

**United Nations Statistics Division: Demographic Yearbook**  
**Questionnaire on Metadata for Population and Housing Census**

Reporting country: Bulgaria  
 Population census date: 01.02.2011  
 Housing census date: 01.02.2011

**A. General population census information**

**1. Census information**

<b>Type of census</b>	
(a) Traditional census	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) Register based census	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Combination	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
(d) Other, please specify <span style="background-color: #cccccc; display: inline-block; width: 50px; height: 1em; vertical-align: middle;"></span>	<input type="checkbox"/>

**2. Type of population count and coverage**

<b>Type of population count</b>	
(a) De facto / population present	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) De jure / usual resident population	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
(c) Other, please specify	<input type="checkbox"/>

**Please specify whether the following population groups were enumerated in the census**

<b>Population group</b>	<b>Included</b>	<b>Excluded</b>	<b>Not applicable</b>
(a) Nomads	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) Persons living in areas to which access is difficult	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located outside the country	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(d) Civilian residents temporarily absent from the country	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

(e) Civilian residents who cross a frontier daily to work in another country	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(f) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located in the country	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(g) Civilian foreigners who do not cross a frontier daily and are in the country temporarily, including undocumented persons, or transients on ships in harbour at the time of the census	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(h) Civilian foreigners who cross a frontier daily to work in the country	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(i) Refugees	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
█	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
█	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

### 3. Estimated census completeness

Estimated completeness:	Both sexes	Male	Female
(a) Gross under-enumeration (specify unit: %)	1.84	1.14	2.50
(b) Gross over-enumeration (specify unit: %)	0.99	1.04	0.95
(c) Net error (specify unit: %)	0.84	0.09	1.55

<b>Base denominator for this estimate is:</b>	
(a) Enumerated population	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) Estimated “complete” population	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
(c) Don’t know	<input type="checkbox"/>

<b>Method(s) used in estimating completeness:</b>	
(a) Post Enumeration Survey (PES)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Date conducted: █	
Size of sample (specify unit: █):	
For total area: █	
For urban areas: █	

For rural areas: <input type="checkbox"/>	
Population groups excluded: <input type="checkbox"/>	
(b) Demographic analysis, please specify: Comparing census data with the estimate of the total usual country population using the NSI register of persons and the registers of demographic events.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
(c) Other methods, please specify: verification of the census data coverage and compliance with administrative sources data.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

#### 4. Definition of urban/rural

According to the Law on Administrative-territorial Structure of the Republic of Bulgaria, the settlements are cities and villages that are subject of registration in the Unified Classification of Administrative-territorial and Territorial Units.

The definition of urban areas for this census is:

Urban areas – population of all settlements with status of the cities according to Unified Classification of Administrative - territorial and Territorial Units (UCATTU).

The definition of rural areas for this census is:

Rural areas – population of all settlements with status of the villages according to Unified Classification of Administrative - territorial and Territorial Units (UCATTU).

#### 5. Definition of cities

The definition of a city proper for this census is:

According to the Law on Administrative-territorial Structure of Republic of Bulgaria, the settlements are cities and villages that are subject to the registration in the Unified Classification of Administrative-territorial and Territorial Units

The definition of urban agglomeration for this census is:

Not applicable

#### 6. Definition of locality

The definition of a locality for this census is:

Not applicable

#### 7. Definition of literacy

The definition of “literate” and “illiterate” for this census is:

Literacy is defined as the ability both to read and to write. Literate is considered a person who can, with understanding, both read and write a short, simple statement on his everyday life. A person who cannot, with understanding, both read and write a short statement on his everyday life is considered illiterate. A person capable of reading and writing only figures and his/her own name is considered illiterate. A person who can read but not write and one who can read and write only a ritual phrase which has been memorized also is considered illiterate.

### **8. Educational attainment**

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Education (ISCED) for tabulating the population by educational attainment?

Yes

If so, what revision? 1997

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISCED (specify revision number)?

