MONITORING OF SDGs INDICATORS IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

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Federal State Statistics Service (Rosstat)

Workshop on Data and Statistics for Evidence-based Voluntary National Reviews (VNRs)

Vienna, Austria, 9-12 December, 2019
SDG MONITORING AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL

1. Implementation of global SDGs indicators
2. Development of a national set of indicators for the SDGs
3. Establishment of a national reporting platform on SDGs indicators
4. National SDG reports (federal and regional)
5. Preparation of the voluntary national review (VNR) 2020
COORDINATION MECHANISM

Interdepartmental Working Group on Climate Change and Sustainable Development under the Presidential Executive Office (IWG)

Federal executive authorities

Federal State Statistics Service (Rosstat)

Expert community

Expert Group for informational and statistical support to SDGs monitoring under IWG, chaired by Rosstat
Rosstat is authorized to coordinate the activities of the federal authorities on the collection and submission of official statistical information on SDG indicators to the international organizations.

Federal plan of statistical works (Federal plan) determines the order of the submission of official statistical information on SDG indicators to the international organizations.

Section 2.8 “SDGs indicators in the Russian Federation” is included in Federal Plan of Statistical Works (FPSW).

90 SDGs indicators are included in the Federal Plan of Statistical Works (FPSW):
- 54 indicators (60%) – Rosstat
- 36 indicators (40%) – other 18 federal authorities
REPORTING STATUS OF INDICATORS

90 SDGs indicators are included in FPSW

Data are available - 65 indicators
Proxies are available - 14 indicators
Data will be available 2019-2020 - 11 indicators

SDG indicators, total - 232

2017-2019
Tier I and II indicators* - 142
Included in the FPSW - 90 (63%)

2020
Tier I and II indicators* - 208
Planned in the FPSW - 102 (49%)

Remaining 106 indicators will be included in the “Roadmap for SDGs”

* **Tier I**: The indicator is conceptually clear, a methodology is available, standards are available, data are regularly collected by countries.

**Tier II**: The indicator is conceptually clear, a methodology is available, standards are available, data are not collected by countries.

**Tier III**: An indicator for which there is no established methodology, standards or methodology, standards in the development process.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Federal authority</th>
<th>Indicators</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Federal State Statistics Service (Rosstat)</td>
<td>54 +3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Finance</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment</td>
<td>6 +1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank of Russia</td>
<td>4 +1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Treasury</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Service for Surveillance on Consumer Rights Protection and Human Wellbeing</td>
<td>3 +1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Digital Development, Communications and Mass Media</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Agriculture</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Economic Development</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Agency for Water Resources</td>
<td>2 +1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Agency for Fishery</td>
<td>2 +2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Health</td>
<td>2 +1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Energy</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Agency for Air transport</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Forestry Agency</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Service for State Registration, Cadaster and Cartography</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Science and Higher Education of the Russian Federation</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Service for Hydrometeorology and Environmental Monitoring</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Service for Supervision of Natural Resources</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Education of the Russian Federation</td>
<td>+1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Construction and Housing and Communal Services</td>
<td>+1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DATA AVAILABILITY FOR SDG, by goals
DECREE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION “ON NATIONAL GOALS AND STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION FOR THE PERIOD UP TO 2024” (7TH OF MAY, 2018)

1. Demography
2. Healthcare
3. Education
4. Housing and Urban environment
5. Ecology and environment
6. Safe and high-quality infrastructure
7. Labour productivity and employment
8. Science and research
9. Digital economy
10. Culture
11. Support of small business
12. International cooperation and export
Draft national set of SDG indicators  –  364
Rosstat  –  210
Expert community  –  154

Emphasis on 12 directions from the Decree of the President of the Russian Federation of May 7, 2018 "On national goals and strategic objectives of the Russian Federation for the period up to 2024".
DISTRIBUTION OF INDICATORS, INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL SET OF SDGs INDICATORS, BY GOALS

- 3 (Good health and well-being)
- 4 (Quality education)
- 8 (Decent work and economic growth)
- 1 (No poverty)
- 2 (Zero hunger)
- 9 (Industry, innovation and infrastructure)
- 16 (Peace and justice)
- 17 (Partnerships for the Goals)
- 10 (Reduced inequalities)
- 12 (Responsible consumption and production)
- 6 (Clean water and sanitation)
- 7 (Affordable and clean energy)
- 14 (Life below water)
- 13 (Climate action)
About SDGs

On September 25th 2015, the UN member states adopted a set of goals to end poverty, protect the planet and ensure prosperity for all as part of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. Each of the 17 Goals has specific targets to be achieved over the next 15 years.

The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development is a long-term plan for major changes, involving 17 interconnected and inseparable goals and targets in the field of sustainable development. It is important to note that this agenda is universal and applies to all countries.

The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development was developed to improve the lives and future of all people around the world. As a result, today the world community has not only the resolutions of International Peace and Security adopted by the General Assembly and the Security Council, but also the road maps. In fact, sustainable and inclusive development is not only an independent goal, but also the best available tool for the international community to prevent the emergence of a variety of problems.

