

# World STATISTICS

**Pocketbook** 

2014 edition

Small Island
Developing States



# Department of Economic and Social Affairs

Statistics Division
Division for Sustainable Development

# World Statistics Pocketbook 2014 edition Small Island Developing States



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The special case of small island developing States (SIDS), within the context of sustainable development, was first formally recognized by the international community at the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED) held in Rio de Janeiro in 1992. The Barbados Programme of Action (BPOA), agreed at the first Global Conference on the Sustainable Development of SIDS in 1994, then the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of SIDS adopted in 2005, and most recently the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development (Rio+20) held in 2012, continue to highlight the sustainable development challenges faced by SIDS.

The present special issue of the United Nations annual World Statistics Pocketbook provides a compilation of basic social, economic and environmental indicators that together comprise a framework for assessing, in quantitative terms, each State's current development situation. Its issuance coincides with the Third International Conference on Small Island Developing States to be held in Apia, Samoa in September 2014.

While the indicators presented here can, at present, only give a partial and imperfect picture, they can nonetheless serve as benchmarks for assessment and monitoring, for the further development of statistical capacities in small island developing States, and for the adaptation and development of indicators more directly suited to the respective circumstances of the individual countries and needs. As such, it is hoped that this special issue of the Pocketbook may serve as a useful, accessible reference of basic data for each State

### Contents

Preface			III
Introduction			
Symbols, abbreviations and conversion fact	ors .		ix
Country profile information and indicator lis	t		Xi
Country profiles			1
Technical notes			43
Statistical sources and references			
Related products			63
Country profiles			
Antigua and Barbuda	3	Micronesia (Federated States of)	23
Bahamas	4	Nauru	24
Barbados	5	Niue	2
Belize	6	Palau	26
Cabo Verde	7	Papua New Guinea	2
Comoros	8	Saint Kitts and Nevis	28
Cook Islands	9	Saint Lucia	29
Cuba	.10	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	30
Dominica	.11	Samoa	3
Dominican Republic	.12	Sao Tome and Principe	32
Fiji	.13	Seychelles	33
Grenada	.14	Singapore	34
Guinea-Bissau	.15	Solomon Islands	3!
Guyana	.16	Suriname	30
Haiti	.17	Timor-Leste	3
Jamaica	.18	Tonga	38
Kiribati	.19	Trinidad and Tobago	39
Maldives	.20	Tuvalu	40
Marshall Islands	.21	Vanuatu	4
Mauritius	.22		

### Introduction

The World Statistics Pocketbook is an annual compilation of key economic, social and environmental indicators, presented in one-page profiles. This special edition includes country profiles for 39 SIDS countries or areas of the world. Prepared by the United Nations Statistics Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs, it responds to General Assembly resolution 2626 (XXV), in which the Secretary-General is requested to supply basic national data that will increase international public awareness of countries' development efforts.

The indicators shown are selected from the wealth of international statistical information compiled regularly by the Statistics Division and the Population Division of the United Nations, the statistical services of the United Nations specialized agencies and other international organizations and institutions. Special recognition is gratefully given for their assistance in continually providing data.

### Time period

The present special issue of the *World Statistics Pocketbook, 2014 edition, Small Island Developing States* covers various years from 2005 to 2014. For the economic indicators, in general, three years - 2005, 2010 and 2012 - are shown, unless otherwise indicated. Due to space limitations, data for one year only are shown for the indicators in the social and environmental categories. For the six social indicators for which the range of years 2010-2015 is shown, the data refer to projections. When other ranges of years are shown, the data refer to the most recent year available within that range.

### Organization of the Pocketbook

The country tables or profiles are presented alphabetically according to countries' names in English and contain the available data for the following broad categories:

- General information: includes each country's location by geographical region, currency, surface area, population and population density, capital city and United Nations membership date
- Economic indicators: includes national accounts (Gross domestic product (GDP),
  GDP growth rate, GDP per capita, gross national income per capita and gross
  fixed capital formation), exchange rates, balance of payments, consumer
  price index, production indices (industrial, agricultural and food),
  unemployment, employment, labour force participation, tourist arrivals,
  energy production, mobile-cellular telephone subscribers and internet users
- Trade: contains the value of total exports, imports and the trade balance as well as the countries' main trading partners

### Introduction (continued)

- Social indicators: includes population (growth rates, urban percentage, age groups and sex ratios), life expectancy, infant mortality rate, total fertility rate, contraceptive prevalence, international migrant stock, refugees, education (expenditure and enrolment), intentional homicides and female participation in national parliaments
- Environmental indicators: includes threatened species, forested area, CO<sub>2</sub> emission estimates, energy consumption per capita and climatological information

The complete set of indicators, listed by category and in the order in which they appear in the profiles, is shown at the beginning of the country profile section. Not all indicators are shown for each country or area due to different degrees of data availability.

The technical notes section, which follows the country profile pages, contains brief descriptions of the concepts and methodologies used in the compilation of the indicators as well as information on the statistical sources for the indicators. Readers interested in longer time-series data or more detailed descriptions of the concepts or methodologies should consult the primary sources of the data and the references listed in the section following the technical notes.

The index of indicators, at the back of this publication, lists the complete set of indicators in alphabetical order and shows the category in which each is presented in the country profiles along with the pages on which information on the concepts, definitions and the data sources are given. As noted above, the number of indicators actually shown for the countries varies according to data availability.

### Note

The World Statistics Pocketbook is prepared annually by the Statistical Services Branch of the Statistics Division, Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat. The programme manager is Jacob Assa, the editor is Heather Page, and the software developer is Salomon Cameo. Comments on this publication are welcome and may be sent by e-mail to statistics@un.org.

### Symbols, abbreviations and conversion factors

The following symbols and abbreviations have been used in the World Statistics Pockethook:

- ... Data not available
- Magnitude zero
- < Magnitude not zero, but less than half of the unit employed
- Magnitude not zero, but negative and less than half of the unit employed 000 Thousands

  - °C Degrees Celsius
- % Percentage
- 60+ Aged sixty years and over
  - . Decimal figures are always preceded by a period (.)
- CFA Coopération financière en Afrique centrale
- CIF Cost, Insurance and Freight
- CO. Carbon dioxide
- CPI Consumer price index
  - f Females
- FOB Free on board
- GDP Gross domestic product
- GNI Gross national income
- ILO International Labour Organization
- ISIC International Standard Industrial Classification
- ISO International Organization for Standardization
- ITU International Telecommunication Union
- km Kilometres
- m Males
- mt Metric tons
- N & C Ame North and Central America
  - nes Not elsewhere specified
- S. America South America
  - SAR Special Administrative Region
  - **UN United Nations**
  - UNESCO United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
  - UNHCR Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
    - UNSD United Nations Statistics Division
      - US\$ United States dollars
  - WMO World Meteorological Organization

The metric system of weights and measures has been employed in the World Statistics Pocketbook. The equivalents of the basic British Imperial and United States weights and measures are as follows:

Area 1 square kilometre = 0.386102 square mile Weight or mass = 1.102311 short tons or 1 ton

= 0.987207 long ton

1 kilogram = 35.273962 avoirdupois ounces = 2.204623 avoirdupois pounds

Distance 1 kilometre = 0.621371 mile 1 millimetre = 0.039 inch

Temperature °C  $= (°F - 32) \times 5/9$ 

### Country profile information and indicator list\*

### General information

Region

Currency

Surface area (square kilometres)

Population in 2012 (estimated, 000)

Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre)

Capital city and population in 2011 (000)

United Nations membership date

### **Economic indicators**

GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)

GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)

GDP per capita (current US\$)

GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)

Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)

Exchange rates (national currency per US\$)

Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)

CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)

Industrial production index (2005=100)

Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)

Food production index (2004-2006=100)

Unemployment (% of labour force)

Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)

Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)

Labour force participation, adult female population (%) Labour force participation, adult male population (%)

Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)

Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)

Mobile-cellular telephone subscriptions, total (per 100 inhabitants)

Individuals using the Internet (%)

### Trade

Total trade (exports, imports and balance, million US\$) Major trading partners (exports and imports, %)

### Social indicators

Population growth rate (average annual %)

Urban population growth rate (average annual %)

Rural population growth rate (average annual %)

Urban population (%)

Population aged 0-14 years (%)

Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)

Sex ratio (males per 100 females)

Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)

Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)

Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)

Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)

International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)

Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR

country or area depending upon data availability.

Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)

Education: Primary and secondary gross enrolment ratio (females and males per 100)

Education: Female third-level students (% of total)

Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)

Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)

### **Environmental indicators**

Threatened species

Forested area (% of land area)

CO, emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)

Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)

Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)

The complete set of information and indicators listed here may not be shown for each



# Antigua and Barbuda

**Economic indicators** 

Region Caribbean Currency E.C. Dollar (XCD) Iometres) 442

89

Surface area (square kilometres)
Population in 2012 (estimated, 000)
Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre)
Capital city and population in 2011 (000)
United Nations membership date

201.5 St. John's (27)

2005

11 November 1981

2010

2012

GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$) 997 1136 1176 GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %) 6.1 -7.12.3 GDP per capita (current US\$) 12 079.9 13 017.3 13 207.2 GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$) 11 570.7 12 656.3 12 740.1 Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP) 29.4 36.9 30.7 2 70 2 70 2 70 Exchange rates (national currency per US\$)<sup>a</sup> Balance of payments, current account (million US\$) -171-167**-**79 CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) 110 123 131 Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100) 95 112 117 Food production index (2004-2006=100) 95 112 117 15.6<sup>d</sup> Employment in industrial sector (% of employed) bc 15.6  $2.8^{d}$ Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed) bc 2.8 245<sup>f</sup> 230<sup>1</sup> 247 Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) 102.5 189.4 198.6 Individuals using the Internet (%)g 27 N 47 N 59.0 2012 Total trade Major trading partners (million US\$) (% of imports) (% of exports) 29 N 22.1 18.<u>6</u> 50.1 Exports United States United States 339.5 United Kingdom United Kingdom **Imports** 6.1 310.5 Balance 9.7 5.7 Barbados China Social indicators Population growth rate (average annual %) 2010-2015 1.0

r opalation groven rato (avorago annaar 707	2010 2010	1.0
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	1.0
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	1.0
Urban population (%)	2013	29.8
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2013	25.0
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2013	10.8/9.5
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2013	91.5
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015	78.2/73.4
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015	8.5
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015	2.1
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) h	2006-2012	52.6 <sup>i</sup>
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)	mid-2013	28.7/31.9
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	mid-2013	O <sup>j</sup>
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2006-2012	2.6
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2006-2012	100.4/105.6
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) k	2006-2012	68.0
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2014	10.5
Environmental indicators		

Threatened species 2013 44 Forested area (% of land area) 2011 22.3 CO<sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita) 2010 513/5.8 Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent) 2010 1 935.0 1 052<sup>m</sup> Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres) Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum) 23.9/29.6<sup>n</sup>

a Official rate. b Official estimates. c The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.3. d 2008. e Excludes nationals residing abroad. f Air arrivals. g ITU estimate. h Age group 15 to 44 years. i 1988. j Value is zero, not available or not applicable. k National estimate. I UNSD estimate. m Based on monthly averages for the period 1960-1995. n Based on monthly averages for the period 1969-1995.

# Bahamas

Region Caribbean

372

Currency Bahamian Dollar (BSD) Surface area (square kilometres) 13 943

Population in 2012 (estimated, 000)
Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre)
Capital city and population in 2011 (000)
United Nations membership date

e) 26.7 D) Nassau (254) e 18 September 1973

Economic indicators	2005	201	10 2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	7 706	777	71 8 043
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	3.4	0	.2 2.5
GDP per capita (current US\$)	23 416.9	21 557	
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	23 021.9	20 981	.3 21 101.7
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	24.2	23	
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-701	-81	
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	110		25 129 <sup>a</sup>
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	99		26 132
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	99	. 12	26 132
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed) <sup>b</sup>	17.8	16	.0 <sup>cde</sup> 12.9 <sup>af</sup>
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed) <sup>b</sup>	3.5		.9 <sup>cde</sup> 3.7 <sup>af</sup>
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	67.7	69	
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	77.8	79	
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	1 608	137	
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Individuals using the Internet (%) <sup>9</sup>	71.3 25.0	124 43	
Total trade Major trading partners		43	2012
(million US\$) (% of exp			(% of imports)
Exports 828.7 United States		ted States	84.5
Imports 3 646.5 Germany		nidad and To	
Balance –2 817.8 France		as nes	2.6 <sup>h</sup>
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	1.5
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	1.4
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	-0.1
Urban population (%)		2013	84.6
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	21.3
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of tot	al)	2013	13.0/10.3
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)		2013	95.8
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		2010-2015	78.1/72.0
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	9.1
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	1.9
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		2006-2012	61.7 <sup>J</sup>
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	on)	mid-2013	61.3/16.3
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		mid-2013	89
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP) <sup>k</sup>		2006-2012	2.9 <sup>l</sup>
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m		2006-2012	101.6/98.1
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)		2008-2010	5.8/46.6
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	13.2
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	71
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	51.5
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons			2 462/7.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent	)	2010	2 401.0
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			1 396 <sup>m</sup>
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and	maximum)		20.7/28.9 <sup>m</sup>

a 2011. b The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.3. c April. d 2009. e Break in series; data not strictly comparable. f May. g ITU estimate. h See technical notes. i Age group 15 to 44 years. j 1988. k UNESCO estimate. I 2000. m Based on monthly averages for the period 1971-2000.

# **Barbados**

Region Caribbean

Currency Barbados Dollar (BBD) Surface area (square kilometres) 430

Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) 283 Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) 658.7

Capital city and population in 2011 (000) Bridgetown (122) United Nations membership date 9 December 1966

United Nations membership date	9 Decemi	Jer 1966	
Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	3 908	4 245	4 533
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	4.0	0.2	0.7
GDP per capita (current US\$)	14 285.7	15 139.7	16 004.3
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	13 583.0	13 969.7	14 739.2
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	18.9	14.0	16.3
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	2.00	2.00	2.00
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-466	-218	
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	113	149	170
Industrial production index (2005=100) <sup>b</sup>	100	88	81
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	106	92	97
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	106	92	97
Unemployment (% of labour force)	9.1	10.8	11.6
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	17.3°	d 19.6	<sup>ef</sup> 19.4 <sup>e</sup>
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	3.3°	d 2.8 <sup>6</sup>	ef 2.8 <sup>e</sup>
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	65.0	65.9	65.9
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	76.4	76.7	76.7
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	548	532	536
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	90	60	
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	76.2	128.1	126.4 <sup>g</sup>
Individuals using the Internet (%) <sup>9</sup>	52.5	68.1	73.3
Total trade Major trading partners			2012
(million US\$) (% of expo	rts)	(9	6 of imports)
		ted States '	31.0
Imports 1 767.8 Areas nes		idad and Toba	
		iname	6.2
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.5
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	1.4
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	-0.7
Urban population (%)	-	2013	45.4
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	18.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total	1)	2013	18.0/14.3
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	'	2013	99.6
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		2010-2015	77.7/72.9
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2	2010-2015	10.1
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	1.9
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2	2006-2012	55.0 <sup>j</sup>
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	1)	mid-2013	32.3/11.3
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	'	mid-2013	2
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2	2006-2012	7.5
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m p	oer 100) <sup>k</sup> 2	2006-2012	107.5/102.7
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		2006-2012	69.1
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)		2008-2010	7.3/15.5
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	16.7
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	44
Forested area (% of land area)		2013	19.4
$CO_2$ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	nor canital		1 502/5.5
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	poi capita;	2010	1 655.0
Energy consumption per capita (knograms on equivalent)		2010	1 000.0

a Official rate. **b** The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.3. **c** 2004. **d** The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.2. **e** Average of quarterly estimates. **f** Break in series; data not strictly comparable. **g** ITU estimate. **h** See technical notes. **i** Age group 15 to 44 years. **j** 1988. **k** National estimate.

