United Nations Statistics Division: Demographic Yearbook Questionnaire on Metadata for Population and Housing Census

Reporting country: Belgium

Population census date: 1/01/2021 Housing census date: 1/01/2021

A. General population census information

1. Census - taking methodological approaches

(1) Traditional census - full field enumeration	
If yes, please circle the mode of data collection among options (a) to (f) listed below:	
(a) paper questionnaire only	
(b) paper questionnaire and tablet computers	
(c) tablet computers only	
(d) tablet computers and internet	
(e) internet and paper questionnaires	
(f) other (please describe)	
 (2) Combined census If yes, please circle the method of census taking among the options (a) to (c) listed below: (a) register(s)* and ad-hoc surveys (b) register(s)* and existing surveys (c) other (please describe) 	
*Please list the register or registers that are used.	
(3) Fully register based census	

(4) Rolling census	
(5) Other, please specify	

2. Type of population count and coverage

Type of population count	
(a) Present / de facto population	
(b) Usual resident population	
(c) Other, please specify	

3. Please specify whether the following population groups were enumerated in the census:

Population group	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Nomads and persons living in areas to which access is difficult			
(b) Civilian residents temporarily absent from the country			
(c) Civilian foreigners who do not cross a border daily and are in the country temporarily			
(d) Refugees, asylum seekers and internally displaced persons			
(e) Military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located outside the country			
(f) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located in the country			
(g) Civilian foreigners who cross a border daily to work in the country		\boxtimes	
(h) Civilian residents who cross a border daily to work in another country	\boxtimes		
(i) Merchant seafarers and fishers resident in the country but at sea at the time of the census	\boxtimes		
(j) Homeless or roofless persons, vagrants and persons with no concept of usual residence	\boxtimes		
(k) Persons living in buildings with restricted access			

(I) Stateless persons			
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4. In case the enumeration was performed according to the 'usual resident population' concept, please complete the following additional table. For each of the population groups listed in the following table, please indicate whether they were included, excluded, or not applicable in the usual resident population count.

Population group	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Persons found at the moment of enumeration that cannot identify their place of			
usual residence, such as those who move often;			
(b) National military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families, located			
outside the country;			
(c) Foreign persons working for international organizations (not including foreign diplomats or military forces), provided that they meet the criteria for usual residence			
in the country;			
(d) Merchant seafarers and fishers usually resident in the country but at sea at the time of the census (including those who have no place of residence other than			
their quarters aboard ship);			
(e) Persons who may be illegal, irregular or undocumented migrants, as well as asylum seekers and persons who have applied for or been granted refugee status or similar types of international protections, provided that they meet the criteria for usual residence in the country;			
(f) Persons who cross a frontier daily or weekly to work or study in another country,			

provided that they meet the criteria for usual			
residence in the country;			
(g) Children born in the 12 months before the			
census reference time and whose			
families are usually resident in the country at the			
census reference time;			
(h) Persons of minor age studying abroad for one	\boxtimes		
year or more to attain the primary			
or secondary level of education, regardless of the			
frequency of return to the family			
home located within the country. If the person is			
also working abroad, the same			
rules for cross-border workers apply;			
(i) Persons who regularly live in more than one	\boxtimes		
country during a year, if they are			
present in the country at the moment of the			
enumeration.			
(j) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic			
personnel and their families, located in			
the country, regardless of their place of usual			
residence;			
(k) Persons of minor age attending the primary or		\boxtimes	
secondary level of education whose			
family home is located abroad, regardless of the			
duration of their stay. However, if			
these persons are also working in the country,			
then the identification of the place			
of usual residence follows the same rules as for			
cross-border workers;			
(I) Third-level students who are absent from the		\boxtimes	
country for one year or more;			
(m) Persons who regularly live in more than one		\boxtimes	
country during a year, if they are not			

present in the country at the moment of the			
enumeration.			
. Estimated census coverage			
Estimated coverage:	Both sexes	Male	Female
(a) Census under-enumeration / omissions (specify unit:)			
(b) Census over-enumeration / erroneous inclusions and duplications (specify unit:			
(c) Net coverage error (specify unit:			
(d) Net coverage error rate			
(a) Enumerated population			
(b) Estimated "complete" population			
(c) Unknown			_
Method(s) used in estimating coverage error:			-
(a) Post Enumeration Survey (PES)			
Date conducted:			
Size of sample (specify unit:):			
For total area:			
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For urban areas:			

(b) Demographic analysis, please specify:

(c) Other methods, please specify:	

6. Definition of urban/rural

The definition of urban areas for this census is:

All municipalities that aren't on the list of the rural municipalities.

