THE COLLECTION OF DATA ON ASSET OWNERSHIP AND THE METHODS USED TO VALUE ASSETS

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PRESENTATION OUTLINE

• Introduction
• The Agriculture Productivity Module Survey
• Survey objectives
• Approaches used to ask questions on asset ownership
• Methods used to value assets
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INTRODUCTION: COLLECTING ASSET DATA AT THE HOUSEHOLD LEVEL

• The Zimbabwe National Statistics Agency (ZIMSTAT) utilize periodic household surveys to collect data on asset ownership at household level

• Key main surveys that collect data on asset ownership at household level are:

  • Population and housing census decennial census
  • Intercensal Demographic survey (ICDS)
  • Poverty Income and Consumption Survey (PICES)
  • Agriculture Productivity Module Survey (APMS) Individual level ownership of assets
  • Agriculture and livestock Survey (ALS)
  • Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS)
  • Zimbabwe Demographic and health Survey (ZDHS)
  • The Labour force survey

• In this presentation I will focus on the Agriculture productivity module survey
COLLECTION OF DATA ON ASSET OWNERSHIP THROUGH THE AGRICULTURE PRODUCTIVITY MODULE

• The Agricultural Productivity Module (APM) Survey, is the first nationally representative study on agricultural productivity in Zimbabwe.

• The survey covers the agricultural small sectors i.e. the A1 farming areas, the Small Scale Commercial Farming areas, Communal areas and the Old resettlement Areas.

• The survey is part of the 2017 Poverty, Consumption and Expenditure Survey.

• The Agricultural Productivity Module Survey was guided by a Technical Committee consisting of the Ministry of Agriculture Mechanization and Irrigation Development (MAMID) and the Zimbabwe Statistics Agency (ZIMSTAT) with financial support from the World Bank (WB)
SURVEY OBJECTIVES

The development objective of the APM Survey was twofold:

• (1) collect, disseminate and analyse high-quality household level data on household agriculture and welfare by introducing an additional innovative module to a subsample of the PICES 2017 survey; and

• (2) strengthen national capacity for the collection and policy relevant analysis of such data. This was done by working through existing institutions for data collection and analysis, supporting strong national ownership of the module and promoting institutional interaction between ZIMSTAT, the Ministry of Agriculture, Mechanization and Irrigation Development (MAMID), and agricultural economics researchers.
The APM survey used four approaches to gather information on asset ownership at household level. The approaches are:

- **Reported ownership**: Asking information from the respondents whether they consider themselves as owners of assets either solely or jointly with someone else.
- **Documented ownership**: Asking information from the respondents whether the ownership is documented or not and, if so, whether the respondent’s name is listed on the documentation.
- **Economic ownership**: Asking information from the respondents whether they have control over the proceeds from sale of the assets.
- **Rights over the assets**: Asking information from the respondents whether they have particular rights over their assets.

The questions mainly focused on land ownership.
METHODS USED TO VALUE ASSETS

- Information on the value of assets was collected in the Poverty, Income, Consumption and Expenditure Survey.
- Value was collected on the potential sales value.
- The lack of knowledge of the prevailing/current market prices affects the data quality.
End OF PRESENTATION

THANK YOU