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OVERVIEW OF CRPD AND OTHER DISABILITY STANDARDS:

DATA NEEDS FOR THEIR IMPLEMENTATION

# CONVENTION ON THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (CRPD)

- Adopted in 2006
- Entered into force in 2008
- Instrument for inclusive development and for advancement of the universal human rights of persons with disabilities
- Articles on women and children with disabilities, accessibility, education, employment, rehabilitation, access to justice, etc.

# CONVENTION ON THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

- The Conference of State Parties takes place annually to discuss implementation of CRPD
  - Aim:
    - exchange views and new ideas for improving disability policies and programmes
  - Focus:
    - practical solutions to the obstacles encountered by persons with disabilities on the ground

# CONVENTION ON THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (CRPD)

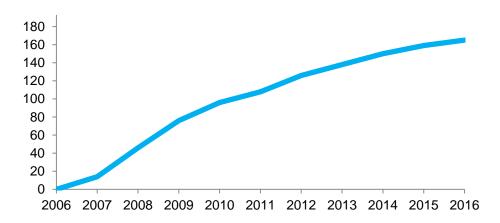
### Core aspects to the implementation of the Convention

- harmonization of laws relating to disability and adaptation of policies and programmes to be in line with the Convention
- non-legal strategies advocacy and social change
- formulation of policies, programmes and evaluation measures that promote the full and equal participation of persons with disabilities in society and development

# CONVENTION ON THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (CRPD)

- 174 ratifications so far
  - √ 90% of Member States have ratified the Convention.

# Number of CRPD ratifications from Member States



## OTHER RELEVANT DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORKS RELEVANT FOR DISABILITY

#### 2030 Agenda and SDGs

Adopted in September 2015, includes seven targets focusing on persons with disabilities

#### **Addis Ababa Action Agenda**

Adopted in July 2015, with references to disability in a number of areas (social protection, employment, education, infrastructure, technology and data)

#### Post-2015 Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (Sendai)

Adopted in March 2015, includes persons with disabilities as beneficiaries and as agents of change

#### **World Humanitarian Summit**

Launched the first-ever Charter on Inclusion of Persons with Disabilities in Humanitarian Action

#### **New Urban Agenda**

Guiding urban development with the principles of universal design and accessibility for all

## UN DESA/DSPD/SECRETARIAT FOR THE CONVENTION ON THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

#### Areas of work:

- Organizing and supporting the Conference of State Parties to CRPD and other the intergovernmental processes
- Policy analysis on the situation of persons with disabilities in economic and social development
- Building multi-stakeholder and expert networks for identifying options for the implementation of the Convention, the 2030 Agenda and other international disability frameworks
- Collaborating with key stakeholders, including organizations of persons with disabilities, to explore viable options for action
- 5. Building national capacity to implement the CRPD and the 2030 Agenda inclusive of person with disabilities, their rights, well-being and perspectives
- 6. Promoting accessibility across the UN system and globally
- 7. Promoting awareness of disability issues

## UN FLAGSHIP REPORT ON DISABILITY AND DEVELOPMENT

- Requested by UN GA
- Aims to report on progress towards:
  - internationally agreed development goals, which will include the SDGs
  - provisions of the CRPD
- **❖** To be released in 2018

### LACK OF DISABILITY DATA/STATISTICS

#### Key challenge for policy analysis: <u>lack of data</u>

- Several GA resolutions called for internationally comparable data on disability
- Article 31 of CRPD
  - asks States Parties to collect appropriate information, including statistical and research data, to formulate and implement policies
- 2030 Agenda calls for high quality timely data disaggregated by disability

#### DATA NEEDS FOR POLICY MAKING

### Disability data is essential for:

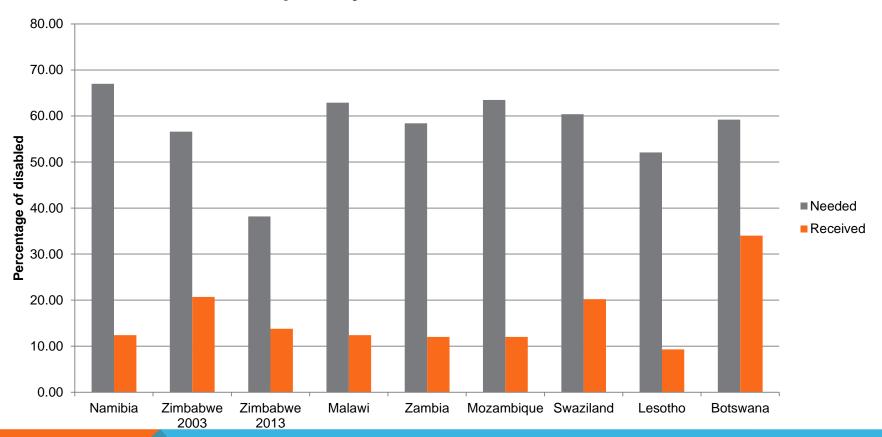
- the development of effective national policies for service provision
- monitoring the quality and outcomes of policies for persons with disabilities
- identifying national policies that maximize the participation of persons with disabilities in all areas of social life like transportation, education, employment, etc.
- assessing equalization of opportunities

### Internationally comparable disability data is essential for:

- Reviewing and following up on the implementation of CRPD and the 2030 Agenda
- Guiding development programs and policies

### **AN EXAMPLE**

### **Gap analyses - assistive devices**



**Source: SINTEF Technology and Society** 

### **QUESTIONS FOR THOUGHT**

- Guidelines and Principles for the Development of Disability Statistics which revisions are needed to the ensure the effective monitoring of the implementation of the CRPD and the SDGs?
- How can environmental factors (assistive devices, accessible transport, etc) be monitored?