UN GWG on Big Data – Scanner Data

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Task Team on Scanner Data

- Initial focus on the use of scanner data from retailers to aid the calculation of price indices

- Time frame: April 2017 - April 2017
Task team members

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- Michael Smedes (UN)
Task Team on Scanner Data

**Aim:** Increase the effective use of scanner data in official statistics...

1. ..through lowering the barriers of entry for countries by providing a library of methods, guidance and training
2. ..via the sharing of experience, practice and learning between countries on the use of scanner data
3. ..and through supporting Public-Private collaboration in the acquisition and use of scanner data
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Deliverables:

1. Delivery of a tool hosted on the UN Global Platform for analysis, monitoring and index estimation using historic scanner data from Nielsen

2. Accompanying training and instructional material on the use of the tool

3. Accompanying methodological guidance material summarising and referencing to literature, recommendations and cataloging good practice
Base period, e.g. January

Compare price change of a fixed basket of goods over time

Current period, e.g. October
New data = new methods?

- These new data sources allow for different index methods to be used.
- E.g., there are index methods that allow for new products to enter the market during the year.
- Scanner data also gives us an opportunity to change the expenditure weights over time.
But how do we choose?

- Inflation statistics are often one of the most high-profile releases that an NSI produces.
- Changing the methodology and data source requires a lot of research and analysis before an NSI can decide on a final plan of implementation.
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Case studies

- Many NSIs are starting to research the feasibility of using these data in a production environment.
- The instructional guide is a useful summary of current literature and includes case studies of NSIs who have implemented the data in production.
The aim of this tool is to allow NSIs access to tested index method code, and to practise using the different methodologies on some training data.
Nielsen data

- 2 data sets for milk and cauliflower
- Canada, June 2015 to June 2018
- Key variables: unique ID, product name, salesunits (quantity), salestonnage or saleslitres (quantity), salesCAD (expenditure)
- Derive a unit price for each product
Demo of using the UN Global Platform – initial analysis
Nielsen data

- **Churn (cauliflower)** -
  - 40 unique products at the beginning of the period
  - 46 unique products at the end
  - 35 products remained in the sample over the 3 years
Monitoring the data

Histogram of unit values (cauliflower)
Monitoring the data

Histogram of unit values (milk)
Demo of using the UN Global Platform – FEWS index
Price indices - milk

Index June 2016 = 100

Jun-16 Sep-16 Dec-16 Mar-17 Jun-17 Sep-17 Dec-17 Mar-18 Jun-18
Lessons learnt so far - Platform

- Technology platform provides easy to use interface
- Availability of a range of trusted index methodology expedites learning
- The set-up of the platform requires a learning curve for the task team participants.
Lessons learnt so far – Nielsen

- Comprehensive clean data
- Value in establishing a partnership to establish best practices
- Adding a data dictionary would facilitate data understanding
Next steps

- Finalised Phase 1:
  - Instructional manual loaded to the platform
  - Expanded test data stored on UN Global Platform
  - Code up additional index methods to allow for testing
Next steps

- Commence Phase 2:
  - Using Scanner Data to calculate CPI expenditure weights
  - Data cleaning and sorting to provide analysis ready dataset
  - Capacity Building - providing training material and courses
  - Expanding membership to include new organisations: US Federal Reserve; Eurostat; Nielsen; ECB