# Estimating Use Tables 

Introduction plus Benchmark and Annual Process

International Workshop on Supply and Use Tables
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## Data and Supply and Use Tables: US Case

- Process is guided by the availability of data
-Benchmark (every five years)
-Annual
-Quarterly

Core Data source: Economic Census

- Measures almost the whole universe of establishments with 5 or more employees

Supplemented with data from:

- Business Expense Survey (BES)
- Economic Research Service (ERS)
- Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS)
- Census of governments.

Non-employer establishments data supplemented with administrative data.

## Census Sources



## US Process - Annual Data Sources

## Annual Sources

Other Census Bureau programs:

- Annual Surveys; examples:
- Annual Retail Trade Survey (ARTS)
- Annual Wholesale Trade Survey (AWTS)
- Service Annual Survey (SAS)
- Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM)
- Annual Survey of Government Finances (ASGF)
- Value of Construction Put-in-Place (VPIP)
- Business R\&D and Innovation Survey (BRDIS)
- Special Tabulations

Non Census Bureau programs:

- ERS, BTS


## US Methodology - Computing Supply Tables

- Excludes imports, net taxes, margin columns

Make

- Valued either in basic or producer prices
- Relies on make table accounting identities

Use

- Valued either in basic, producer or purchaser prices
- Missing Link: Margins


## Production Flow: Annual Tables



## Production Flow: Annual Tables



## Production Flow: Estimating Make Tables

Make Table

MAKE TABLE

|  |  | 管 |  |  |  |  |  |  | E. |  | - |  | 岦 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Mining |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Utilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Inte | rnal | str | ctu | e of |  |  |  |  |
|  | Construction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  | d |  |  |  |  |
|  | Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Wholesale Trade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Retail Trade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Transportation and Warehousing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Finance, Insurance, Real Estate, Rental, and Leasing | Internal structure elsewhere loaded, extrapolated, interpolated |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Professional and Business services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Educational Services, Healthcare, and social assistance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Arts, entertainment, recreation, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Other services, except government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Goverrment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | TOTAL LOMMODIT OUTPUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Production Flow: Annual



## Sample Level of Detail for Retail Margin Controls

| New autos--PCE |
| :--- |
| New trucks--PCE |
| Used autos |
| Used trucks and vans |
| New autos-PDE |
| New trucks--PDE |
| Mobile homes |
| Recreational vehicles, parts, and trailers |
| Furniture and fixtures |
| Major kitchen \& household appliances |
| China, giftware, glassware, tableware, utensils, and decorative home furnishings |
| Floor coverings |
| Telephones and other durable house furnishings, n.e.c. |
| Office equipment and writing equipment (excl computer equipment) |
| Ophthalmic products and orthopedic appliances |

Ophthalmic products and orthopedic appliances

## Production Flow: Annual



## Example: Scaling Use table to Expense Controls

- Scale to expense controls
- Expense controls span multiple commodities, and often span multiple industries
- Expense controls are valued at purchaser prices, and margin cells are scaled jointly with underlying basic value cells to match the controls
- Source data for intermediate input controls largely based on data from the U.S. Census Bureau.


## Retired Methodology: Quantity and Price

Extrapolation
Prior to scaling use table records to expense controls, use table records were first adjusted as follows:

- Impute a real growth based on the real growth of output for the purchasing industry.
- price growth based on the average price growth of the given commodity/product.

$$
p_{t} q_{t}=p_{t-1} q_{t-1} * \Delta q^{G O} * \Delta p
$$

This step in the process was abandoned because resulting real value and input-output coefficients were not noticeably different without it.

## Example: Allocation of margins and taxes



## Valuation Concepts



## Production Flow: Annual Tables



## Example: Balancing Controls

|  |  | Industries |  | Final <br> Demand$\|$50 | control |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Margin | 108 | 107 |  |  |
|  |  | 50 | 28 | 60 |  |
|  |  | 11 | 16 | 5 |  |
|  |  | 992 | 903 | 500 | 2,400 |
|  | Basic | 462 | 282 | 600 | 1,600 |
|  |  | 1,037 | 994 | 500 | 2,400 |
| Valu | Added | 415 | 1,300 |  | 1,800 |
|  | trol | 2,390 | 4,500 | 1,800 |  |

## - Prepare balancing controls

- Total value for transportation, trade margin, and taxes drawn from the make matrix in the supply table
- Total distributed to commodities (or commodity groups) using various data sources:
- Air and Water - Ton miles with a "handling multiplier" adjustment from the U.S. Census Commodity Flow Survey
- Rail - Revenue by commodity group from the American Association of Railroads Freight Commodity Statistics
- Truck - Revenue by commodity group from the U.S. Census' Survey of Annual Services
- Pipe - Revenue by commodity from U.S. Census product line detail
- Wholesale - Margin output available by type of wholesaler
- Retail - Data on nominal sales by product line available from the U.S. Census Bureau Economic Census


## BEA Balancing Algorithm

- Iterative process where values are altered to match sets of constraints
- Multi-dimensional (not simply row/column)
- Allows for two ways of meeting constraints
- Proportional Scaling
- Distributive Scaling


