

LONGITUDINAL SURVEY OF PEOPLE DISPLACED FROM UKRAINE

Understanding changes in movement patterns, needs,
integration and intentions of return



Index

1. Intro
2. Methodology
3. Limitations
 - Non-representative
 - Attrition and drop-out
 - Sample changes over time
4. Advantages
 - Quick mobilisation
 - Tracking stories over time
 - Comparisons across countries
 - In-depth country studies on child protection needs
5. Next steps

Intro: research aim & questions

RESEARCH AIM

To **inform government and non-governmental actors** responding to the needs of people displaced by the conflict in Ukraine to Europe and beyond,

To provide **evidence-based assistance** at a programmatic and strategic level, and policy-making in the short-, mid- and longer-term.

MOBILITY & INTENTIONS

1. What are the movement trajectories of people displaced out of Ukraine by the war?

What is the decision-making process to stay vs. move on?

CHALLENGES & NEEDS

2. What are the specific challenges respondents face in the locations they decide to settle?

INTEGRATION

3. What are the facilitators and barriers to integration at the local level?

RETURN & REINTEGRATION

4. What is the decision-making process of respondents on returning and settling back in Ukraine?



Methodology: longitudinal survey

Fixed Panel + “Births” Design

- Dynamic target population and attrition, favour this design.
- New respondents are added to the panel monthly

Questionnaire

- Short, unobtrusive, and ensuring Do No Harm principles are respected
- 3 different modules that allow for the collection of homogenous baseline data, recording longitudinal data and capturing timely data on specific topics.

Data Protection

- Tool, sampling, data collection and storage in accordance with EU/GDPR
- Informed consent is required at the beginning and end of each interview.

Methodology: three-tier data collection

SURVEY SAMPLING

- Convenience sampling through:
 - ❖ In-person data collection in POL, SVK, HUN, ROM, MDA
 - ❖ Online campaigns



SURVEY INTERVIEWS

- Computer Assisted Telephone Interviews (CATI)
- Trained enumerators conduct dependent interviews in respondents' mother tongues (UKR/RUS)
- 8 Rounds of data collection (including pilots R1 &R2). R9 is ongoing.



QUALITATIVE INTERVIEWS

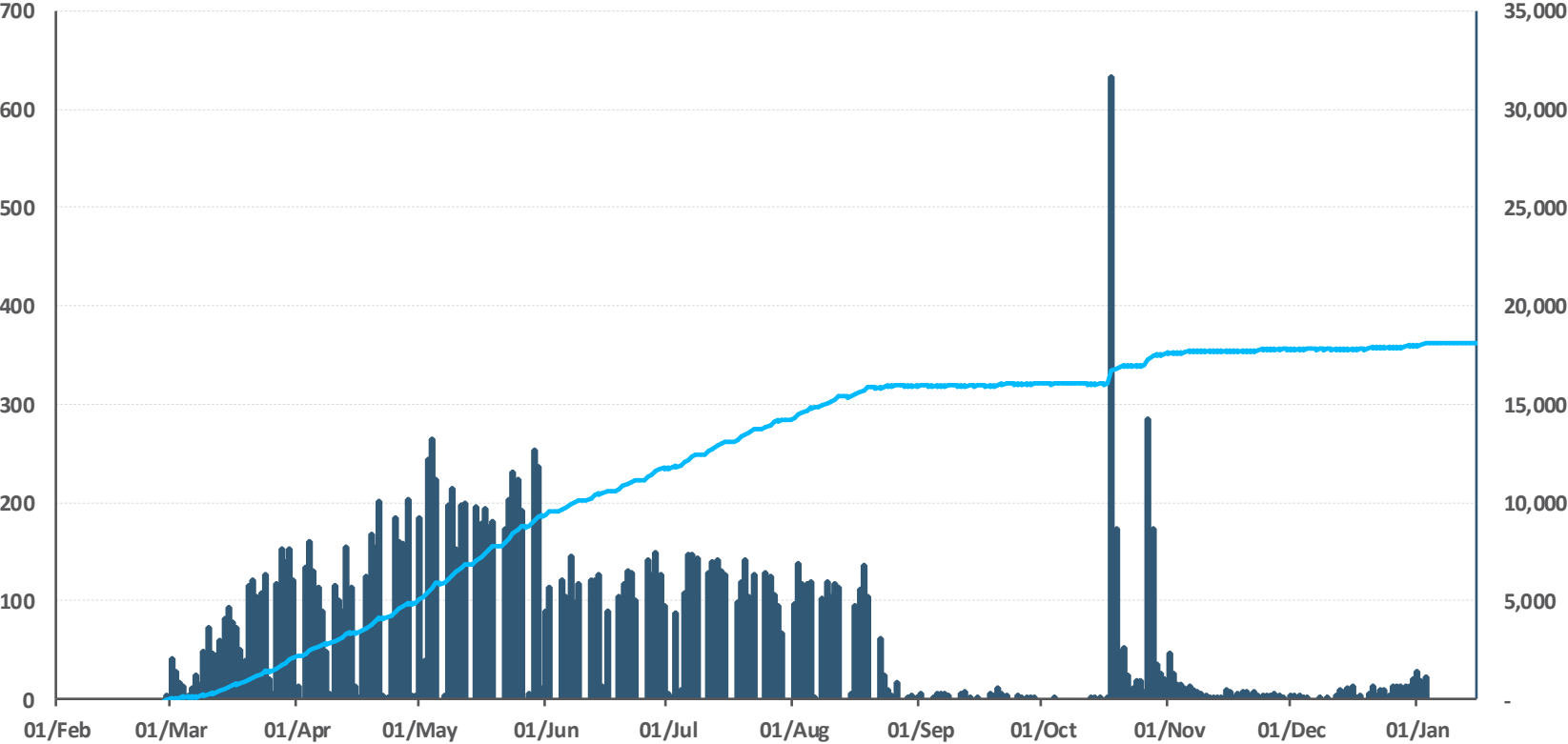
- 48 consultations with children (>288 children)
- 18 FGDs with Caregivers and Host Communities (>72 and 36 participants respectively)
- 36 interviews with key informants