Region Central America Currency Belize Dollar (BZD) ometres) 22 966

324

Surface area (square kilometres)
Population in 2012 (estimated, 000)
Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre)
Capital city and population in 2011 (000)

ity in 2012 (per square kilometre) 14.1 city and population in 2011 (000) Belmopan (14) United Nations membership date 25 September 1981

Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	1 114	1 398	1 554
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	3.0	3.9	19.7
GDP per capita (current US\$)	4 097.6	4 529.9	4 795.5
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	3 646.4	4 016.7	4 380.2
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	18.5	15.3	19.0
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	2.00	2.00	2.00
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-151	-46	-28
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	113	128	132
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	96	92	95
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	96	92	95
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	17.9 <sup>bcde</sup>		
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	19.5 <sup>bcde</sup>		
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	44.8	48.8	49.1
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	80.8	82.1	82.3
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	237	242	277
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	6 0.1 of	238	
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	34.2 <sup>f</sup>	62.3 <sup>gh</sup>	
Individuals using the Internet (%)	9.2	14.0 <sup>f</sup>	25.0 <sup>†</sup>
Total trade Major trading partners			2012
(million US\$) (% of expo		(%	of imports)
Exports 340.4 United States 480.3 United Kingdom	46.3 United 22.8 Curaça		29.3 14.1
Balance –539.9 Netherlands	7.6 China	U	12.5
Social indicators	7.0 0		
Population growth rate (average annual %)	201	0-2015	2.4
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		0-2015	1.5
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		0-2015	2.3
Urban population (%)	201	2013	44.3
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	33.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total	1)	2013	6.2/5.5
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	''	2013	99.8
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	201	0-2015	77.0/70.8
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		0-2015	12.9
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		0-2015	2.7
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		6-2012	34.3
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	n) <sup>j</sup> mi	d-2013	50.9/15.3
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	. mi	d-2013	92
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	200	6-2012	6.6
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m)	per 100) 200	6-2012	103.1/102.7
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	200	6-2012	62.4
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)	200	8-2010	10.1/73.5
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	3.1
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	103
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	60.7
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	per capita)	2010	421/1.4
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	-	2010	573.0 <sup>k</sup>
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			2 020 <sup>1</sup>
Tamparature in the conital site many of Iminimum and m	lauimum)		20 2/20 0

a Official rate. **b** The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.3. **c** Age group 14 years and over. **d** April. **e** Break in series; data not strictly comparable. **f** ITU estimate. **g** December. **h** Includes Mobile GSM and AMPS Post and Pre Mobile Base. **i** Includes Mobile GSM and Pre Mobile Base. **j** Includes refugees. **k** UNSD estimate. **j** Based on monthly averages for the period 1980-2003.

20.3/30.9<sup>l</sup>

Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)

# Cabo Verdea

Economic indicators

**Environmental indicators** Threatened species

Forested area (% of land area)

Western Africa Region

Currency Cabo Verde Escudo (CVE) 4033

2010

2012

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000) United Nations membership date

494 122.6 Praia (132) 16 September 1975

Economic indicators	2005	201	10 2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	1 105	1 66	1 903
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	6.5	1	.5 4.3
GDP per capita (current US\$)	2 309.4	3 413	
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	2 229.4	3 262	.7 3 731.4
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	34.1		
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>b</sup>	93.47		
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-41		
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	105		27 136
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	98		
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	98		
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	48.0		
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	83.0		
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) c	198		
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	1		0
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	17.3		
Individuals using the Internet (%)	6.1	30	
Total trade Major trading partners			2012
(million US\$) (% of exp			(% of imports)
Exports 55.8 Spain Imports 754.8 Portugal		rtugal therlands	39.9 12.5
Balance –699.0 Areas nes		ited States	9.3
Social indicators	0.7 01	itou Otatos	0.0
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.8
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	2.1
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	-1.1
Urban population (%)		2013	64.1
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	29.5
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of tot	tal)	2013	8.7/5.7
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	,	2013	99.3
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		2010-2015	78.7/70.9
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	17.2
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	2.3
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		2006-2012	61.3 <sup>f</sup>
International migrant stock (000 and % of total populati	on)	mid-2013	14.9/3.0
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)		2006-2012	5.0
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m	n per 100)	2006-2012	103.8/100.0
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		2006-2012	57.3
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)	g	2008-2010	4.8/21.9
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	20.8

CO<sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)

Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)

Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)

2013

2011

2010

2010

51

21.0

355/0.7

23.5/23.5<sup>IJ</sup>

233.0

70<sup>i</sup>

Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)<sup>h</sup> a Previously listed as Cape Verde. b Official rate. c Arrivals of non-resident tourists in hotels and similar establishments. d ITU estimate. e See technical notes. f 2005. g Estimates. h Sal. i Based on WMO Climatological Normals (CLINO) for the period 1961-1990. j Refers to average temperature.

### Comoros

**Economic indicators** 

Region Eastern Africa

Currency Comoros Franc (KMF) Surface area (square kilometres) 2 2 3 5

Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) 718 Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) 321.0 Capital city and population in 2011 (000) Moroni (54) United Nations membership date

12 November 1975

2010

2012

2005

LCOHOLIIC IIIUICALOIS	2003	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	387	530	616
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	4.2	2.0	2.5
GDP per capita (current US\$)	644.3	776.6	858.3
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	642.5	792.1	830.4
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	9.3	12.7	14.0
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	417.03	368.18	372.87
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	96	113	112
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	96	114	112
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	32.5	34.6	35.0
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	79.6	80.2	80.2
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	26	15	19 <sup>b</sup>
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	2.4	22.5	32.3 <sup>c</sup>
Individuals using the Internet (%) <sup>c</sup>	2.0	5.1	6.0
Total trade Major trading partners			2012
(million US\$) <sup>d</sup> (% of expo			% of imports)d
	43.7 Unit	ed Arab Emir	ates 29.4
	23.8 Frar 6.3 Paki		21.4
Balance —168.9 Netherlands	0.3 Paki	stan	14.7
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	2.4
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	2.8
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2	2010-2015	2.4
Urban population (%)		2013	28.2
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	42.1
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total	I)	2013	4.9/4.2
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	,	2013	101.5
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		2010-2015	62.2/59.4
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	67.2
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	4.7
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		2006-2012	25.7 <sup>e</sup>
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	1)	mid-2013	12.5/1.7
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	,	mid-2013	0 <sup>†</sup>
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)		2006-2012	7.6
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m p		2006-2012	92.8/100.2
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		2006-2012	45.0
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000) g		2008-2010	7.9/16.4

Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)	<sup>9</sup> 2008-2010	7.9/16.4
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2014	3.0
Environmental indicators		
Threatened species	2013	104
Forested area (% of land area)	2011	1.4
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	s per capita) 2010	139/0.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent	) 2010	64.0 <sup>h</sup>
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)		2 700
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and	maximum)	21.2/29.5
Off: 1 + 1 0044 ITH +: + 1 0000 0000 fV/ I		. 11 11

a Official rate. b 2011. c ITU estimate. d 2009. e 2000. f Value is zero, not available or not applicable. g Estimates. h UNSD estimate.

### Cook Islands

Region Oceania-Polynesia

Currency New Zealand Dollar (NZD) 236 a Surface area (square kilometres) 21 <sup>a</sup> Population in 2012 (estimated, 000)

Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) 87.0 Capital city and population in 2011 (000) Avarua (...)<sup>b</sup>

Economic indicators 2005 2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$) 183 257	306
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %) –1.1 –2.9	3.0
	14 917.7
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$) 9 410.7 12 653.0 1	14 917.7
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP) 13.1 12.3	12.3
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>c</sup> 1.46 1.31	1.22
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) <sup>d</sup> 118 144	
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100) 100 104	98
Food production index (2004-2006=100) 100 104	98
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) 88 104	122
Total trade Major trading partners	2012
	mports) <sup>e</sup>
Exports 3.1 Japan 58.1 New Zealand Imports 109.3 China 16.1 Fiji	77.1 10.0
Balance –106.2 United States 6.5 Australia	5.3
Social indicators	
Population growth rate (average annual %) 2010-2015	0.5
Urban population growth rate (average annual %) 2010-2015	0.9
Rural population growth rate (average annual %) 2010-2015	-0.4
Urban population (%) 2013	74.0
Population aged 0-14 years (%) <sup>1g</sup> 2013	28.5
	3.0/12.2
Sex ratio (males per 100 females) <sup>1g</sup> 2013	100.0
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) fg 2010-2015 79	9.8/73.6 <sup>hi</sup>
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) <sup>fg</sup> 2010-2015	7.0 <sup>hi</sup>
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman) <sup>19</sup> Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49. %) 2010-2015 2006-2012	2.8 <sup>e</sup> 43.2 <sup>j</sup>
	43.2 <sup>2</sup> 3.2/15.7
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP) 2006-2012	3.3
	9.6/89.8
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) 2006-2012 3.	52.8
Environmental indicators	02.0
Threatened species 2013	63
Forested area (% of land area) 2011	64.6
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita) 2010	70/3.5
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent) 2010	1 159.0 <sup>1</sup>

a Excludes Niue. b Population estimates for Avarua are not available. c UN operational exchange rate. d Rarotonga. e 2011. f Data compiled by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community Demography Programme. g Resident population only. h 2006-2012. i Preliminary. j 1999. k National estimate. I UNSD estimate.

### Cuba

Region Caribbean

11 271

102.6

Currency Cuban Peso (CUP)<sup>a</sup> 109 884 Surface area (square kilometres)

Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000)

United Nations membership date

Havana (2 116) 24 October 1945

Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	42 644	64 328	71 017
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	11.2		3.0
GDP per capita (current US\$)	3 776.5		6 300.8
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	3 720.4		6 197.7
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	9.0		9.9
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	109		
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	97		95
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	97		95
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed) cd	19.1		17.1 <sup>f</sup>
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed) cd	20.2		19.7 <sup>†</sup>
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	38.7		43.3
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	67.2		70.1
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) <sup>9</sup>	2 261 3 953		2 815
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent) Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	3 953		15.0
Individuals using the Internet (%)	9.7		25.6 <sup>i</sup>
Social indicators	3.7	10.5	25.0
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	-0.1
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	-0.1 -0.1
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	-0.1
Urban population (%)		2013	75.1
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	16.2
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	)	2013	19.6/17.4
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	,	2013	101.1
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		2010-2015	81.2/77.2
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	4.5
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	1.5
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		2006-2012	72.6
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	)	mid-2013	16.2/0.1
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		mid-2013	374
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)		2006-2012	12.9
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m p	er 100)	2006-2012	94.4/94.8
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		2006-2012	59.1
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)		2008-2010	2.2/7.2
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	48.9
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	331
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	27.3
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons p	oer capita		38 333/3.4
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)		2010	1 074.0
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			1 189 <sup>J</sup>
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and ma	aximum)		21.6/28.8 <sup>J</sup>

a The national currency of Cuba is the Cuban Peso (CUP). The convertible peso (CUC) is used by foreigners and tourists in Cuba. **b** 2008. **c** The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.2. **d** Age group 17 to 59 for males and age group 17 to 54 for females. **e** December. **f** 2011. **g** Air arrivals. **h** Includes users of the international network and also those having access only to the Cuban network. **i** ITU estimate. **j** Based on WMO Climatological Normals (CLINO) for the period 1961-1990.

### Dominica

Region Caribbean Currency E.C. Dollar (XCD) ometres) 751

Surface area (square kilometres)
Population in 2012 (estimated, 000)
Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre)
Capital city and population in 2011 (000)
United Nations membership date

) 72 ) 95.5 ) Roseau (14) e 18 December 1978

Economic indicators	2005	201	0 2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	362	48	2 499
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	-0.5	2.	
GDP per capita (current US\$)	5 126.0	6 766.	4 6 958.2
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	4 715.0		
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	20.2		
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	2.70	2.7	
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-76	-8	
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) <sup>b</sup>	106	12	
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	95	11	
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	95	11	
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	79	7	
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	2 7 4		2
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	75.4 38.5	155. 47.	
Individuals using the Internet (%)  Total trade  Major trading partners		47.	2012
Total trade Major trading partners (% of expo			(% of imports)
		ited States	36.8
Imports 211.9 Jamaica		nidad and To	
Balance –174.9 Saint Kitts and Nevis		eas nes	8.6 <sup>f</sup>
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.4
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.2
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	-0.4
Urban population (%)		2013	67.4
Population aged 0-14 years (%) ghi		2013	29.5 <sup>j</sup>
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total	al) <sup>ghi</sup>	2013	15.1/11.7 <sup>j</sup>
Sex ratio (males per 100 females) ghi		2013	103.7 <sup>j</sup>
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) <sup>9</sup>		2010-2015	78.2/73.8 <sup>k</sup>
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		2006-2012	49.8 <sup>m</sup>
International migrant stock (000 and % of total populatio	n)	mid-2013	6.4/8.9
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		mid-2013	0 <sup>n</sup>
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP) of GDP)		2006-2012	5.0 <sup>p</sup>
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m	per 100)	2006-2012	107.0/104.3
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	12.9
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	53
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	59.2
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons			136/2.0
Francis and service of the service (1.1) and the service (1.4).		2010	00.00

a Official rate. b Index base 2001=100. c Series linked to former series. d Estimate. e ITU estimate. f See technical notes. g Data compiled by the United Nations Demographic Yearbook system. h Data refer to the latest available census. 1 De facto estimate. j 2006. k 2008. I Age group 15 to 44 years. m 1987. n Value is zero, not available or not applicable. o UNESCO estimate. p 1999. q UNSD estimate. r Melville Hall airport. s Based on monthly averages for the period 1971-1990.

Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)

Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)

Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)<sup>r</sup>

2010

690.0<sup>q</sup>

2 575s

23.1/29.3°

# Dominican Republic

Region Caribbean Currency Dominican Peso (DOP) 48 192 Surface area (square kilometres) 10 277

Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000)

Santo Domingo (2 191) United Nations membership date 24 October 1945

213.2

United Nations membership date	24 Octob	er 1945	
Economic indicators	2005	201	10 2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	33 431	50 98	30 58 898
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	9.3		.8 3.9
GDP per capita (current US\$)	3 578.1	5 089	.5 5 731.2
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	3 377.9		
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	16.4	16	.3 16.3
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	34.88	37.9	3 40.36
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-473	-4 33	30 –4 037
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	230	31	14 353
Industrial production index (2005=100) <sup>b</sup>	100	11	14 123
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	99	12	27 133
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	99		29 135
Unemployment (% of labour force) <sup>c</sup>	17.9		.3 14.7
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed) <sup>d</sup>	22.3		.9 <sup>c</sup> 17.8 <sup>efg</sup>
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed) <sup>d</sup>	14.6	<sup>c</sup> 12	.0 <sup>c</sup> 14.5 <sup>efg</sup>
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	49.0		
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	80.5		
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) <sup>ni</sup>	3 691	4 12	25 4 563
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	164		
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	39.1		
Individuals using the Internet (%)	11.5	31	.4 <sup>J</sup> 45.0 <sup>J</sup>
Total trade Major trading partners			2012
(million US\$) (% of expo	rts)		(% of imports)
Exports 6 902.5 United States 5	56.0 Un	ited States	38.6
Imports 19 200.5 Haiti		ina	10.0
	5.Z Ve	nezuela	6.3
Social indicators		2012 2015	
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	1.2
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	2.0
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	-0.7
Urban population (%)		2013	70.8
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	11	2013	30.2
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total	1)	2013	9.5/8.9
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)		2013	100.1
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		2010-2015	76.6/70.3
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015 2010-2015	25.6 2.5
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2006-2012	2.5 72.9
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	-1	mid-2013	402.5/3.9
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	1)	mid-2013	211 481 <sup>k</sup>
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)		2006-2012	2.1
Education: Drimary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m p	or 100\	2006-2012	90.1/91.0
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	JEI 100 <i>)</i>	2006-2012	61.3 <sup>l</sup>
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)		2008-2010	3.2/22.0
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	20.8
Environmental indicators		2014	20.0
		2012	1.10
Threatened species		2013	143
Forested area (% of land area)	nor canita	2011	40.8
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	hei cahili		20 947/2.1
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)		2010	672.0 1 447 <sup>m</sup>
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)	avimum1		
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and m	ıaxııılulil)		21.5/30.4 <sup>m</sup>

a Principal rate. b The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.3. c Age group 10 years and over. d The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.2. e 2011. f April to June. g Break in series; data not strictly comparable. h Air arrivals. I Includes nationals residing abroad. J ITU estimate. k Includes estimated number of individuals resident in the country who belong to the first generation born on Dominican territory to Haitian migrant parents. I 2003. m Based on monthly averages for the period 1961-1990.

