Household Surveys Structures and Indicators received

By
Ghana
The Ghana Statistical Service is a Public Service Organization established by the Statistical Service law, 1985 (PNDCL 135), to collect, compile and disseminate statistical data. The Law makes the Statistical Service an autonomous body with a Board of Directors reporting to the Office of the President.
Core Functions

- Promote the effective use of Statistics and stimulate research in all fields of application of statistics
- Ensure that the Service collects and compiles socio-economic data in Ghana and presents them to relevant government agencies requiring such information
- Advise Government on all matters relating to statistics
- Collect, compile, analyse, abstract and publish statistical information
- Conduct statistical surveys, including any census in Ghana
- Organise a coordinated scheme of economic and social statistics in Ghana
Core Directorates

- Economic Statistics Directorate
- Social and Demographic Statistics Directorate
- Coordination and Program Management Directorate
- Survey Organisation and Censuses Directorate
Governance Structure

- Governing Board
- Steering Committee
- Technical Advisory Committee
- Project Implementation Team
Major surveys and census

1/3

- Ghana Living Standards Survey (GLSS)
- Ghana Demographic and Health Survey (GDHS)
- Multiple Indictor Cluster Survey (MICS)
- Maternal Health Survey (MHS)
Major surveys and censuses

2/3

- Core Welfare indicators Questionnaire (CWIQ) Survey
- User Satisfaction Survey
- Labour Force Survey
Major survey and census (3/3)

- Population and Housing Census (PHC)
- National Industrial Census (NIC)/ Integrated Business Establishments Survey (IBES)
- Census of Agriculture (CA)
- Agriculture Integrated Survey (Agris) - pilot
OBJECTIVES OF MAIN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY (1/3)

❖ To provide information on patterns of households’ consumption and expenditure.

❖ Provide data for the estimation of poverty indices at national and sub-national levels.

❖ Provide data for the development of the country’s health accounting system.
OBJECTIVES OF MAIN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY (2/3)

❖ To provide data on employment and labour underutilization.

❖ To provide data on tourism

❖ Provide information on household access to and use of financial services

❖ Provide data on governance, peace and security, and data protection
OBJECTIVES OF MAIN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY (3/3)

❖ Provide data for computing indicators for selected SDGs.

❖ Serve as the basis for the construction of a new basket for the next re-basing of the Consumer Price Index.

❖ Provide information for updating the country’s National Accounts.
Areas Covered (1/2)

- Demographic Characteristics
- Housing and Housing Conditions
- Education and Skills / Training
- Health and Fertility Behaviour
- Employment and Time Use
- Governance, Peace and Security (GPS), and Data Protection
Areas Covered (2/2)

- Labour Force
- Household Income, Consumption and Expenditure
- Prices of Consumer Items
- Household assets – both domestic and economic assets
- Household Financial Services
- Migration, Tourism and ICT
Methods for data collection

- The questionnaire is almost entirely pre-coded.

- The use of CAPI for data collection was adopted. Data entry applications was developed in CSPro 6.3.

- The data entry application system was designed to check for inconsistencies.
Some Indicators

- Attitudes towards violence against women, % of women who agree that a partner is justified in beating his partner under certain circumstances

- Early marriage, % of women married between 15 and 19 years

- Female genital mutilation, % of women who have undergone any type of female genital mutilation
Some Indicators - Gender

- Employment in Industry – male
- Employment in Services – female
- Employment in Agric - female
- Firms with female participation in ownership
- Labour Force participation rate – female
- Proportion of seats held by women in the national parliament
Some Indicators

- Land titles owned by women, % of agricultural holdings headed by women
- Women Political Voice, % of women in national parliaments
Thank you for your kind attention