

STRENGTHENING GENDER STATISTICS (SGS)

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Presenter:

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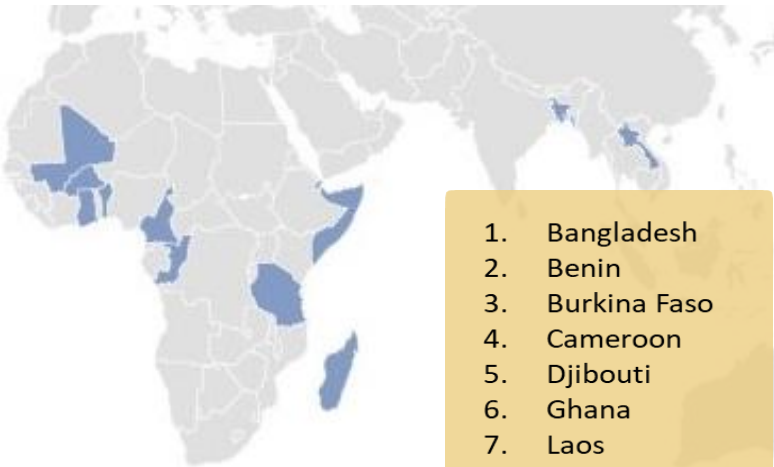


The Strengthening Gender Statistics (SGS) Project Overview



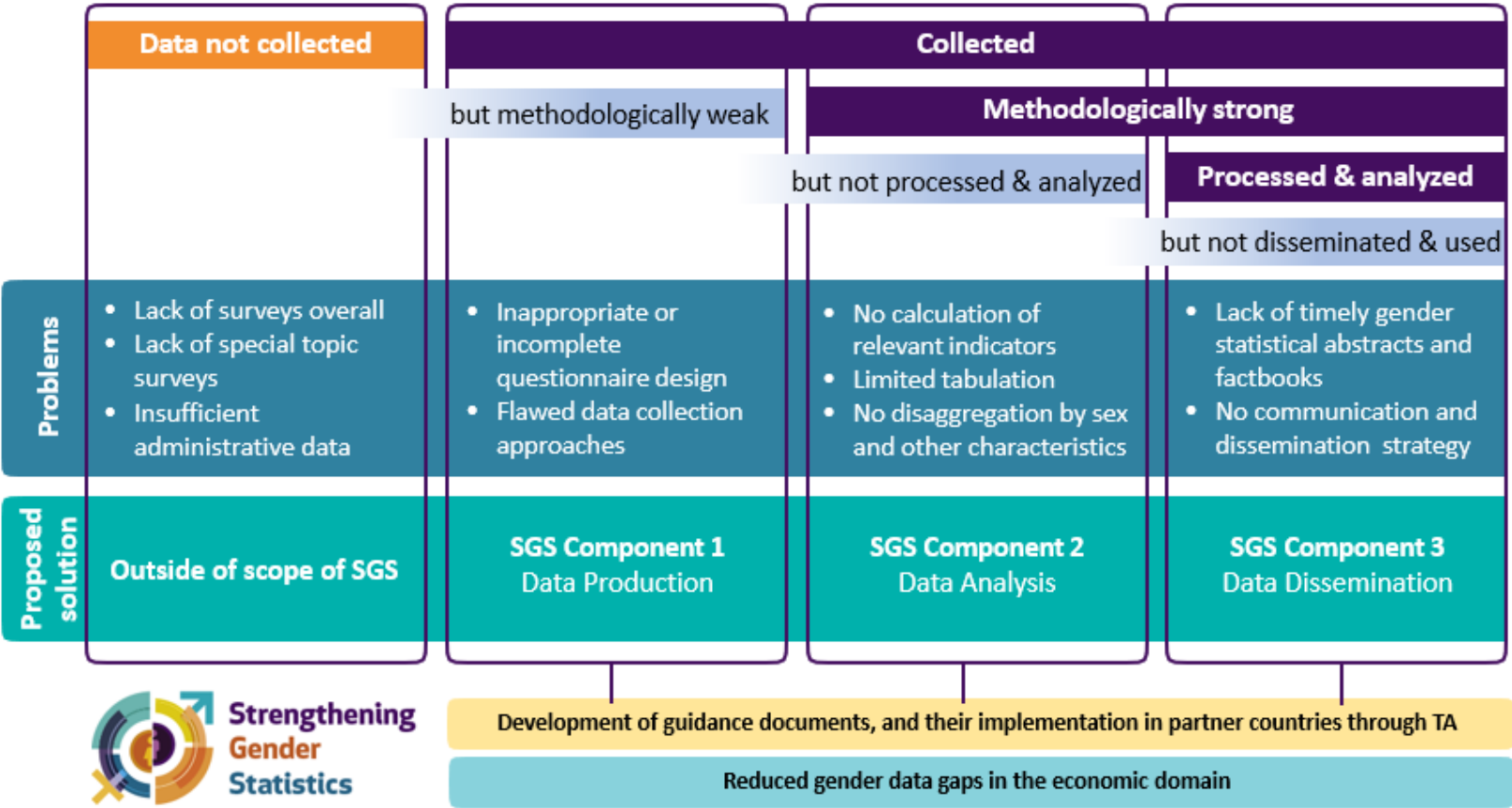
- **Objective:** to **narrow gender data gaps in national statistical systems** and increase the availability, quality, and use of gender data, especially those related to economic status and outcomes.
- **Team:** implemented jointly by Gender Group, Poverty and Equity Global Practice, and the Development Data Group’s Living Standards Measurement Study (LSMS).
- **Approach:** holistic and streamlined **technical assistance** on data production, data analysis, and data dissemination & uptake.

