Presentation of the TOSSD methodology
Total Official Support for Sustainable Development (TOSSD)

Side event at the IAEG-SDGs meeting

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Outline

• Why does TOSSD matter?
  – Emergent and explicit private sector involvement in SDGs
  – Nascent influence of social entrepreneurship
  – Moving from billions to trillions

• How can TOSSD contribute to the SDG indicator framework?
  – Mutual benefit in the emergent data sources

• How has the methodology been developed?
Why does TOSSD matter?
Resources for sustainable development are not entirely captured by existing statistics

Current data sources on official support

- ODA
- OOF (other official flows)
- South-South co-operation
- Triangular co-operation
- Private finance mobilised
- Global Public Goods for Sustainable Development (research, peace and security)

Sustainable development filter

From billions to trillions, including mobilisation of private sector resources for SDG implementation
Why TOSSD?
How can this be useful to NSOs?

• Strengthening Africa reporting and monitoring systems across NSOs, Reserve Banks and tax authorities
  – E.g. can contribute to Africa’s UNECA/AU President Mbeki led illicit financial flows enquiry – a major challenge for Agenda 2063 and SDGs

• Supporting agendas currently being discussed by the statistical community
  – Mutual benefit to and from the Conference of European Statistician (CES) on resource flows in global manufacturing and foreign direct investment: implications for compiling national accounts and balance of payments statistics.

• Providing detailed information on investments made by the private sector, including:
  – E.g. OECD initiatives on understanding and appropriate reporting on multinational operations
  – It will shed light on the emergent Social Enterprise movement and the related statistical compilation and reporting requirements

• Providing one reporting system for external development finance flows

• Helping to move the agenda from mobilising the billions to the trillions.
How can TOSSD contribute to the SDG indicator framework? The proposal of the TOSSD Task Force

• TOSSD can be a data source for selected existing financing indicators:
  – Upgrading Tier III to Tier II indicators (e.g. 7.a.1: “International financial flows for clean energy R&D”)
  – Complementing data sources for Tier I indicators (e.g. 10.b.1: “total resource flows for development”)

• TOSSD as a complementary indicator of the means of implementation in the long run (2020 review)
How has the methodology been developed?
Illustration of the TOSSD contribution for indicator 9.a.

1: “Total official international support to infrastructure”

Currently

ODA (official development assistance) = USD 24 billion

OOF (other official flows) = USD 28 billion

In the future, based on TOSSD

Pillar I = USD 50 billion
Pillar II = USD 3 billion
Amounts mob. = USD 9 billion

From billions to trillions

Private finance mobilised
South-South co-operation
Triangular co-operation
Global Public Goods (research, peace and security)
How has the methodology been developed?
The work of the International TOSSD Task Force

Established in 2017 following the call at the 3rd International Conference on Financing for Development to develop the TOSSD framework in an open, inclusive and transparent manner.

- **Co-chairs:** Mr Risenga Maluleke (South Africa) and Mr Laurent Sarazin (EU).
- **Members:** 25 experts from partner countries, traditional and emerging providers, as well as international organisations (8 experts from NSOs).
- **Mandate:** develop the TOSSD statistical framework (definitions, measurement parameters and methodologies, eligibility criteria).
- **Task Force website:** all documents are posted there to allow for “open, inclusive and transparent” discussions.
- **Consultations:** country pilots (e.g. Senegal, Philippines, Nigeria, Costa Rica), outreach events (e.g. UN StatCom, FFD Forum).
How has the methodology been developed?
A robust set of emerging reporting instructions

• **Definitions** (e.g. sustainable development, resource flows)

• **Statistical concepts and taxonomies** (e.g. sector, financial instrument)

• **Reporting principles** (e.g. quality standards, activity-level)

• **Specific methods**
  – In-kind technical co-operation
  – Private finance mobilised
How has the methodology been developed?

Timeline of TOSSD development

• **By the end of 2018:** finalise the methodology for the TOSSD “cross-border resource flows” pillar.

• **Early 2019:** conclude work on the TOSSD methodology including on “development enablers/global challenges” pillar.

• **Throughout 2019:** TOSSD data collection from provider countries and institutions. Regional consultations in Africa, Latin America, Asia.

• **From 2020:** TOSSD data available for possible use in monitoring SDG finance.
Next steps

• What is the best approach to feature TOSSD in the UN StatCom agenda in 2019?

• How can TOSSD be integrated in the 2020 review of SDG indicators?
Thank you!