For the Sustainable Development Goals to be reached, everyone needs to do their part: governments, the private sector, civil society and all the inhabitants of the Earth.
no poverty

goal one: end poverty in all its forms everywhere

3.1.1. being developed
- Data
- Metadata

3.1.2. being developed
- Data
- Metadata

2. Zero Hunger

3. Good Health and Well-Being

3.1.1. being developed
- Data
- Metadata

3.1.2. being developed
- Data
- Metadata

3.1.3. being developed
- Data
- Metadata

3.1.4. being developed
- Data
- Metadata

3.1.5. exploring data sources
- Data
- Metadata

english + russian
translated metadata
### SDG REPORTING STATUS

**https://eng.gks.ru/sdg/reporting-status**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SDG</th>
<th>Goal</th>
<th>Indicators</th>
<th>Progress (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>No Poverty</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Zero Hunger</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Good Health and Well-Being</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>26%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Quality Education</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>26%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Gender Equality</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>26%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Clean Water and Sanitation</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>26%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Affordable and Clean Energy</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>26%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Decent Work and Economic Growth</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>26%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure**

**Reduced Inequalities**

**Sustainable Cities and Communities**

**Responsible Consumption and Production**

**Climate Action**

**Life below Water**

**Life on Land**

**Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions**

**Partnerships for the Goals**
SDG IN THE UNIFIED INTERDEPARTMENTAL STATISTICAL INFORMATION SYSTEM (UNISIS) https://fedstat.ru

1. Federal State Statistics Service

2. Rosstat and other subjects of official statistical accounting
   - 2.1. Indicators for assessing the effectiveness of executive bodies of the constituent entities of the Russian Federation
   - 2.2. Indicators for assessing the effectiveness of local governance
   - 2.3. Indicators for assessing the effectiveness of the anti-corruption conditions for doing business
   - 2.4. Indicators for evaluating the performance of senior officials of the constituent entities of the Russian Federation to create favorable conditions for doing business
   - 2.5. Indicators of socio-economic development of the Arctic region
   - 2.6. Indicators of socio-economic development of the Russian Federation of May 7, 2012 No. 955-626
   - 2.7. Indicators of socio-economic development of single-industry towns
   - 2.8. Indicators of achievement of the sustainable development goals
   - 2.9. Indicators of socio-economic development of the Russian Federation
   - Indicators of national projects

Diagram:

Доля населения, пользующегося информационно-телекоммуникационной сетью «Интернет» (17,8.1) (процент, значение показателя за год, Россия (код по ОКСМ), Всего по территориям, Всего)

Schedule Bar Chart

- 2015
- 2016
- 2017
- 2018
- 2019

- 15-19 лет
- 20-24 лет
- 25-29 лет
- 30-34 лет
- 35-39 лет
- 40-44 лет
- 45-49 лет
- 50-54 лет
- 55-59 лет

15,000
10,000
5,000
0

6420 indicators
63 departments
INFORMATIONAL STATISTICAL POCKETBOOK "RUSSIA’ 2019", INCLUDING A SECTION ON SDGS

> Annual issue
> In Russian and English
The first regional report was made by Regional Statistics Office in Rostov Region (Rostovstat) and includes the progress of Rostov region on each of 17 SDGs.
The programme seeks to support interested cities and regions in fostering a territorial approach to the SDGs by:

- **measuring** where they stand vis-à-vis the national average and their peers;
- **engaging a multi-level dialogue** with their lower and upper levels of government to build consensus on who can do what, at what scale and how;
- **sharing** best practice and lessons from international experience.

«Cities and regions have a crucial role to play in SDG achievements although the 2030 Agenda was not designed specifically for or by them. Most underlying policies and investments are a shared responsibility across levels of government. It is estimated that 65% of the 169 targets underlying the 17 SDGs will not be reached without proper engagement of and coordination with local and regional governments» (OECD)
Issue - December 20, 2019
Data for all 17 goals
Infographics
International comparisons
Extended list of all available global and national SDG indicators in the Appendix on the Rosstat website
Russian and English versions
“We also encourage Member States to conduct regular and inclusive reviews of progress at the national and subnational levels which are country-led and country-driven. Such reviews should draw on contributions from indigenous peoples, civil society, the private sector and other stakeholders, in line with national circumstances, policies and priorities. National parliaments as well as other institutions can also support these processes.” (General Assembly resolution 70/1)

- The Analytical Center under the Government of the Russian Federation, in cooperation with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Russia, Rosstat and interested federal authorities and organizations, is authorized to prepare a Voluntary National Review of the achievement of sustainable development goals in 2020 as part of the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.
VOLUNTARY NATIONAL REVIEW 2020

- 17 thematic groups of experts for each goal have been created. They include representatives of NSO, federal authorities, academic institutions, non-profit organizations, public organizations and business – more than 200 people in total
- 14 public discussions have been held
- 17 draft chapters for each SDG were created
- VNR 2020 will include all available global SDG indicators as well as indicators from the National set of SDG indicators.
THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

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(Rosstat)

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