

United Nations Statistics Division: Demographic Yearbook
Questionnaire on Metadata for Population and Housing Census

Reporting country: [Hungary](#)

Population census date: [1st February 2001](#)

Housing census date: [1st February 2001](#)

A. General population census information

1. Census information

| Type of census | |
|---|----------------------------|
| (a) Traditional census | X <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (b) Register based census | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (c) Combination | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (d) Other, please specify | <input type="checkbox"/> |

2. Type of population count and coverage

| Type of population count | |
|---|----------------------------|
| (a) De facto / population present | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (b) De jure / usual resident population | X <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (c) Other, please specify | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Please specify whether the following population groups were enumerated in the census

| Population group | Included | Excluded | Not applicable |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| (a) Nomads | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | X <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (b) Persons living in areas to which access is difficult | X <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (c) Military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located outside the country | <input type="checkbox"/> | X <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (d) Civilian residents temporarily absent from the country | X <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| (e) Civilian residents who cross a frontier daily to work in another country | X <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (f) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located in the country | <input type="checkbox"/> | X <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (g) Civilian foreigners who do not cross a frontier daily and are in the country temporarily, including undocumented persons, or transients on ships in harbour at the time of the census | <input type="checkbox"/> | X <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (h) Civilian foreigners who cross a frontier daily to work in the country | <input type="checkbox"/> | X <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (i) Refugees | X <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| ■ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| ■ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

3. Estimated census completeness

| Estimated completeness: | Both sexes | Male | Female |
|---|------------|------|--------|
| (a) Gross under-enumeration (specify unit: ■) | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| (b) Gross over-enumeration (specify unit: ■) | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| (c) Net error (specify unit: ■) | ■ | ■ | ■ |

| Base denominator for this estimate is: | |
|--|--------------------------|
| (a) Enumerated population | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (b) Estimated "complete" population | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (c) Don't know | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| Method(s) used in estimating completeness: | |
|--|--------------------------|
| (a) Post Enumeration Survey (PES) | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Date conducted: ■ | |
| Size of sample (specify unit: ■): | |
| For total area: ■ | |
| For urban areas: ■ | |

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| For rural areas: [REDACTED] | |
| Population groups excluded: [REDACTED] | |
| (b) Demographic analysis, please specify: [REDACTED] | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (c) Other methods, please specify: [REDACTED] | <input type="checkbox"/> |

4. Definition of urban/rural

The definition of urban areas for this census is:

Locality provided by the President of the Republic with the title of town on the basis of specific (economic, commercial, institutional, cultural etc.) criteria.

The definition of rural areas for this census is:

Villages.

5. Definition of cities

The definition of a city proper for this census is:

Locality provided by the President of the Republic with the title of town on the basis of specific (economic, commercial, institutional, cultural etc.) criteria.

The definition of urban agglomeration for this census is:

Structure of localities surrounding a town, defined by law, as a result of examination of various indexes generated by the statistical office.

6. Definition of locality

The definition of a locality for this census is:

The concept of locality used in this volume refers to the settlement constituting an administrative unit (such as the capital, towns of county rank, towns (urban areas), villages (rural areas)).

7. Definition of literacy

The definition of “literate” and “illiterate” for this census is:

Data about literacy have not been collected since the 1960 census.

8. Educational attainment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Education (ISCED) for tabulating the population by educational attainment?

No.

If so, what revision?

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISCED (specify revision number)?

We can code our data to ISCED classifications. We used ISCED 97.

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISCED (specify revision number).

B. Economic characteristics

1. Activity status

What is the lower age limit for the collection of information on activity status in this census?

15 years of age.

Is there a maximum age limit for collection of information on activity status for this census?

No.

What reference period do you use to determine the economic activity of a person?

One week prior to the reference date of the census.

2. Definition of economically active population used in this census

| Definition of economically active population | |
|--|----------------------------|
| (a) Usually active population | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (b) Currently active population | X <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (c) Other, please specify | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Are the following groups considered economically active in the national tabulations?
If not, please indicate how they are classified:

| Economic group | Yes | No |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| (a) contributing (unpaid) family workers | X <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (b) unemployed persons including those never previously employed | X <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (c) armed forces; | X <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (d) part-time workers even though they may spend most time at non-gainful activities | X <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (e) domestic servants | X <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

3. Status in Employment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93), for the classification of the Status in Employment in your country?

