





THE INTERNATIONAL DATA ALLIANCE FOR CHILDREN ON THE MOVE

Leveraging data to protect and empower migrant and displaced children

IDAC Guidelines on child-specific indicators

Cécile Thoreau, OECD 17th July, 2024













Mission and Objectives of the IDAC

MISSION: to improve data and statistics on migrant and displaced children in support of evidence-based policymaking and programming that can protect and empower them.

Formally signed in November 2023

Strengthen national data systems and capacities to protect migrant and displaced children

Establish and promote collaborative and innovative methods for child-specific data

Improve data visibility, availability, accessibility and usability



Organizational Structure and Membership

Secretariat

- >UNICEF (chair)
- > Eurostat
- ≻IOM
- > OECD
- >UNHCR

Advisory Board

- > Statistics Norway
- > South Africa Statistics
- > Statistics Sweden
- > Statistics Netherlands
- > African Union
- > Department of Statistics in Jordan
- >UN Statistics Division
- >UN Population Division
- > UNESCAP

25 countries

Latin America (5): Chile, Colombia, El Salvador, Mexico, Peru

Asia (2): Nepal, Thailand

Sub-Saharan Africa (4): Cameroon, Nigeria, South Africa, Uganda

MENA (4): Djibouti, Egypt, Jordan, Morocco

Europe (10): Greece, Iceland, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Serbia, Slovenia,

Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom

15 ORGs

Mixed Migration Centre, Migration Policy Institute, Save the Children, IDMC, IMPACT-REACH, EU – KCMD, Aid Data, JIPS, Australian National University, ISDC, Northwestern University, Georgetown University, University of Bristol, WorldPop

13 INGOs

UNICEF, IOM, UNHCR, UNDP, UNSD, UNPD, ESCAP, UNFPA, UNESCO, WHO, African Union, OECD, Eurostat

IDAC: Quick Facts (since 2020)





In just three years, IDAC has...

→ ORGANIZED

13

Events and webinars on improving data for children on the move

→ PUBLISHED

15

Reports, briefs, blog posts, newsletters and data updates

→ SPOTLIGHTED CHILDREN AT

14

Global and regional forums, calling attention to children's needs in the migration and displacement agenda

Indicators for Children on the Move



Poor availability of stock/flow and data for child-specific indicators





Unbalanced data between regions



Poor disaggregation by migratory status



Poor disaggregation by age and sex



IDAC Guidelines on Child-Specific Indicators

Objectives:

- Recommend stock and flow statistics for children
- Recommend child-specific indicators for Health, Nutrition, Education, Child Protection and Poverty
- ✓ Discuss crucial disaggregation dimensions
- Provide examples on good practices and experiences





Selection process and thematic areas

- 1) Be **relevant** to children on the move
- 2) To represent the multidimensional aspects of wellbeing of children on the move
- 3) Based on **existing indicator** frameworks
- 4) Good potential for quality data







Health and nutrition







Child protection

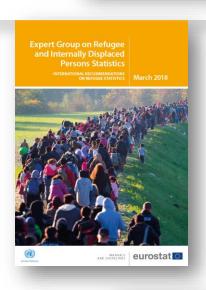
Poverty

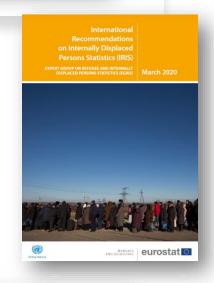


Indicator frameworks relevant to children on the move

- Sustainable Development Goals
- Expert Group on Migration Statistics (EGMS)
- UN Migration on Network, GCM indicators
- EGRISS: IRIS, IRRS and IROSS
- OECD Indicators of Immigrant Indicators
- Sectoral: WHO, UNESCO, UNICEF Strategic plan.









Recommended Core statistics

Stock



International migrant children

UN EGMS

Refugee Children **EGRISS**

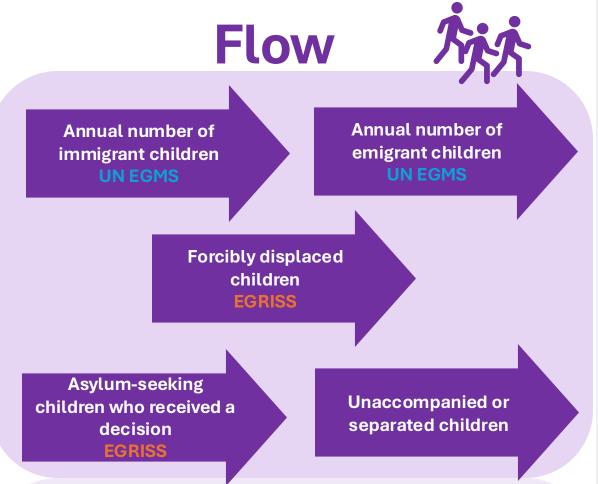
Internally displaced children **EGRISS**

Asylum seeker children

EGRISS

Stateless children in the context of migration or disp.

Asylum-seeking **EGRISS** decision





Priority indicators









Health and nutrition

Education

Child protection

Poverty

SDG 2.2.

Wasting

Reading and math proficiency

SDG 16.9.1

Birth registration

SDG 1.2

Under national poverty line

SDG 3.7.2

Adolescent birth rate

Completion rate

UNICEF SP 3.a.7, UNNM

Sustainable solution

SDG 1.2.

Multidimension al poverty

SDG 3.8.1

Essential health services coverage

SDG 8.6.

Youth NEET



Additional indicators











Health and nutrition

Education

Child protection

Poverty

WHO

Antenatal care coverage (ANC4)

Suicide

Out-of-school rate

Child labour

WHO

Early Child Development

Underage marriage

Under

international poverty line

Obesity

Family planning access

Discrimination

Physical punishment

Social protection

Skilled Birth Attendance

Vaccination coverage

Human trafficking

Sexual violence

Under-five mortality rate UNICEF SP 3, a, 5, a

Psychosocial services

UN EGMS

Detention

WHO, UNICEF

Exclusive breastfeeding

UNICEF SP 3.a.5.a Food insecurity

(CFIES)

IDAC indicators include:

- 25 SDG indicators
- 6 EGRISS (IRIS, IRRS)
- 4 UN EGMS
- 3 WHO
- 3 UNICEF Strategic Plan



Final set of GCM indicators

Included 12 indicators that IDAC proposes.

Including:

- Children who were provided with a sustainable solution
- Average duration in detention due to irregular migration



Country experiences



Surveys focused on children on the move: the case of Italy



The Migration Profile of Serbia, a collaborative product for the benefit of children on the move



A collaborative effort

IDAC Secretariat

































Other organizations

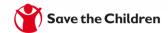


















Next steps

- Finalizing the document in 2024.
- Integrate it into formal processes, such as the UN Statistical Commission, GCM, etc.
- Develop specific guidelines on how to collect data for the chosen indicators.
- Dissemination and sharing with countries and partners for implementation.



FOR BETTER LIVES FOR CHILDREN ON THE MOVE





Contact Information

IDAC@unicef.org

https://data.unicef.org/resources/international-data-alliance-for-children-on-the-move/