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISCED (specify revision number).

## B. Economic characteristics

### 1. Activity status

What is the lower age limit for the collection of information on activity status in this census?

15 years of age and over

Is there a maximum age limit for collection of information on activity status for this census?

No

What reference period do you use to determine the economic activity of a person?

24-30 January 2011

### 2. Definition of economically active population used in this census

Definition of economically active population	
(a) Usually active population	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) Currently active population	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
(c) Other, please specify	<input type="checkbox"/>

Are the following groups considered economically active in the national tabulations?  
If not, please indicate how they are classified:

Economic group	Yes	No
(a) contributing (unpaid) family workers	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) unemployed persons including those never previously employed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) armed forces;	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(d) part-time workers even though they may spend most time at non-gainful activities	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
(e) domestic servants	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

### 3. Status in Employment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93), for the classification of the Status in Employment in your country?

Yes

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ICSE-93?

If no, please point out the major deviations from ICSE-93.

#### **4. Occupation**

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Occupations (ISCO) for tabulating the employed population by occupation?

Yes

If yes, what revision? ISCO 08

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISCO (specify revision number)?

If no, point out the major deviations from ISCO (specify revision number).

#### **5. Industry**

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) for tabulating the employed population by industry?

Yes

If so, what revision? ISIC REV4

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISIC (specify revision number).

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISIC (specify revision number)..

## C. Household characteristics

### 1. Definitions

General definition of a household for this census is:

Private household

- a person who lives alone in a separate housing unit, room or part of a room and has a separate budget;
- two or more persons who occupy a single housing unit or part of a housing unit and have a common budget, whether they have or not any family relations.

Collective household

Collective household refers to a group of persons who permanently live in a collective, have a common budget and regime.

General definition of a family nucleus for this census is:

Family is two or more persons who belong to the same household and who are related by blood or by marriage/ partnership or adoption.

One person does not represent a family.

A family consists of:

- spouses (in juridical marriage or in partnership) without children;
- spouses (in juridical marriage or in partnership) with one or more never married children, no matter their age;
- single parent with one or more never married children, no matter their age.

### 2. Head of household / reference member

Definition	
(a) Head of household, defined as follows: Head of a household is the person in the household who provides the main part of essentials for living or he/she is acknowledged as head in the household by the other members.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
(b) Reference member of household, defined as follows:	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Other (for example: Joint head of household):	<input type="checkbox"/>

## D. Housing census characteristics

### 1. Housing information

What definition did you apply in this census for housing unit?

**The housing unit** is separate and independent in the terms of construction place, which by initial building or after reconstruction is suitable for living, has one or several rooms (housing or service) and has one or several separate exits to a generally accessible part (stairs, yard or straight to the street), irrespective of whether a kitchen has been built.

What definition did you apply in this census for conventional dwelling?

Conventional dwellings are structurally separate and independent premises, which are designed for permanent human habitation at a fixed location and are not used wholly for nonresidential purposes at the time of the census.

Are vacant units included in the enumerated conventional dwellings?

No

What definition did you apply in this census for room?

The room is a space in a housing unit enclosed by walls from floor to ceiling or roof size sufficient to place a bed for an adult (at least 4 square meters) and at least 2 m height of greater part of the ceiling.

### 2. Definition of cities

(as referred to in the Housing Census Questionnaire: City Data)

General definition of a city in the reporting country for this census



City 1 (Capital City) – Territory refers to:

[Sofia](#)

City 2 – Territory refers to:

[Plovdiv](#)

City 3 – Territory refers to:

[Varna](#)

City 4 – Territory refers to:

[Burgas](#)



## **E. Bibliography of Population and Housing Statistics**

Please list publications that contain results of your latest population census and your latest housing census:

Population by districts, municipalities and settlements

Demographic and social characteristics of population

Economical characteristics of population

Households

Families

Migration of population

Commuting

Fertility

Residential buildings

Dwellings