



HEALTH DATA COLLABORATIVE

DATA FOR HEALTH AND
SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

www.healthdatacollaborative.org

Health Data & the MDG

Positive

- More attention for and investment in health data and monitoring progress
- More high-quality household health surveys
- More work on (global) health estimates

Less successful

- Lack of progress in non-survey health data sources (CRVS, admin sources)
- Slow progress in developing country analytical and data use capacity
- Expanded and complex global health architecture:
 - Increased fragmentation of health data investments by development partners
 - Reporting burden on countries

Health Data & the SDG

Positive

- SDG Health and health-related targets comprehensive and for all countries
 - Universal health coverage central
- Global indicator framework
 - 26 indicators under health goal 3
 - Comprehensive set, generally good compromise
 - Fits within *WHO Global Reference List of 100 Core Health Indicators*
 - Few challenges: UHC financial protection indicator (3.8.2)
 - Dozens of health-related targets under other goals
- Country SDG health indicator framework
 - Many countries already have good set of indicators and targets for regular health sector reviews, and use them
 - Can be adapted to align with SDG as relevant
 - Increasing emphasis on local data generation and use

Challenges

- Need to address persistent data gaps
 - Regular (health) surveys
 - CRVS strengthening
 - Health facility data sources
- Need for strengthening of country health statistical capacity in developing countries
 - National Statistical Offices
 - Ministry of Health
 - Public health and research institutions / academic
- Requires
 - Country investment in health data
 - Harmonized and aligned support for strengthening developing country analytical capacity
 - Greater collaboration between health and statistical constituencies

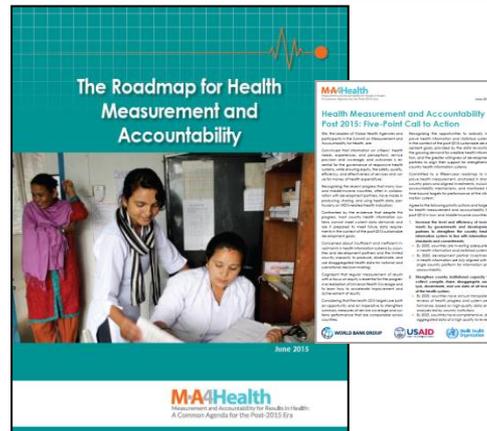
Measurement for Health Summit June 2015

Consensus



- Agree on priority actions required to build robust systems for monitoring SDGs and national priorities
- Address challenges facing countries (fragmentation, disjointed efforts etc.)

Deliverables



- ***Common Roadmap and 5-Point Call to Action:***
 - Increase level and efficiency of investments
 - Strengthen country statistical capacity
 - Ensure well functioning population health data
 - Improve open facility and community systems and disease surveillance and admin data
 - Enhance use and accountability

A way forward



- Greater partner collaboration and joint action
- Align and meet country health priorities

The Health Data Collaborative: Theory of Change

Challenges

Major health **data gaps** hampering country health progress and monitoring of the SDG

Disparate funding and **fragmented** sources of data

Context /Assumptions

Growing **interest in data** for decision-making and accountability

Global agencies truly **committed** to supporting national systems as priority

Data revolution provides new opportunities

Primary strategies

1

Alignment of funding and technical support for a single strong **country M&E framework**

2

Package of **standards, tools** and repository of information available to all countries

Output

Increased **efficiency** of domestic and external investments in comparable, timely and accurate health data

Outcome

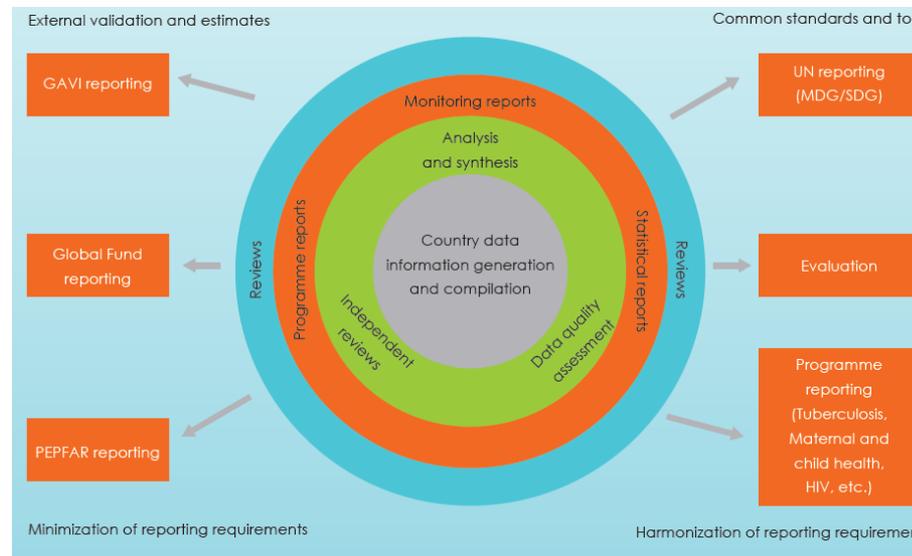
Strengthened country systems for monitoring programmes & accountability

