# Ghana's Readiness to Report on SDGs

GHANA'S DATA FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT ROADMAP FORUM APRIL  $5^{\text{TH}}$ , 2017

#### Data Requirement

- Global Agendas: Sustainable Development Goals, COP21
- Regional Agendas: AU Agenda 2063
- National Agendas: Medium Term Development Framework; Long-term National Development Plan

Efforts to align are ongoing

### Linking all the Data Needs



## Addressing Data Gaps



#### SDG Indicator Tier Classification

Based on their level of methodological development and overall data availability, the indicators contained in the set of 230 global indicators are classified as:

- (a) Tier I: Indicator conceptually clear, established methodology and standards available, data regularly produced by countries
- (b) Tier II: Indicator conceptually clear, established methodology and standards available, but data not regularly produced by countries
- (c) Tier III: Indicator for which an internationally agreed methodology has not yet been developed

Work plan for development of Tier III indicators Discussed during 5th IAEG-SDG

#### Current global indicator regime

- The updated global tier classification (December
  - 83 Tier 1 indicators
  - 59 Tier 2 indicators
  - 83 Tier 3 indicators
  - 5 indicators that have multiple tiers (differer of the indicator are classified into different tie

Tier 2

**230 SDG Indicators** 

**Total Number = 230** 

#### Data Determination Process in Ghana

Assessment of the current situation for data production for monitoring the SDGs in Ghana including:

What data do we currently have for tier 1, 2 & multiple tier indicators?

Where can we find this data?

Which institution s are producing the data?

What is the most recent year that this data is available?

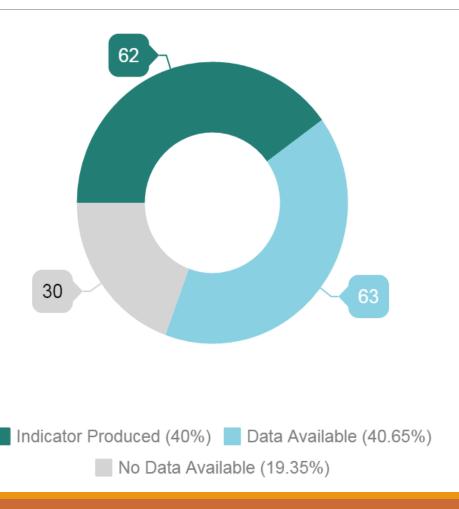
How often is this data produced ?

At what level is the data currently disaggregat ed?

Where data is not produced, what are the potential sources?

Draft report now available on GSS website for comments

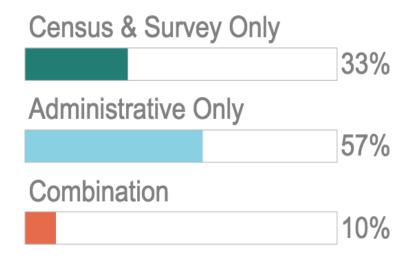
#### Current Data Situation in Ghana: Tier 1, 2