The definition of rural areas for this census is:

Alveringem Amblève Bertogne Bièvre Bullange Burg-Reuland Clavier Erezée Fauvillers Frasnes-lez-Anvaing Froidchapelle Gedinne Gouvy Havelange Herstappe Heuvelland Houffalize Houyet Langemark-Poelkapelle Léglise Lierneux Lo-Reninge Manhay Momignies Ravels Sainte-Ode Sint-Laureins Sivry-Rance Stoumont Tenneville Vaux-sur-Sûre Vleteren Vresse-sur-Semois

7. Definition of cities

The definition of a city proper for this census is:

A City is defined as a single or group of LAU where at least 50% of the population lives in an urban centre of at least 50 000 inhabitants. An urban centre is defined as a cluster of contiguous grid cells (of km² excluding diagonals) having a population density of at least 1 500 inhabitants per km² and collectively at least 50 000 inhabitants after gap-filling.

The definition of urban agglomeration for this census is:

A Commuting zone contains the surrounding travel-to-work areas of a City where at least 15 % of employed residents commute to the City. An urban agglomeration consists of a City and its Commuting zone.

8. Definition of locality

The definition of a locality for this census is:

Constitute a group of buildings, none of which is separated from its nearest neighbour by more than 200 meters.

9. Definition of literacy

The definition of "literate" and "illiterate" for this census is:

No information on literacy

10. Educational attainment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Education (ISCED) for tabulating the population by educational attainment?

Yes

If yes, which revision? 2011

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data according to ISCED? Please specify revision number.

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISCED. Please specify revision number.

B. Economic characteristics

11. Activity status / labour force status

What is the lower age limit for the collection of information on activity status in this census?

15

Is there a maximum age limit for collection of information on activity status for this census?

There is no limit on the maximum age.

What reference period do you use to establish the activity status (labour force status) of a person?

Last week of 2020

12. Please specify whether the groups of persons listed in the following table are included or excluded in the 'in employment' category in your census, by marking the appropriate box below.

	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Persons with a job for pay or profit who,	\boxtimes		
during the reference period, were on training or			
skills enhancement activities required by their job			
or for another job in the same economic unit;			

(b) Apprentices, interns or trainees who work for pay in cash or in kind;		
(c) Persons who work for pay or profit through employment promotion programs;		
(d) Persons who work in their own economic units to produce goods intended <i>mainly</i> for sale or barter, even if part of the output is		
consumed by the household or family;		
(e) Persons with seasonal jobs during the off season, if they continue to perform some tasks and duties of the job, excluding, however, fulfilment of legal or administrative obligations (for example pay taxes);		
(f) Regular members of the armed forces and persons on military or alternative civilian service who perform this work for pay in cash or in kind;		
(g) Apprentices, interns and trainees who work without pay in cash or in kind (that is, unpaid trainee work);		
(h) Participants in skills training or retraining schemes within employment promotion programs, when <i>not</i> engaged in the production process of an economic unit;		
(i) Persons who are required to perform work as a condition of continued receipt of a government social benefit such as unemployment insurance;		
(j) Persons with seasonal jobs during the off season, if they <i>cease</i> to perform the tasks and duties of the job;		
(k) Persons who retain a right to return to the same economic unit but who were absent (for reasons such as parental leave, educational leave, care for others, other personal reasons, temporary lay-off, suspension of work), when the total duration of the absence exceeds the		

specified threshold or if the test of receipt of			
remuneration is not fulfilled;			
(I) Persons on indefinite lay-off who do not have		\boxtimes	
an assurance of return to employment with the			
same economic unit;			
(m) Persons who work to produce goods intended	\boxtimes		
mainly or exclusively for consumption or use by the			
household or family, even if a surplus or part of			
the output is sold or bartered (that is, own-use			
production of goods;			
(n) Household members who provide unpaid		\boxtimes	
services for consumption or use by their			
household (that is, own-use provision of			
services);			
(o) Persons who work voluntarily and without pay		\boxtimes	
to produce goods or services through or for other			
economic units, including market, non-market			
units and households (that is, volunteer work).			

13. Status in Employment

Based on the International Standard Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93), the status in employment may be classified as follows:

- (a) Employees;
- (b) Self-employed:
 - i. Employers;
 - ii. Own-account workers;
 - iii. Members of producers' cooperatives;
 - iv. Contributing family workers;
- (c) Persons not classifiable by status.

Do you follow the above structure, for the classification of the Status in Employment in your country?

No

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data according to the above structure?

- (a) Employees;
- (b) Self-employed:
 - i. Employers;
 - ii. Own-account workers;
 - iv. Contributing family workers;

If no, please point out the major deviations from ICSE-93.