and

Better reporting national and global progress on SDG

Country actions

- **Demand-driven** based on country requests for collaboration that require multiple global / regional partner involvement
- **Aligned support for one country-led platform on health data:** including plans, coordination mechanisms, indicators, tools, technology, reporting, accountability, learning agenda, capacity
- **Priorities** will vary by country but some common issues such as ***strong national M&E plan*** as the basis for aligned support
- **Engagement** of national statistical offices, country public health research and academic institutions



Global and regional level: Complementarity, alignment, gaps

- **Provide platform for global public goods, e.g.**
 - 100 core health indicators
 - ongoing work on facility survey instruments,
 - global CRVS strengthening strategy
- **Leverage previous and existing global and regional technical collaborations and support mechanisms**
- **Contribute and provide value add to existing strategies and global funding mechanisms:** Global Strategy for Women's, Children's and Adolescent's Health, global health security agenda, UHC Alliance; GFATM, GFF, GAVI etc.
- Global monitoring of progress

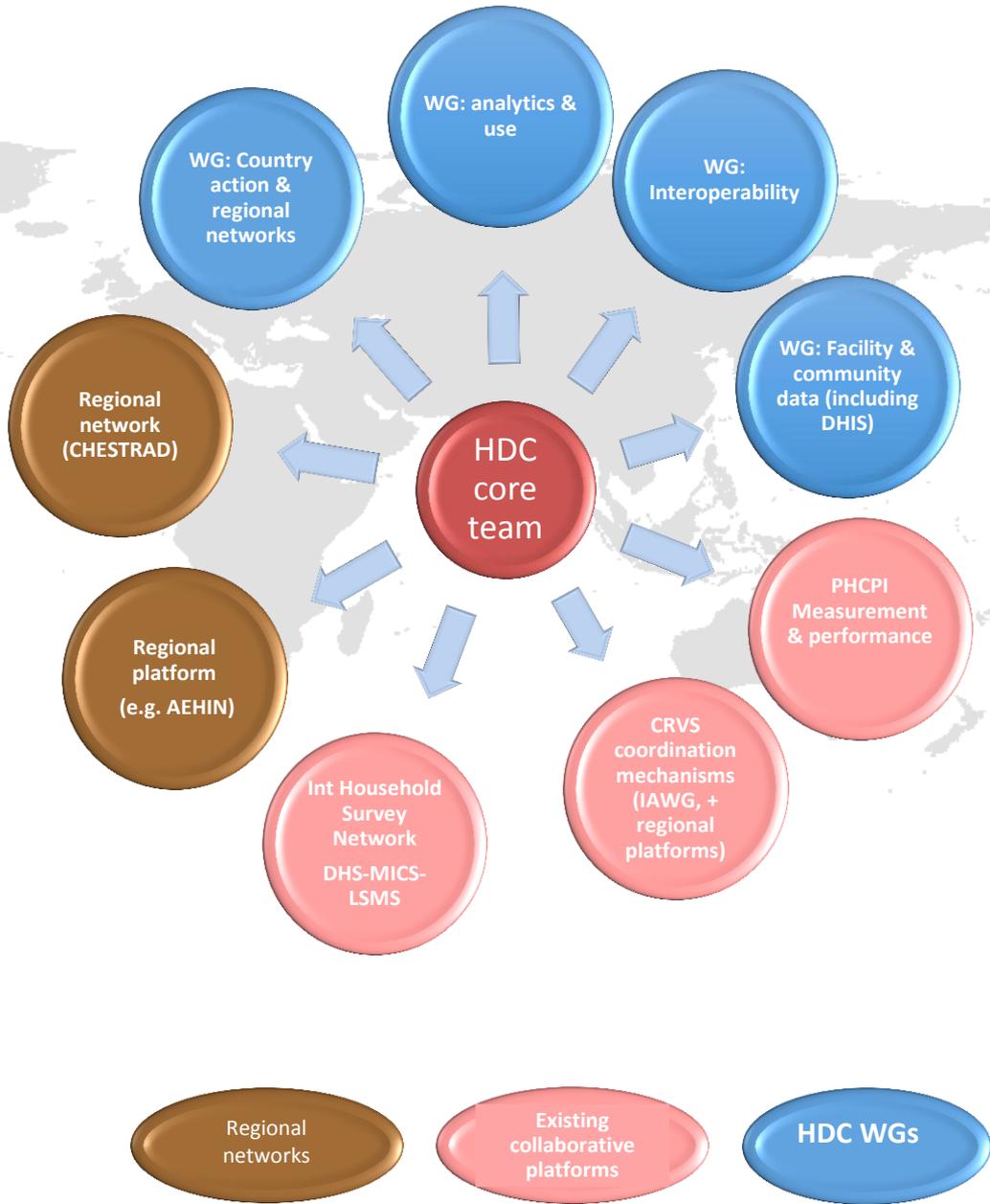


Working through a global network of collaborative platforms, regional initiatives and working groups

Leveraging existing mechanisms where possible

Working Groups are platforms for:

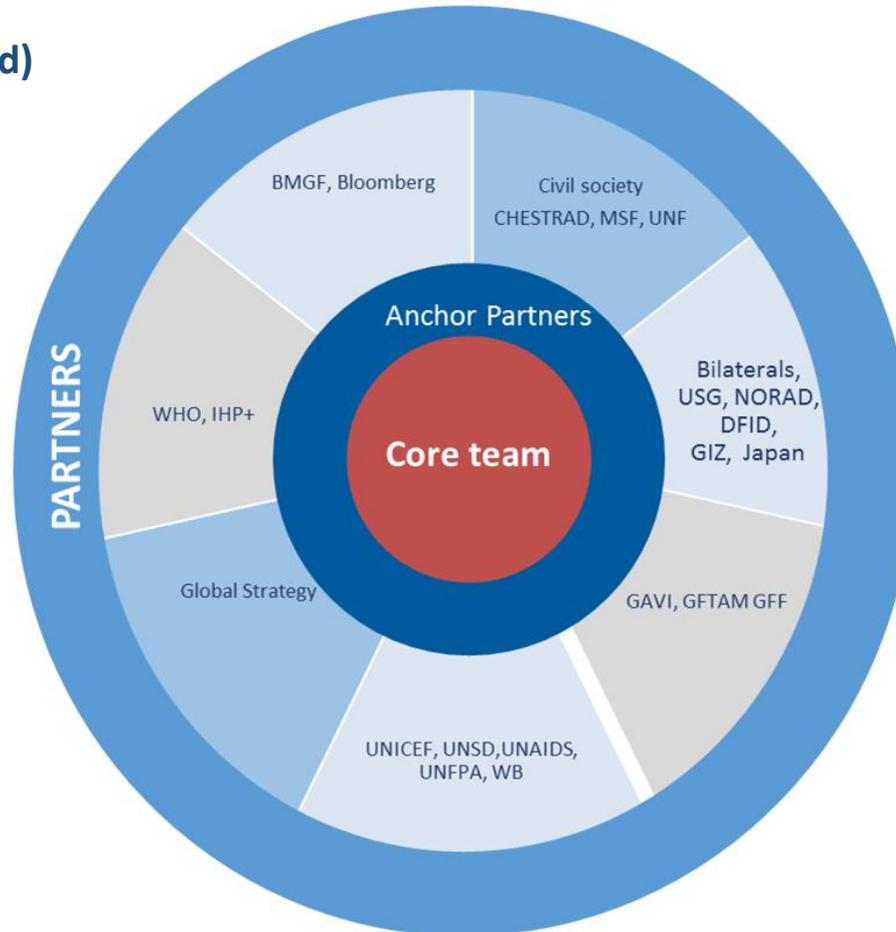
- harmonization of tools, guidance, indicators etc.
- catalyse collective action countries & document best practices and learning
- operationalizing the data revolution
- effective communication of standards, suite of tools etc.



Shared model of governance: collective responsibility

**Small Core team
(virtually/physically seconded)**

**Steering Group
Anchor partners**



**Technical working groups
and regional platforms**

**Health Data Collaborative
partners**



**Bloomberg
Philanthropies**

**BILL & MELINDA
GATES foundation**



**Foreign Affairs, Trade and
Development Canada**



giz Deutsche Gesellschaft
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Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH



Norad

