United Nations Statistics Division: Demographic Yearbook

Questionnaire on Metadata for Population and Housing Census

Reporting country: Japan
Population census date: 1 October 2000
Housing census date: 1 October 2003

A. General population census information

1. Census information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of census</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Traditional census</td>
<td>☒</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Register based census</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Combination</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Other, please specify</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Type of population count and coverage

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of population count</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) De facto / population present</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) De jure / usual resident population</td>
<td>☒</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Other, please specify</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please specify whether the following population groups were enumerated in the census

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population group</th>
<th>Included</th>
<th>Excluded</th>
<th>Not applicable</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Nomads</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>☒</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Persons living in areas to which access is difficult</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located outside the country</td>
<td></td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Civilian residents temporarily absent from the country</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(e) Civilian residents who cross a frontier daily to work in another country

(f) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located in the country

(g) Civilian foreigners who do not cross a frontier daily and are in the country temporarily, including undocumented persons, or transients on ships in harbour at the time of the census

(h) Civilian foreigners who cross a frontier daily to work in the country

(i) Refugees

3. Estimated census completeness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Estimated completeness:</th>
<th>Both sexes</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Gross under-enumeration (specify unit: %)</td>
<td>0.80</td>
<td>0.89</td>
<td>0.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Gross over-enumeration (specify unit: %)</td>
<td>0.17</td>
<td>0.21</td>
<td>0.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Net error (specify unit: %)</td>
<td>0.63</td>
<td>0.68</td>
<td>0.57</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Base denominator for this estimate is:

(a) Enumerated population

(b) Estimated “complete” population

(c) Don’t know

Method(s) used in estimating completeness:

(a) Post Enumeration Survey (PES)

Date conducted: 2000.12.15

Size of sample (specify unit: 55,571)

For total area: -
For urban areas: 

For rural areas: 

Population groups excluded: 

(b) Demographic analysis, please specify: 

(c) Other methods, please specify: 

4. **Definition of urban/rural**  
The definition of urban areas for this census is:

**Total of all cities in this report**

The definition of rural areas for this census is:

**Except urban area in this report**

5. **Definition of cities**  
The definition of a city proper for this census is:

**Shi:** In general, municipality which satisfy the following conditions  
1. 50,000 or more inhabitants  
2. 60 percent or more of the houses located in the main built-up areas  
3. 60 percent or more of the population (including their dependants) engaged in manufacturing, trade or other urban type of business

The definition of urban agglomeration for this census is:

**Not defined**

6. **Definition of locality**  
The definition of a locality for this census is:

**Municipality**

7. **Definition of literacy**  
The definition of "literate" and "illiterate" for this census is:

**Not enumerated**

8. **Educational attainment**
Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Education (ISCED) for tabulating the population by educational attainment?

No

If so, what revision?

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISCED (specify revision number)?

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISCED (specify revision number).

ISCED Level 1 and Level 2, Level 5 and Level 6 are integrated respectively in the educational classification of the Census.
B. Economic characteristics

1. Activity status

What is the lower age limit for the collection of information on activity status in this census?

15 years old.

Is there a maximum age limit for collection of information on activity status for this census?

No, there isn’t.

What reference period do you use to determine the economic activity of a person?

During the week before the census date.

2. Definition of economically active population used in this census

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Definition of economically active population</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Usually active population</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Currently active population</td>
<td></td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Other, please specify</td>
<td></td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Are the following groups considered economically active in the national tabulations? If not, please indicate how they are classified:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Economic group</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) contributing (unpaid) family workers</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) unemployed persons including those never previously employed</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) armed forces;</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) part-time workers even though they may spend most time at non-gainful activities</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e) domestic servants</td>
<td>☒</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Status in Employment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93), for the classification of the Status in Employment in your country?
Yes. But does not correspond exactly

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ICSE-93?

If no, please point out the major deviations from ICSE-93.

4. Occupation

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Occupations (ISCO) for tabulating the employed population by occupation?

Yes.
Classification for occupation in the census follows the Japan Standard Occupational Classification.
The Japan Standard Occupational Classification follows the ISCO, but does not correspond exactly.

If yes, what revision? ISCO-68

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISCO (specify revision number)?

If no, point out the major deviations from ISCO (specify revision number).

5. Industry

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) for tabulating the employed population by industry?

Yes.
Classification for industry in the census follows the Japan Standard Industrial Classification.
The Japan Standard Industrial Classification follows the ISIC, but does not correspond exactly.

If so, what revision? ISIC-Rev.2

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISIC (specify revision number).
If no, please point out the major deviations from ISIC (specify revision number)..
C. Household characteristics

1. Definitions

General definition of a household for this census is:

A group of people who live and eke out a living together.

General definition of a family nucleus for this census is:

- A married couple only.
- A married couple with their child(ren).
- Father with their child(ren).
- Mother with their child(ren).