Region Oceania-Melanesia

875

Currency Fiji Dollar (FJD)
Surface area (square kilometres) 18 272

Population in 2012 (estimated, 000)
Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre)
Capital city and population in 2011 (000)
United Nations membership date

47.9 Suva (177) 13 October 1970

Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	3 007	3 225	3 999
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	5.4	-0.2	1.5
GDP per capita (current US\$)	3 655.5	3 747.8	4 571.9
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	3 579.3	3 571.0	4 506.7
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	18.1	12.6	16.5
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	1.74	1.82	1.79
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-212	-142	-56
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	115	146	165
Industrial production index (2005=100) <sup>b</sup>	100	101	104 <sup>c</sup>
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	99	82	83
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	99	82	83
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	38.1	37.4	37.5
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	73.8	72.0	72.0
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) <sup>a</sup>	545	632	661
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	29 24.9 <sup>e</sup>	36 81.1 <sup>f</sup>	98.1 <sup>g</sup>
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Individuals using the Internet (%)	8.5	20.0 <sup>h</sup>	33.7 <sup>h</sup>
		20.0	2012
Total trade Major trading partners (% of exp		10/	of imports)
Exports 1 220.6 Bunkers	17.7 <sup>i</sup> Singa		31.8
Imports 2 252.6 Australia	14.8 Austra		18.3
Imports 2 252.6 Australia Balance -1 032.0 United States		Zealand	13.9
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	20	10-2015	0.7
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	20	10-2015	1.6
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	20	10-2015	~
Urban population (%)		2013	53.0
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	28.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of tot	al)	2013	9.3/8.0
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)		2013	103.8
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		10-2015	72.9/66.9
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		10-2015	16.0
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		10-2015	2.6
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		06-2012	40.9 <sup>J</sup>
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population		nid-2013	22.8/2.6
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		nid-2013	13
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)		06-2012	4.1
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m	per IUU) ZU	06-2012	99.0/95.2
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) <sup>k</sup>		06-2012	53.1 <sup>1</sup>
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)	20	08-2010	1.5</td
Environmental indicators Threatened species		2013	278
Forested area (% of land area)		2013	278 55.7
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	nor canital	2011	
		2010	1 290/1.5 524.0
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	1	2010	3 040 <sup>m</sup>
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)	mavimum)		3 040 22.2/28.7 <sup>m</sup>
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and	naxiiiiuiiij	1.1	<u> </u>

a Official rate. **b** The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.3. **c**. 2011. **d** Excludes nationals residing abroad. **e** Data refer to March of the following year. **f** June 2011. **g** December. **h** ITU estimate. **i** See technical notes. **j** 1974. **k** UNESCO estimate. **i** 2005. **m** Based on monthly averages for the period 1961-1990.

### Grenada

Region Caribbean

Currency E.C. Dollar (XCD) Surface area (square kilometres) 344

Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) 105 Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) 306.6

Capital city and population in 2011 (000) St.George's (41) United Nations membership date 17 September 1974

Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	695	770	783
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	13.3	-0.4	-1.7
GDP per capita (current US\$)	6 754.4	7 353.2	7 418.3
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	6 481.7	6 870.4	6 989.3
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	46.3	22.1	17.5
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	2.70	2.70	2.70
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-193	-203	-214
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	112	136 <sup>b</sup>	143
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	77	90	97
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	77	90	97
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	99	110	116
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	45.6	116.7	121.6 <sup>c</sup>
Individuals using the Internet (%) <sup>c</sup>	20.5	33.5	42.1
Till I			0010

muividuais	using the internet (	70)	20.5	33.3	42.1
Total trade	)	Major trading partners			2012
	(million US\$)d	(% of exports)		(% of	imports)d
Imports	281.8		United	States	31.9
		•••		d and Tobago	25.2
		•••	United	Kingdom	4.2
Social ind	icators				
Population :	growth rate (averag	ge annual %)	2010	0-2015	0.4
Urban popu	lation growth rate	(average annual %)	2010	0-2015	1.2
Rural popul	ation growth rate (	average annual %)	2010	0-2015	-0.2
Urban popu	lation (%)			2013	39.8
Population :	aged 0-14 years (%	o)		2013	26.8
Population :	aged 60+ years (fer	males and males, % of total)		2013	11.2/8.5
Sex ratio (m	nales per 100 fema	les)		2013	100.3
Life expecta	ancy at birth (femal	es and males, years)	2010	0-2015	75.2/70.2
Infant morta	ality rate (per 1 000	) live births)	2010	0-2015	8.9
Fertility rate	e, total (live births)	per woman)	2010	0-2015	2.2
Contracepti	ve prevalence (age	s 15-49, %) <sup>e</sup>	2006	5-2012	54.3 <sup>f</sup>
Internationa	al migrant stock (00	00 and % of total population)	mio	d-2013	11.4/10.7
Refugees a	nd others of concer	n to UNHCR	mio	d-2013	0 <sup>g</sup>
Education: (	Government expen	diture (% of GDP)	2006	6-2012	3.9 <sup>h</sup>

Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2014	33.3
Environmental indicators		
Threatened species	2013	44
Forested area (% of land area)	2011	50.0
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)	2010	260/2.5
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	2010	841.0

2006-2012

2006-2012

2008-2010

105.1/105.6

57.1

3.8/19.2

Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)

Education: Female third-level students (% of total)

Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)

a Official rate. b Series linked to former series. c ITU estimate. d 2009. e Age group 15 to 44 years. f 1990. g Value is zero, not available or not applicable. h 2003.

### Guinea-Bissau

Region Western Africa Currency CFA Franc (XOF) 36 125

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000) Bissau (423) United Nations membership date 17 September 1974

1664 46.1

Office Nations membership date		5111001 1374	
Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	587	845	849
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	6.5	5 4.4	-2.8
GDP per capita (current US\$)	412.8	532.6	510.4
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	404.6	532.0	506.8
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	6.1		7.6
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	556.04		497.16
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-10		
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) bc	104		
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	99		137
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	99		138
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	66.2		68.1
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	78.5		78.5
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) <sup>e</sup>			
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	7.2		69.5 <sup>9</sup>
Individuals using the Internet (%)	1.9	) 2.5 <sup>g</sup>	2.9 <sup>g</sup>
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	2.4
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	3.6
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.9
Urban population (%)		2013	45.3
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	41.5
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total	1)	2013	5.6/5.0
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)		2013	98.9
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		2010-2015	55.7/52.7
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	93.9
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	5.0
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	, h	2006-2012	14.0
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	n)''	mid-2013	18.0/1.1
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		mid-2013	7 907
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	400)	2006-2012	5.3
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m	per 100)	2006-2012	40.6/62.4 <sup>J</sup>
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000) k		2008-2010	9.0/31.7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	11.0
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	61
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	71.6
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	per capit	a) 2010	238/0.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)		2010	52.0 <sup>1</sup>
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			1 756 <sup>m</sup>
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and m	naximum)		19.7/32.1 <sup>m</sup>

a Official rate. **b** Bissau. **c** Index base 2003=100. **d** Series linked to former series. **e** Air arrivals. **f** 2007. **g** ITU estimate. **h** Includes refugees. **i** 1999. **j** 2000. **k** Estimates. IUNSD estimate. **m** January to November only.

Region South America

Currency Guyana Dollar (GYD) Surface area (square kilometres) 214 969 Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) 795

3.7

Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000) United Nations membership date Georgetown (127) 20 September 1966

Economic indicators 2005 2010 20	
2000 2010 20	12
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$) 1315 2259 28	51
	4.8
GDP per capita (current US\$) 1728.9 2 874.0 3 584	4.7
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$) 1717.8 2890.2 3583	3.2
	4.9
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup> 200.25 203.50 204.	
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$) —96 —155 —3	
	86 <sup>d</sup>
	13
	13
	2.3
	0.9
the state of the s	77
	2.2
	3.0 <sup>g</sup>
	012
	6.0
	0.0 4.9
Balance –833.1 United Kingdom 11.4 Curação 10	0.5
Social indicators	
Population growth rate (average annual %) 2010-2015	0.5
	0.5
	0.1
	8.5
	6.1
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total) 2013 6.7/4	
	3.3
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) 2010-2015 68.9/63	
	8.5
	2.6
	2.5
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) mid-2013 14.8/	
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR mid-2013	10
	3.2
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100) 2006-2012 96.4/84	
	6.8
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000) 2008-2010 7.5/23	
	1.3
Environmental indicators	1.0
	00
	86
	7.2
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita) 2010 1700/	
	5.0
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)  Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)  24.0/30	263 <sup>h</sup>
	u 5

a Principal rate. b Georgetown. c Series linked to former series. d 2011. e Arrivals to Timehri airport only. f 2007. g ITU estimate. h Based on monthly averages for the period 1961-1990.

Region Caribbean Currency Gourde (HTG) ometres) 27 750

10 174

Surface area (square kilometres)
Population in 2012 (estimated, 000)
Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre)
Capital city and population in 2011 (000)
United Nations membership date

366.6 Port-au-Prince (2 207) 24 October 1945

Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	3 807	6 079	7 187
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	1.8	-5.4	2.8
GDP per capita (current US\$)	411.1	614.3	706.5
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	418.1	615.3	707.6
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	14.3	13.3	15.2
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	43.00	39.88	42.55
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	7	-166	-349
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	252 <sup>b</sup>	375	432
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	102	106	107
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	102	108	107
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	58.4	60.1	60.6
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	69.5	70.5	70.8
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) cd	112	255	295 <sup>e</sup>
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	23 5 af	15	
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	5.4 <sup>f</sup>	40.0	59.4
Individuals using the Internet (%) <sup>†</sup>	6.4	8.4	9.8
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		0-2015	1.4
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		0-2015	3.7
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	201	0-2015	-1.7
Urban population (%)		2013	56.1
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	35.0
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)		2013	7.3/6.3
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	001	2013	97.7
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		0-2015	64.9/61.1
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		0-2015 0-2015	40.2 3.2
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		0-2015 6-2012	3.2 32.0 <sup>9</sup>
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		d-2012 d-2013	38.1/0.4
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		d-2013 d-2013	30.1/0.4
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)		8-2010	1.4/8.2
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	200	2014	4.2
Environmental indicators		2014	7.2
		2012	150
Threatened species		2013 2011	156 3.6
Forested area (% of land area) CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons pe	r canital		
	ii capita)	2010 2010	2 118/0.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)		2010	67.0

a Principal rate. b Series linked to former series. c Air arrivals. d From 2007, includes nationals residing abroad. e Includes data for only 10 months; data for September and October are not available. f ITU estimate. g 2005-2006.

Region Caribbean

Currency Jamaican Dollar (JMD) 10 991

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000) United Nations membership date

2769 251.9 Kingston (571) 18 September 1962

Office Nations membership date	10 000	3111001 1002	
Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	11 239	13 231	14 795
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	0.9	-1.5	5 <b>–</b> 0.5
GDP per capita (current US\$)	4 190.4	4 826.2	5 343.1
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	3 938.1	4 645.8	5 186.6
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	26.8	19.9	19.7
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	64.38	85.60	
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-1 071	-934	
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	166	296	319 <sup>b</sup>
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	96	97	7 104
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	96	97	7 104
Unemployment (% of labour force) <sup>c</sup>	11.3	12.4	13.9
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed) <sup>c</sup>	17.7	<sup>rd</sup> 15.9	3 <sup>ef</sup> 15.5 <sup>ef</sup>
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed) <sup>c</sup>	18.1	d 20.2	2 <sup>ef</sup> 18.1 <sup>ef</sup>
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	57.5		
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	76.2	71.5	71.0
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) gh	1 479	1 922	1 986
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	17	18	
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	73.9	116.1	96.5 <sup>i</sup>
Individuals using the Internet (%)	12.8		
Total trade Major trading partners			2012
(million US\$) (% of expo	rts)	(	% of imports)
		ited States `	35.7
Imports 6 580.4 Canada	7.1 Ve	nezuela	15.4
Balance –4 868.6 Slovenia	4.2 Tri	nidad and Tob	pago 10.6
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.5
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.5
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.2
Urban population (%)		2013	52.2
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	27.2
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of tota	I)	2013	11.7/10.8
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)		2013	97.0
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		2010-2015	76.0/70.9
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	20.9
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	2.3
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		2006-2012	69.0 <sup>1</sup>
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	n)	mid-2013	34.9/1.3
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		mid-2013	20
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)		2006-2012	6.4
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m)	per 100)	2006-2012	94.4/94.2 <sup>m</sup>
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		2006-2012	68.9
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)		2008-2010	10.3/95.2
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	12.7
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	289
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	31.1
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	per canita		7 152/2.6
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	FS. Oapitt	2010	807.0
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)		2010	813 <sup>n</sup>
Tomporature in the capital city, total mean (minimum and m	lavimum\		22 0/21 4 <sup>n</sup>

Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum) a Market rate. b 2011. c Age group 14 years and over. d The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.2. e The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.3. f Average of quarterly estimates. g Arrivals of non-resident tourists by air. h Includes nationals residing abroad. i Decrease due to the cancellation of subscriptions as two operators merged. j ITU estimate. k Age group 14 years and over using the Internet via any device. I 2002-2003. m 2004. n Based on monthly averages for the period 1951-1980.

### Kiribati

**Economic indicators** 

Region Oceania-Micronesia Currency Australian Dollar (AUD)

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000)

United Nations membership date

726 a 101 138.8 Bairiki (...)<sup>b</sup>

14 September 1999

2010

2012

2005

Locilottio maloutoro	2000	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	106	151	176
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	-0.2	-0.5	3.0
GDP per capita (current US\$)	1 174.5	1 539.9	1 745.2
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	1 406.7	1 770.9	2 076.9
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	48.2	42.2	43.1
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>c</sup>	1.36	0.98	0.96
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) <sup>a</sup>	110	125 <sup>e</sup>	
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	95	118	120
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	95	118	120
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) <sup>fg</sup>	4	5	5,
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	0.7	10.6	15.6 <sup>ի</sup>
Individuals using the Internet (%)	4.0 <sup>h</sup>	9.1	10.8 <sup>h</sup>
Total trade Major trading partners	S		2012
(million US\$) (% of exp	oorts)	(% c	of imports)
Exports 5.8 Morocco	46.6 Austral	ıa	24.3
Imports 108.6 Asia nes	20.7' Japan		21.1
Balance —102.8 China, Hong Kong SAR	10.3 Singapo	ore	15.4
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		0-2015	1.5
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		0-2015	1.8
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010	0-2015	1.3
Urban population (%)		2013	44.2
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	31.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of tot	tal)	2013	7.4/5.7
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2011	2013	98.9
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		0-2015	71.6/65.9
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		0-2015	34.3
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		0-2015	3.0
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		6-2012	36.1 <sup>J</sup>
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population (2007)		d-2013	2.6/2.6
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2006	6-2012	11.9 <sup>k</sup>

Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent) 2010 209.0<sup>1</sup> a Land area only. Excludes 84 square km of uninhabited islands. **b** Population estimates for Bairiki have not been made available. **c** Official rate. **d** Tarawa. **e** 2008. **f** Air arrivals. **g** Tarawa and Christmas Island. **h** ITU estimate. **i** See technical notes. **j** 2000. **k** 2001. I UNSD estimate.

Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)

CO<sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)

Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)

**Environmental indicators** Threatened species

Forested area (% of land area)

2006-2012

2014

2013

2011

2010

106.3/99.4

8.7

101

15.0

62/0.6

# Maldives

Region Southern Asia Currency Rufiyaa (MVR) 300

338

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000)

1128.1 Male (132) United Nations membership date 21 September 1965

Office Nations membership date		1 1000	
Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	1 091	2 3 3 5	2 606
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	-9.1	6.9	13.5
GDP per capita (current US\$)	3 665.6	7 169.0	7 699.8
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	3 434.9	6 143.5	6 503.0
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	34.5	26.2	24.3
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	12.80	12.80	15.36
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-273	-196	-600
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) <sup>b</sup>	107 <sup>c</sup>	146	184 <sup>c</sup>
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	89	81	88
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	89	81	88
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	24 3 <sup>defgh</sup>		
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	11.5 <sup>defgh</sup>		
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	50.2	55.1	55.9
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	74.6	76.4	77.1
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	395	792	958
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	69.0	156.5	172.8
Individuals using the Internet (%)	6.9 <sup>jk</sup>	26.5 <sup>1</sup>	38.9 <sup>m</sup>
Total trade Major trading partners	0.0		2012
(million US\$) (% of expo	ortel	(0)	of imports)
	27.4 United	Arab Emira	ates 29.9
	16.5 Singapo	ore	18.1
Balance -1 392.9 Italy	7.7 India		9.5
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010	0-2015	1.9
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		0-2015	3.9
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		0-2015	-0.7
Urban population (%)	2010	2013	43.5
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	28.7
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total	d)	2013	6.4/7.0
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	11)	2013	101.4
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010	)-2015	78.8/76.7
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		D-2015	10.4
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		0-2015 0-2015	2.3
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		6-2013 6-2012	34.7
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population		1-2013	84.2/24.4
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)		6-2013 6-2012	6.8
Education: Government experiorital (% of GDI)  Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m	nor 100\0 2000	2012	102.4/100.7 <sup>p</sup>
Education: Frimary-secondary gross emolinent ratio (i/in Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		6-2012 6-2012	52.5
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)		3-2012 3-2010	32.3 1.1</td
	2000		,
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	6.8
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	69
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	3.0
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	per capita)	2010	1 074/3.4
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)		2010	1 132.0
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			1 901 <sup>q</sup>
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and n			25.8/30.6 <sup>q</sup>
a Market rate b Male a Carine linked to former perion d 200	C a Dopulation	aanaua fil	ha indiana ara

a Market rate. b Male, c Series linked to former series. d 2006. e Population census. f The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.3. g Excludes conscripts. h Break in series, data not strictly comparable. i Air arrivals. j Country estimate. k Excludes mobile Internet users. I Age group 15 years and over. m ITU estimate. n Data refer to foreign citizens. o UNESCO estimate. p 2004. q Based on monthly averages for the period 1981-2000.