Save the
Children

Methodology: pool of respondents

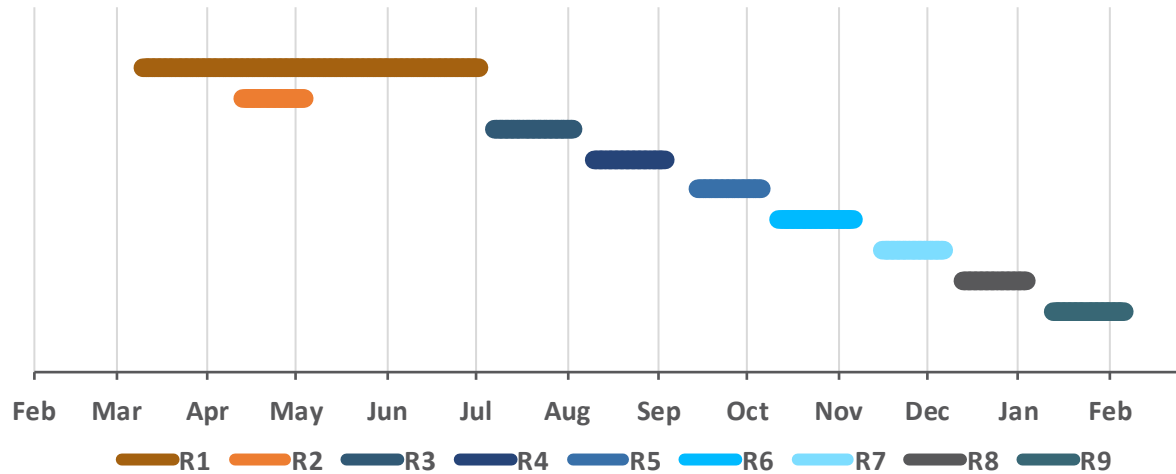
Date of consents



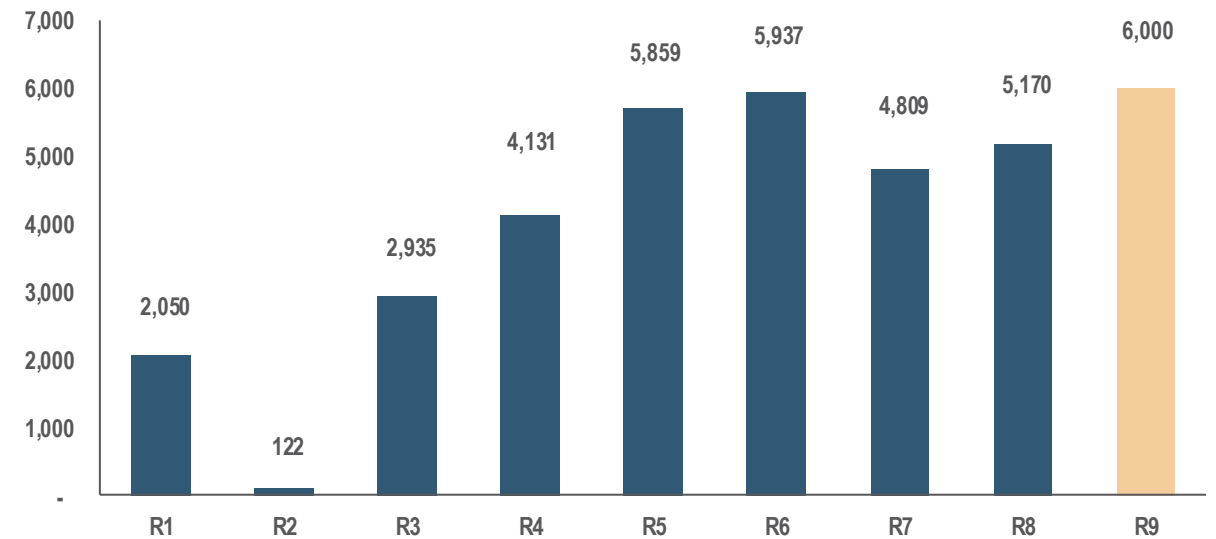
18,000+ consents
10,800+ people interviewed
3,137 refused
1,991 dropped
4,075 not interviewed yet
8,869 continued respondents

