Condensate Production
- Natural Gas Production and consumption by sector
- Export data of Natural Gas and Condensate
- Refined Petroleum Products
- Import of Petroleum Products



- Data Collection Period - Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Annually

Crude Oil & Petroleum Products Production, Consumption, Import and Export

(000 Barrel)

Year	Production	Consumption	Import	Export
2011-2012	6623.65	5949	12610	
2012-2013	6196.59	5175	9790	1012
2013-2014	6117.62	4223	20830	1706
2014-2015	5760.90	3985	29080	1376
2015-2016	4765.19	3255	55120	1084

Oil Reserve - 105.78 Million Barrel in 2017

Natural Gas Production, Consumption and Export (MMSCF)

Year	Production	Consumption	Export
2010-2011	450379	28771	365708
2011-2012	464935	87517	364985
2012-2013	467005	81561	362155
2013-2014	482277	82929	372690
2014-2015	671335	112295	538672
2015-2016	696231	119206	557956

Natural Gas Reserve – 6.6 Trillion Cubic Feet in 2017

Source of Electricity Data

Ministry of Electricity and

- Power Generation
- Electricity Consumption Energy by sector

- Data Collection Period - Monthly, Annually

Electricity Generation, Consumption and Distribution (GWh)

Year	Installed Capacity (MW)	Generation (GWh)	Consumption (GWh)	Export (GWh)
2010-11	3460.98	8624.68	6312.08	
2011-12	3594.98	10450.19	7696.23	
2012-13	3731.03	10964.9	8253.87	
2013-14	4145.34	12202.08	9612.56	2532.27
2014-15	4805.294	14156.304	11254.96	1463.37
2015-16	5075.52	15971.96	13396.01	1238.82

Source of Renewable Data

- Solar
- -Wind
- -Mini / Micro Hydropower
- -Biomass
- -Bio-fuels
- -Biogas

- Ministry of Education
- Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation
- Ministry of Electricity and Energy
- Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation
- Myanmar Engineering Society
- Renewable Energy Association Myanmar

- Data Collection Period - Annually

Renewable Energy Production By Sector

Year	Bagasse	Fuelwood	Charcoal	Biomass	Biogas	Woodwast e (Gasifier)	Photovoltai c (Electricity)	Wind Turbine	Micro Hydro
	1000t	Cubic Ton	Cubic Ton	1000t	(10 ¹⁰ KCal)	1000t	GWh	GWh	GWh
2011-12	417	224.659	200.959	22040	0.521585	0.558	4.32	0.0016	0.002
2012-13	604	227.471	217.001	22302	0.547863	0.558	4.32	0.0016	0.002
2013-14	775	263.379	228.584	21410	0.521598	0.558	4.32	0.0016	0.002
2014-15	912	276.052	231.168	23043	0.52	0.558	13.91	0.0016	5.753
2015-16	737	289.056	233.273	20622	0.52	0.558	10.94	0.0016	1.253

Energy Balance For Myanmar 2014-2015

Energy Balance for Myanmar 2014-2015

		Crude		P	etroleun	n produc	ts		Natural	Elec	ctricity			Biomass			
Commodity Transaction	Coal	Oil	LPG	Gasolin e	Jet fuel /	Gas / Diesel	Others	Total	Gas	Primary	Processed	Fuel wood &	Bagasse	Charcoal	Biogas	Total biomass	Total
UNIT									ktoe								
Production	264	653		-	-	-	-	-	12,419	915	-	8,555	323	157	0.52	9,036	23,286
Imports	15	-	24	1,344	109	2,755	283	4,515	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,530
Exports	-13	-149	-	-	-	-33	-	-33	-9,952	-107	-	-		-	-	-	-10,253
Stock Changes		-58	-2	-13	14	171	-21	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92
PRIMARY ENERGY SUPPLY	266	446	22	1,331	123	2,893	263	4,632	2,466	808	-	8,555	323	157	1	9,036	17,655
Oil Refining		-428	6	150	17	144	84	400	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-27
Power Generation									-							-	-
Hydro	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-799	799	-		-	-	-	-
Steam		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-		-	-	-	25
Natural Gas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-1,745	-	536	-	-	-	-	-	-1,209
Coal	-13		•	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-13
Diesel		-		-	-	-152	-	-152	-	-	5	-		-	-	-	-147
Own Use	-			-	-	-	-5	-5	-277	-9	-4	-		-	-	-	-295
Tx & Dx Losses		-	•		-	-	-	-	-68	-	-208	-		-	-	-	-276
Other Conversion		-	5	-8	-	-	-	-3	-13	-	-	-		-	-	-	-16
NET SUPPLY AVAILABLE	254	18	33	1,473	140	2,885	341	4,872	364		1,152	8,555	323	157	0.52	9,036	15,696
Statistical Differences	-0	-18	0	-71	-1	-60	-0	-132	-4		0	-				-	-155
FINAL CONSUMPTION	253	-	33	1,402	139	2,824	341	4,740	360		1,152	8,555	323	157	0.52	9,036	15,541
Transport		-		1,119	139	501	253	2,013	121					-	-	-	2,134
Industry	211	-	•	42	-	784	12	838	238		354		-	-	-	-	1,642
Other (Commercial, Residential, others)	43		33	240		1,539	76	1,889	0		798	8,555	323	157	0.52	9,036	11,765

