

## Current approaches to measuring asset ownership and control:

FAO's recent experience with Agricultural Censuses and Surveys





#### Introduction

#### FAO contribution to EDGE Project:

- Review data collection methods on land 'ownership' and 'management' in agricultural censuses during WCA 2010;
- Propose, discuss and suggest guidelines and data collection tools to allow generating comparable sex disaggregated statistics on ownership and management of land and access to key assets in agriculture;

#### Introduction (cont'd)

- Highlight key WCA aspects for analysing gender gap in land ownership;
- Summarise review to date of WCA 2010 national experiences;
- Present tools for sex-disaggregated data collection of land ownership/management;
- Propose issues/topics for discussion.

#### **Agricultural Census**

#### Objectives:

- Provide data on the structure of agricultural holdings that is necessary for policy-making, planning and evaluation;
- Provide data for small administrative units;
- Provide a sampling frame for agricultural surveys and benchmarks to improve current crop and livestock production estimates.

#### **Agricultural Holding** (def.)

- Economic unit of agricultural production under single management comprising all livestock kept and all land used wholly or partly for agricultural production purposes, without regard to title, legal form, or size";
- The holding's land may consist of one or more parcels that share the same production means, such as labour, farm buildings, machinery or draught animals;
- Parcels are further divided into plots.

#### Agricultural Holder (def.)

#### Person who:

- Makes major decisions regarding resource use and exercises management control over the agricultural holding operation;
- Has technical and economic responsibility for the holding;
- May undertake all responsibilities directly, or delegate responsibilities related to day-to-day work management to a hired manager.

#### **World Census of Agriculture (WCA)**

- Ten-year, world-wide programme of agricultural censuses promoted by FAO with over 100 participating countries since 1950;
  - <u>FAO</u>: 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, **2010** (ongoing);
  - IIA: 1930, 1940 (unpublished);
- WCA 2010 covers period 2006-2015;
- Two components:
  - Agricultural Census itself complete enumeration of holdings;
  - Agricultural Survey Program in-depth sample surveys.

## WCA 2010: Sub-Holding and Sub-Holder

- Sub-Holding: activity or group of activity managed on behalf of holder;
- Sub-Holder: person who manages the sub-holding on the behalf of holder;
- Recommended for inclusion under Theme 12: Management of the Holding.

#### **Land Ownership/Tenure**

- Land Tenure: arrangements or rights under which the holder operates the land making up the holding;
- Recommended types (Item 0009)
  - legal ownership or legal owner-like possession;
  - non-legal ownership or non-legal owner-like possession;
  - rented from someone else;
  - other types of land tenure.

### Review of National Census Experiences

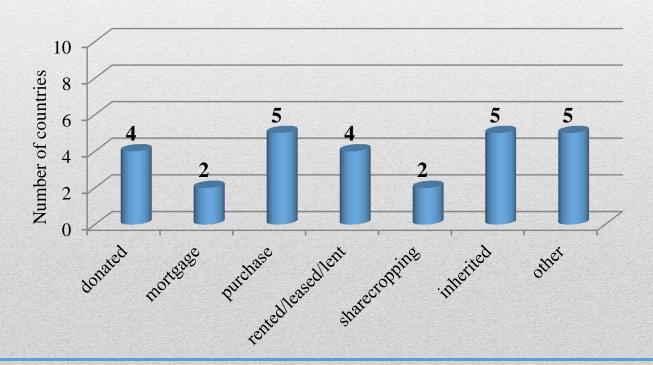
- 102 Agricultural Censuses conducted to date;
- Regional variation in census materials available (questionnaires, reports, etc.);
- Subset selected (Africa -10 countries; Asia/Oceania -21 countries) due to time constraints;
- Focus: availability of data to generate SDD land tenure/mode of acquisition and sex of holder, subholder, plot manager.

#### **National Census Experiences**

	Africa (10 countries sampled)	Asia/Oceania (21 countries sampled)
Data collected on land tenure/ownership/mode of acquisition		
At Holding Level	10	17
At Plot Level	7	8
Possible to generate SDD on tenure		
At Holding Level	5	2
At Plot Level	4	0

#### **Tenure Categories**

- Considerable variation in categories chosen;
- Modes of Land Acquisition collected by some countries at plot level.



#### Examples of Data Collection - Analysis Tools

- Source: FAO Agri-Gender Statistical Toolkit;
- Gender relevant questions and tables jointly developed by national statisticians and FAO for agricultural censuses undertaken in Africa between 1993 and 2006;
- Examples from the Access to Land and Water section to facilitate data collection on access to land, area cultivated and land tenure status by sex of the holder or sub-holder.