Methodology: rounds and sample size

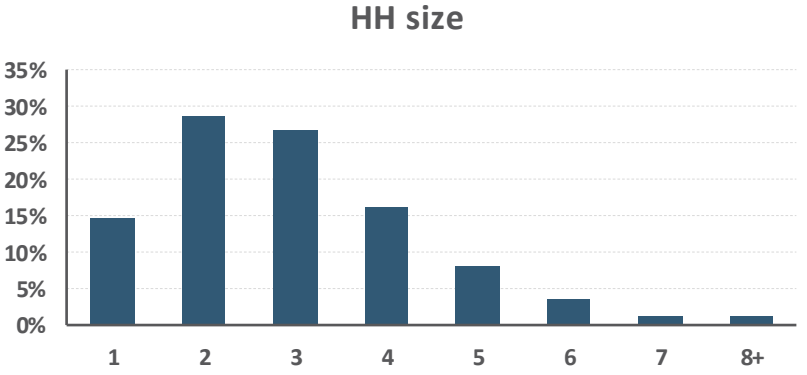
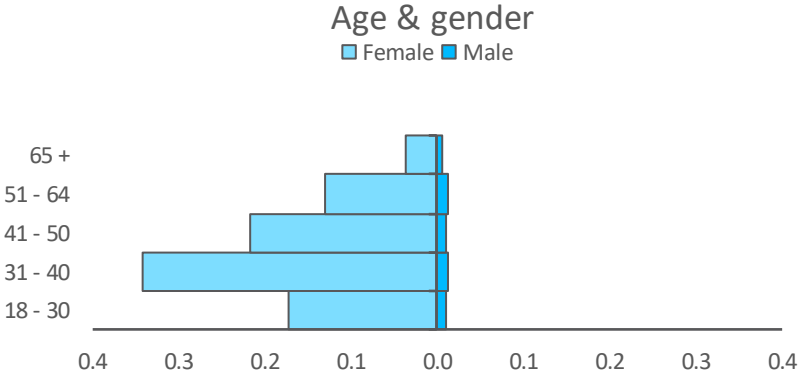
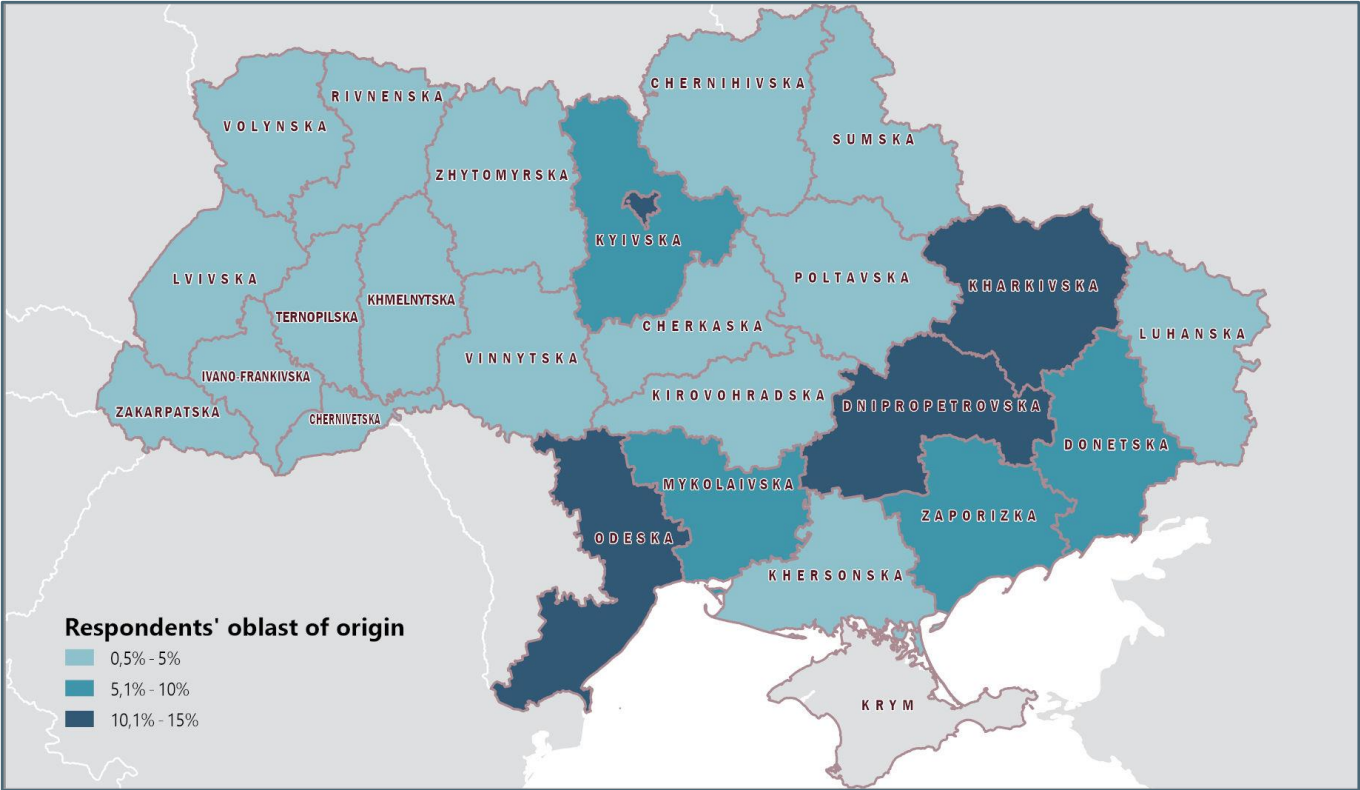
Timeline of longitudinal survey rounds



