Quality of vital statistics obtained from civil registration

I. Basis of tabulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Present basis of tabulation:</th>
<th>Live births</th>
<th>Deaths</th>
<th>Infant deaths</th>
<th>Late foetal deaths</th>
<th>Marriages</th>
<th>Divorces</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- date of occurrence</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- date of registration</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

How long has the present basis of tabulation been used?

II. Estimated completeness of registration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Live births</th>
<th>Deaths</th>
<th>Infant deaths</th>
<th>Late foetal deaths</th>
<th>Marriages</th>
<th>Divorces</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>90 per cent or more</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75-89 per cent</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-74 per cent</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under 50 per cent</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please specify:

(a) Year(s) to which completeness estimate refers
(b) Basis of completeness estimate

- Demographic analysis
- Dual record check
- Questions in population census
- Questions in sample surveys
- Other (specify)
- No evaluation

Please include any reports describing completeness of registration and methods used in arriving at estimated completeness:

Quality of vital statistics obtained from other sources

Basis of vital statistics estimates is

- Population censuses (date)
- Sample surveys
- Population registers | x | x | x | x | x | x |
- Dual record systems
- Other (specify)

Please include any reports describing the methods used for estimates of vital statistics based on other sources than civil registration:
### Table 1.1 - Urban / rural definitions
Please state the definition used for urban area and the period of time it has been in use:

Please state the definition used for rural area and the period of time it has been in use:

### Table 1.6 - Grounds for legally induced abortion
Please mark with an "X" the applicable options

- a) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk to the life of the pregnant woman greater than if the pregnancy were terminated. [X]
- b) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if the pregnancy were terminated. [X]
- c) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated. [X]
- d) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental or physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated. [X]
- e) There is a substantial risk that if the child were born it would suffer from such physical or mental abnormalities as to be seriously handicapped. [X]

**Other, please specify:**

### Tables 14a, 14b, 15a and 15b - Life tables
Do the life tables refer to de Facto population or de Jure population? **DE JURE**

Was any method used to smoothen the life tables? Which one? **MOVING AVERAGE**

Was any specific method used to close the life table at older ages (e.g., Gompertz, Makeham, etc.)? Which one? **LOGISTIC CURVE**

If any model life table or relational model was used to derive the life table (e.g., Coale-Demeny West, UN South Asian pattern), what model was used? **NO**

Please mark with an "X" the applicable options

- a) Unadjusted vital registration deaths [X]
- b) Deaths census information
- c) Life expectancy at birth
- d) Under-five mortality
- e) Infant mortality

### Table 22 Minimum legal marriage age
Please specify the minimum legal age at which marriage can take place:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>Women</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a) With parental consent</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Without parental consent</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>