## United Nations Statistics Division: Demographic Yearbook

## Questionnaire on Metadata for Population and Housing Census

Reporting country: Republic of Moldova

Population census date: May 12-25 2014 Housing census date: May 12-25 2014 Census date: 12 May 2014 (to be corrected in excel files)

## A. General population census information

## 1. Census information

Type of census	
(a) Traditional census	$\boxtimes$
(b) Register based census	
(c) Combination	
(d) Other, please specify	

### 2. Type of population count and coverage

Type of population count	
(a) De facto / population present	
(b) De jure / usual resident population	
(c) Other, please specify usual resident population + absent person living abroad declared by a household member (excuding whole households absent abroad)	

# Please specify whether the following population groups were enumerated in the census

Population group	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Nomads			$\boxtimes$
(b) Persons living in areas to which access is difficult	$\boxtimes$		

(c) Military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located outside the country			
(d) Civilian residents temporarily absent from the country			
(e) Civilian residents who cross a frontier daily to work in another country			
(f) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located in the country		$\boxtimes$	
(g) Civilian foreigners who do not cross a frontier daily and are in the country temporarily, including undocumented persons, or transients on ships in harbour at the time of the census			
(h) Civilian foreigners who cross a frontier daily to work in the country		$\boxtimes$	
(i) Refugees	$\square$		

# 3. Estimated census completeness

Estimated completeness:	Both sexes	Male	Female
(a) Gross under-enumeration (specify unit: %)	11,79	11,83	11,75
(b) Gross over-enumeration (specify unit: %)	2,50	2,49	2,50
(c) Net error (specify unit: %)	9,29	9,34	9,25

Base denominator for this estimate is:	
(a) Enumerated population	
(b) Estimated "complete" population	$\boxtimes$
(c) Don't know	

Method(s) used in estimating completeness:	
(a) Post Enumeration Survey (PES)	$\boxtimes$

Date conducted: June16-29 2014	
Size of sample (specify unit: 10690 households):	
For total area: 10690 h.	
For urban areas: 4420 h	
For rural areas: 6270h.	
Population groups excluded:	
(b) Demographic analysis, please specify:	
(c) Other methods, please specify:	

#### 4. Definition of urban/rural

The definitions on urban/rural are according to Law nr.764 regarding administrativeterritorial organization of Republic of Moldova from 27.12.2001

#### The definition of urban areas for this census is:

All cities and municipalities are urban areas.

The **municipality** is a bigger city and is a urban locality with a special role in the economic, social, cultural, scientific, political and administrative life of the country, with important industrial, commercial and educational institutions, education and health and culture.

#### The definition of rural areas for this census is:

All villages and communes are rural areas.

- The **village** is an administrative-territorial unit that includes the rural population united by territory, geographical conditions, economic, social-cultural relations, traditions and customs where most of the labor force is concentrated in agriculture, forestry, fishing, offering a specific and viable to the life of its inhabitants, and which, through the modernization policies, will also preserve its rural features.
- The **commune** is an administrative-territorial unit, consisting of two or more villages, comprising the rural population united by a community of interests and traditions, depending on the economic, social, cultural, geographical and demographic conditions.

#### 5. Definition of cities

The definition of a city proper for this census is:

The **city** is an administrative-territorial unit where most of the labor resources are occupied in non-agricultural activities with a diversified level of equipment

and equipment, exerting a significant socio-economic influence on the surrounding area.

The definition of urban agglomeration for this census is:

#### Not applicable

## 6. Definition of locality

The definition of a locality for this census is:

Locality is an urban or rural settlement.

## 7. Definition of literacy

The definition of "literate" and "illiterate" for this census is:

Literate will be considered a person without school qualification and with 1-3 grades of primary school if he/she can with understanding, both read and write a short, simple statement (text) on his/her everyday life, i.e. read and write a letter regardless of the language and alphabet he can read, i.e. write.

A person capable of reading and writing only figures and his/her own name should be considered illiterate"

## 8. Educational attainment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Education (ISCED) for tabulating the population by educational attainment?

yes

If so, what revision? ISCED 97

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISCED (specify revision number)?

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISCED (specify revision number).

#### **B.** Economic characteristics

#### 1. Activity status

What is the lower age limit for the collection of information on activity status in this census?