Respondents per round



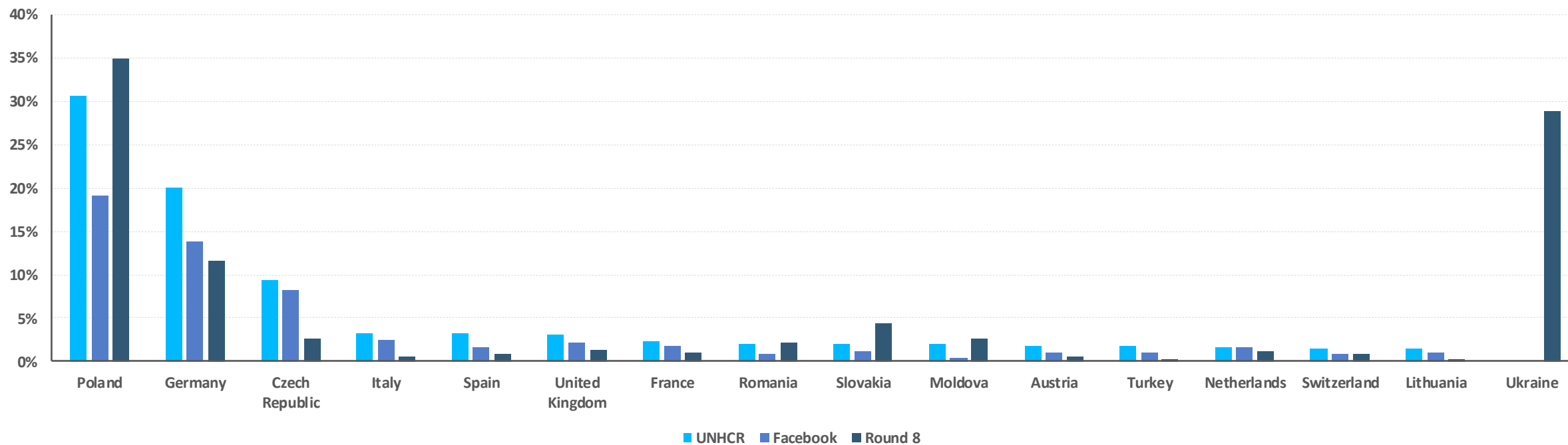
Methodology: survey demographics



30,000+ HH members

Limitations: Limited sample frame

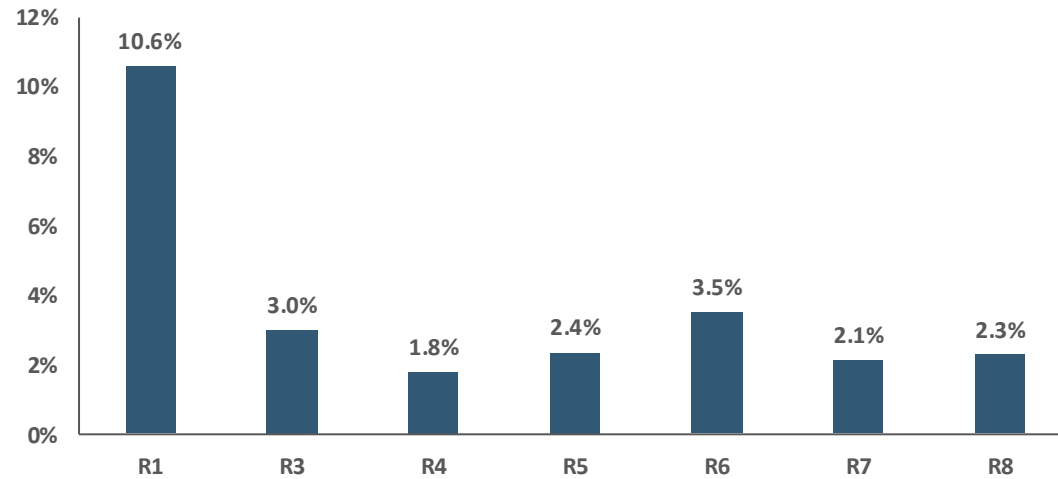
Sample frame alternatives - Country distribution of people displaced from Ukraine



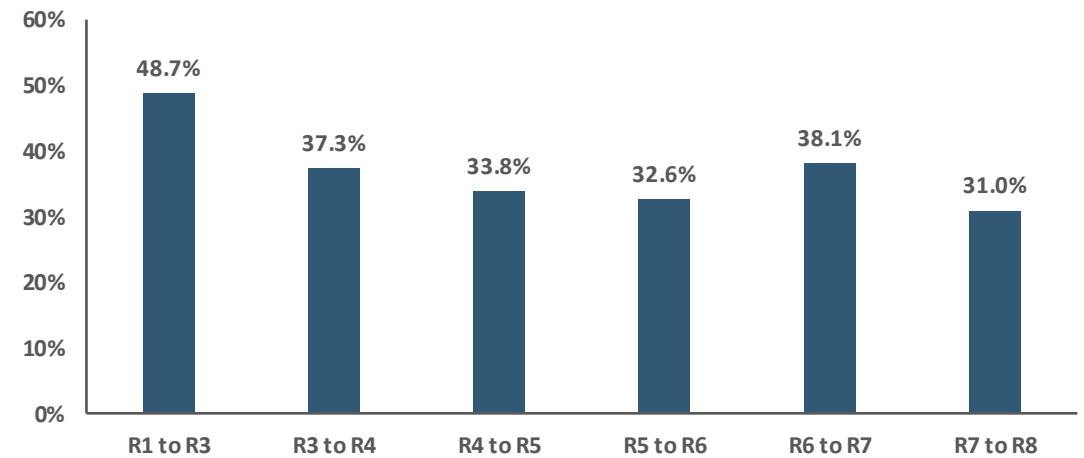
1. UNHCR data is based on the reports published on the Ukraine Situation Data Portal (<https://data.unhcr.org/en/situations/ukraine>), as of Jan 2023
2. Facebook data is based on Data for Good latest report on “Insights on short- and medium-term destinations of people leaving Ukraine” from 25/10/2022

