UAEs Journey Towards achieving the SDGs

Ministry of Cabinet Affairs | وزارة شؤون مجلس الوزراء
In 2015, United Nations member states adopted the SDGs as the new Sustainable Development Agenda

17 Goals that aim to elevate global development to find solutions for our global challenges by the year 2030

193 United Nations member countries

An effective mechanism to elevate global development & prosperity

17 SDG Goals

169 Target

231 Indicator
In January 2017, the National Committee on SDGs was formed by UAE Cabinet decree. The committee is chaired by H.E. Reem bint Ebrahim Al Hashimy with members from federal entities.
The PSAC seeks to convene top public and private sector leaders to determine how the private sector can play a greater role in UAE SDG progress

Based on survey and interview insights, we developed a framework for strengthening public-private data-sharing partnerships for SDG achievement

1. Collaborate to create a voluntary policy for data sharing that reflects both parties’ sustainable development priorities
2. Leverage collective perspectives on sustainability taxonomy to build a standardized model for data sharing
3. Identify entities for partnership to implement the data-sharing model
4. Implement a secure, data exchange layer and a digital statistics system
5. Increase the publicity of SDG developments in English media outlets
UAE is ranked 5th globally in OECD’s Official Development Assistance

The largest portion of aid was distributed towards the following goals:

- 47% for Decent Work and Economic Growth
- 22% for Partnerships for the Goals
- 8% for Zero Hunger
- 6% for Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure
- 4% for Sustainable Cities and Communities

The remaining foreign aid was directed towards supporting the other SDGs.

UAE foreign assistance in 2019 amounted to AED 29.4 billion

Source: Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation