

United Nations Statistics Division: Demographic Yearbook
Questionnaire on Metadata for Population and Housing Census

Reporting country: [Greece](#)

Population census date: [18/03/2001](#)
Housing census date: [18/03/2001](#)

A. General population census information

1. Census information

Type of census	
(a) Traditional census	X
(b) Register based census	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Combination	<input type="checkbox"/>
(d) Other, please specify <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

2. Type of population count and coverage

Type of population count	
(a) De facto / population present	X
(b) De jure / usual resident population	X
(c) Other, please specify	<input type="checkbox"/>

Please specify whether the following population groups were enumerated in the census

Population group	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Nomads	X	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) Persons living in areas to which access is difficult	X	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located outside the country	X	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(d) Civilian residents temporarily absent from the country	X	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

(e) Civilian residents who cross a frontier daily to work in another country	X	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(f) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located in the country	X	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(g) Civilian foreigners who do not cross a frontier daily and are in the country temporarily, including undocumented persons, or transients on ships in harbour at the time of the census	X	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(h) Civilian foreigners who cross a frontier daily to work in the country	X	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(i) Refugees	X	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

3. Estimated census completeness

Estimated completeness:	Both sexes	Male	Female
(a) Gross under-enumeration (specify unit: PERSON)	X	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) Gross over-enumeration (specify unit: PERSON)	X	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Net error (specify unit: % OF PERSONS)	X	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Base denominator for this estimate is:	
(a) Enumerated population	X
(b) Estimated "complete" population	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Don't know	<input type="checkbox"/>

Method(s) used in estimating completeness:	
(a) Post Enumeration Survey (PES)	X
Date conducted: 21/03/2001	
Size of sample (specify unit: ENUMERATION DISTRICT (E.D.)):	200

For total area: (E.D.)	200
For urban areas: (E.D.)	137
For rural areas: (E.D.)	63
Population groups excluded: [REDACTED]	NONE
(b) Demographic analysis, please specify: [REDACTED]	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Other methods, please specify: [REDACTED]	<input type="checkbox"/>

4. Definition of urban/rural

The definition of urban areas for this census is:

Urban is considered every municipal or communal department of which the largest locality has 2,000 inhabitants and over

The definition of rural areas for this census is:

Rural is considered every municipal or communal department of which the largest locality has fewer than 2,000 inhabitants

5. Definition of cities

The definition of a city proper for this census is:

[REDACTED]

The definition of urban agglomeration for this census is:

[REDACTED]

6. Definition of locality

The definition of a locality for this census is:

A suit of built properties that are adjacent and their buildings aren't away from each other more than 200 meters if no town plan exists and less than 1,000 meters if it exists and include at least 10 residential households or an institutional household or residential and institutional households in which can reside normally at least 50 persons, whether they are reside throughout the year or only a certain period. Localities are also the small islands, regardless of the above references.

7. Definition of literacy

The definition of "literate" and "illiterate" for this census is:

Literacy is defined as the ability both to read and to write. So, people who can, with understanding, both read and write a short, simple statement on his every day life is literate. People who cannot, with understanding, both read and write such a statement on his everyday life may be considered to be illiterate.

8. Educational attainment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Education (ISCED) for tabulating the population by educational attainment?

YES

If so, what revision? 97

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISCED (specify revision number)?

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISCED (specify revision number).

B. Economic characteristics

1. Activity status

What is the lower age limit for the collection of information on activity status in this census?

AGE OF 10

Is there a maximum age limit for collection of information on activity status for this census?

NO

What reference period do you use to determine the economic activity of a person?

11-17/03/2001

2. Definition of economically active population used in this census

Definition of economically active population	
(a) Usually active population	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) Currently active population	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
(c) Other, please specify	<input type="checkbox"/>

Are the following groups considered economically active in the national tabulations?
If not, please indicate how they are classified:

Economic group	Yes	No
(a) contributing (unpaid) family workers	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) unemployed persons including those never previously employed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) armed forces;	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(d) part-time workers even though they may spend most time at non-gainful activities	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(e) domestic servants	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

3. Status in Employment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93), for the classification of the Status in Employment in your country?

YES

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ICSE-93?

If no, please point out the major deviations from ICSE-93.

4. Occupation

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Occupations (ISCO) for tabulating the employed population by occupation?

YES

If yes, what revision? [STEP-92-WHICH IS BASED ON ISCO-88 \(COM\)](#)

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISCO (specify revision number)?

If no, point out the major deviations from ISCO (specify revision number).

5. Industry

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) for tabulating the employed population by industry?

YES

If so, what revision? [3/3.1](#)

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISIC (specify revision number).

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISIC (specify revision number)..