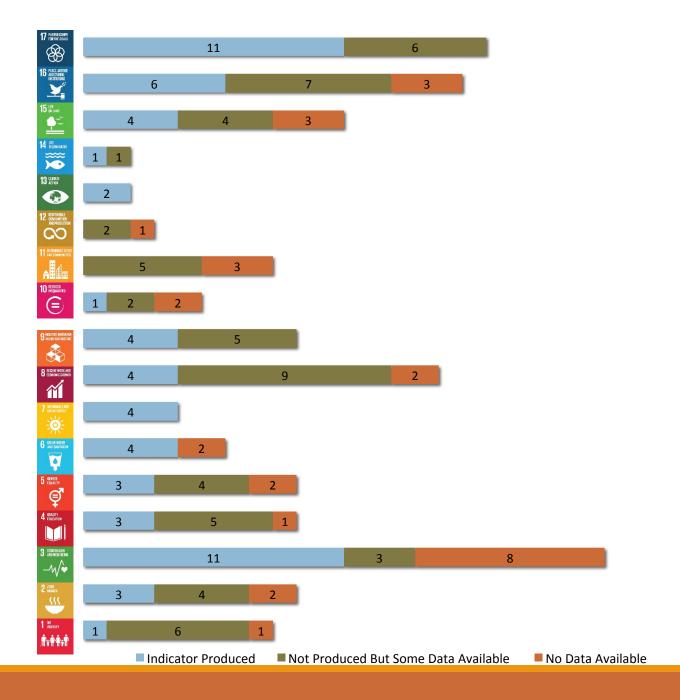


#### Current Data Situation in Ghana: Tier 1, 2



Of those indicators that are produced/ data is available for, the data is from:





#### Key challenges to Leave No One Behind

- Data Disaggregation
  - Gender
  - Location
  - Socio-economic grouping
  - Disability status
  - Etc.
- Timeliness of Data
- Data on new thematic areas
- Multi-stakeholder data production
- Improving use of data for decision-making

# Opportunities and approaches to filling data gaps



**Strengthening Censuses and Surveys** 



Building effective administrative data system



Exploring new sources and types of data

## Encouraging Data Use



#### Opportunities to make data easier to use



Make data Open for reuse



Better communication and visibility of data



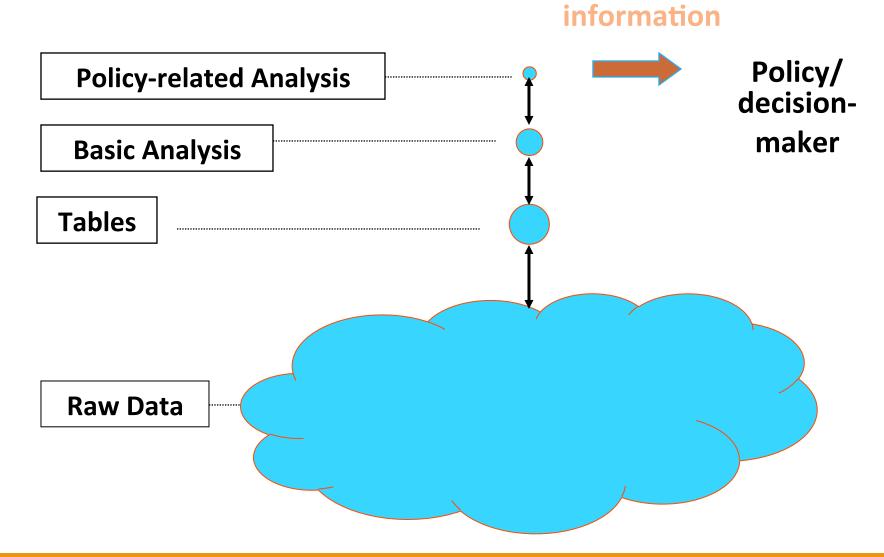
Ensure that data connects to decision-making and meets user needs



Ensure that data is interoperable and harmonized

#### Increased Production of Policy-Related Information

Sub-optimal use of existing data



7 April 2017 15

# Strengthening the Data Ecosystem



Stakeholders	Data Producers	Data Users	Data funders	Intermediaries
Capacities	Statistical capacity	Analytical capacity	Data Literacy	Leadership
Processes	Monitoring, Accountability, Transparency	Development planning	Policy-making	Knowledge sharing
Policies	Data release, Privacy, Security	Enabling regulations	E-commerce, copyright	International Obligation
Infrastructure	Telecoms, Data Borders	Data analytics, Visalisation	Data standards	Interoperability- Data Sharing and Open Data

#### Over the coming years, we will need to...

- •Map, understand and interact with the actors in the data ecosystem and have clear roles and responsibilities
- Enhance existing capacity and build new ones
- Devise processes that reach across government agencies and beyond
- Evolve the policy and enabling environment
- •Take advantage of existing infrastructure and build new ones where required
- Establishing data quality assurance framework

### Summary



## Thank You