Limitations: Attrition and drop-out

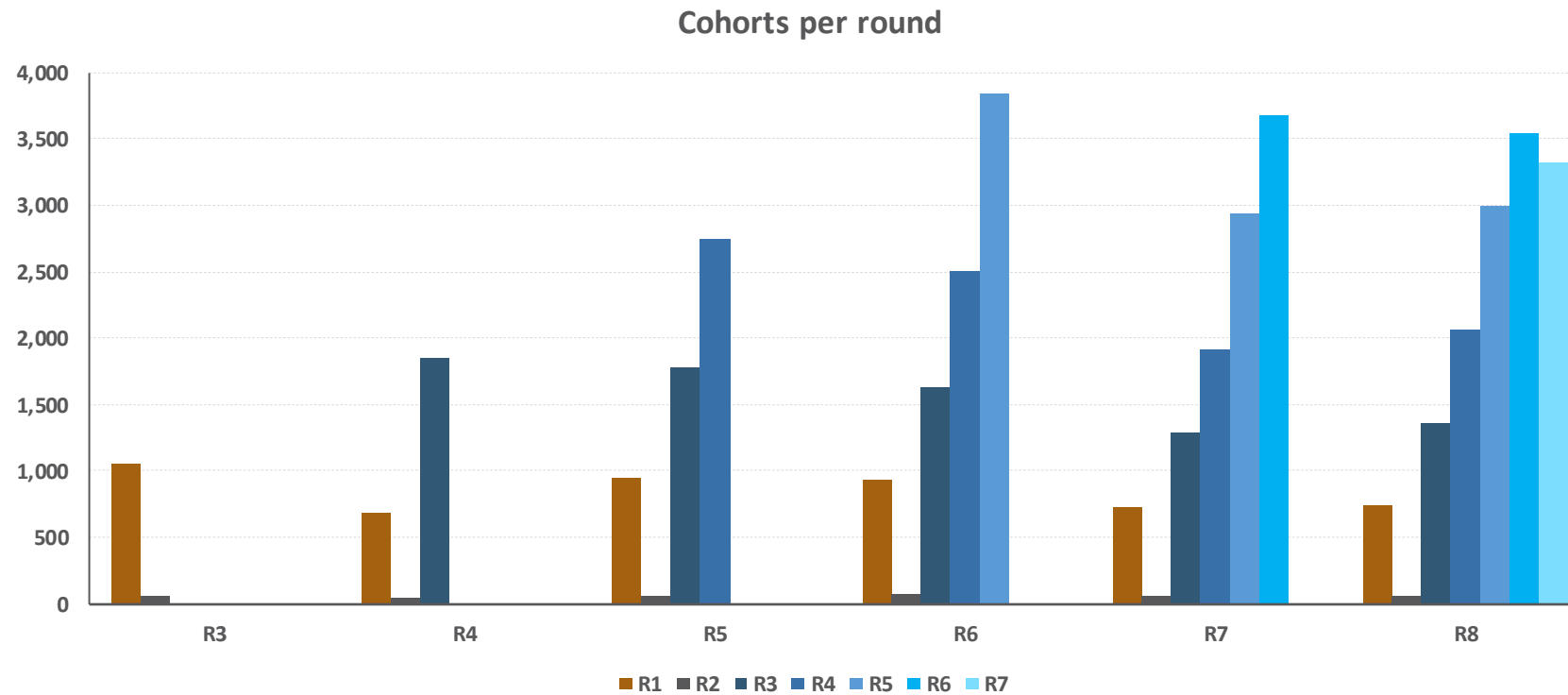
Dropout per round



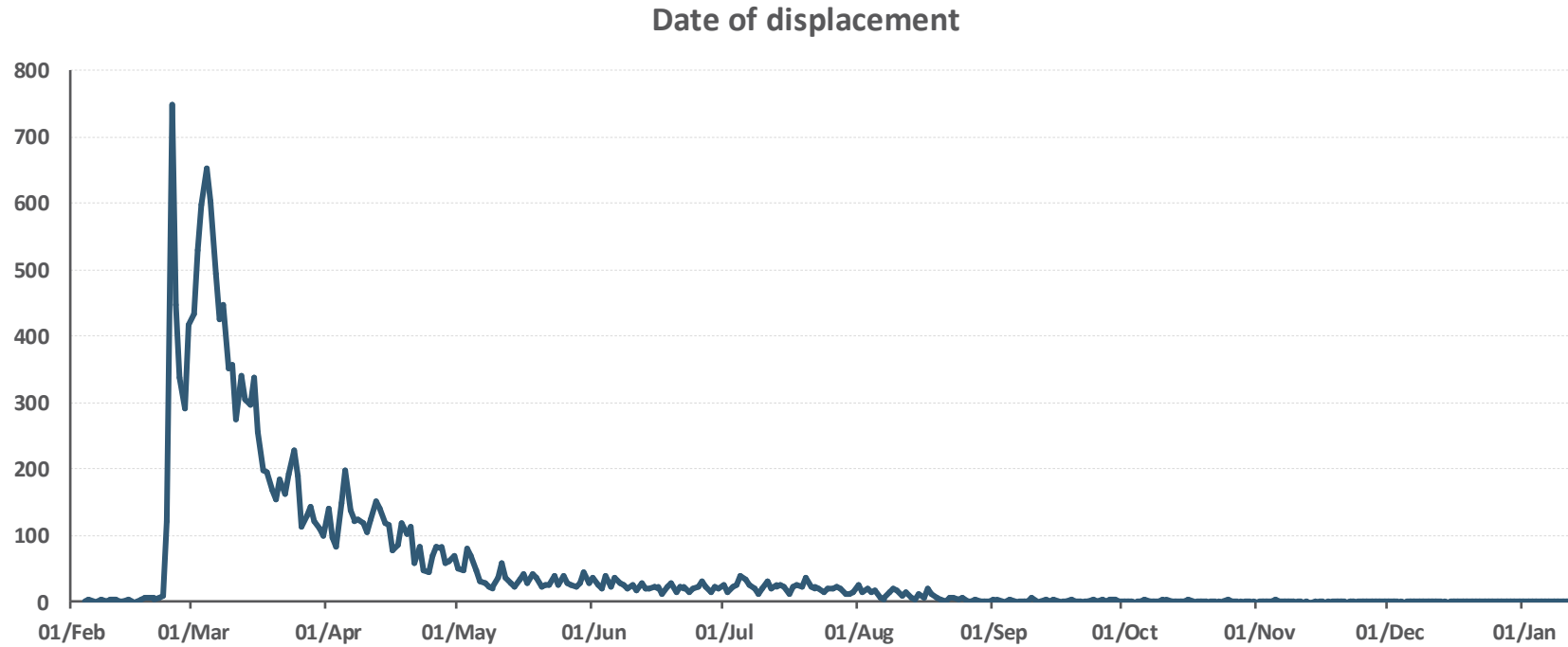
Attrition



Limitations: sample changes and cohorts



Advantages: quick mobilisation