# Marshall Islands

Region Oceania-Micronesia Currency U.S. Dollar (USD)

181

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000) United Nations membership date

53 290.4 Majuro (31) 17 September 1991

Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	139	177	7 198
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	2.0		
GDP per capita (current US\$)	2 676.7		
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	3 468.9		
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	56.8		
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) <sup>a</sup>	107		
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	97		
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	97		
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)			5 <sup>d</sup> 5 <sup>d</sup>
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	1.3		
Individuals using the Internet (%)	3.9	7.0	D <sup>e</sup> 10.0 <sup>e</sup>
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.2
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	2.0
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.5
Urban population (%)		2013	72.5
Population aged 0-14 years (%) <sup>fg</sup>	fa	2013	40.2
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total	I) <sup>19</sup>	2013	5.0/4.7
Sex ratio (males per 100 females) <sup>19</sup>		2013	105.3
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) <sup>†</sup>		2010-2015	72.6/67.3 <sup>n</sup>
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	26.3 <sup>h</sup>
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman) <sup>†</sup>		2010-2015	4.1 <sup>h</sup>
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	,	2006-2012	44.6
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	n)	mid-2013	1.7/3.2
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	100\	2006-2012	12.2
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m	per (UU)	2006-2012	106.5/105.1
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		2006-2012	48.9
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	3.0
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	94
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	70.2
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	per capita		103/1.9
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)		2010	636.0 <sup>J</sup>

a Majuro. b 2008. c Air and sea arrivals. d Air arrivals. e ITU estimate. f Data compiled by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community Demography Programme. g De facto estimate. b 2011. i 2003. j UNSD estimate.

### Mauritius

Region Eastern Africa

Currency Mauritius Rupee (MUR)

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) 629.5 Capital city and population in 2011 (000) Port Louis (151)

1969 a 1 240 b

United Nations membership date 24 April 1968

Officed Mations membership date	24 April 1900		
Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	6 489	9718	11 452
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	1.8	4.1	3.2
GDP per capita (current US\$)	5 350.4	7 896.9	9 238.4
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	5 310.8	7 991.9	9 336.9
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	21.5	24.9	22.8
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>c</sup>	30.67	30.39	30.52
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-324	-1 006	-1 175
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	128	176	194
Industrial production index (2005=100) d	100	112	117 <sup>e</sup>
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	98	99	96
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	98	99	96
Unemployment (% of labour force) fg	9.5	7.7	8.0
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	32.4 <sup>d</sup>	28.2 <sup>d</sup>	27.6 <sup>fhi</sup>
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	10.0 <sup>d</sup>	8.7 <sup>d</sup>	
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	41.1	43.3	43.5
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	76.8	74.6	74.3
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	761	935	965
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	10	9	110.1
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	52.3 15.2 <sup>j</sup>	91.7 28.3 <sup>k</sup>	113.1
Individuals using the Internet (%)	15.2	28.3	
Total trade Major trading partners		10	2012
(million US\$) (% of expo		(%	6 of imports)
	18.8 India 16.0 China		22.6 16.1
Imports 5 772.0 France Balance –3 514.3 United States	16.0 China 10.1 France		16.1 8.3
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %) <sup>b</sup>	201	0-2015	0.4
Urban population growth rate (average annual %) b		0-2015	0.6
Rural population growth rate (average annual %) <sup>b</sup>		0-2015	0.5
Urban population (%) <sup>b</sup>	201	2013	41.8
Population aged 0-14 years (%) <sup>b</sup>		2013	19.7
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of tota	I) <sup>b</sup>	2013	15.1/12.2
Sex ratio (males per 100 females) b	,	2013	97.4
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) <sup>b</sup>	201	0-2015	77.0/70.2
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) b	201	0-2015	11.5
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman) b	201	0-2015	1.5
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	200	6-2012	75.8 <sup>l</sup>
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	n) <sup>b</sup> mi	d-2013	45.0/3.6
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	mi	d-2013	0 <sup>m</sup>
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	200	6-2012	3.5
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m	per 100) 200	6-2012	102.1/100.5
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		6-2012	56.6
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)	200	8-2010	4.8/9.7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	18.8
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	237
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	17.3
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	per capita)	2010	4 115/3.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)		2010	967.0
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)			711 <sup>n</sup>
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and m	naximum)_		21.6/29.4 <sup>n</sup>
E     (0:0E   1A   11   1		1 .	10: 1

a Excludes the islands of Saint Brandon and Agalega. b Includes Agalega, Rodrigues and Saint Brandon.
c Market rate. d The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.3. e 2011. f Age group 16 years and over. g
2007: Break in series; data not strictly comparable. h Average of quarterly estimates. I Break in series;
data not strictly comparable. j ITU estimate. k Age group 5 years and over. I 2002. m Value is zero, not
available or not applicable. n Based on monthly averages for the period 1971-2000.

# Micronesia (Federated States of)

Region Oceania-Micronesia Currency U.S. Dollar (USD) ometres) 702

Surface area (square kilometres)
Population in 2012 (estimated, 000)
Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre)
Capital city and population in 2011 (000)
United Nations membership date

103 147.3 Palikir (7)

17 September 1991

Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	250	294	327
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	2.1	2.5	1.4
GDP per capita (current US\$)	2 352.2	2 838.3	3 164.6
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	2 468.0	2 969.5	3 316.5
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	31.2	31.4	31.5
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	101	98	99
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	101	98	99
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) ab	19	26 <sup>c</sup>	
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	12.9	24.8	24.6 <sup>d</sup>
Individuals using the Internet (%)	11.9	20.0 <sup>d</sup>	26.0 <sup>d</sup>
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		0.2
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015		1.0

Social indicators		
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	0.2
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	1.0
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010-2015	0.4
Urban population (%)	2013	22.8
Population aged 0-14 years (%)	2013	35.1
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	2013	7.5/6.5
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	2013	104.8
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2010-2015	69.9/68.0
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2010-2015	32.7
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2010-2015	3.3
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)	mid-2013	2.6/2.5
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	mid-2013	0 <sup>e</sup>
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP) <sup>†</sup>	2006-2012	6.7 <sup>g</sup>
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)	2006-2012	98.6/96.5 <sup>h</sup>
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)	2008-2010	0.6/1.6
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2014	0.0
Environmental indicators		

Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)20140.0Environmental indicators...Threatened species2013163Forested area (% of land area)201191.7CO2 emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)2010103/0.9Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)2010280.0

a Arrivals in the States of Kosrae, Chuuk, Pohnpei and Yap. **b** Excludes citizens of the Federated States of Micronesia. **c** 2008. **d** ITU estimate. **e** Value is zero, not available or not applicable. **f** UNESCO estimate. **g** 2000. **h** 2005. **i** Estimates. **j** UNSD estimate.

# Nauru

Region Oceania-Micronesia Currency Australian Dollar (AUD)

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000) United Nations membership date 14 September 1999

10 477.7 Nauru (10)

P			
Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	26	62	121
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	-12.1	20.1	20.2
GDP per capita (current US\$)	2 599.4	6 233.9	12 021.8
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	3 030.4	6 492.0	12 577.4
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	48.2	42.2	43.1
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	1.37	0.99	0.96
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	101		103
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	101	104	103
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)		60.5	65.6
Individuals using the Internet (%)			54.0 <sup>bc</sup>
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.2
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.6
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.0
Urban population (%)		2013	100.0
Population aged 0-14 years (%) de		2013	38.9
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)	) <sup>de</sup>	2013	3.6/3.2
Sex ratio (males per 100 females) de		2013	101.9
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) d		2010-2015	63.2/57.5 <sup>f</sup>
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) <sup>d</sup>		2010-2015	33.0 <sup>†</sup>
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman) <sup>d</sup>		2010-2015	4.3 <sup>g</sup>
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		2006-2012	35.6
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	) <sup>h</sup>	mid-2013	2.1/20.6
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		mid-2013	534
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m p	er 100) i	2006-2012	82.8/74.0
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	5.3
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	80
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons p	oer capita	a) 2010	84/8.4
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)		2010	2 720.0 <sup>j</sup>

a UN operational exchange rate. b 2011. c Age group 15 years and over. d Data compiled by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community Demography Programme. e De facto estimate. f 2007-2011. g 2009-2011. h Data refer to foreign citizens. i National estimate. j UNSD estimate.

# Niue

Region Oceania-Polynesia Currency New Zealand Dollar (NZD)

Surface area (square kilometres) 260 Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) 5.3 Capital city and population in 2011 (000) Alofi (1)

Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	1.46	1.31	1.22
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	119	158 <sup>b</sup>	
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	101	93	91
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	101	93	91
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) c	3	6	6 <sup>d</sup>
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	37.6 <sup>e</sup>		
Individuals using the Internet (%)	51.7	77.0 <sup>f</sup>	82.2 <sup>f</sup>
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	201	10-2015	-2.9
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	201	10-2015	-1.6
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	201	10-2015	-3.5
Urban population (%)		2013	38.8
Population aged 0-14 years (%) <sup>gh</sup>		2013	24.7
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total) <sup>gh</sup>		2013	19.9/15.1
Sex ratio (males per 100 females) gh		2013	100.0
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) <sup>9</sup>	201	10-2015	72.8/66.1 <sup>i</sup>
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) <sup>9</sup>	201	10-2015	10.2 <sup>i</sup>
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman) <sup>9</sup>	201	10-2015	2.2 <sup>i</sup>
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)	. m	id-2013	0.6/41.1
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per	100) <sup>j</sup> 200	06-2012	124.3/96.1 <sup>k</sup>
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	50
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	71.2
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per	capita)	2010	7/4.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)		2010	1 118.0 <sup>l</sup>

a UN operational exchange rate. b 2009. c Includes Niueans residing usually in New Zealand. d 2011. e 2004. f ITU estimate. g Data compiled by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community Demography Programme. h De facto estimate. i 2006-2011. j National estimate. k 2005. I UNSD estimate.

# Palau

Region Oceania-Micronesia Currency U.S. Dollar (USD) 459

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000) United Nations membership date

45.2 Melekeok (1) 15 December 1994

Economic indica	tors		200	5 20	10 2012	
GDP: Gross domest	ic product (	million current US\$)	18	8 2	05 213	
GDP: Growth rate a	t constant	2005 prices (annual %)	6.	2 –3	3.4 –2.5	
GDP per capita (cur	rent US\$)		9 446.	3 10 028	3.3 10 271.2	
		r capita (current US\$)	8 180.			
Gross fixed capital	formation (	% of GDP)	35.		2.2 25.5	
Tourist arrivals at n	ational bor	ders (000) <sup>a</sup>	8		86 119	
		0 mt oil equivalent) <sup>b</sup>		2	2	
		per 100 inhabitants)	30.		0.9 82.6	
Individuals using th	e Internet (		27.	ܰ		
Total trade		Major trading partne			2012	
	on US\$)	(% of e			(% of imports)	
Exports	9.0	Japan United Character	82.2 U	nited States	37.1	
Imports Balance	141.9 -132.9	United States Guam		uam apan	32.4 9.7	
Social indicators		duam	0.0 00	арин	5.7	-
		ra annual 0/ \		2010 2015	0.8	-
Population growth				2010-2015 2010-2015		
Rural population gr		(average annual %)		2010-2015		
Urban population (9		average annuar 707		2010-2013		
Population aged 0-	ળ IΔ vears (%	) de		2013		
Population aged 60	+ vears (fer	nales and males, % of t	otal) <sup>de</sup>	2013		
Sex ratio (males pe	r 100 fema	les) <sup>de</sup>	otari	2013		
Life expectancy at I	oirth (femal	es and males, years) d		2010-2015		
Infant mortality rate	e (per 1 000	live births) d		2010-2015		
Fertility rate, total (	live births p	oer woman) <sup>d</sup>		2010-2015	1.7 <sup>9</sup>	J
Contraceptive preva	alence (age	s 15-49, %) <sup>h</sup>		2006-2012	32.8 <sup>i</sup>	
		00 and % of total popula	tion)	mid-2013	5.6/26.7	
Refugees and other	s of concer	n to UNHCR		mid-2013	2	
Education: Governn	nent expend	diture (% of GDP) <sup>)</sup>		2006-2012		
Education: Primary-	secondary	gross enrolment ratio (f,	/m per 100) <sup>1</sup>	2006-2012	100.4/100.7 <sup>c</sup>	
		students (% of total) <sup>J</sup>		2006-2012		į.
Seats held by wom	en in natior	nal parliaments (%)		2014	0.0	
Environmental in	dicators					
Threatened species				2013	176	
Forested area (% o				2011	87.6	
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estim	ates (000 n	netric tons and metric to	ns per capit	:a) 2010		
		a (kilograms oil equivale		2010		
Air arrivala /Dalau I	ntornationa	Airport\     INICD actima	+0 a 2004 d	Data sampila	d by the Coeratoria	٠.

**a** Air arrivals (Palau International Airport). **b** UNSD estimate. **c** 2004. **d** Data compiled by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community Demography Programme. **e** De facto estimate. **f** 2001-2005. **g** 2010. **h** Age group 15 to 44 years. **i** 2003. **j** UNESCO estimate. **k** 2002. **l** National estimate.

# Papua New Guinea

Region Oceania-Melanesia Currency Kina (PGK) 462 840

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre)
Capital city and population in 2011 (000)
United Nations membership date
10 October 1975

7 167

United Nations membership date	TO Octobe	r 1975	
Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	4 866	9 707	15 677
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	3.9	7.6	9.2
GDP per capita (current US\$)	798.3	1 415.2	2 187.4
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	710.0	1 291.7	2 013.8
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	16.5	21.2	22.2
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	3.10	2.64	2.10
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	539	-633	
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	146	189	
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	100	112	117
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	99	112	117
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	71.3	70.6	70.5
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	74.4	74.1	74.0
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	69	146	165 <sup>b</sup>
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	2 805	683	
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	1.2	27.8	37.8 <sup>c</sup>
Individuals using the Internet (%)	1.7	1.3 <sup>d</sup>	2.3 <sup>c</sup>
Total trade Major trading partners			2012
(million US\$) (% of expo	rts)	(%	of imports)
		ralia	34.4
		apore	14.3
Balance –3 823.0 Germany	7.0 Chin		6.9
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	2	010-2015	2.1
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2	010-2015	2.7
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2	010-2015	2.1
Urban population (%)		2013	12.6
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	38.0
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total	)	2013	5.5/4.3
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	'	2013	104.1
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	2	010-2015	64.5/60.3
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	2	010-2015	47.6
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	2	010-2015	3.8
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	2	006-2012	35.7
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	ı) <sup>ef</sup>	mid-2013	25.4/0.4
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		mid-2013	9 787
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m p	per 100) 2	006-2012	45.1/53.9 <sup>g</sup>
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) <sup>h</sup>		006-2012	35.2 <sup>i</sup>
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)	2	008-2010	3.8/22.0
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	2.7
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	468
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	63.1
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons p	ner canital	2010	3 133/0.4
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	oup.tu/	2010	173.0
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)		2010	899 <sup>k</sup>
Total fill the suprisit of the state of the			000

a Official rate. **b** 2011. **c** ITU estimate. **d** Age group 10 years and over. **e** Data refer to foreign citizens. **f** Includes refugees. **g** 1998. **h** UNESCO estimate. **i** 1999. **j** Estimates. **k** Based on monthly averages for the period 1973-2007.

Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum)

# Saint Kitts and Nevis

Region Caribbean Currency E.C. Dollar (XCD) 261 Surface area (square kilometres)

Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) 54 Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) 205.3 Capital city and population in 2011 (000) Basseterre (13) United Nations membership date 23 September 1983

Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	546	717	765
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	9.9	-2.4	0.0
GDP per capita (current US\$)	11 108.7	13 695.5	14 267.5
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	10 393.6	13 138.0	13 776.7
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	42.0	33.0	26.5
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	2.70	2.70	2.70
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-65	-139	-71
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) <sup>b</sup>	111	136	145 <sup>cd</sup>
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	91	34	38
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	91	34	38
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) <sup>e</sup>	141	98	104
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	103.7 <sup>f</sup>	152.7	156.4 <sup>g</sup>
Individuals using the Internet (%) <sup>g</sup>	34.0	76.0	79.4
Total trade Major trading partners			2012
/ '''' LIOΦ\C (0/ C	. 10	101	c ·

Mobile-cellular subscriptions	(per 100 inhabitants)	10	03.7 <sup>f</sup> 152	2.7 156.4 <sup>g</sup>
Individuals using the Internet	(%) <sup>g</sup>	(	34.0 76	5.0 79.4
Total trade	Major trading partner	s		2012
(million US\$)c	(% of ex	ports)c		(% of imports) <sup>c</sup>
Exports 44.9	United States	81.7	United States	67.3
Imports 246.7 Balance –201.8	Antigua and Barbuda Trinidad and Tobago	3.1 2.7	Trinidad and T United Kingdo	
Social indicators	Tilliada alla Tobago	2.7	Office Kingdo	7.1
Population growth rate (average)	ago annual % )		2010-2015	1.1
Urban population growth rate			2010-2015	1.4
Rural population growth rate			2010-2015	1.1
Urban population (%)	(avorago armaar 707		2013	32.1
Life expectancy at birth (fema	ales and males, years)h		2010-2015	70.7/68.2 <sup>i</sup>
Contraceptive prevalence (ag			2006-2012	40.6 <sup>k</sup>
International migrant stock (C	00 and % of total populat	ion)	mid-2013	5.7/10.5
Refugees and others of conce	ern to UNHCR		mid-2013	1
Education: Government exper	nditure (% of GDP)		2006-2012	4.2
Education: Primary-secondary		n per 10		85.3/83.0
Education: Female third-level			2006-2012	67.3
Seats held by women in nation	onal parliaments (%)		2014	6.7
Environmental indicators				
Threatened species			2013	42
Forested area (% of land area	n)		2011	42.3

1573.0<sup>l</sup> Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent) 2010 a Official rate. **b** Index base 2001=100. **c** 2011. **d** Series linked to former series. **e** Air arrivals of non-resident tourists. **f** December. **g** ITU estimate. **h** Data compiled by the United Nations Demographic Yearbook system. i 1998. j Age group 15 to 44 years. k 1984. I UNSD estimate.

CO<sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)

2010

249/4.7

# Saint Lucia

Region Caribbean

Currency E.C. Dollar (XCD) Surface area (square kilometres) 539 ab Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) 181

Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000) 335.6 Castries (21)

United Nations membership date 18 September 1979

Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	937	1 252	1 318
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	-1.2	0.2	-3.0
GDP per capita (current US\$)	5 661.9	7 059.6	7 288.9
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	5 208.0	6 826.8	7 204.0
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	28.8	27.8	26.2
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$)°	2.70	2.70	2.70
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-129	-203	-184
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	112	128	137
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	89	91	99
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	89	91	99
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)	16.1°	def	
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)	14.8	ie	
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	63.1	62.4	62.6
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	77.6	75.9	76.0
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) g	318	306	307
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	63.9	113.7	127.7 <sup>h</sup>
Individuals using the Internet (%)	21.6	43.3	48.6 <sup>h</sup>
Total trade Major trading partners			2012
(million US\$) <sup>i</sup> (% of expo			of imports) <sup>i</sup>
		ted States_	42.6
Imports 655.7 Trinidad and Tobago		nidad and Tobago	
	15.1 Jap	oan	4.3
Social indicators		2012 2015	
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.8
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	-3.1
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	1.8
Urban population (%)		2013	16.1
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	24.0
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total	1)	2013	12.8/11.4
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)		2013	96.5
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		2010-2015	77.4/72.1
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	10.5
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	1.9
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		2006-2012	47.3 <sup>k</sup>
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	1)	mid-2013	12.2/6.7
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		mid-2013	2
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)		2006-2012	4.3
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m p		2006-2012	87.9/90.1
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		2006-2012	68.4
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)		2008-2010	2.8/41.0
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	16.7
Environmental indicators		0040	
Threatened species		2013	51
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	77.1
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	per capita		403/2.3
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)		2010	775.0
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)	1		1 399 <sup>m</sup>
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and m			24.5/30.0 <sup>m</sup>
a Refers to habitable area. b Excludes St. Lucia's Forest Reser	rve. <b>c</b> Uttic	ıaı rate. <b>d</b> 2004. <b>e</b>	ine indices

a neiers to nabitable area. b Excludes St. Lucia's Forest Reserve. c Official rate. d 2004. e The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.3. f Excludes mining and quarrying. g Excludes nationals residing abroad. h ITU estimate. j 2008. j Age group 15 to 44 years. k 1988. I Vieux Fort. m Based on monthly averages for the period 1973-2004.

# Saint Vincent and the Grenadines

Region Caribbean Currency E.C. Dollar (XCD) 389

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000)

**Economic indicators** 

United Nations membership date

109 281.2 Kingstown (31) 16 September 1980

2005

2010

2006-2012

2006-2012

2008-2010

2014

5.1

13.0

101.4/105.4

5.6/30.8

2012

	200	0 2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	55	68′	1 694
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	2	.5 –3.3	3 1.6
OP per capita (current US\$)		.2 6 233.0	0 6 348.8
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	4 792	.0 6 120.7	7 6 313.9
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	25	.1 25.2	2 23.6
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	2.7	0 2.70	2.70
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-10	12 –208	3 –216
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	10	13!	5 154
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	10	120	D 118
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	10	120	D 118
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	53	.3 55.5	5 55.7
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	79	.1 78.5	5 78.2
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) <sup>b</sup>	Ć	16 72	
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)			2 <sup>c</sup>
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	64		
Individuals using the Internet (%)	9	.2 <sup>d</sup> 38.5	5 <sup>e</sup> 47.5 <sup>e</sup>
Total trade Major trading partne	ers		2012
(million US\$) (% of ex			(% of imports)
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia	25.6 L	Inited States	35.6
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago	25.6 L 15.8 T	Inited States rinidad and Tol	35.6 bago 26.8
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago Balance -360.2 Barbados	25.6 L 15.8 T	Inited States	35.6
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago Balance -360.2 Barbados  Social indicators	25.6 L 15.8 T	Inited States rinidad and Tol enezuela	35.6 bago 26.8
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago Balance -360.2 Barbados  Social indicators  Population growth rate (average annual %)	25.6 L 15.8 T	Inited States rinidad and Tol enezuela 2010-2015	35.6 bago 26.8 5.6
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago Balance -360.2 Barbados  Social indicators  Population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	25.6 L 15.8 T	Inited States rinidad and Tol enezuela 2010-2015 2010-2015	35.6 bago 26.8 5.6 < 0.8
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago Balance -360.2 Barbados  Social indicators  Population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %) Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	25.6 L 15.8 T	Inited States rinidad and Tol enezuela 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015	35.6 bago 26.8 5.6 -0.8
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago Balance -360.2 Barbados  Social indicators  Population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population (%)	25.6 L 15.8 T	2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015 2013	35.6 26.8 5.6 
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago Balance -360.2 Barbados  Social indicators  Population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population (%) Population aged 0-14 years (%)	25.6 L 15.8 T 14.4 V	Inited States rinidad and Tol enezuela 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015 2013 2013	35.6 bago 26.8 5.6 0.8 -0.8 50.1 25.3
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago Balance -360.2 Barbados  Social indicators  Population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population (%) Population aged 0-14 years (%) Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of t	25.6 L 15.8 T 14.4 V	Inited States rinidad and Tol lenezuela 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015 2013 2013 2013	35.6 bago 26.8 5.6 -0.8 -0.8 50.1 25.3 11.0/9.5
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago Balance -360.2 Barbados  Social indicators  Population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %) Rural population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population (%) Population aged 0-14 years (%) Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of t Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	25.6 L 15.8 T 14.4 V	Inited States rinidad and Tolenezuela 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013	35.6 bago 26.8 5.6 0.8 -0.8 50.1 25.3 11.0/9.5 101.9
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago Balance -360.2 Barbados  Social indicators  Population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %) Rural population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population (%) Population aged 0-14 years (%) Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of t Sex ratio (males per 100 females) Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	25.6 L 15.8 T 14.4 V	Inited States rinidad and Toleenezuela 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2010-2015	35.6 bago 26.8 5.6 0.8 -0.8 50.1 25.3 11.0/9.5 101.9 74.7/70.3
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago Balance -360.2 Barbados  Social indicators  Population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %) Rural population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population (%) Population aged 0-14 years (%) Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of t Sex ratio (males per 100 females) Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	25.6 L 15.8 T 14.4 V	Inited States rinidad and Toleenezuela 2010-2015 2010-2015 2013 2013 2013 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015	35.6 bago 26.8 5.6 0.8 -0.8 50.1 25.3 11.0/9.5 101.9 74.7/70.3 17.0
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago Balance -360.2 Barbados  Social indicators  Population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population (%)  Population aged 0-14 years (%)  Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of t Sex ratio (males per 100 females)  Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)  Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	25.6 L 15.8 T 14.4 V	Inited States rinidad and Tol enezuela 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015 2013 2013 2013 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015	35.6 bago 26.8 5.6 0.8 -0.8 50.1 25.3 11.0/9.5 101.9 74.7/70.3 17.0 2.0
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago Balance -360.2 Barbados  Social indicators  Population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population (%) Population aged 0-14 years (%) Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of t Sex ratio (males per 100 females) Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) Fertility rate, total (live births per woman) Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) f	25.6 L 15.8 T 14.4 V	Inited States rinidad and Tol (enezuela 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015 2013 2013 2013 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015 2006-2012	35.6 bago 26.8 5.6 0.8 -0.8 50.1 25.3 11.0/9.5 101.9 74.7/70.3 17.0 2.0 58.3 <sup>9</sup>
Exports 43.0 Saint Lucia Imports 403.2 Trinidad and Tobago Balance -360.2 Barbados  Social indicators  Population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population (%)  Population aged 0-14 years (%)  Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of t Sex ratio (males per 100 females)  Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)  Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	25.6 L 15.8 T 14.4 V	Inited States rinidad and Tol enezuela 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015 2013 2013 2013 2010-2015 2010-2015 2010-2015	35.6 bago 26.8 5.6 0.8 -0.8 50.1 25.3 11.0/9.5 101.9 74.7/70.3 17.0 2.0

Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) **Environmental indicators** Threatened species 2013 46 Forested area (% of land area) 2011 68.7 CO<sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita) 2010 209/1.9 Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)  $650 \, 0^{c}$ 2010

a Official rate. b Air arrivals of non-resident tourists. c UNSD estimate. d Estimate. e ITU estimate. f Age group 15 to 44 years. g 1988. h Value is zero, not available or not applicable.

Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)

Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)

Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 100)

# Samoa

Region Oceania-Polynesia

Currency Tala (WST) Surface area (square kilometres) 2842

Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) 189 Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000) United Nations membership date 66.5 Apia (37)

15 December 1976

Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	434	597	681
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	5.1	2.1	0.8
GDP per capita (current US\$)	2 413.5	3 209.2	3 607.5
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	2 272.9	3 120.1	
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP) <sup>a</sup>	10.4	9.0	
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>b</sup>	2.76	2.34	
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	<b>–47</b>	-43	
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) <sup>c</sup>	133	174	188 <sup>d</sup>
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	102	109	
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	102	109	
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	28.3	24.1	
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	69.2	60.5	
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	102	122	
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	4		e
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	13.3	-	
Individuals using the Internet (%)	3.4	7.0	12.9 <sup>f</sup>
Total trade Major trading partne	ers		2012
(million US\$) (% of ex			% of imports)
Exports 76.1 Australia		Zealand	24.2
Imports 345.5 Areas nes	23.1 <sup>g</sup> Singa	apore	23.2
Balance –269.4 New Zealand	9.7 Unite	d States	12.5
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	20	010-2015	0.8
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	20	010-2015	-0.5
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	20	010-2015	0.7
Urban population (%)		2013	19.4
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	37.8
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of t	otal)	2013	8.5/6.6
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)		2013	106.4
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	20	010-2015	76.4/70.0
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	20	010-2015	19.7
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	20	010-2015	4.2
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)	20	006-2012	28.7
International migrant stock (000 and % of total popula	ition) r	mid-2013	5.6/3.0
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	20	006-2012	5.8
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/	/m per 100) 20	006-2012	97.6/93.0
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	20	006-2012	44.3 <sup>h</sup>
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000	D) <sup>i</sup> 20	008-2010	1.8</td
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	4.1
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	90
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	60.4
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric to	ons per capita)	2010	161/0.9
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivale		2010	324.0e
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetre			2 965 <sup>j</sup>
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum an			23.5/30.2 <sup>j</sup>
- Defended on the depiter city, mean to thin main an		Carias links	

a Refers to gross public capital formation. b Official rate. c Excludes rent. d Series linked to former series. e UNSD estimate. f ITU estimate. g See technical notes. h 2000. i Estimates. j Based on monthly averages for the period 1971-2000.

# Sao Tome and Principe

Region Middle Africa Currency Dobra (STD) Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) 195.1 Capital city and population in 2011 (000) São Tomé (64)

United Nations membership date	16 Septer	mber 1975	
Economic indicators	2005	201	0 2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	125	21	7 261
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	1.6	4.	6 6.5
GDP per capita (current US\$)	807.0	1 216.	3 1 386.3
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	792.9	1 220.	2 1 396.9
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	26.5	24.	
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	11 929.70	18 335.6	
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-36	-8	
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) <sup>b</sup>	561	1 43	2
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	99	11	
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	99	11	
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	41.2	44.	
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	74.9	76.	
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	16		8 12 <sup>c</sup>
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	7.8	62.	
Individuals using the Internet (%)	13.8 <sup>d</sup>	18.	8 21.6 <sup>d</sup>
Total trade Major trading partners			2012
(million US\$) (% of exp			(% of imports)
Exports 6.0 Netherlands	43.3 Port	tugal	52.0
Imports 141.3 France Balance -135.3 Spain	10.0 And 10.0 Belo		22.4 3.5
Balance –135.3 Spain  Social indicators	TU.U Delį	gium	3.0
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	2.6
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	3.0
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.1
Urban population (%)	4	2010-2013	64.1
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	41.6
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total	-11	2013	5.2/4.2
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	21/	2013	97.6
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	,	2010-2015	68.2/64.2
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	43.5
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	4.1
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		2006-2012	38.4
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population		mid-2013	6.3/3.3
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	11)	mid-2013	0.3/3.3 0 <sup>f</sup>
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	,	2006-2012	9.5
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m		2006-2012	100.0/98.5
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		2006-2012	45.7
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)		2008-2012	0.7/3.4
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	4	2014	18.2
Environmental indicators		2014	10.2
Threatened species		2013	78
Forested area (% of land area)		2013	28.1
$CO_2$ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	ner canital		99/0.6
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	D	2010	203.0

a Official rate. b Index base 1996=100. c 2011. d ITU estimate. e Data refer to foreign citizens. f Value is zero, not available or not applicable. g Estimates.

# Seychelles

Region Eastern Africa Currency Seychelles Rupee (SCR)

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre)
Capital city and population in 2011 (000)
United Nations membership date
202.5
Victoria (27)
21 September 1976

456

Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	919	973	1 031
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	9.0	5.6	2.8
GDP per capita (current US\$)	10 553.1	10 671.8	11 164.3
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	10 093.0	9 664.0	10 197.6
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	35.7	36.6	38.8
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	5.50	12.15	13.00
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-174	-214	-279
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	115	215	236
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	98	91	107
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	98	94	111
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	129	175	208
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	70.4	135.9 <sup>b</sup>	158.6°
Individuals using the Internet (%)	25.4	41.0 <sup>d</sup>	47.1 <sup>d</sup>

illulviuuais usilly	rue ilitellier (	/0		J.4 41	.0 47.1
Total trade		Major trading p	artners		2012
(mil	lion US\$) <sup>e</sup>	(%	of exports)e		(% of imports) <sup>e</sup>
Exports	326.6	Areas nes	27.3 <sup>f</sup>	United Arab Er	
Imports	986.4	Şaudi Arabia	26.9	Saudi Arabia	14.5
Balance	-659.8	France	16.2	Singapore	8.2
Social indicator	'S				
Population growth	n rate (averaç	ge annual %)		2010-2015	0.6
		(average annual %		2010-2015	1.1
		average annual %)		2010-2015	-0.5
Urban population				2013	54.4
Population aged 0				2013	22.1
		males and males, 🤉	% of total)	2013	12.5/9.2
Sex ratio (males p				2013	103.7
		es and males, yea	rs)	2010-2015	78.0/68.9
Infant mortality ra				2010-2015	8.2
Fertility rate, total				2010-2015	2.2
		10 and % of total p	opulation)	mid-2013	12.1/13.0
Education: Govern				2006-2012	3.6
		gross enrolment ra			108.0/100.9
		students (% of tota		2006-2012	74.8
Seats held by wor	men in natio	nal parliaments (%	)	2014	43.8
Environmental i	ndicators				_
Threatened specie	es			2013	272
Forested area (%	of land area)			2011	88.5
CO <sub>2</sub> emission esti	mates (000 r	netric tons and me	tric tons per ca	pita) 2010	703/8.1
Energy consumpti	on per capita	a (kilograms oil equ	uivalent)	2010	2 672.0
Precipitation in th	e capital city	r, total mean (millir	metres)		2 172 <sup>g</sup>
Temperature in th	e capital city	, mean °C (minimu	ım and maximu	m)	24.4/29.8 <sup>g</sup>
a Official rate. b Ja	nuary 2011.	December. d ITU e	stimate. <b>e</b> 2008.	f See technical	notes. <b>g</b> Based on

WMO Climatological Normals (CLINO) for the period 1971-1990.

# Singapore

Economic indicators

Region South-Eastern Asia Currency Singapore Dollar (SGD)

716

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000) United Nations membership date

5303 7 408.9 Singapore (5 188) 21 September 1965

2010

2014

2013

2011

2010

2010

25.3

287

3.3

13 509/2.6

4 049.0

2 150<sup>p</sup>

2012

Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012			
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	125 429	231 697	276 520			
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	7.4	14.8	1.3			
GDP per capita (current US\$)	27 900.8	45 619.0	52 141.5			
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	26 027.9	45 397.7	51 550.1			
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	21.1	23.5	24.1			
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	1.66	1.29	1.22			
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	26 869	62 026	51 437			
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	103	117	129			
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	90	92	105			
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	90	92	105			
Unemployment (% of labour force)	2.8 <sup>b</sup>	2.1	1.8			
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed) cdef	21.7	21.8 <sup>9</sup>	JII			
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed) cdfi	_1.1	1.19				
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	53.5	57.3	59.0			
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	76.7	77.5	77.5			
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	7 079	9 161	11 098			
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	102.8	145.2	153.4 <sup>J</sup>			
Individuals using the Internet (%)	61.0 <sup>k</sup>	71.0 <sup>l</sup>	74.2 <sup>m</sup>			
Total trade Major trading partners			2012			
(million US\$) (% of exp			6 of imports)			
Exports 408 393.0 Malaysia Imports 379 722.9 China, Hong Kong SAR	12.3 Malay 11.0 China		10.6 10.3			
Imports 379 722.9 China, Hong Kong SAR Balance 28 670.1 China		d States	10.3			
Social indicators						
Population growth rate (average annual %)	20	10-2015	2.0			
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		10-2015	1.1			
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		10-2015	0.0			
Urban population (%)	20	2013	100.0			
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	16.1			
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of tot	al)	2013	16.7/14.9			
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	uij	2013	97.4			
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	20	10-2015	84.6/79.7			
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		10-2015	1.8			
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		10-2015	1.3			
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) <sup>n</sup>		06-2012	62.0°			
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population		id-2013	2 323.3/42.9			
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		id-2013	3			
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)		06-2012	3.2			
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		06-2012	49.6			
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)	20	08-2010	0.5/1.0			
0		0044	0.5			

Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum) 23.9/30.9<sup>p</sup> a Market rate. b 2006. c June. d Data refer to permanent residents. e Refers to manufacturing and construction only, f The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.3. g 2009. h Break in series; data not strictly comparable. i Includes mining and quarrying, electricity, gas and water supply and activities not classifiable by economic activity. j December. k Age group 15 years and over. I Age group 7 years and over. m ITU estimate. n Age group 15 to 44 years. o 1997. p Based on monthly averages for the period 1961-1990.

Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)

CO<sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita)

Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)

Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)

**Environmental indicators** Threatened species

Forested area (% of land area)

# Solomon Islands

Region Oceania-Melanesia currency Solomon Is. Dollar (SBD)

Currency
Surface area (square kilometres)
Population in 2012 (estimated, 000)
Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre)
Capital city and population in 2011 (000)

28 896 550 19.0

city and population in 2011 (000) Honiara (68)
United Nations membership date 19 September 1978

Officed Nations membership date		11061 1370	
Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	429	682	1 010
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	12.8	7.0	4.8
GDP per capita (current US\$)	915.1	1 295.1	1 837.0
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	918.7	1 058.6	1 542.8
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	16.0	35.9	21.5
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	7.58	8.06	7.34
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-90	-210	2
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) <sup>b</sup>	149	226	249
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	103	121	120
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	103	121	120
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	53.7	53.4	53.4
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	79.1	79.3	79.1
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	9 <sup>c</sup>	21	24
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	1.3	21.5	53.3
Individuals using the Internet (%)	0.8	5.0 <sup>d</sup>	7.0 <sup>d</sup>
Total trade Major trading partners	0.0	0.0	2012
(million US\$) (% of expo	rts)	19/	of imports)
		tralia	31.8
Imports 493.4 Australia		gapore	28.2 8.5
Balance -1.7 United Kingdom	8.2 Chii		8.5
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	,	2010-2015	2.1
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	2	2010-2015	4.7
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	1.9
Urban population (%)		2013	21.4
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	40.2
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of tota	1)	2013	5.1/5.1
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	.,	2013	103.1
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		2010-2015	69.0/66.2
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	38.0
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	4.1
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		2006-2012	34.6
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population		mid-2013	7.9/1.4
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	'/	mid-2013	3
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	4	2006-2012	7.3
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m)		2006-2012	93.5/95.9
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)		2008-2010	1.3</td
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	•	2014	2.0
Environmental indicators		2014	2.0
Threatened species		2013	234
Forested area (% of land area)		2013	78.9
	nor canital		
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	per capita,		202/0.4
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)		2010	121.0 <sup>t</sup>
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres) <sup>9</sup>			3 290 <sup>h</sup>
Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and m	iaximum) 9	. CUNOD	23.2/30.1 <sup>h</sup>

a Official rate. **b** Honiara. **c** Excludes first quarter. **d** ITU estimate. **e** Estimates. **f** UNSD estimate. **g** Auki. **h** Based on WMO Climatological Normals (CLINO) for the period 1962-1990.

# Suriname

Region South America

Currency Surinamese Dollar (SRD) Surface area (square kilometres) 163 820 Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) 535

Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) 3.3 Capital city and population in 2011 (000) Paramaribo (278) United Nations membership date 4 December 1975

Commission   Com
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)  GDP per capita (current US\$)  GDP per capita (current US\$)  GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)  Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)  Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)  Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)  Exchange rates (national currency per US\$)  Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)  CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)  Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)  CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)  GPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)  Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)  GPI: Consumer price index (2000+2006=100)  GPI: CPI: CPI: CPI: CPI:
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)  GDP per capita (current US\$)  GDR per capita (current US\$)  GRIS: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)  GRIS: Gross national currency per US\$)  4 313.5 8 122.0 9 9011.9  Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)  45.6 37.5 39.8  Exchange rates (national currency per US\$)  Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)  CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)  Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)  CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)  Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)  GRIS: G
GDP per capita (current US\$)
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)   4 313.5   8 122.0   9 011.9
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) a 2.74 2.74 3.30 Balance of payments, current account (million US\$) —144 651 238 CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) bc 171 249 307 Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100) 99 137 131 Food production index (2004-2006=100) 99 137 131 Employment in industrial sector (% of employed) 23.0 defigh Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed) 8.0 defigh
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)         -144         651         238           CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) bc         171         249         307           Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)         99         137         131           Food production index (2004-2006=100)         99         137         131           Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)         23.0 defgh             Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)         8.0 defgh             Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)         37.8         40.1         40.4           Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)         67.3         68.7         68.8           Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)         161         205         240           Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)         715         865            Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)         46.6         169.6¹         182.9¹           Individuals using the Internet (%)         6.4         31.6         34.7¹           Total trade         Major trading partners         2012         2012           Exports         2 466.9         United Arab Emirates         26.1         Trinidad and To
CPI: Consumer price index (2000–100) bc         171         249         307           Agricultural production index (2004–2006–100)         99         137         131           Food production index (2004–2006–100)         99         137         131           Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)         23.0 defgh             Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)         8.0 defgh             Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)         37.8         40.1         40.4           Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)         67.3         68.7         68.8           Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)         161         205         240           Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)         715         865            Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)         46.6         169.6¹         182.9¹           Individuals using the Internet (%)         86.4         31.6         34.7¹           Exports         2 466.9         United Arab Emirates         26.1         United States         26.7           Imports         1 637.8         Canada         18.6         Trinidad and Tobago         25.4           Balance         829.1 <td< td=""></td<>
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100) 99 137 131 Food production index (2004-2006=100) 99 137 131 Employment in industrial sector (% of employed) 23.0 defgh Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed) 81.0 defgh Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%) 37.8 40.1 40.4 Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%) 67.3 68.7 68.8 Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) 161 205 240 Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent) 715 865 Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) 46.6 169.6 182.9 lodividuals using the Internet (%) 6.4 31.6 34.7 lodividuals using the Internet (%) 6.4 31.6 34.7 lodividuals using the Internet (%) 6.4 31.6 34.7 lodividuals using the Internet (%) 18.6 lodividuals using t
Food production index (2004-2006=100)  Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)  Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)  Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)  Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)  Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)  Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)  Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)  Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)  Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)  Employment in agricultural sector (800 in employed)  Endographic in agricultural sector (% of employed)  Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)  Endographic in agricultural sector (% of employed)  Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)  Endographic in agricultural sector (% of employed)  Exports 2 466.9  United States 26.1  United States 26.7  United States 26.7  Employed in indicators  Exports 2 466.9  United States 26.7  United States 26.7  Entiriidad and Tobago 25.4  Employed in indicators 26.7  Exports 2 466.9  United States 26.7  Employed in indicators 26.7  Exports 2 466.9  United States 26.7  United States 26.7  Employed in indicators 26.7  Exports 2 466.9  United States 26.7  Employed in indicators 26.7  Exports 2 466.9  United States 26.1  Employed
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed) Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed) End in agr
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed) Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%) Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%) Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%) Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%) Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) Lenergy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent) Employ production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent) Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Individuals using the Internet (%)  Total trade    Major trading partners   Major trading partners
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%) 67.3 68.7 68.8 Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) 161 205 240 Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent) 715 865 Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) 46.6 169.6 182.9 Individuals using the Internet (%) 6.4 31.6 34.7 161 170 181 182.9
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%) 67.3 68.7 68.8 Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) 161 205 240 Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent) 715 865 Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) 46.6 169.6 182.9 Individuals using the Internet (%) 6.4 31.6 34.7 Total trade Major trading partners 2012 (million US\$) (% of exports) (% of exports) (% of imports) 1637.8 Canada 18.6 Individual and Tobago 25.4 Balance 829.1 United States 11.2 Venterlands 16.0 Netherlands 16.0 Neth
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)  Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Individuals using the Internet (%)  Major trading partners  (million US\$)  Exports 2 466.9 United Arab Emirates 26.1 United States 26.7 Imports 1 637.8 Canada 18.6 United States 16.0 Trinidad and Tobago 25.4 Balance 829.1 United States 11.2 United States 16.0 Vertex 16.0 United States 11.2 United States 16.0 Vertex 16.0
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)   Major trading partners   Major trading partners   C(% of exports)    C(
Total trade   Major trading partners   C% of exports
Major trading partners   Cw of exports   Cw of imports   Life expectancy at birth (females and males, wears)   Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)   Contract of the formal of th
(million US\$)  Exports 2 466.9 United Arab Emirates 26.1 Inports 1 637.8 Canada Imports 1 637.8 Canada Inports 1 637.8 Canada Inports 1 637.8 Canada Inports 1 637.8 Canada Indicators  Population growth rate (average annual %) 2010-2015 0.9 Urban population growth rate (average annual %) 2010-2015 1.4 Rural population growth rate (average annual %) 2010-2015 -0.5 Urban population growth rate (average annual %) 2010-2015 1.4 Rural population growth rate (average annual %) 2010-2015 1.4 Rural population growth rate (average annual %) 2010-2015 1.4 Rural population aged 60-14 years (%) 2013 70.5 Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total) 2013 10.9/8.6 Sex ratio (males per 100 females) 2013 10.9/8.6 Sex ratio (males per 100 females) 2013 100.4 Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) 2010-2015 74.2/67.8 Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) 2010-2015 17.4 Fertility rate, total (live births per woman) 2010-2015 2.3 Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) 2006-2012 45.6 International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) indicators indic
Exports 2 466.9 United Arab Emirates 1637.8 Canada 18.6 Trinidad and Tobago 25.4 Balance 829.1 United States 11.2 Netherlands 16.0 Netherlands
Imports Balance1 637.8 829.1Canada United States18.6 11.2Trinidad and Tobago Netherlands25.4 16.0Social indicatorsPopulation growth rate (average annual %)2010-20150.9Urban population growth rate (average annual %)2010-20151.4Rural population growth rate (average annual %)2010-2015-0.5Urban population (%)201370.5Population aged 0-14 years (%)201327.4Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)201310.9/8.6Sex ratio (males per 100 females)2013100.4Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)2010-201574.2/67.8Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)2010-201517.4Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)2010-20152.3Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)2006-201245.6International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)mid-201341.7/7.7Refugees and others of concern to UNHCRmid-20133
Balance 829.1 United States 11.2 Netherlands 16.0  Social indicators  Population growth rate (average annual %) 2010-2015 0.9 Urban population growth rate (average annual %) 2010-2015 1.4  Rural population growth rate (average annual %) 2010-2015 -0.5 Urban population (%) 2013 70.5  Population aged 0-14 years (%) 2013 27.4  Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total) 2013 10.9/8.6  Sex ratio (males per 100 females) 2013 10.0.4  Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) 2010-2015 74.2/67.8  Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) 2010-2015 74.2/67.8  Fertility rate, total (live births per woman) 2010-2015 2.3  Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) 2006-2012 45.6  International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) mid-2013 3
Social indicatorsPopulation growth rate (average annual %)2010-20150.9Urban population growth rate (average annual %)2010-20151.4Rural population growth rate (average annual %)2010-2015-0.5Urban population (%)201370.5Population aged 0-14 years (%)201327.4Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)201310.9/8.6Sex ratio (males per 100 females)2013100.4Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)2010-201574.2/67.8Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)2010-201517.4Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)2010-20152.3Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)2006-201245.6International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) to mid-201341.7/7.7Refugees and others of concern to UNHCRmid-20133
Population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population (%) Urban population aged 0-14 years (%) Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total) Exercise the special spe
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)  Rural population growth rate (average annual %)  Population growth rate (average annual %)  Population aged 0-14 years (%)  Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)  Sex ratio (males per 100 females)  Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)  Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)  Pertility rate, total (live births per woman)  Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)  International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)  Male 2013  2010-2015  74.2/67.8  17.4  Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)  Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)  International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)  mid-2013  3
Rural population growth rate (average annual %) Urban population (%) Population aged 0-14 years (%) Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total) Sex ratio (males per 100 females) Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) Life application aged 60+ years (females) Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) Life application aged 60+ years (females) Life application a
Urban population (%) 2013 70.5  Population aged 0-14 years (%) 2013 27.4  Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total) 2013 10.9/8.6  Sex ratio (males per 100 females) 2013 100.4  Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) 2010-2015 74.2/67.8  Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) 2010-2015 17.4  Fertility rate, total (live births per woman) 2010-2015 2.3  Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) 2006-2012 45.6  International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) mid-2013 41.7/7.7  Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR mid-2013 3
Population aged 0-14 years (%)  Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)  Sex ratio (males per 100 females)  Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)  Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)  Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)  International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)  Population aged 0-14 years (%)  2013  2013  2013  2013  2013  2013  74.2/67.8  74.2/67.8  17.4  Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)  2010-2015  2.3  Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)  International migrant stock (000 and % of total population)  Mid-2013  41.7/7.7  Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total)  Sex ratio (males per 100 females)  Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)  Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)  Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)  Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)  International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) mid-2013  Total (109/8.6  100/8.6  100/9.6  74.2/67.8
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)  Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)  Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)  Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)  Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)  International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) mid-2013  Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR  100.4  74.2/67.8  2010-2015  17.4  2010-2015  2006-2012  45.6  mid-2013  3
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) 2010-2015 17.4 Fertility rate, total (live births per woman) 2010-2015 2.3 Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) <sup>k</sup> Mid-2013 3 3
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)  Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)  Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)  International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) <sup>k</sup> Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR  2010-2015  2.3  2006-2012  45.6  Mid-2013  41.7/7.7  Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)  Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)  International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) <sup>k</sup> Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR  2010-2015 2.3 2006-2012 45.6 Mid-2013 41.7/7.7 Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR  3
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %) International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) <sup>k</sup> Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR 2006-2012 45.6 mid-2013 41.7/7.7 mid-2013 3
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) mid-2013 41.7/7.7 Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR mid-2013 3
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR mid-2013 3
Education, Frinary-Secondary gross enrollinent ratio (1/11) per 1001 2000-2012 104.4/90.0
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000) 2008-2010 3.6/11.9
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) 2014 11.8
Environmental indicators
Threatened species 2013 75
Forested area (% of land area) 2011 94.6
$CO_2$ emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons per capita) 2010 2 382/4.5 Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent) 2010 1693.0

a Market rate. b Paramaribo. c Index base 2001=100. d 2004. e Population census. f The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.3. g August. h Break in series; data not strictly comparable. i ITU estimate. j 2011. k Data refer to foreign citizens. I 2002.

# Timor-Leste

Region South-Eastern Asia U.S. Dollar (USD)

Currency Surface area (square kilometres) 14 919 Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) 1114
Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) 74.7
Capital city and population in 2011 (000) Dili (180)
United Nations membership date 27 Septer

United Nations membership date	27 Septem	ber 2002	
Economic indicators	2005 2010		2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	1 801	4 2 1 6	5 387
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	53.3	-1.4	10.0
GDP per capita (current US\$)	1 809.3	3 905.3	4 834.9
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	824.8	3 052.8	3 641.4
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	4.5	13.0	13.9
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	541 <sup>a</sup>	1 675	2 740
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	98	121	114
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	98	126	122
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)		9.2	
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)		50.6	
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	32.0	25.0	24.7
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	65.9	51.8	51.1
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) <sup>b</sup>	14 <sup>a</sup>	40	58
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	7 395	7 418	
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	3.3	42.1 0.2 <sup>d</sup>	52.3 <sup>d</sup>
Individuals using the Internet (%)	0.1	U.Z <sup>-</sup>	0.9 <sup>d</sup>
Total trade Major trading partners (% of expo	rto le	10/	2012 of imports) <sup>e</sup>
	26.8 Indor		28.9
	24.6 Finla		20.3
Balance –286.4 United States	20.1 China		17.8
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)	20	010-2015	1.7
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	20	010-2015	4.3
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	20	010-2015	2.4
Urban population (%)		2013	29.1
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	45.8
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of tota	I)	2013	5.7/4.9
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)		2013	103.4
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		010-2015	68.9/65.8
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		010-2015	39.3
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		010-2015	5.9
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		006-2012	22.3
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	,	mid-2013	11.6/1.0
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		mid-2013	2
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)		006-2012	9.7
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m p		006-2012	89.8/92.3
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		006-2012	41.3
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000) f	20	008-2010	1.2/12.5
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	38.5
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	21
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	49.2
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	per capita)	2010	183/0.2
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	.:	2010	55.0°

Oceania-Polynesia Region

Currency Pa'anga (TOP) Surface area (square kilometres)

Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) 105
Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) 140.5
Capital city and population in 2011 (000) 140.5
United Nations membership date 145 September 1999

United Nations membership date	14 Septemi	iei 1999		
Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012	
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	264	374	465	
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	1.6	3.3	0.9	
GDP per capita (current US\$)	2 612.9	3 589.5	4 429.4	
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	2 615.6	3 623.8	4 524.3	
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	21.9	29.6	33.1	
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	2.06	1.81	1.74	
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-21	-79	-95	
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) <sup>b</sup>	160	210	225	
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	99	104	102	
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	99	104	102	
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	53.3	53.6	53.5	
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	75.2	75.2	74.8	
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) c	42	47	49	
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) <sup>d</sup>	29.6	52.2	53.4	
Individuals using the Internet (%) d	4.9	16.0	34.9	
Total trade Major trading partners			2012	
(million US\$) (% of expo	rts)	(%	of imports)	
Exports 15.6 New Zealand 2		Zealand	30.0	
Imports 199.2 United States	13.5 Singa	pore	22.9	
	12.8 United	States	13.0	
Social indicators				
Population growth rate (average annual %)		10-2015	0.4	
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)	20	10-2015	0.8	
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	20	10-2015	0.3	
Urban population (%)		2013	23.6	
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	37.2	
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total	1)	2013	9.2/6.8	
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)		2013	100.5	
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	20	10-2015	75.6/69.7	
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)	20	10-2015	20.5	
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)	20	10-2015	3.8	
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	n) m	iid-2013	5.4/5.2	
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	'n	iid-2013	3	
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	20	06-2012	3.9 <sup>e</sup>	
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m p		06-2012	101.3/99.6	
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)		06-2012	60.5 <sup>f</sup>	
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)	20	08-2010	0.7/1.6	
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	3.6	
Environmental indicators				
Threatened species		2013	74	
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	12.5	
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	per capita)	2010	158/1.5	
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	r oup.tu/	2010	492.0 <sup>g</sup>	
in additional for additional fundamental and additional			.02.0	

# Trinidad and Tobago

Region Caribbean

Currency Trinidad and Tobago Dollar (TTD) 5130

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000) Port of Spain (66) United Nations membership date 18 September 1962

1337 260.7

United Nations membership	date 18 Septer	mber 1962	
Economic indicators	2005	201	10 2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	15 982	20 57	78 23 225
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %	6.2	0	.2 1.5
GDP per capita (current US\$)	12 323.2	15 494	.7 17 365.2
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	11 741.0	16 121	.1 18 067.1
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	28.7	13	.9 13.9
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	6.31	6.4	
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	3 881	4 17	
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	126	19	
Industrial production index (2005=100) <sup>c</sup>	100	15	
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	99		98
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	99		98 98
Unemployment (% of labour force)	8.0		.9
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed) <sup>d</sup>	31.0	32	
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed) d	4.3		.8 <sup>e</sup>
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	53.5	52	
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	76.2	75	L.
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000) <sup>T</sup>	463	38	
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	34 428	49 31	
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	70.3	141	
Individuals using the Internet (%)	29.0 <sup>9</sup>	48	.5 <sup>n</sup> 59.5 <sup>g</sup>
Total trade Major trading part	ners		2012
	exports) <sup>i</sup>		(% of imports)
Exports 10 981.7 United States		ted States	28.0
Imports 6 479.6 Jamaica Balance 4 502.1 Barbados	6.5 Gab 3.4 Cold	on ombia	12.9 9.5
	3.4 6010	Jilibia	3.3
Social indicators		2010 0015	0.0
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	0.3
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	2.2
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	4	2010-2015 2013	0.0 14.3
Urban population (%) Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	20.8
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of	of total)	2013	14.8/12.4
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	ii totaij	2013	97.8
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)	,	2010-2015	73.6/66.3
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	24.2
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	1.8
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		2006-2012	42.5
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population		mid-2013	32.5/2.4
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR	anationij	mid-2013	41
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)	2	2006-2012	3.2 <sup>j</sup>
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio	(f/m ner 100) <sup>k</sup> 2	2006-2012	94.5/93.5
Education: Female third-level students (% of total)	(1) 11 poi 100)	2006-2012	55.4 <sup>1</sup>
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 (		2008-2010	5.5/72.2
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	28.6
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	55
Forested area (% of land area)		2013	44.0
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric	tone nor canital		
OOZ GITIOSTOTI ESTITIATES (UUU HIETITU TUHS AHU HIETITU	i tono per capita)	2010	50 640/37.7
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equiva	lont)	2010	17 507 N
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equiva		2010	17 587.0
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equiva Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimet Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum	tres)	2010	17 587.0 1 408 <sup>m</sup> 22.0/31.9 <sup>m</sup>

a Official rate. b 2011. c The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.3. d The indices are shown in terms of ISIC Rev.2. e 2008. f Air arrivals. g ITU estimate. h Country estimate. i 2010. j 2003. k National estimate. I 2004. m Based on monthly averages for the period 1961-1990.

# Tuvalu

Region Oceania-Polynesia Currency Australian Dollar (AUD)

26

10

Surface area (square kilometres) Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) Capital city and population in 2011 (000) United Nations membership date

379.2 Funafuti (5) 5 September 2000

Economic indicators	2005	2010	2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	22	34	40
	-3.9	-1.4	2.6
and the state of t	258.8	3 428.0	4 041.9
	30.4	5 482.8	7 050.6
	65.5	46.7	53.1
	1.37	0.99	0.96
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100) <sup>b</sup>	117	125 <sup>cc</sup>	
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	101	111	106
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	101	111 2	106 1 <sup>e</sup>
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	1 13.4	16.3	28.4 <sup>f</sup>
	10.0°	25.0	35.0
Total trade Major trading partners	10.0	20.0	2012
(million US\$) <sup>9</sup> (% of exports)		(%	of imports) <sup>g</sup>
Imports 26.5	Fiji	•	23.8
	Australia		18.1
	New Zea	aland	17.4
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		-2015	0.2
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		-2015	1.0
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)	2010	-2015	-0.6
Urban population (%)		2013	51.4
Population aged 0-14 years (%) <sup>hi</sup>		2013	32.8
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of total) hi		2013	10.8/7.4
Sex ratio (males per 100 females) h	2010	2013 -2015	103.7
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years) <sup>h</sup>			67.8/64.8 <sup>Jk</sup> 23.4 <sup>Jk</sup>
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births) <sup>n</sup>		-2015 -2015	3.7 <sup>kl</sup>
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman) <sup>h</sup> Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		-2013 -2012	30.5
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population) m		-2012	0.2/1.5
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m per 10			96.9/86.3°
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	00) 2000	2012	6.7
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	93
Forested area (% of land area)		2011	33.3

a UN operational exchange rate. b Funafuti. c 2007. d Series linked to former series. e 2011. f ITU estimate. g 2008. h Data compiled by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community Demography Programme. i De facto estimate. j 2010-2012. k Preliminary. I 2012. m Data refer to foreign citizens. n National estimate. o 2001.

# Vanuatu

Region Oceania-Melanesia

Currency Vatu (VUV)
Surface area (square kilometres) 12 189
pulation in 2012 (estimated, 000) 247

Population in 2012 (estimated, 000) 247
Population density in 2012 (per square kilometre) 20.3
Capital city and population in 2011 (000) Port Vila (47)
United Nations membership date 15 September 1981

United Nations membership date		111061 1301	
Economic indicators	2005	2010	0 2012
GDP: Gross domestic product (million current US\$)	393	680	752
GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices (annual %)	5.2	1.6	
GDP per capita (current US\$)	1 878.3	2 875.8	3 039.8
GNI: Gross national income per capita (current US\$)	1746.2	2 710.2	2 2 868.8
Gross fixed capital formation (% of GDP)	19.7	27.8	3 28.0
Exchange rates (national currency per US\$) <sup>a</sup>	112.33	93.1	5 91.73
Balance of payments, current account (million US\$)	-34	-3!	5 –50
CPI: Consumer price index (2000=100)	112	133	3 134 <sup>b</sup>
Agricultural production index (2004-2006=100)	100	133	2 134
Food production index (2004-2006=100)	100	133	2 134
Employment in industrial sector (% of employed)		7.0	Ocqe
Employment in agricultural sector (% of employed)		60.	5 <sup>cde</sup>
Labour force participation, adult female pop. (%)	65.3	61.	5 61.5
Labour force participation, adult male pop. (%)	81.7	80.0	
Tourist arrivals at national borders (000)	62	97	7 108
Energy production, primary (000 mt oil equivalent)	O <sup>f</sup>		1
Mobile-cellular subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	6.0	70.9	9 54.4
Individuals using the Internet (%)	5.1	8.0	
Total trade Major trading partners			2012
(million US\$) <sup>b</sup> (% of expo	rts)b		(% of imports) <sup>b</sup>
Exports 63.5 Malaysia	20.5 Aus	stralia	
Imports 280.6 Philippines	18.1 Sin	gapore	29.7 18.2
Balance –217.1 Australia	11.3 Nev	w Zealand	12.7
Social indicators			
Population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	2.2
Urban population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	3.6
Rural population growth rate (average annual %)		2010-2015	2.0
Urban population (%)		2013	25.5
Population aged 0-14 years (%)		2013	37.1
Population aged 60+ years (females and males, % of tota	l)	2013	6.2/6.0
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)		2013	103.0
Life expectancy at birth (females and males, years)		2010-2015	73.6/69.6
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		2010-2015	23.9
Fertility rate, total (live births per woman)		2010-2015	3.4
Contraceptive prevalence (ages 15-49, %)		2006-2012	38.4
International migrant stock (000 and % of total population	1)	mid-2013	3.1/1.2
Refugees and others of concern to UNHCR		mid-2013	2
Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP)		2006-2012	5.0
Education: Primary-secondary gross enrolment ratio (f/m)	per 100)	2006-2012	90.3/91.8
Education: Female third-level students (% of total) <sup>h</sup>		2006-2012	36.1 <sup>i</sup>
Intentional homicides (females and males, per 100 000)		2008-2010	1.3</td
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		2014	0.0
Environmental indicators			
Threatened species		2013	137
Forested area (% of land area)		2013	36.1
CO <sub>2</sub> emission estimates (000 metric tons and metric tons	ner canita		117/0.5
Energy consumption per capita (kilograms oil equivalent)	por oupitu	2010	169.0
Precipitation in the capital city, total mean (millimetres)		2010	2 222 <sup>k</sup>
Trecipitation in the capital city, total mean (IIIIIIIIIIettes)			2 Z Z Z Z

Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum) 21.5/28.2

a Official rate. b 2011. c 2009. d Population census. e November. f UNSD estimate. g ITU estimate. h UNESCO estimate. i 2004. j Estimates. k Based on monthly averages for the period 1961-1990.

# Technical notes

Below are brief descriptions of the indicators presented in the country profiles. The terms are arranged in alphabetical order.

**Agricultural production index:** The indices are calculated by the Laspeyres formula based on the sum of price-weighted quantities of different agricultural commodities produced. The commodities covered in the computation of indices of agricultural production are all crops and livestock products originating in each country. Practically all products are covered, with the main exception of fodder crops. Production quantities of each commodity are weighted by the average international commodity prices in the base period and summed for each year. To obtain the index, the aggregate for a given year is divided by the average aggregate for the base period 2004-2006. Indices are calculated without any deductions for feed and seed and are referred to as "gross" by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).

Source of the data: FAOSTAT database of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, available at http://faostat3.fao.org/faostat-gateway/go/ to/download/Q/QI/E (7 February 2014 update).

Balance of payments is a statement summarizing the economic transactions between the residents of a country and non-residents during a specific period, usually a year. It includes transactions in goods, services, income, transfers and financial assets and liabilities. Generally, the balance of payments is divided into two major components: the current account and the capital and financial account. The data on balance of payments presented in the World Statistics Pocketbook correspond to the current account category. The current account is a record of all transactions in the balance of payments covering the exports and imports of goods and services, payments of income, and current transfers between residents of a country and non-residents.

Source of the data: International Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments (BOP) database (last accessed 31 January 2014).

Capital city and population: The designation of any specific city as a capital city is done solely on the basis of the designation as reported by the country or area. The city can be the seat of the government as determined by the country. Some countries designate more than one city to be a capital city with a specific title function (e.g., administrative and/or legislative capital). The data refer to the year 2011.

Source of the data: The United Nations Population Division, World Urbanization Prospects: The 2011 Revision, Table 13, available at http://esa.un.org/unpd/ wup/CD-ROM/Urban-Agglomerations.htm (last accessed 7 November 2013).

CO<sub>2</sub> emission estimates represent the volume of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) produced during the combustion of solid, liquid, and gaseous fuels, from gas flaring and the manufacture of cement. Original data were converted to CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by using the conversion formula: 1 gram Carbon = 3.664 arams CO.. http://cdiac.ornl.gov/pns/convert.html#3.

Source of the data: Global, Regional, and National Fossil-Fuel CO, Emissions, Carbon Dioxide Information Analysis Center, National (All countries) file, available at http://cdiac.ornl.gov/trends/emis/overview\_2010.html (last November 2013)

Contraceptive prevalence refers to the percentage of women married or in-union aged 15 to 49 who are currently using, or whose sexual partner is using at least one method of contraception, regardless of the method used. Contraceptive methods include modern methods such as sterilization, oral hormonal pills, intra-uterine devices, condoms, injectables, implants, vaginal barrier methods and emergency contraception and traditional methods such as the rhythm, withdrawal, lactational amenorrhea method and folk methods. The data contain the most recent estimates of contraceptive prevalence between the years 2006 and 2012.