12 Partner Countries



1. Bangladesh
2. Benin
3. Burkina Faso
4. Cameroon
5. Djibouti
6. Ghana
7. Laos
8. Madagascar
9. Mali
10. Republic of Congo
11. Somalia
12. Tanzania

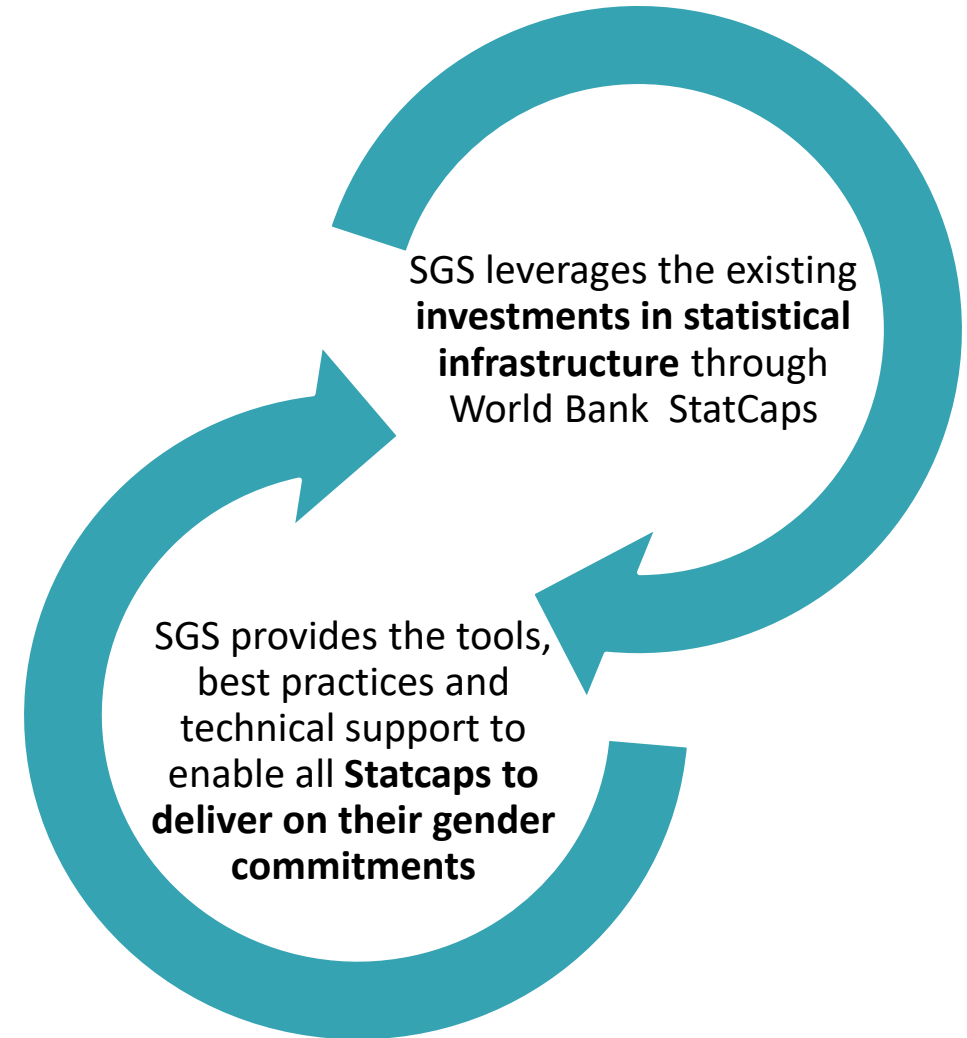
SGS Project Components



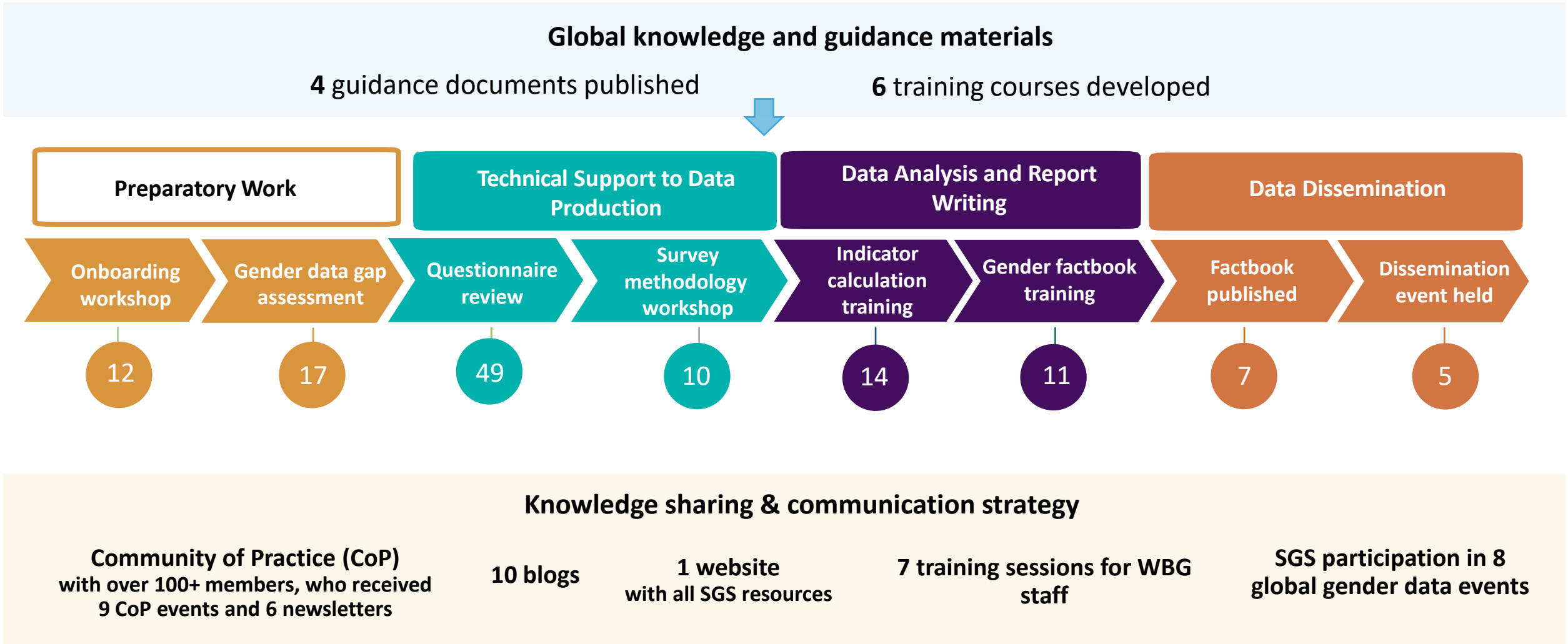
SGS and World Bank Statistical Capacity Building Operations (StatCaps)



- **Statistical Capacity Building (StatCap)** operations are Investment Lending Projects that include various components aimed at **strengthening a country's statistical system**.