		Cauda			Petroleu	m		Notural			Bion	hass
	Coal Crude oil	LPG	Gasolin e	Jet fuel /	Gas / Diesel	others	Natural gas	Electricity	Fuel wood &	Bagasse	Char	
Conversion	ktoe /	ktoe /	ktoe /	ktoe /	ktoe /	ktoe /	ktoe /	toe/scf	toe/MWh	ktoe/kCt	ktoe /	kto
Caloric value	0.628	1.00	1.075	1.053	1.056	0.96	0.966	1.78E-05	0.08598	0.4091	0.4386	0.6

Note: For simplicity, this exercise assumes calorific value for off-shore natural gas. In reality, calorific values of natural gas are different for on-shore and off-

Charcoal

ktoe /

0.6713

Biogas

ktoe /

1.000

Energy Balance For Myanmar 2015-2016

Energy Balance for Myanmar 2015-2016

		Crude Petroleum products Natural Electricity Biomass															
Commodity Transaction	Coal	Oil	LPG	Gasoline	Jet fuel / Aviation	Gas / Diesel oil	Others	Total	Gas	Primary	Processed	Fuel wood &	Bagasse	Charcoal	Biogas	Total biomass	Total
UNIT						_			ktoe								
roduction	264	653	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,419	915	-	8,555	323	157	0.52	9,036	23,28
nports	15	-	24	1,344	109	2,755	283	4,515	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,53
xports	-13	-149	-	-	-	-32	-	-32	-9,952	-107	-	-	-	-	-	-	-10,2
tock Changes	-	-58	-2	-13	14	10	-21	-11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	۲
RIMARY ENERGY SUPPLY	266	446	22	1,331	123	2,733	263	4,473	2,466	808	-	8,555	323	157	1	9,036	17,49
il Refining	-	-428	6	150	17	144	84	400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
ower Generation									-							-	-
Hydro	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-799	799	-	-	-	-	-	-
Steam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	
Natural Gas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-1,745	-	536	-	-	-	-	-	-1,2
Coal	-13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Diesel	-	-	-	-	-	-151	-	-151	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-1
wn Use	-	-	-	-	-	-	-5	-5	-277	-9	-4	-	-	-	-	-	-2
x & Dx Losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-68	-	-208	-	-	-	-	-	-2
ther Conversion	-	-	5	-8	-	-	-	-3	-13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ET SUPPLY AVAILABLE	254	18	33	1,473	140	2,727	341	4,714	364		1,152	8,555	323	157	0.52	9,036	15,5
tatistical Differences	-0	-18	0	-71	-1	72	-0	-0	-4		0	-	-	-	-	-	
INAL CONSUMPTION	253		33	1,402	139	2,798	341	4,714	360		1,152	8,555	323	157	0.52	9,036	15,5
ransport		-	-	1,119	139	496	253	2,008	121			-	-	-	-	-	2,1
ndustry	211	-	-	42	-	778	12	832	238		354	-	-	-	-	-	1,6
ther (Commercial, esidential, others)	43		33	240	-	1,524	76	1,875	0		798	8,555	323	157	0.52	9,036	11,7

		Crude			Petroleum		
	Coal	oil	LPG	Gasoline	Jet fuel / Aviation	Gas / Diesel oil	others
Conversion	ktoe	ktoe /	ktoe /	ktoe /	ktoe / '000	ktoe /	ktoe /
Caloric value	0.63	1.00	1.075	1.053	1.056	0.96	0.966

Natural		Biomass								
gas	Electricity	Fuel wood &	Bagasse	Charcoal	Biogas					
toe/scf	toe/MWh	ktoe/kCt	ktoe / '000	ktoe / kCt	ktoe /					
1.78E-05	0.08598	0.4091	0.4386	0.6713	1.000					

Note: For simplicity, this exercise assumes calorific value for off-shore natural gas. In reality, calorific values of natural gas are different for on-shore and off-shore

Conclusion

- > We, Myanmar , has abundant renewable energy and natural resources
- Currently, 39 % of Household can access electricity but 61% not yet. We need to formulate the comprehensive policy and Strategy for energy sector development by expending in the field of renewable energy sector, hydro and clean energy LNG. the ongoing enhancement and expansion of Myanmar's electricity industry is thus an important part of enabling economic growth to occur.
- Energy Statistic is really need for future development. So that, we have to cooperate with ASEAN for ASEAN Energy Outlook, with the Norwegian Government for Sustainable Development and Management of the Petroleum Sector 2017-2021), with the Economic Research Institute of ASEAN and East Asia (ERIA) for 1st Energy Statistics of Myanmar & 1st Energy Outlook of Myanmar

THANK YOU

FOR YOUR KIND ATTENTION

Questions Are Welcome.....

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