#### **Example from Niger**

	INVENTAIRE DES PARCELLES DU MÊNAGE AGRICOLE					
Identification champs, parcelles		Nom et prénoms du responsable de la parcelle	Sexe du responsable de la parcelle	Type de gestion de la parcelle		
1	2	3	4	5		
Inscrire le numéro d'ordre du champ	Inscrire le numéro d'ordre de la parcelle	Inscrire d'abord le nom, puis les prénoms du responsable de la parcelle en commençant par le Chef de Ménage	1 = Masculin 2 = Féminin	1 = Individuel 2 = Collectif		
				LI		
Etc.		Y				

- The list of all plots/fields of the holding allows for an easy identification of the sex of holder and any sub-holders.
- This forms the basis of all cross-tabulation illustrating gender specific differences in agricultural production.

#### **Example from Ivory Coast**

N₀ propr. ou gestion- naire de la parcelle	Sexe du propr. ou gestion - naire 1 = Mas. 2 = Fem.	N₀ Champ	No parc- elle	Lieu-dit	Superficie mesurée en ha	Statut de propriété 1 = propriété avec titre 2 = propriété sans titre 3 = location 4 = prêt 5 = autre	Principales utilisations 1 = cult. pérenne 2 = cult. annuelle 3 = pâturage 8 = jachère 16 = autres (somme des codes)	Relief 1 = plaine 2 = Plateau 3 = Bas-fond 4 = Montagne	Irrigation 1 = oui 2 = Non
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
					<u>                                      </u>	1_1	<u>                                      </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
					<u>                                      </u>	<u> </u>	<u>                                      </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
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Lists all plots/fields used by a holding (columns 3 and 4), the sex of the holder and any sub-holders (column 2) and the sizes of the sub-holdings(columns 6 and 16) Other variables include ownership status (column 7) and the means by which the land was obtained (column 12).

#### **Example: Tanzania**

**Tenure status** of land "owned" by household; **cross-tabulation** with **sex of holder**; proportion of holdings where a **female has customary rights** (Y/N).

4.1 Det	ails of area "owned" by the househo	old in the 2002/03 agricu	Itural year. Give area reported by			
	pondent in acres.	ŭ				
Area in acres						
4.1.1	Area leased/certificate of ownership		4.2 Was all land available to the household used during 2002/3? (Yes =1, No = 2)			
4.1.2	Area owned under customary law	<u>                                   </u>				
4.1.3	Area bought from others	<u>                                     </u>				
4.1.4	Area rented from others	_ _  ·  _	4.3 Do you consider that you have sufficient land for the household (Yes =1, No =2)			
4.1.5	Area borrowed from others	<u> </u>				
4.1.6	Area share-cropped from others	_ _  .  _				
4.1.7	Areas under other forms of tenure		4.4 Do any female members of the household own or have customary right to land (Yes = 1, No = 2)			
	Total Area					

### Conclusion

- Agricultural Census is a potentially useful source for data on land ownership/management from a gender perspective;
- Key WCA Concepts: Agricultural Holding, Agricultural Holder, sub-Holding and Sub-Holder; Plot and Plot Manager;
- Relatively high incidence of countries participating and collecting information on land ownership/tenure/mode of acquisition at holding (90-100%) and plot level (75-100%).

### Conclusion (cont'd)

- High proportion of countries collecting Sex of Holder (Holding=unit of statistical observation; Sex of Holder in Core Module);
- Relatively lower proportion of countries collecting Sex of Sub-Holder or Plot Manager (Sub-Holding = new concept; Gender & Sub-Holding in Supplementary Modules);
- Poses challenge to individual-level analysis of agricultural assets (land) using the agricultural census.

## Questions/Issues for Consideration

- What is potential for gender analysis of agricultural asset ownership in agricultural censuses and other large-sample surveys?
- What aspects in WCA (e.g., supplemental module items; sub-holder concept, etc.) facilitate the analysis of agricultural land ownership at individual level?
- Will such investigations, and their data intensive approaches, be limited to topic-specific, smaller sample surveys?

## Questions/Issues for Consideration (cont'd)

- How useful for the EDGE pilot study are the examples from the FAO Agri-Gender Statistical Toolkit?
- How to improve the census/survey questionnaires in order to collect sex - disaggregated data on various aspects (e.g. land ownership/tenure).

# Thank you for your attention!