Visualisation of TOSSD data – in future

TOSSD to the for all sectors and all SDGs in 2016

Pillar 1
USD 188.1 billion

Pillar 2
USD 57.1 billion

Mobilisation
USD 32.5 billion

By Sector
By Recipient
By SDG

By Sector
Export activities
TOSSD to for all sectors and all SDGs in 2016

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Export activities
TOSSD to Ghana for all sectors and all SDGs in 2016

Mobilisation
USD 1.8 billion

Pillar 1
USD 1.5 billion

By Sector
By Recipient
By SDG

Export activities
TOSSD to Ghana by sector in 2016

Export activities
TOSSD to Ghana for all sectors and all SDGs in 2016:
listing of activities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity Description</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fisheries Promotion in Sekondi</td>
<td>USD 8 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Fishery services</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water supply system in Upper Western Region, Wa, including design, construction</td>
<td>USD 6 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and equipment provision <em>Water supply and sanitation</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fiber optic backbone link, data center and managed services <em>Telecommunication</em></td>
<td>USD 4 million</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Mobilisation
USD 1.8 billion

Pillar 1
USD 1.5 billion

Export activities

TOSSD to Ghana for all sectors and all SDGs in 2016

By Sector
By Recipient
By SDG

1. POVERTY
2. HEALTH
3. BASIC EDUCATION AND LAW ENFORCEMENT
4. GENDER
5. EQUALITY
6. ECOLOGICAL SUSTAINABILITY
7. SUSTAINABLE AND PROSPEROUS ECONOMY
8. SUSTAINABLE INFRASTRUCTURE AND CITIES
9. RESILIENCE AND GLOBAL COMMUNITY
10. INTEGRATED PROGRESS AND productions
11. SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION
12. SUSTAINABLE SOCIETY AND PRODUCTION
13. CLIMATE CHANGE
14. NATURE AND Lands
15. OCEANS
16. PEACE AND INTEGRATION
TOSSD to Ghana for all sectors and all SDGs in 2016
125 activities in Ghana in 2016 toward Energy with combined value of 105 of gross disbursements and 347 of private finance mobilised (USD million).
TOSSD to Ghana for energy and all SDGs in 2016: listing of activities

Capacity building for the integration of renewable energy into the national grid
Solar energy
USD 0.5 million

Rural electrification project in Ashanti and Eastern Regions Ghana
Electric power transmission/distribution
USD 0.3 million

Provide access to sustainable energy services for isolated rural populations
Energy generation – renewable sources
USD 0.3 million
Thank you!

1. What is TOSSD?

- TOSSD is a statistical measure that includes all officially-supported resource flows to promote sustainable development in developing countries, to support development enablers and to address global challenges at regional or global levels.
  - Official bilateral and multilateral institutions.
  - Traditional donors and emerging economies, including through south-south co-operation and triangular co-operation.
  - All instruments (concessional and non concessional).
  - Also captures private resources that are mobilised through official means.

- TOSSD is complementary to ODA. It covers a broader range of flows focused on sustainable development.
  - Need to move “from billions to trillions” of financing to achieve the SDGs.
2. Why TOSSD?
Who will benefit and use TOSSD data?

• **Recipient countries:**
  – A better and more complete overview of incoming flows and co-operation frameworks.
  – Increased accountability of providers.
  – Leading to better allocation of resources.

• **Providers:**
  – Better coordination and division of labour among providers.
  – Better allocation of public resources.

• **International community:**
  – Supports the monitoring of resources towards the SDGs.
  – Improved understanding of private sector resources.
  – Incentives for further private sector mobilisation.
4. TOSSD in practice
A few examples of statistical elements agreed or being finalised by the Task Force

- The definition of sustainable development is based on the “Report of the World Commission on Environment and Development” (Brundtland Report)
  - “The concept of “Sustainable Development” is defined as development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.”

- The concept of “framework of collaboration” to be able to reflect all types of co-operation used in the 2030 Agenda:
  - South-South Co-operation
  - Triangular Co-operation
  - Islamic Finance

- The measurement of technical co-operation:
  - Using a « purchasing power parity » factor to take into account different salary levels between different countries.
5. Potential of TOSSD for the global SDG monitoring framework

• Access to comprehensive data on all sources of development finance, reported by both traditional donors and emerging economies.

• TOSSD is also specifically designed to look at the sustainability aspects of development co-operation.

• Potential confirmed by recent pilot studies in Nigeria and Costa Rica: TOSSD would fill critical information gaps related to SDG finance.
4. TOSSD in practice
How will data be collected?

- **Bilateral providers** (aid agencies or government ministries)
- **Multilateral providers** (international organisations)
- **Recipient countries** (NSOs and relevant ministries)

**Data collection body / “custodian agency”**
- Sets reporting deadlines
- Processes data (eligibility, data quality)

Reports data

Reports data on a voluntary basis

Data publication
4. TOSSD in practice
Publication of TOSSD data: a platform in construction

TOSSD to the world for all sectors and all SDGs in 2016

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