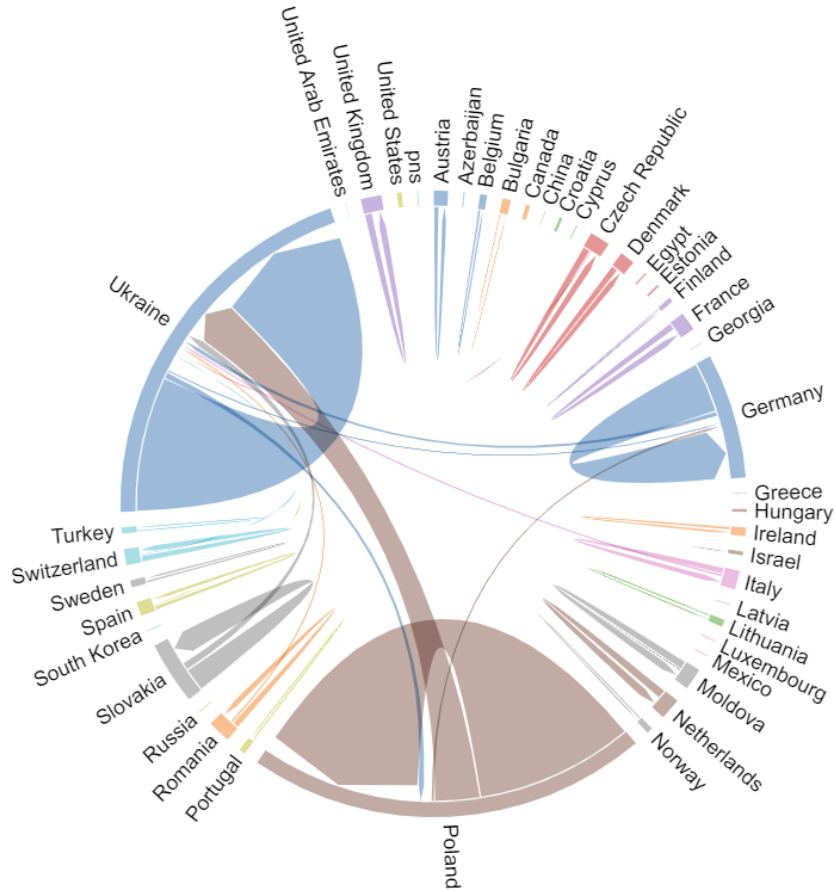
Advantages: tracking stories over time

Family from Mykolaiv

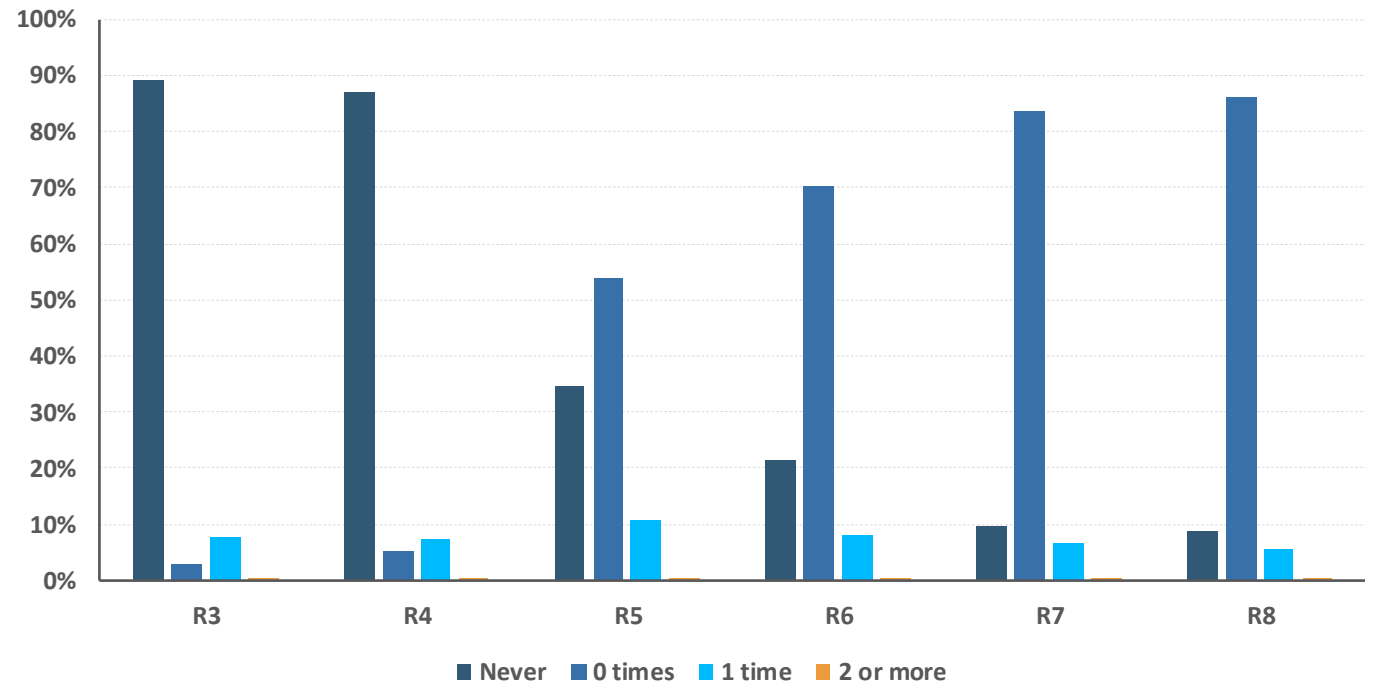


Advantages: comparing over time

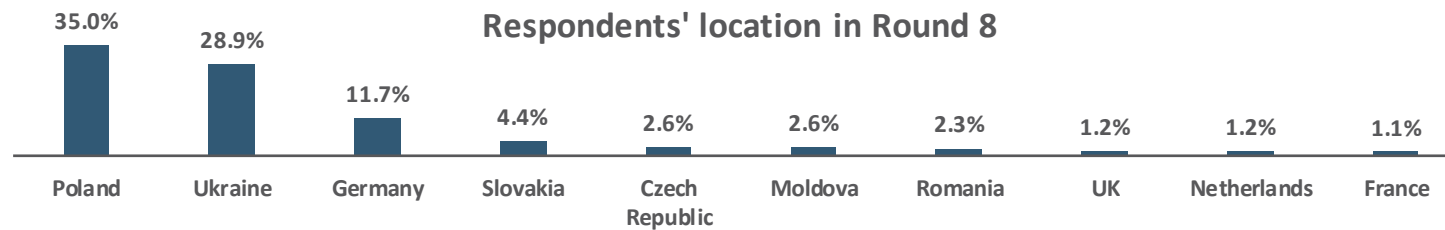