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ICSE-93?

If no, please point out the major deviations from ICSE-93.

4. Occupation

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Occupations (ISCO) for tabulating the employed population by occupation?

Yes.

If yes, what revision? ISCO-88 (Rev.3.)

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISCO (specify revision number)?

If no, point out the major deviations from ISCO (specify revision number).

5. Industry

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) for tabulating the employed population by industry?

Yes.

If so, what revision? ISIC Rev.3.

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISIC (specify revision number).

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISIC (specify revision number)..

C. Household characteristics

1. Definitions

General definition of a household for this census is:

A (private) household is a group of persons living together in a common housing unit or in a part of it, bearing together, at least partly, the costs of living (i.e. daily expenses, meals). Persons living in the same dwelling but on the basis of independent tenure status, are not considered as persons living in the same household even if the above conditions are fulfilled. Consequently, owners or tenants (partner tenants) do not form a common household with their subtenant, night-lodger, the former persons (the members of a family, if so) always are grouped as an independent family.

General definition of a family nucleus for this census is:

Family is the smallest circle of persons living together as spouses or cohabiting/consensual unions or kin. The family may be:

- of couple-type, i.e.
- a married couple without child or with never-married child(ren),
- a consensual union without child or with never-married child(ren),
- a lone parent (father or mother) with never-married child(ren).

2. Head of household / reference member

| Definition | |
|---|----------------------------|
| <p>(a) Head of household, defined as follows: Head of household, defined as follows: In one-family households head of household is the head of family. In households with more families: (1) among heads of family of different economic activities: the active earner or for the lack of an active earner the inactive earner, and when there is no inactive earner than the unemployed head of family, (2) among heads of family of the same economic activity: head of household is the male family head or among same sex heads of family the head of household is the older one.</p> <p>In non-family households head of household is selected in the same way as in households with more families. Head of household can be a lone person as well.</p> <p>Head of family is: with no regard to economic activity, (1) in a married couple: the husband, (3) in a consensual union: the male partner, (3) in a lone-parent family: the parent.</p> | X <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| (b) Reference member of household, defined as follows: | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| (c) Other (for example: Joint head of household): | <input type="checkbox"/> |

D. Housing census characteristics

1. Housing information

What definition did you apply in this census for housing unit?

The housing unit is a room or suite of rooms and its accessories built or converted for a permanent or temporary human habitation, irrespective of occupancy, as well as a room or group of rooms initially intended for other purposes but actually used as human habitation at the reference date of the census.

The concept of housing unit includes:

- (conventional) dwellings,
- seasonal/holiday housing units,
- occupied other housing units,
- institutional housing units.

What definition did you apply in this census for conventional dwelling?

A unit of places and rooms with specific functions (living rooms, cooking places, sanitary places etc.), generally technically (architecturally) connected to each other, intended for human accommodation, stay (home) or converted into dwelling and also suitable for living at present, which has a separate entrance from a public place, courtyard or from a collectively used place inside the building (staircase, corridor etc.).

Are vacant units included in the enumerated conventional dwellings?

Yes, if we have to give data about dwellings.

What definition did you apply in this census for room?

Rooms are premises provided with direct natural light and ventilation (with doors, windows), with a floor space of at least 4 m², serving for sleeping or staying during the day (bedroom, children's room, dining-room etc.).

2. Definition of cities

(as referred to in the Housing Census Questionnaire: City Data)

General definition of a city in the reporting country for this census

Locality provided by the President of the Republic with the title of town on the basis of specific (economic, commercial, institutional, cultural etc.) criteria.

City 1 (Capital City) – Territory refers to:

Capital.

City 2 – Territory refers to:

Town of county right: Town provided with county-level self-governing authority on the basis of a decision of the Parliament. Towns with at least 50,000 inhabitants and all the county seats belong to this category.

City 3 – Territory refers to:

Other towns.

City 4 – Territory refers to:



E. Bibliography of Population and Housing Statistics

Please list publications that contain results of your latest population census and your latest housing census:

All publications are available on internet as well, in Hungarian and in English language:
www.npszamlalas.hu.