- StatCaps have scaled to **more than 40 IDA countries** in the past 5 years with an overall value of **\$2 billion of WB funding**.
- All StatCaps are committed to **close gender data gaps and increase the number of the UNSD Minimum List of Gender Indicators**.



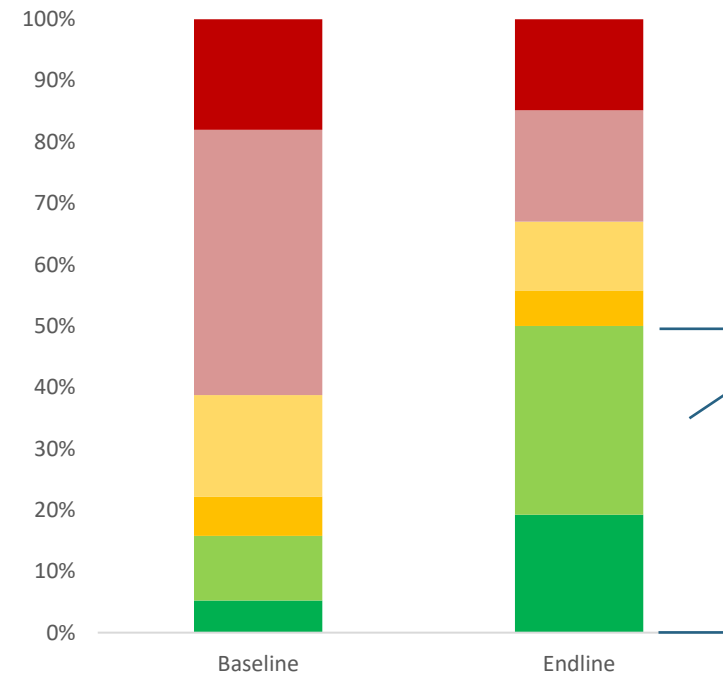
The SGS project progress





The SGS project improves the availability of gender indicators...

