# Leaving No One Behind in VNRs:

The case of ESCAP LNOB Platform in Asia and the Pacific

Deepening the Data Analysis in VNRs Showcasing country experiences VNR Data Lab 14 July 2023

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- Highlights inequalities in SDG indicators at national and subnational levels for 30 countries in Asia and the Pacific in 2010-2022 period based on DHS and MICS data.
- Identifies groups that are <u>furthest behind</u> in 16 SDGs on basic services, child health, women's health, education, VAW and financial inclusion based on demographic, socio-economic and cultural circumstances.
- Helps policymakers understand whom to prioritize for interventions to reduce inequality of opportunity.
- Monitors gaps and inequality in SDG achievements and supports <u>VNRs</u>.

## https://lnob.unescap.org/







### Leaving No One Behind

Reducing multiple dimensions of inequality

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## **ESCAP LNOB VNR Briefs**



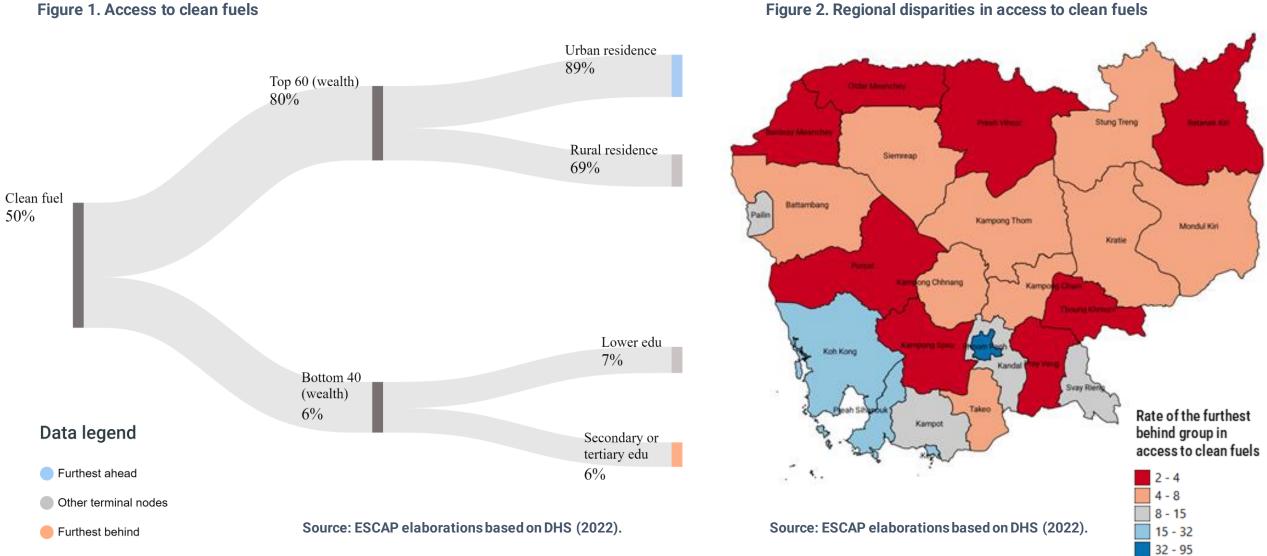


Figure 2. Regional disparities in access to clean fuels

#### **Innovative Partnerships for LNOB Analysis**



- Mongolia's MICS is from 2018. In partnership with VNR drafting team, ESCAP carried out LNOB analysis on Household Socioeconomic Survey (HSES) from 2021.HSES is publicly available and regularly collected by the NSO.
- Maldives' DHS is from 2017. ESCAP analyzed HIES 2019 and provided inputs for VNR 2023. Additional SDGs (i.e., NEET, chronic disease and informal employment) are captured.
- **Cambodia** published its latest DHS in April 2023. In partnership with the RCO, ESCAP team swiftly analyzed and found evidence for significant progress in many SDGs from 2014 to 2022.
- **Fiji** conducted its first MICS in 2021. Collaborating with the RCO and FBoS, SDGs that are not on LNOB platform are analyzed finding positive impact of recent policies on CRVS.