

54th session of the United Nations Statistical Commission

SIDE EVENT

Towards a comprehensive framework to measure corruption

March 2nd, 8:15 - 9:30 am. Venue: UNHQ, CR-8

This side event will showcase the Statistical framework to measure corruption, following the mandate of the Conference of State Parties (CoSP) of the UN Convention against corruption (UNCAC). This framework to measure corruption presents a minimum set of core indicators and provides guidance regarding different data sources and standard methodological tools for producing simple, comparable and actionable indicators for measuring corruption across countries and across time, strengthening national data collection and production systems.

Developing measurements of corruption is the first stage to diagnose its type, magnitude and trends and for detecting and monitoring where and how levels of corruption manifest and change over time, as well as how these may respond to specific policies.

UNODC and INEGI aim to improve the understanding of the dimensions and indicators that can be useful to measure corruption levels and trends, its associated risks and the state response to address them. The discussion should also cover the gradual implementation of the Framework and the role of the National Statistical Offices in promoting its adoption by Member states.

Interlinkages with

- 54th UNSC Agenda item 4(d) - Report of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime and the National Institute of Statistics and Geography of Mexico (INEGI) on corruption measurement.
- Statistical framework to measure corruption.

Organizers/ Main speakers:

- Angela Me, Chief of the Research and Trend Analysis Branch. United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC)
- Adrián Franco, Vice President of the National Institute for Statistics and Geography of Mexico (INEGI)

Discussant:

- Monica Pratesi (tbc), Director of the Department for Statistical Production at the Italian National Institute of Statistics (ISTAT).

Agenda

1. Welcome remarks.
2. Introduction to the Statistical framework to measure corruption.
3. The framework at work. Experiences in countries.
4. Discussion