



Towards an integrated and harmonized information system on international migration in Morocco

Context and perspectives of the implementation

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Rabat, 20-22 juin 2022





Contexte

- Agenda 2030 (ONU, 2015) sur les ODD;
- Pacte mondial pour des migrations sûres, ordonnées et régulières (Nations Unies, 2018) ;
- 20e Conférence Internationale des Statisticiens du Travail (CIST)/BIT, 2018a, organisée en 2018;
- Observatoire Africain des Migrations (UA, 2018b), au Maroc, et un Centre de Recherche sur les Migrations ;
- Etat des lieux des statistiques de la migration internationale de main-d'œuvre (SMIMO) au Maroc, élaboré e 2019/2020 et publié en 2021 (BIT, AMEM/THAMM) ;
- Atelier sous-régional sur les SI relatifs à la MIMO /2019 (Maroc, Mauritanie, Tunisie):

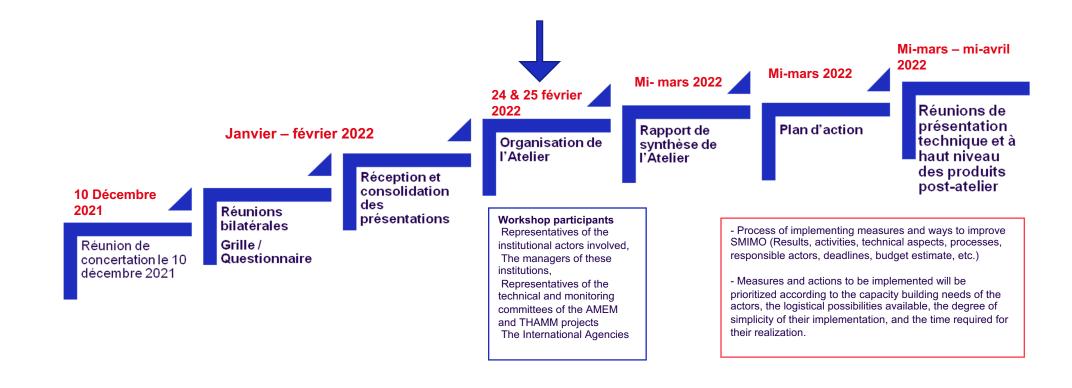
The need for data harmonization and a national strategic reflection on an integrated information system;

• Atelier technique : Towards an integrated and harmonized information system on international migration in Morocco





Processus et Etapes Pré, Pendant et Post Atelier







Objective of the Technical meeting

Laying the groundwork for an integrated and harmonized information system of labor migration statistics (SIMIMO), under the leadership of the leadership of the HCP, through:

- mobilizing all the actors involved in the collection, production, and analysis of these mobilizing all actors involved in the collection, production, and analysis of these statistics and raising their awareness;
- examining the limitations and shortcomings of available statistics identifying capacity building needs;
- formulating recommendations, measures and concrete actions to be implemented to to be implemented to improve the quality of statistics.





Main data producers



- Ministère de l'Inclusion Economique, de la Petite Entreprise, de l'Emploi et des Compétences (MIEPEEC) /Direction de l'Emploi/Département de la Formation professionnelle
 - Moroccan workers placed abroad
 - Immigrants authorized for salaried employment in Morocco
 - Professional training of immigrants
- Ministère de l'Intérieur /Observatoire National de la Migration/Direction de la Migration et de la Surveillance des frontières (DMSF)
 - Failed attempts at immigration or irregular emigration
 - Voluntary return of migrants in vulnerable situations to their countries of origin
 - Cross-border migrant smuggling networks dismantled
- Direction Générale de la Sureté Nationale (DGSN)
 - Foreigners with a residence permit in Morocco
- Ministère des Affaires Etrangères, de la Coopération Africaine et des MRE/Direction des Affaires Consulaires et Sociales
 - Moroccans residing abroad registered with the Diplomatic Missions and Consular Posts
 - Refugees recognized by the Moroccan authorities



Main data producers



Agence Nationale de Promotion de l'Emploi et des Compétences (ANAPEC)

- Moroccan workers placed abroad (who go through ANAPEC)
- •-Foreign workers employed in Morocco to whom ANAPEC has issued the activity certificate
- Migrants in regular situation, those regularized through the extraordinary regularization campaigns and similar, and refugees registered at ANAPEC
- -Migrants with regularized projects and registered at ANAPEC

Caisse Nationale de Sécurité Sociale (CNSS)

- Foreign employees declared to the CNSS
- Foreign pensioners of the CNSS

Office de Change

- Remittances received from Moroccans living abroad
- Haut-Commissariat aux Réfugiés
 - Refugees and Asylum seekers
- Haut Commissariat au Plan
 - Census RGPH
 - · Labour Force Survey i
 - International Migration Survey (MEDHIMS 2018-2019)
 - Two surveys on the Impact of Covid 19 on refugees 2020 2022
 - Survey on forced migration 2021





The Technical meeting

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The Technical meeting

- Concepts and definitions for labor migration, Emigrants, Immigrants, Returning migrants, Irregular migrants, Regular migrants, Refugees and asylum seekers);
- -Classifications used: (National classifications, International classifications; Ad-hoc classifications (for specific need);
- Types of indicators produces
- Reference periods used (One year, a few months, five years, ten years)
- -Reference periods recommended at the international level
- Data sources: Census, Surveys, Administrative statistics
- -Data collection and production methods
- _ Collection process; Data processing and exploitation methodes;-Data entry method, Database (in what form, software used,





The Technical meeting

- Collection process; Data processing and exploitation methodes;-Data entry method, Database (in what form, software used, updating...)
- Quality of data and adjustments made
- Coordination, exchange of information and methods of dissemination of results

Through this consultations we could Identify:

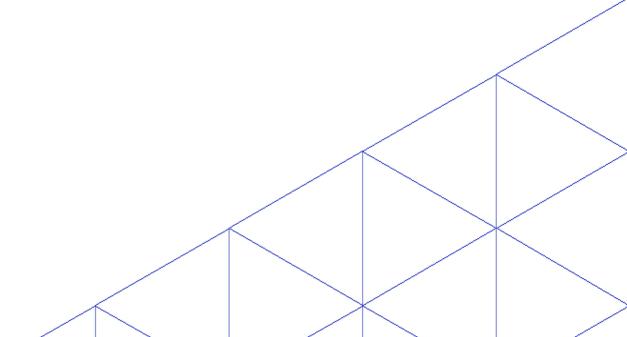
strengths, weaknesses (eg: variation from international standards), areas for improvement (indicators that could be produced..)





Next steps

- Process of implementing measures and ways to improve SMIMO (Results, activities, technical aspects, processes, responsible actors, deadlines, budget estimate, etc.)
- Measures and actions to be implemented will be prioritized according to the capacity building needs of the actors, the logistical possibilities available, the degree of simplicity of their implementation, and the time required for their realization.







Main challenges

- Data is produced for administrative purpose only;
- Difficulties to assimilate concepts and definitions from non statisticians;
- Reticence to share data with other users;
- Resistance to change;
- leadership and coordination.





Thanks