United Nations Statistics Division: Demographic Yearbook Questionnaire on Metadata for Population and Housing Census

Reporting country: **GREECE**

Population census date:	10 -	24 May	2011	(reference	date:	9/5/2011)
Housing census date:	10 -	24 May	2011	(reference	date:	9/5/2011)

A. General population census information

1. Census information

Type of census	
(a) Traditional census	Ø
(b) Register based census	
(c) Combination	
(d) Other, please specify	

2. Type of population count and coverage

Type of population count	
(a) De facto / population present	Ø
(b) De jure / usual resident population	Ø
(c) Other, please specify Registered population, i.e., population registered in Municipal Unit's Registers	Ø

Please specify whether the following population groups were enumerated in the census

Population group	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Nomads			
(b) Persons living in areas to which access is difficult	Ø		
(c) Military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located outside the country	Ø		
(d) Civilian residents temporarily absent from the country	Ø		

(e) Civilian residents who cross a frontier daily to work in another country	Ø		
(f) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located in the country (Only counted as a number, not fully enumerated. Counted as part of de facto population only)	Ø		
(g) Civilian foreigners who do not cross a frontier daily and are in the country temporarily, including undocumented persons, or transients on ships in harbor at the time of the census (counted as part of de facto population)	Ø		
(h) Civilian foreigners who cross a frontier daily to work in the country		Ø	
(i) Refugees			
(j) Homeless			
3. Estimated census completeness	T	T	T
Estimated completeness:	Both sexes	Male	Female
(a) Gross under-enumeration ¹ (specify unit: <i>Both sexes: 3.01%, Males: 3.13%, Females: 2.90%)</i>			
(b) Gross over-enumeration (specify unit: <i>There is no over- enumeration</i>	V		
(c) Net error ² (specify unit: <i>Both sexes: 2.83%, Males: 2.87%, Females: 2.78%)</i>	V		
Base denominator for this estimate is:			
(a) Enumerated population			
(b) Estimated "complete" population ² and			
Estimated "census" population ¹			
(c) Don't know			
Gross coverage error rate = $\frac{Estimated \ omissions + Estimated}{Estimated \ censure}$	ated erroneou	us inclusions	·100
² Net coverage error rate= Estimated complete population			$\frac{ation}{100}$

Estimated complete population

Method(s) used in estimating completeness:	
(a) Post Enumeration Survey (PES)	Ø
Date conducted: 14/06/2011-30/06/2011	
Size of sample (specify unit: 19.380 dwellings or 28.195 persons):	
The sample of PES consists of a sample of areas (Enumeration Sections), within which a sample of dwellings was selected, in order to determine their occupants on census day. The sample population (P-sample) composed of persons who resided in the sample of dwellings on census day. All P-sample persons who resided outside the sample Enumeration Sections on census day were considered out-of scope. As a result, the actual P-sample is as follows:	
For total area: 27,418 persons	
For urban areas: 20,504 persons	
For rural areas: 6,824 persons	
Population groups excluded: individuals who permanently reside in collective settlements (hospitals, hotels, asylums, houses of old people, orphanages etc)	
(b) Demographic analysis, please specify: <i>gender</i> and age groups	Ø
(c) Other methods, please specify:	

4. Definition of urban/rural

The definition of urban areas for this census is:

Municipal / local commune with population of 2000 and over

The definition of rural areas for this census is:

Municipal / local commune with population up to 1999 residents

5. Definition of cities

The definition of a city proper for this census is:

There is no definition of city for the census

The definition of urban agglomeration for this census is:

There is no definition of urban agglomeration for the census.

6. Definition of locality

The definition of a locality for this census is:

A settlement (in Greek: oekismos) is defined as: A set of buildings that are adjacent and the distance between them is less than 200 meters if there is not an approved city plan and up to one thousand (1000) meters if there is an approved city plan and include ten (10) at least residential households, or a collective dwelling or residential households and collective dwellings which normally can accommodate fifty (50), at least, people, idependently if they reside throughout the year or only for a certain season.

Small islands (Mikronisides) are defined as independent settlements regardless of the above conditions.

7. Definition of literacy

The definition of "literate" and "illiterate" for this census is:

There is no explicit definition of literacy. Illiterate could be considered persons who declared during the filling in of their census questionnaire that they do not know how to read and write. All others could be considered literate. Children who were born after 1/1/2005 (younger than 6 years old) were excluded, as they had not had the opportunity to go to school yet.

8. Educational attainment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Education (ISCED) for tabulating the population by educational attainment?

YES

If so, what revision? ISCED 97

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISCED (specify revision number)?

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISCED (specify revision number).

B. Economic characteristics

1. Activity status

What is the lower age limit for the collection of information on activity status in this census?

Collected data in the census refer to persons older than 10 years old

Is there a maximum age limit for collection of information on activity status for this census?

NO

What reference period do you use to determine the economic activity of a person?

The reference week is the week before the beginning of census (3-9/5/2011)

2. Definition of economically active population used in this census

Definition of economically active population	
(a) Usually active population	
(b) Currently active population	
(c) Other, please specify The economically active population is the total of the employed and unemployed persons. As employed is regarded the person who has been employed at least for one hour during the reference week (the week before the beginning of the census: 3-9 /5/ 2011), or hasn't been employed due to illness, holiday, strike etc, while he/she occupies a formal job. As unemployed is regarded the person who was not employed during the reference week, but was seeking a job.	Ø

Are the following groups considered economically active in the national tabulations? If not, please indicate how they are classified:

Economic group	Yes	No
(a) contributing (unpaid) family workers	Ø	
(b) unemployed persons including those never previously employed	Ø	
(c) armed forces; (only these who are permanently serving in the armed forces)	Ø	
(d) part-time workers even though they may spend most time at non-gainful activities	Ø	

(e) domestic servants	Ø	
-----------------------	---	--

3. Status in Employment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93), for the classification of the Status in Employment in your country?

Yes

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ICSE-93?

If no, please point out the major deviations from ICSE-93.

4. Occupation

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Occupations (ISCO) for tabulating the employed population by occupation?

Yes

If yes, what revision? ISCO-08

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISCO (specify revision number)?

If no, point out the major deviations from ISCO (specify revision number).

5. Industry

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) for tabulating the employed population by industry?

No

If so, what revision?

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISIC (specify revision number).

We use the NACE Rev. 2 classification and we are able to provide data in ISIC rev 4 by using the correspondence tables between the two classifications.

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISIC (specify revision number)..

C. Household characteristics

1. Definitions

General definition of a household for this census is:

A household is either:

- (a) A one-person household that is a person who lives alone in a housing unit or
- (b) A multiperson household, that is two or more persons living in a housing unit.

General definition of a family nucleus for this census is:

The family nucleus is defined in the narrow sense, i.e., as two or more persons who belong to the same household and who are related as husband and wife, as partners in a registered partnership, as partners in a consensual union, or as parent and child. Thus a family comprises a couple without children, or a couple with one or more children, or a lone parent with one or more children.

2. Head of household / reference member

Definition	
(a) Head of household, defined as follows:	
(b) Reference member of household, defined as follows:	
(c) Other (for example: Joint head of household): No information about Head of household or Reference member was collected. Only the relations among household members were recorded.	☑

D. Housing census characteristics

1. Housing information

What definition did you apply in this census for housing unit?

The housing unit is a separate and independent place of residence intended for residence for a household, or not intended for residence but used as a usual residence by a household during the census.

What definition did you apply in this census for conventional dwelling?

'Conventional dwellings' are structurally separate and independent premises at fixed locations, which are designed for permanent human habitation and are at the reference date used as a residence, or are vacant, or are reserved for seasonal or secondary use.

Are vacant units included in the enumerated conventional dwellings?

YES

What definition did you apply in this census for <u>room</u>?

A 'room' is defined as a space in a housing unit enclosed by walls reaching from the floor to the ceiling or roof, of a size large enough to hold a bed for an adult (4 square meters at least) and at least 2 meters high over the major area of the ceiling.

2. Definition of cities (as referred to in the Housing Census Questionnaire: City Data)

General definition of a city in the reporting country for this census

There is no definition of a city for the census.

City 1 (Capital City) – Territory refers to:

City 2 – Territory refers to:

City 3 – Territory refers to:

City 4 – Territory refers to:

Bibliography of Population and Housing Statistics

Please list publications that contain results of your latest population census and your latest housing census:

There is no publication for the 2011 census for the time being.