The only difference is that we don't have the categories iii and (c)

14. Occupation

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Occupations (ISCO) for tabulating the employed population by occupation?

Yes

If yes, which revision? 2008

If any other or national classification is used, are you able to provide data according to ISCO? Please specify revision number.

If no, point out the major deviations from ISCO. Please specify revision number.

15. Industry

Do you follow the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) for tabulating the employed population by industry?

No

If yes, which revision?

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data according to ISIC? Please specify revision number.

Nace rev2

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISIC. Please specify revision number.

C. Household characteristics

16. Definitions

General definition of a household for this census is:

(a) A one-person household, that is a person who lives alone in a separate housing unit or who occupies, as a lodger, a separate room (or rooms) of a housing unit but does not join with any of the other occupants of the housing unit to form part of a multiperson household as defined below; or (b) A multiperson household, that is a group of two or more persons who combine to occupy the whole or part of a housing unit and to provide themselves with food and possibly other essentials for living. Members of the group may pool their incomes to a greater or lesser extent.

General definition of a family nucleus for this census is:

The family nucleus is defined in a narrow sense; that is as two or more persons who belong to the same household and who are related as husband and wife, as partners in a registered partnership, as partners in a consensual union, or as parent and child. Thus a family comprises a couple without children or a couple with one or more children, or a lone parent with one or more children. This family concept limits relationships between children and adults to direct (first- degree) relationships, that is, between parents and children. Child (son/daughter) refers to a blood, step- or adopted son or daughter (regardless of age or marital status) who has usual residence in the household of at least one of the parents, and who has no partner or own children in the same household.

17. Head of household / reference person of household

Which one among the following options was used to determine the relationships between household members?

Please select one.

- a) Head of household
- b) Reference person
- c) Other; please describe

Regarding your answer to the previous question, please provide the definition of head of household or reference person that was used in the Census.

There is the notion of reference person in our population register, which is the "founder" of the household. In practice this can be either member of the household. This is the member of the household who lived first at that address or the person that goes to the municipality to register the place of residence. This isn't important for the census because the notion of reference person isn't used in our statistics. For every household member we know the relation with the reference person, but we also know the father and mother of every citizen. Therefore, we can derive the entire relation matrix for the household and the notion of reference person isn't relevant anymore.

D. Housing census characteristics

18. Housing information

The general definition applied in this census for housing unit is:

The sum of occupied conventional dwellings and other housing units represents 'housing units'.

The general definition applied in this census for conventional dwelling is:

'Conventional dwellings' are structurally separate and independent premises at fixed locations which are designed for permanent human habitation.

Are vacant units included in the enumerated conventional dwellings?

Yes

The general definition applied in this census for <u>room</u> is:

A 'room' is defined as a space in a housing unit enclosed by walls reaching from the floor to the ceiling or roof, of a size large enough to hold a bed for an adult (4 square metres at least) and at least 2 metres high over the major area of the ceiling.

19. Definition of cities (as referred to in the Housing Census Questionnaire: City Data)

General definition of a city in the reporting country for this census is:

A City is defined as a single or group of LAU where at least 50% of the population lives in an urban centre of at least 50 000 inhabitants. An urban centre is defined as a cluster of contiguous grid cells (of km² excluding diagonals) having a population density of at least 1 500 inhabitants per km² and collectively at least 50 000 inhabitants after gap-filling.

City 1 (Capital City) - Territory refers to:

Anderlecht

Auderahem

Berchem-Sainte-Agathe

Bruxelles

Etterbeek

Evere

Forest

Ganshoren

Ixelles

Jette

Koekelberg

Molenbeek-Saint-Jean

Saint-Gilles

Saint-Josse-ten-Noode

Schaerbeek

Uccle

Watermael-Boitsfort

Woluwe-Saint-Lambert

Woluwe-Saint-Pierre

City 2 – Territory refers to:

Charleroi

Châtelet

City 3 – Territory refers to:

Mons

Frameries

Quaregnon

Colfontaine

City 4 – Territory refers to:

Manage

La Louvière

City 5 – Territory refers to:

Dison

Verviers

City 6 – Territory refers to:

Ans

Beyne-Heusay

Fléron

Herstal

Liège

Saint-Nicolas

Seraing

Grâce-Hollogne

City 7 – Territory refers to:

Antwerpen

City 8 – Territory refers to:

Gent

City 9 – Territory refers to:

Brugge

City 10 – Territory refers to:

Namur

City 11 – Territory refers to:

Kortrijk

City 12 – Territory refers to:

Oostende

City 13 – Territory refers to:

Mechelen

City 14 – Territory refers to:

Mouscron

E. Bibliography of Population and Housing Statistics

Please list publications that contain results of your latest population census and your latest housing census: