APAI CRVS Translating political commitment into action

Towards Better Information Systems for the 2030 Agenda

New York 4 March 2016



Agenda 2030 and CRVS

We resolve, between now and 2030, to end poverty and hunger everywhere; to combat inequalities within and among countries; to build peaceful, just and inclusive societies; to protect human rights (...). (...) we pledge that no one will be left behind. (...) we wish to see the Goals and targets met for all nations and peoples and for all segments of society. Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development



CRVS for measuring SDGs



Africa Programme for Accelerated Improvement of Civil Registration and Vital Statistics (APAI-CRVS)

- Guided by policy directives of the **Conference of Ministers Responsible for Civil Registration**
 - 1st Conference in Addis Ababa (2010) conceptualization and focus on holistic approach
 - 2nd Conference in Durban (2012) moving action to countries
 - 3rd Conference in Yamoussoukro (2015) consolidation



 Steered by Regional Core Group – ECA (Secretariat), AUC, AfDB, ASSD, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, WHO, Indepth Network, Paris21, Plan International





Promoting country ownership and leadership

Promoting phasebased, holistic and systemic approach at country and regional level

Building capacities of national and regional CRVS institutions

Promoting innovation and knowledge sharing

APAI-CRVS Strategic Plan 2016-2020 – The Strategy Map



Key achievements of APAI-CRVS

Conference of Ministers Responsible for Civil Registration established as a biennial permanent forum of AUC

Strengthened collaboration between CR and VS institutions through 5 African Symposia on Statistical Development

Significantly improved in-country and regional coordination

Country leadership and ownership firmly established

Provided country assistance in assessment and development of strategic improvement plans

• 25 African countries have conducted their comprehensive assessments and 11 have initiated

Trained over 500 CRVS functionaries – including building a pool of CRVS specialist and country champions

Developed public good documents:

- Guidelines and tools for comprehensive assessment
- Guidelines for strategic planning
- CRVS Digitization Guidebook
- Africa Mortality Statistics Strategy

Put in place a separate implementation strategy for English and French speaking countries

Major challenges

- A number of countries are yet to conduct an assessment and/or develop a plan –particularly in Western and Central Africa
- Monitoring both within the country and at the regional level are weak
- Coordination with Health continues to a challenge
- Not enough resources available at the regional level on various technical fields to support implementation

viz. causes of death, ICT, law, vital statistics

- Donor coordination parachuting with projects that sometimes are not aligned with the country plans
- Limited resources at the Secretariat

Coming soon from APAI-CRVS...

- Knowledge sharing and monitoring website
- Operational guidelines on civil registration and vital statistics
- Step-by-step guide on death registration
- Guidelines on civil registration in conflict areas
- Guidelines on advocacy and communications for civil registration
- Gender in CRVS
- Vital statistics report template
- Training materials on compilation of vital statistics from civil registration
- Establishing training curricula on CRVS in three training institutions in Africa
- Developing pool of regional experts on digitization of CRVS, causes of death and vital statistics
- 4th Conference of African Ministers Responsible for Civil Registration

.....and many more

APAI-CRVS

The three most important ways of establishing maintaining an efficient and sustainable CRVS system are:

Coordination

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Building and maintaining a complete and efficient CRVS system is in true sense a Data Revolution