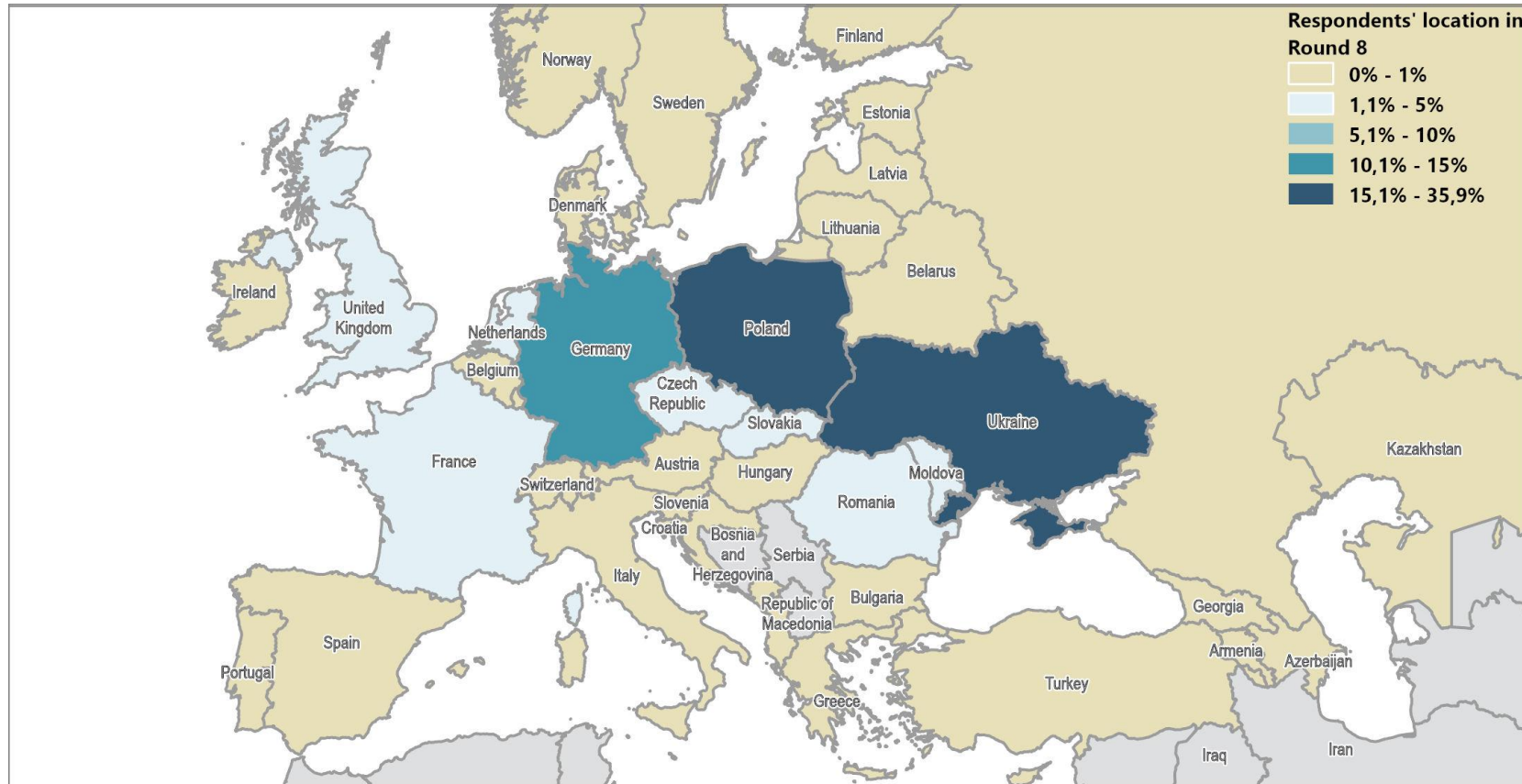
Respondents' location in Round 3 and Round 8



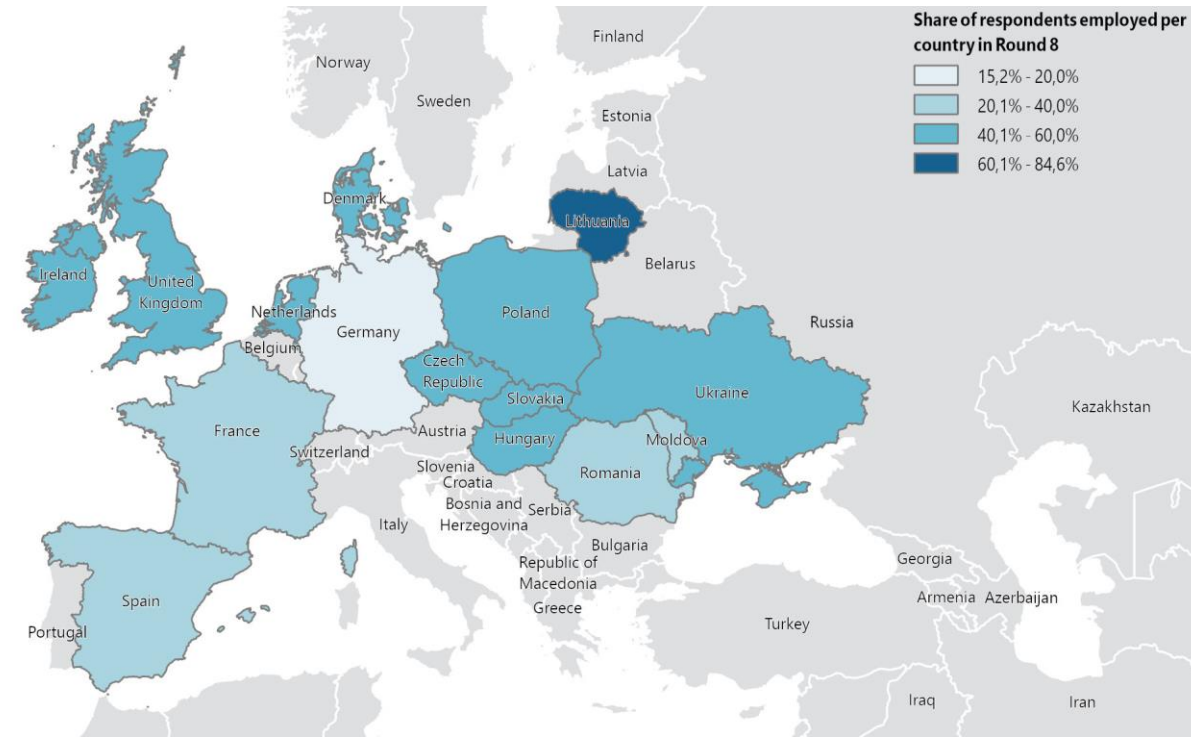
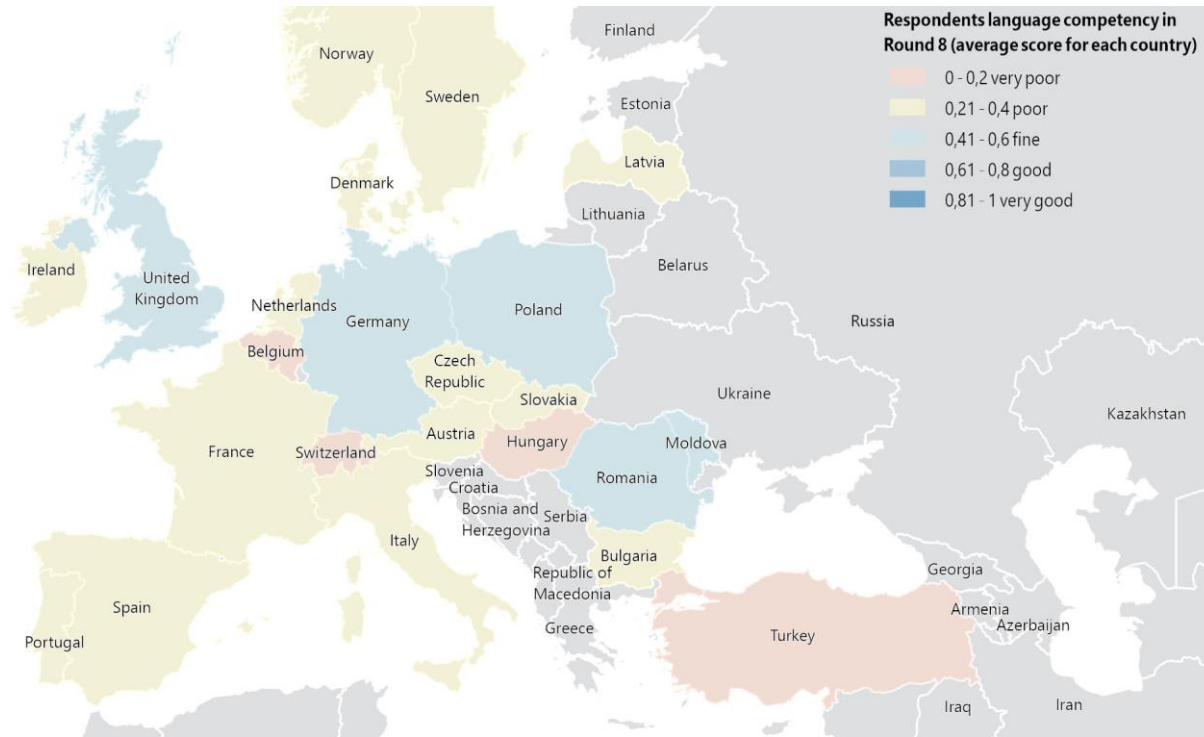
Times visited Ukraine in the past month per Round