#### 15 years

Is there a maximum age limit for collection of information on activity status for this census?

#### No

What reference period do you use to determine the economic activity of a person?

The week, before the census reference moment (5-11 May 2014)

#### 2. Definition of economically active population used in this census

Definition of economically active population	
(a) Usually active population	
(b) Currently active population	$\boxtimes$
(c) Other, please specify	

Are the following groups considered economically active in the national tabulations? If not, please indicate how they are classified:

Economic group	Yes	No
(a) contributing (unpaid) family workers	$\boxtimes$	
(b) unemployed persons including those never previously employed	$\boxtimes$	
(c) armed forces;	$\boxtimes$	
(d) part-time workers even though they may spend most time at non-gainful activities		
(e) domestic servants	$\boxtimes$	

#### 3. Status in Employment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93), for the classification of the Status in Employment in your country? Yes

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ICSE-93?

If no, please point out the major deviations from ICSE-93.

## 4. Occupation

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Occupations (ISCO) for tabulating the employed population by occupation?

Yes

If yes, what revision? 2008

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISCO (specify revision number)?

If no, point out the major deviations from ISCO (specify revision number).

## 5. Industry

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) for tabulating the employed population by industry?

Yes

If so, what revision? NACE, rev.2, harmonized to ISIC, rev.4

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISIC (specify revision number).

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISIC (specify revision number)..

## C. Household characteristics

## 1. Definitions

General definition of a household for this census is:

A **private household** (*hereafter a household*) can consist of one or more persons. A multy-person *household* is a group of two or more related or unrelated persons who normally live together, occupy the whole or part of a housing unit, who share the budget for food and possibly other essentials for living, do housework together, and follow the general rules. Members of the household may pool their incomes to a greater or lesser extent.

As a household is considered as well a household consisting of one person. **One-person household**, that is a person who lives alone in a separate housing unit or who occupies, as a lodger, a separate room (or rooms) of a housing unit but does not join with any of the other occupants of the housing unit to form part of a multiperson household as defined in the above definition.

General definition of a family nucleus for this census is:

A <u>family nucleus</u> is a couple without or with unmarried children, or one of the parents with unmarried children. A nucleus can be formed of: spouse/partner and spouse/partner without children; spouse/partner and spouse/partner with unmarried children; one of the parents with children. Children (biological and/or adoptive) who are part of the family nucleus are those living together with parents, do not have a spouse/partner and do not have children

## 2. Head of household / reference member

Definition	
(a) Head of household, defined as follows: Within each household, the head of the household should be the first on the list. The head of the household is the person declared and recognized as such by the other members of the household. Nomination of the head of the household should be the exclusive decision of the household members	
(b) Reference member of household, defined as follows:	
(c) Other (for example: Joint head of household):	

#### D. Housing census characteristics

#### 1. Housing information

What definition did you apply in this census for housing unit?

<u>A housing unit</u> is a separate and independent place of abode intended for habitation by a single household, or one not intended for habitation, but used as a usual residence by a household at the time of the census.

What definition did you apply in this census for conventional dwelling?

<u>Conventional dwelling</u> – is a housing unit comprised of one or more rooms for living and auxiliary space (kitchen, corridor, bathroom, WC etc.), that meets the conditions for a permanent living of one or more persons, independent from other dwellings or premises, having a separate entrance, situated in separate house, living blocks (apartments), in collective living quarters (dorms, shelters, boarding facilities, etc.) and buildings with other destinations.

Are vacant units included in the enumerated conventional dwellings?

yes

What definition did you apply in this census for room?

A <u>room</u> shall be defined as a space in a housing unit, intended for dwelling purposes, enclosed by walls, of an area of at least 4 square meters (enough to hold a bed for an adult with a height of at least two meters to the ceiling, having natural direct or indirect daylight (through verandas or other rooms) through windows and/or doors.

#### 2. Definition of cities (as referred to in the Housing Census Questionnaire: City Data)

General definition of a city in the reporting country for this census

City 1 (Capital City) – Territory refers to:

City 2 – Territory refers to:

City 3 – Territory refers to:

City 4 – Territory refers to:

# E. Bibliography of Population and Housing Statistics

Please list publications that contain results of your latest population census and your latest housing census:

http://statistica.gov.md/pageview.php?l=en&idc=479 http://recensamant.statistica.md/en