## Example: Balancing

|  |  | Industries |  | Final Demand | sum | control |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Margin | 86 | 130 | 54 | 380 | 450 |
|  |  | 49 | 50 | 81 |  |  |
|  |  | 13 | 20 | 8 | 30 | 40 |
|  |  | 763 | 1,152 | 484 | 2,3@日 | 2,400 |
|  | Basic | 438 | 444 | 717 | 1,690 | 1,600 |
|  |  | 750 | 1,194 | 456 | 2,900 | 2,400 |
| Valu | Added | 208 | 1,800 |  | 1,809 | 1,800 |
|  | m | 2,880 | 3,BEE | 1,800 |  |  |
|  | ntrol | 2,390 | 4,500 | 1,800 |  |  |

- Balance using modified RAS balancing technique
- Scale to industry/final demand controls using standard scaling
- Scale to value added and basic value commodity controls using standard scaling
- Scale to margin controls using proportional allocation based on underlying basic value matrix
- Underlying assumption: All purchasers of a product pay the same margin rates and markups
- Repeat until table is fully balanced


## Balancing, column dimension highlight

## Redefinitions

|  | Industry X <br> Primary | Industry X <br> Secondary |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input A | 100 | 2 |
| Input B | 50 | 3 |
| Input C | 30 | 4 |
| Value Added | 100 | 2 |
| OUTPUT | 280 | 11 |

## From Make/Use to Supply/Use

Changes are mostly cosmetic. The framework outlined above already converts between purchaser prices and producer prices. What remains to convert Use table to basic prices is

- Allocating import matrix
- Allocating duties matrix
- Allocating subsidies matrix


## Make Table Underlying Structure

Estimating Supply-Use Tables


## Production Flow: Benchmark Tables



## Production Flow: Benchmark Tables



## Creating Benchmark PCE transactions

## Commodity Flow Fixed Supply Transactions

| Domestic Supply (\$'mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| itmCode | itmDescr | BasicVal Output | ComTax | M (Imports) | X (Exports) | I (Inventory Change) | DS (Domestic Supply) |
| 31182M3118214 | Cookies, wafers, and ice cream cones and cups (except frozen) | 5455 | 0 | 100 | -100 | 0 | 5455 |

## Use and Consumption (\$mm)

| indCode | indDescr | itmCode | itmDescr | TransType | DS (Domestic Supply) | 11 | PCE | PFI <br> (Incl. <br> Inv.) | Gov. | Net <br> Exports <br> (X-M) | UNALLOCATED |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBAK00 | Bakery products | 31182M3118214 | Cookies, wafers, and ice cream cones and cups (except frozen) | PCE CFS <br> (Commodity Flow of Supply) rate 95\% or 0.95 . | 5455 | 400 | 5182 | 0 | 145 | 0 | -272 |

## Creating Benchmark PCE transactions

Final Use Category Transaction Details

| indCode | itmCode | itmDesc | bas | ctx | Transp. Costs | Wholesale Margin | Wholesale Excise (owt) | Retail Margin | Retail Excise (ort) | TransType/ rule Code | cfPer | PurVal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBAKOO | 31181M3118121 | Bread (white, wheat, rye, etc.), including frozen | 12202.0 | 0.0 | 291.5 | 2084.9 | 0.0 | 5949.6 | 0.0 | CFR | 1 | 20527.9 |
| CBAKOO | 31181M3118125 | Rolls (bread-type), muffins, bagels, and croissants | 8039.6 | 0.0 | 192.0 | 1373.7 | 0.0 | 3920.1 | 0.0 | CFR | 1 | 13525.3 |
| CBAKOO | 31181M311813T | Frozen cakes, pies and other pastries | 4804.9 | 0.0 | 114.8 | 821.0 | 0.0 | 2342.9 | 0.0 | CFR | 1 | 8083.5 |
| CBAKOO | 31182M3118214 | Cookies, wafers, and ice cream cones and cups (except frozen) | 4910.0 | 0.0 | 120.1 | 820.7 | 0.0 | 2344.1 | 0.0 | CFR | 1 | 8194.8 |
| CBAKOO | 31181M3118127 | Soft cakes, except frozen | 3201.2 | 0.0 | 76.5 | 547.0 | 0.0 | 1560.9 | 0.0 | CFR | 1 | 5385.6 |
| CBAKOO | 31181M311812D | Other sweet goods, except frozen | 3024.7 | 0.0 | 72.3 | 516.8 | 0.0 | 1474.8 | 0.0 | CFR | 1 | 5088.6 |
| CBAKOO | 31182M3118212X | Saltine crackers \& all other crackers, biscuits, \& related products and nsk | 2747.1 | 0.0 | 68.7 | 469.4 | 0.0 | 1340.7 | 0.0 | CFR | 1 | 4625.9 |
| CBAKOO | 31181M311812W | Commercial bakeries, nsk, total | 2558.4 | 0.0 | 61.1 | 437.1 | 0.0 | 1247.4 | 0.0 | CFR | 1 | 4304.0 |
| CBAKOO | 31181M311812A | Pies (fruit, cream, and custard), except frozen | 1727.5 | 0.0 | 41.3 | 295.2 | 0.0 | 842.3 | 0.0 | CFR | 1 | 2906.3 |
| CBAKOO | 31182M311821W | Cookie and cracker manufacturing, nsk, total | 243.7 | 0.0 | 6.1 | 41.6 | 0.0 | 118.9 | 0.0 | OUT_EXTRAP | 0 | 410.4 |
| CBAKOO | Total |  | 43459.1 | 0.0 | 1044.2 | 7407.3 | 0.0 | 21141.8 | 0.0 |  |  | 73052.4 |