C. Household characteristics

1. Definitions

General definition of a household for this census is:

- A) a multi-person household , that is a group of two or more persons who combine to occupy the whole or part of a housing unit and to provide themselves with food and possibly other essentials for living. Members of the group may pool their incomes to a greater or lesser extend.
- B) A one-person household, that is a person who lives alone in a separate housing unit or who occupies, as a lodger, a separate room (or rooms) of a housing unit, but does not join with any of the other occupants of the housing unit to form part of a multi-person household.

General definition of a family nucleus for this census is:

A family nucleus is defined in the narrow sense as two or more persons who live in the same household and who are related as husband and wife, as cohabiting partners, as a marital (registered) same-sex couple, or as parent and child. Thus a family comprises a couple with one or more children, or a lone parent with one or more children.

2. Head of household / reference member

Definition	
(a) Head of household, defined as follows: <i>is the person who is member of the household and is recognized by the other members as the responsible for taking major decisions that affect them</i>	X
(b) Reference member of household, defined as follows:	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Other (for example: Joint head of household):	<input type="checkbox"/>

D. Housing census characteristics

1. Housing information

What definition did you apply in this census for housing unit?

What definition did you apply in this census for conventional dwelling?

Is a permanent and independent building consisting of at least one regular room intended for habitation by a private household.

Are vacant units included in the enumerated conventional dwellings?

YES

What definition did you apply in this census for room?

Is a space within the house, enclosed by walls and has a height at least 2 m above the ground, 4m² surface and a size large enough to hold a bed for an adult. Therefore, normal bedrooms, dining rooms, living rooms, habitable cellars and attics, servants' rooms, kitchens and other separate spaces used or intended for habitation are all counted as rooms. A kitchenette (i.e., a kitchen of less than 4m²), corridors, verandas and lobbies do not count as rooms. Also, laundry rooms, bathrooms, toilets and household's stores, do not count as rooms, even if they are more than 4m².

2. Definition of cities

(as referred to in the Housing Census Questionnaire: City Data)

General definition of a city in the reporting country for this census

█

City 1 (Capital City) – Territory refers to:

█

City 2 – Territory refers to:

█

City 3 – Territory refers to:

█

City 4 – Territory refers to:

█

E. Bibliography of Population and Housing Statistics

Please list publications that contain results of your latest population census and your latest housing census:

Dissemination format
Publications
<p>A) De facto population of Greece, by municipalities, municipal departments and localities.</p> <p>B) Usual resident population of Greece, municipalities, municipal departments and localities.</p> <p>C) Legal population of Greece in municipalities.</p> <p>D) Results of the population – dwellings census (usual resident population). Publishes five related volumes: VOLUME I. Usual resident and legitimate population size classes of settlements, surface weighted average of hypsometric, hypsometric zones. VOLUME II: Demographic and social characteristics of Economics of population VOLUME III: Economic characteristics of population. VOLUME IV: Housing, households, housing conditions, collective housing, movement within and from outside the family nucleus information. VOLUME V. Demographic, social and economic characteristics of population movement within and from abroad, houses, households and their housing conditions. Information at locality, municipal department.</p> <p>E) Effects of population-housing census (Real people). Publishes four volumes of: VOLUME I. De facto and legitimate population size classes of settlements, surface weighted average of hypsometric, hypsometric zones. VOLUME II: Demographic and social characteristics of Economics of population VOLUME III: Economic characteristics of population. VOLUME IV. Housing, households, housing conditions, of collective housing, movement within and from outside the family nucleus information.</p> <p>F) Results of the Census building Census, Publishing building information relating to building wealth in the country by geographical district, county, municipality, community, municipal and communal department.</p> <p>Z) "Statistical Yearbook of Greece" is available to subscribers for a fee or a request to the National Statistical Service of Greece. Publish information on: 1 The population of Greece in the 1828 – 2001 censuses. 2 Demographic, social and economic characteristics of population movement within and from abroad, houses, households and housing conditions. 3 Number of buildings and construction.</p> <p>H) "Summary Statistical Yearbook of Greece" is available to subscribers for a fee or a request to the address above. Publish information on:</p>

- 1 The population of Greece in the 1920 - 2001 censuses.
- 2 Demographic, social and economic characteristics of population, dwellings, households and housing conditions.
- 3 Number of buildings and construction.

All the above publications are available at:

Statistics Information and Publications address, 46 Pireos and Eponiton str., PO 80847 Zip Code 18510 Piraeus, Greece (Tel. (30) 210-4852173, FAX: (30) 210-4852022, e-mail: (data.dissem @ statistics.gr) and (elevro@statistics.gr)).

On-line database

A number of tabulated data and on-line database are available to all users of the site (<http://www.statistics.gr>).

Other means of dissemination

Other tabular data are available upon request to the National Statistical Service of Greece, Statistical Information & Publication Division, Data Dissemination Section, 46 Pireos and Eponiton str., GR 18510 Piraeus (tel. (+30) 210-4852022, FAX: (+30) 210-4852312, e-mail: (data.dissem @ statistics.gr).

The confidentiality of the data is always ensured (Chapter 6).