2. Head of household / reference member

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Definition</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Head of household, defined as follows:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select a household member as “Household head or representative”.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Reference member of household, defined as follows:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other members are related with the head by kinship, marriage or adoption.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Spouse of household</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Son or daughter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Spouse of son or daughter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Father of mother of household head</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Father or mother of spouse</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Grandson or granddaughter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Grandfather of grandmother</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Brother or sister</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Other relatives</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Living-in employee</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Persons other than relatives living in the household excluding living – in employee.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Other (for example: Joint head of household):</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**D. Housing census characteristics**

**1. Housing information**

What definition did you apply in this census for **housing unit**?

A dwelling is defined as a permanent building or structurally separated part thereof, such as a detached house or unit of an apartment building that, by the way it has been built or altered, is intended for habitation by one household.

A structurally separated part should be completely partitioned with fixed concrete or wooden walls.

A dwelling for habitation by one household must satisfy the following four requisites with respect to facilities.

1. At least one room;
2. A sink for cooking for exclusive use;
3. A toilet for exclusive use; and
   (Even if (2) and (3) are for joint use, both should be located to permit use at any time and accessed without passing through other households.)
4. An entrance for exclusive use.
   (This may be a direct access to the street or access to a hallway that occupants and visitors can use.)

Provided that the above requisites are satisfied, dwellings are considered as such even if not usually occupied.

Dwellings not usually occupied are referred to as dwellings without occupying households and were classified as follows:

What definition did you apply in this census for **conventional dwelling**?

> We don't have the definition "conventional dwelling" in housing census 2003, The variation of dwelling is devided into "Used exclusively for Living" and "Used Also for Commerce or Other Purposes".

Are vacant units included in the enumerated conventional dwellings?

We survey vacant units but figures filled in the excel sheets don't includes vacant units when there is note.

What definition did you apply in this census for **room**?

Dwelling rooms include living rooms, bedrooms, drawing rooms, studies and dining rooms etc. Entrance halls, kitchens, kitchenettes, toilet rooms, bathrooms, corridor, earth floors, as well as shops, offices and other rooms used for professional or business purposes are not counted as dwelling rooms.

Kitchens with a dining space whose floor space, excluding the space of the sink, kitchen, table, etc. is 5 square meters or more were included in the number of dwelling rooms. Rooms occupied by lodging households were also included in the number of rooms.
2. Definition of cities  
(as referred to in the Housing Census Questionnaire: City Data)

General definition of a city in the reporting country for this census

City means all city area including Ku-area of Tokyo.

City 1 (Capital City) – Territory refers to:
   Ku-area of Tokyo

City 2 – Territory refers to:
   Nagoya

City 3 – Territory refers to:
   Osaka

City 4 – Territory refers to:
   Yokohama
E. Bibliography of Population and Housing Statistics

Please list publications that contain results of your latest population census and your latest housing census:

Population census reports
Volume 1    Total population
Volume 2    Sex, age and marital status of population, structure and housing conditions of households
Volume 3    Labour force status of population, industry (major groups) of employed persons, and education
Volume 4    Occupation (major groups) of employed persons, types of households
Volume 5    Industry (minor groups) and occupation (minor groups) of employed persons (sample tabulation results)
Volume 6-1 Population by place of work or schooling I – Sex and age of population, industry (major groups) of employed persons
Volume 6-2 Population by place of work or schooling II – Occupation (major groups) of employed persons
Volume 6-3 Population by place of work or schooling III – Industry (medium groups) and occupation (medium groups) of employed persons (sample tabulation results)
Volume 7-1 Population on internal migration I
Basic characteristics, labour Force status, industry (major groups), and education
Volume 7-2 Population on internal migration II
Occupation (major groups)
Volume 8    Results of Special Tabulation on Foreigners
Volume 9    Results of Special Tabulation on New Industrial Classification

Prompt tabulation series
No.1        Preliminary counts of the population on the basis of summary sheets
No.2        Results of prompt sample tabulation

Overview Series
No.1        Overview of population of Japan
No.2        Population of prefecture
No.3        Densely inhabited districts
No.4        Population by sex and age, marital status and the situation of education
No.5        Structure and housing conditions of households
No.6        Population by labour force status, industry and occupation
No.7        Aged population and households with aged persons
No.8        Commuting population
No.9        Population on internal migration
No.10       Population of major metropolitan areas

Population of Japan
Housing census reports
・Issued in September 2009
  「2008 Housing and Land Survey of Japan Interim Report」
・Issued in March 2006
  「HOUSING AND LAND OF JAPAN
SUMMARY RESULTS OF THE 2003 HOUSING AND LAND SURVEY OF JAPAN」
・Issued in May 2005
  「2003 Housing and Land Survey of Japan Volume2 Results for Major Metropolitan Areas」
・Issued in May 2005
  「2003 Housing and Land Survey of Japan Volume3 Results for Range of Distance」
・Issued in May 2005
  「2003 Housing and Land Survey of Japan Volume4 Results for Metropolitan Areas」
・Issued in April 2005
  「2003 Housing and Land Survey of Japan Volume1 Results for Japan」
・Issued in September 2004
  「2003 Housing and Land Survey of Japan Prompt Report」
・From December 2004 to April 2005
  「2003 Housing and Land Survey of Japan Volume5 Prefecture (compiled for each prefecture : 47 separate books)」