Advantages: comparing between countries

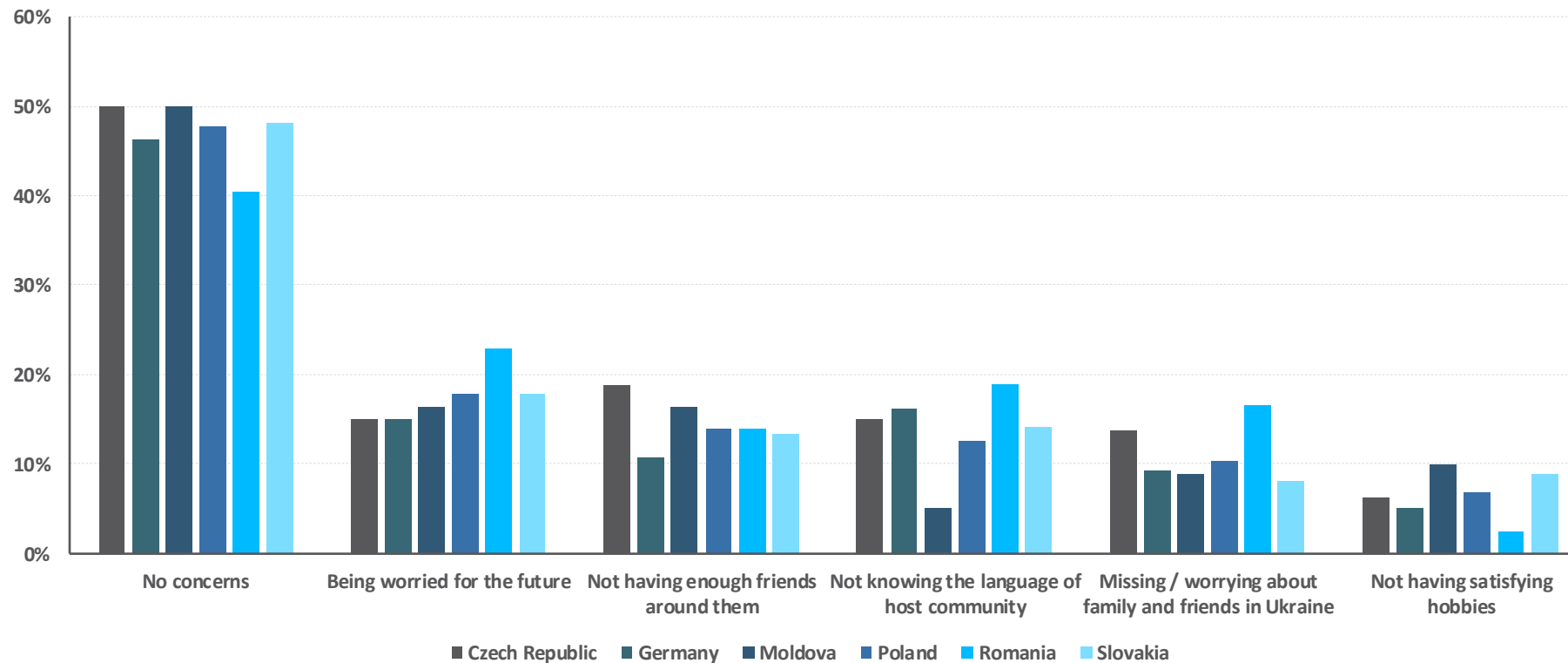


Advantages: comparing between countries



Advantages: zoom-in on key topics - child protection

Safety and wellbeing concerns for children and adolescents reported by caregivers



Next steps

NEXT STEPS

- Longitudinal analysis from R3 to R9 to be published in February
- Monthly child-protection snapshots
- Continued consent diversification through Viber and Facebook
- Outreach and partnerships to ensure survey results are actioned and to update the ad-hoc modules to cover humanitarian data gaps

THANK YOU

alvaro.sardiza@impact-initiatives.org