TURNING PROMISES INTO ACTION

Gender Equality in the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development
THE REPORT CALLS FOR GENDER RESPONSIVE ACTIONS

- Integrated, rights-based approaches to implementation

- Improving gender data, statistics and analysis to monitor all SDGs

- Prioritizing investments, policies and programmes

- Strengthening accountability through processes and institutions to ensure integrated implementation, follow-up and review
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MAKING WOMEN AND GIRLS VISIBLE: DATA FOR GENDER EQUALITY

Gaps in gender data and the lack of trend data make it difficult to assess and monitor the direction and pace of progress for women and girls.

To achieve gender equality across the 2030 Agenda we need to make every woman and girl count. This will require a revolution in gender statistics and democratic accountability.
AVAILABILITY OF DATA FOR THE 54 GENDER-SPECIFIC INDICATORS, BY COUNTRY, REGION AND GLOBALLY, 2000-2015

Source: UN Women calculations based on UNSD 2017a.
Note: Calculations in this figure are based on the assessment of data availability for all 54 gender-specific indicators and their sub-components across a total of 205 countries and areas/territories. Each line represents the percentage of gender-specific indicators with available data per country/area.
MONITORING GENDER EQUALITY IN THE 2030 AGENDA

Gender-based discrimination—deeply rooted and present across all countries—threatens to undermine the transformative potential of the 2030 Agenda in real and measurable ways.

In this chapter we undertake a goal-by-goal review and show with new data and new analysis that gender inequalities remain pervasive in each and every dimension of sustainable development.
Figure 3.2

Proportion of people living in extreme poverty, by sex and age, 2009-2013


Note: Data refer to the most recent available during the period specified for 89 developing countries.
Women are up to 11 percentage points more likely than men to report food insecurity.
WHO IS BEING LEFT BEHIND?

Looking beyond the averages

Even within the same countries, different groups of women and girls often inhabit parallel realities.

Women and girls who experience multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination fare worse than all other groups in key SDG-related dimensions.
Gender-based discrimination will often intersect with other forms of discrimination to create acute forms of disadvantage.
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