SGS priority indicators by availability category, pooled across partner countries



96 indicators from the SDG framework and/or the UN MSGI became newly available in SGS partner countries.
39 of these indicators expected to be regularly collected.

- Available—Meets all aspects of indicator definition and data regularly collected
- Available—Meets all aspects of indicator definition but data not regularly collected
- Partially available—Some aspects of indicator definition missing but data regularly collected
- Partially available—Some aspects of indicator definition missing and data not regularly collected
- Unavailable—Data collected but indicator not calculated or published
- Unavailable—Data not collected

Photos from the SGS indicator calculation trainings in Cameroon, Lao PDR, and Madagascar

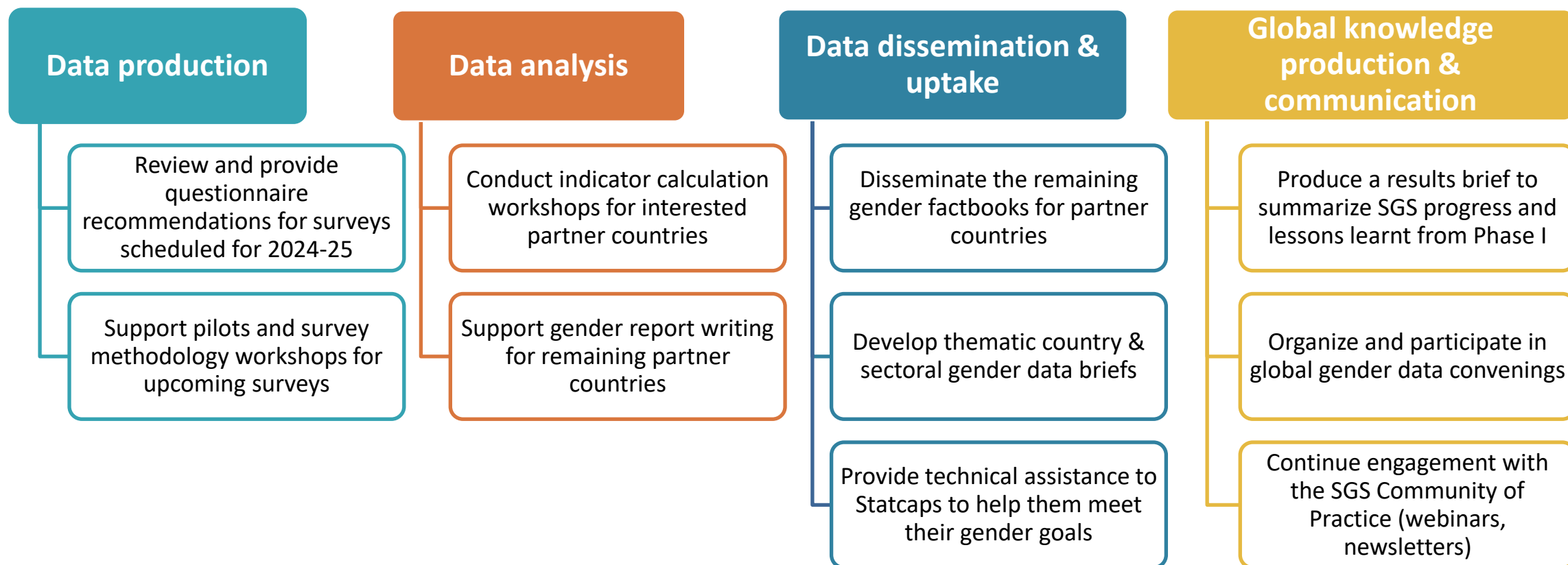
...and ensures that the gender data are properly disseminated and communicated

- The end goal of sustained SGS engagement with partner countries is to **increase the share of priority gender indicators** that are regularly produced, properly calculated, and available in the public domain.
- As of December 2024, [Bangladesh](#), [Burkina Faso](#), [Djibouti](#), [Ghana](#), [Mali](#), and [Somalia](#) have published gender indicators with SGS support – either as a standalone gender data publication or incorporated into a broader report.
- SGS has also supported the production of the **first regional [WAEMU gender factbook](#)**, which is now publicly available.



Photos from the dissemination events of gender factbooks in Somalia, Djibouti, and Mali

Looking forward: SGS activities until the end of Phase I (December 2025)





Thank you!