Source of the data: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, Fertility and Family Planning Section, World Contraceptive Use 2012, Survey-based Observations 1950-2012, available at http://www.un.org/esa/ population/publications/WCU2012/MainFrame.html.

CPI: Consumer price index measures changes over time in the general level of prices of goods and services that a reference population acquires, uses or pays for consumption. A consumer price index is estimated as a series of summary measures of the period-to-period proportional change in the prices of a fixed set of consumer goods and services of constant quantity and characteristics, acquired, used or paid for by the reference population. Each summary measure is constructed as a weighted average of a large number of elementary aggregate indices. Each of the elementary aggregate indices is estimated using a sample of prices for a defined set of goods and services obtained in, or by residents of, a specific region from a given set of outlets or other sources of consumption goods and services. Unless otherwise noted, the indices here generally refer to "all items" and to the country

Source of the data: LABORSTA Internet, International Labour Organization (ILO) database, Consumer Price Indices, Main statistics (monthly): General Indices, food indices, Table: B9, available at http://laborsta.ilo.org/data\_topic\_E.html (last accessed 12 December 2013).

**Currency** refers to those notes and coins in circulation that are commonly used to make payments. The official currency names and the ISO currency codes are those officially in use, and may be subject to change.

Source of the data: United Nations Treasury's website, available http://treasury.un.org/operationalrates/OperationalRates.aspx (data November 2013).

Education: Female third-level students: The number of female students at the third-level of education is expressed as a percentage of the total number of students (males and females) at the same level in a given school year. Third-level education is that which is provided at university, teachers' college, higher professional school, and which requires, as a minimum condition of admission, the successful completion of education at the second level, or evidence of the attainment of an equivalent level of knowledge. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the latest available year between 2006 and 2012.

Source of the data: UNESCO Institute of Statistics website, Education, Table 14: Tertiary indicators, available at http://stats.uis.unesco.org/unesco/ (October 2013 release).

Education: Government expenditure (% of GDP): Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the latest available year between 2006 and 2012. They show the trends in general government expenditures for educational affairs and services at pre-primary, primary, secondary and tertiary levels and subsidiary services to education, expressed as a percentage of the gross domestic product.

Source of the data: UNESCO Institute for Statistics website, Education, Table 19: Finance indicators by ISCED level, available at http://stats.uis.unesco.org/ unesco/ (October 2013 release).

Education: Primary and secondary gross enrolment ratio is the total enrolment in first and second levels of education, regardless of age, expressed as a percentage of the eligible official school-age population corresponding to the same level of education in a given school year. Education at the first level provides the basic elements of education (e.g. at elementary school or primary school). Education at the second level is provided at middle school, secondary school, high school, teacher-training school at this level and schools of a vocational or technical nature. Enrolment is at the beginning of the school or academic year. The gross enrolment ratio at the first and second level should include all pupils whatever their ages, whereas the population is limited to the range of official school ages. Therefore, for countries with almost universal education among the school-age population, the gross enrolment ratio will exceed 100 if the actual age distribution of pupils extends beyond the official school ages. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the latest available year between 2006 and 2012.

Source of the data: UNESCO Institute of Statistics website, Education, Table 5: Enrolment ratios by ISCED level, available at http://stats.uis.unesco.org/unesco/ (October 2013 release).

**Employment in agricultural and in industrial sectors**: The "employed" comprise all persons above a specified age who, during a specified brief period, either one week or one day, were in "paid employment" or in "self-employment" as defined below. "Persons in paid employment" comprise all persons in the following categories: (a) "at work": persons who during the reference period performed some work for wages, salary or related payments, in cash or in kind; or (b) "with a job but not at work": persons who, having already worked in their present job, were absent during the reference period and continued to have a strong attachment to their job. "Persons in self-employment" comprise all persons (a) "at work": persons who during the reference period performed some work for profit or family gain, in cash or in kind; or (b) "with an enterprise but not at work": persons with an enterprise, which may be a business enterprise, a farm or a service undertaking, who were temporarily not at work during the reference period for any specific reason. Employers, own-account workers and members of producers' co-operatives should be considered as in self-employment and should be classified as "at work" or "not at work", as the case may be. (See ILO's Current International Recommendations on Labour Statistics). Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the 15 years and over age group who perform any work at all in the reference period, for pay or profit in industry (mining, manufacturing, electricity, gas and water and construction) and in agriculture. Agriculture comprises the following divisions of the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC), Rev. 4: crop and animal production, hunting and related service activities, forestry and lodging, and fishing and aquaculture. Data sources include the World Bank's Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire, Eurostat's European Labour Force Survey, household income and expenditure surveys, household or labour force surveys, living standards surveys, official estimates and population censuses. The most common source of the data shown is the household or labour force survey; if other sources have been used they are indicated with a footnote.

Source of the data: The Key Indicators of the Labour Market database, International Labour Organization (ILO), available at http://www.ilo.org/empelm/what/ WCMS\_114240/lang--en/index.htm (last accessed 8 January 2014).

**Energy consumption per capita:** Data on consumption refers to "apparent consumption", which is derived from the formula "production + imports - exports bunkers +/- stock changes".

Source of the data: The Energy Statistics Yearbook (information provided by the Industrial and Energy Statistics Section of the United Nations Statistics Division as of 18 December 2013).

Energy production, primary, refers to the first stage of production of various forms of energy (from sources that involve only extraction or capture, with or without separation from contiguous material, cleaning or grading, before the energy embodied in that source can be converted into heat or mechanical work, converted into a common unit (metric ton of oil equivalent) (see United Nations publication Concepts and Methods in Energy Statistics, with Special Reference to Energy Accounts and Balances, 1982). The data refer to the following commercial primary energy sources: hard coal, lignite, peat, oil shale, crude petroleum, natural gas liquids, biodiesel, alcohol, natural gas, primary steam/heat, and electricity generated from hydro, nuclear, geothermal, wind, tide, wave and solar sources. Source of the data: The Energy Statistics Yearbook (information provided by the

Source of the data: The Energy Statistics Yearbook (information provided by the Industrial and Energy Statistics Section of the United Nations Statistics Division as of 18 December 2013).

**Exchange rates** are shown in units of national currency per US dollar and refer to end-of-period quotations. The exchange rates are classified into broad categories, reflecting both the role of the authorities in the determination of the exchange and/or the multiplicity of exchange rates in a country. The market rate is used to describe exchange rates determined largely by market forces; the official rate is an exchange rate determined by the authorities, sometimes in a flexible manner. For countries maintaining multiple exchange arrangements, the rates are labelled principal rate, secondary rate, and tertiary rate.

Source of the data: The International Monetary Fund, International Financial Statistics database (last accessed 6 January 2014). For those currencies for which the IMF does not publish exchange rates, non-commercial rates derived from the year-end operational rates of exchange for United Nations programmes are shown, as published by the United Nations Treasury, available at http://www.un.org/Depts/treasury/ (last accessed 6 January 2014).

**Fertility rate:** The total fertility rate is a widely used summary indicator of fertility. It refers to the number of children that would be born per woman, assuming no female mortality at child bearing ages and the age-specific fertility rates of a specified country and reference period. Unless otherwise indicated, the data are the five-year average for the reference period 2010-2015.

Source of the data: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013), World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision, available at http://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/Excel-Data/population.htm; supplemented by official national statistics published in the United Nations Demographic Yearbook 2012, Table 4, available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/dyb/dyb2012.htm; and data compiled by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC) Statistics and Demography Programme, Population and demographic indicators, available at http://www.spc.int/sdp.

Food production index covers commodities that are considered edible and contain nutrients. Accordingly, coffee and tea are excluded because they have practically no nutritive value. The index numbers shown may differ from those produced by countries themselves because of differences in concepts of production, coverage, weights, time reference of data, and methods of evaluation. The data include estimates made by FAO in cases where no official or semi-official figures are available from the countries

Source of the data: FAOSTAT database of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, available at http://faostat3.fao.org/faostat-gateway/go/to/download/Q/QI/E (7 February 2014 update).

**Forested area** refers to the percentage of land area occupied by forest. Forest is defined in the Food and Agriculture Organization's *Global Forest Resources Assessment* as land spanning more than 0.5 hectares with trees higher than 5 metres and a canopy cover of more than 10 percent, or trees able to reach these thresholds in situ. It does not include land that is predominantly under agricultural or urban land use. Data are derived from the forest estimates divided by the land area for 2011.

Source of the data: The FAOSTAT database of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, available at http://faostat3.fao.org/faostat-gateway/go/to/download/R/RL/E (last accessed 14 November 2013).

GDP: Gross domestic product is an aggregate measure of production equal to the sum of gross value added of all resident producer units plus that part (possibly the total) of taxes on products, less subsidies on products, that is not included in the valuation of output. It is also equal to the sum of the final uses of goods and services (all uses except intermediate consumption) measured at purchasers' prices, less the value of imports of goods and services, and equal to the sum of primary incomes distributed by resident producer units (see System of National Accounts 2008). The data in the World Statistics Pocketbook are in current United States (US) dollars and are estimates of the total production of goods and services of the countries represented in economic terms, not as a measure of the standard of living of their inhabitants. In order to have comparable coverage for as many countries as possible, these US dollar estimates are based on official GDP data in national currency, supplemented by national currency estimates prepared by the Statistics Division using additional data from national and international sources. The estimates given here are in most cases those accepted by the United Nations General Assembly's Committee on Contributions for determining United Nations members' contributions to the United Nations regular budget. The exchange rates for the conversion of GDP national currency data into US dollars are the average market rates published by the International Monetary Fund, in *International Financial Statistics*. Official exchange rates are used only when free market rates are not available. For non-members of the Fund, the conversion rates used are the average of United Nations operational rates of exchange. It should be noted that the conversion from local currency into US dollars introduces deficiencies in comparability over

time and among countries which should be considered when using the data. For example, comparability over time is distorted when exchange rate fluctuations differ substantially from domestic inflation rates

Source of the data: The National Accounts Main Aggregates Database, available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/snaama/dnllist.asp (December 2013 update) and the National Accounts Statistics: Analysis of Main Aggregates, compiled from national data provided to the United Nations Statistics Division.

GDP: Growth rate at constant 2005 prices is derived on the basis of constant price series in national currency. The figures are computed as the geometric mean of annual rates of growth expressed in percentages for the years indicated.

Source of the data: The National Accounts Main Aggregates Database, available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/snaama/dnllist.asp (December 2013 update) and the National Accounts Statistics: Analysis of Main Aggregates, compiled from national data provided to the United Nations Statistics Division.

GDP per capita estimates are the value of all goods and services produced in the economy divided by the population.

Source of the data: The National Accounts Main Aggregates Database available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/snaama/dnllist.asp (December 2013 update) and the National Accounts Statistics: Analysis of Main Aggregates, compiled from national data provided to the United Nations Statistics Division.

**GNI:** Gross national income per capita estimates are the aggregate value of the balances of gross primary incomes for all sectors in the economy divided by the population. GNI is equal to GDP less primary incomes payable to non-resident units plus primary incomes receivable from non-resident units. In other words, GNI is equal to GDP less taxes (less subsidies) on production and imports, compensation of employees and property income payable to the rest of the world plus the corresponding items receivable from the rest of the world. Thus GNI at market prices is the sum of gross primary incomes receivable by resident institutional units/sectors. It is worth noting that GNI at market prices was called gross national product in the 1953 SNA, and it was commonly denominated GNP. In contrast to GDP, GNI is not a concept of value added, but a concept of income (see System of National Accounts 2008).

Source of the data: The National Accounts Main Aggregates Database, available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/snaama/dnllist.asp (December 2013 update) and the National Accounts Statistics: Analysis of Main Aggregates, compiled from national data provided to the United Nations Statistics Division.

Gross fixed capital formation is measured by the total value of a producer's acquisitions, less disposals, of fixed assets during the accounting period plus certain specified expenditure on services that adds to the value of non-produced

assets (see System of National Accounts 2008). The data are based on the percentage distribution of GDP in current prices.

Source of the data: The National Accounts Main Aggregates Database, available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/snaama/dnllist.asp (December 2013 update) and the National Accounts Statistics: Analysis of Main Aggregates, compiled from national data provided to the United Nations Statistics Division.

**Individuals using the Internet** refer to the percentage of people who used the Internet from any location and for any purpose, irrespective of the device and network used. It can be via a computer (i.e. desktop or laptop computer, tablet or similar handheld computer), mobile phone, games machine, digital TV, etc. Access can be via a fixed or mobile network. Data are obtained by countries through national household surveys and are either provided directly to the International Telecommunication Union (ITU) by national statistical offices (NSO), or ITU carries out necessary research to obtain data, for example, from NSO websites. There are certain data limits to this indicator, insofar as estimates have to be calculated for many developing countries which do not yet collect information communications technology household statistics.

Source of the data: The World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database 2013 (17<sup>th</sup> Edition) of the International Telecommunication Union, Time series by country, available at http://www.itu.int/en/ITU-D/Statistics/Pages/stat/default.aspx (last accessed 23 January 2014).

Industrial production index: The data shown here generally cover, unless otherwise noted, the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities, Revision 4 (ISIC Rev. 4) sections B, C, D and E (i.e., mining and guarrying; manufacturing; electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply; and water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities). The data that are footnoted as referring to ISIC Rev. 3 cover Tabulation Categories C, D and E (mining and guarrying; manufacturing; and electricity, gas and water supply).

Source of the data: United Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics, Table 5, available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/mbs/ (last accessed 28 January 2014).

**Infant mortality rate** (per 1 000 live births) is the ratio of infant deaths (the deaths of children under one year of age) in a given year to the total number of live births in the same year. Unless otherwise noted, the rates are the five-year projected averages for the reference period 2010-2015.

Source of the data: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs. Population Division (2013), World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision, available http://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/Excel-Data/population.htm supplemented by data compiled by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC) Statistics and Demography Programme, Population and demographic indicators, available at http://www.spc.int/sdp.

**Intentional homicides:** The rates are the annual number of unlawful deaths purposefully inflicted on a person by another person, reported by sex for the year per 100 000. The data refer to the latest available year between 2008 and 2010. For most countries, country information on causes of death is not available for most causes. Estimates are therefore based on cause of death modelling and death registration data from other countries in the region. Further country-level information and data on specific causes was also used.

Source of the data: United Nations Office on Crime and Drugs, Homicide Statistics - Homicides by sex, available at https://www.unodc.org/unodc/en/data-and-analysis/homicide.html (last accessed 27 March 2014).

International migrant stock generally represents the number of persons born in a country other than that in which they live. When information on country of birth was not recorded, data on the number of persons having foreign citizenship was used instead. In the absence of any empirical data, estimates were imputed. Data refer to mid-2013. Figures for international migrant stock as a percentage of the population are the outcome of dividing the estimated international migrant stock by the estimated total population and multiplying the result by 100.

Source of the data: The United Nations Population Division, Trends in International Migrant Stock: The 2013 Revision- Migrants by age and sex, Total International Migrant Stock (Tables 1 and 3), available at http://esa.un.org/unmigration/TIMSA2013/migrantstocks2013.htm?mhome (last accessed 8 November 2013).

Labour force participation rate is calculated by expressing the number of persons in the labour force as a percentage of the working-age population. The labour force is the sum of the number of persons employed and the number of unemployed (see ILO's *Current International Recommendations on Labour Statistics*). The working-age population is the population above a certain age, prescribed for the measurement of economic characteristics. Unless otherwise noted, the data refer to the age group of 15 years and over.

Source of the data: The Key Indicators of the Labour Market database, International Labour Organization (ILO), available at http://www.ilo.org/empelm/what/WCMS\_114240/lang-en/index.htm (last accessed 8 January 2014).

**Life expectancy at birth** is the average number of years of life at birth (age 0) for males and females according to the expected mortality rates by age estimated for the reference year and population. Unless otherwise indicated, the data are the five-year projected averages for the reference period 2010-2015.

Source of the data: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013), World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision, available at http://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/Excel-Data/population.htm; supplemented by official national statistics published in the United Nations Demographic Yearbook 2012, Table 21, available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/dyb/dyb2012.htm; and data compiled by the Secretariat of the Pacific

Community (SPC) Statistics and Demography Programme, Population and demographic indicators, available at http://www.spc.int/sdp.

Major trading partners show the three largest trade partners (countries of last known destination and origin or consignment) in international merchandise trade transactions. In some cases a special partner is shown (i.e. Areas nes, bunkers, etc.) instead of a country and refers to one of the following special categories. Areas not elsewhere specified (Areas nes) is used (a) for low value trade, (b) if the partner designation was unknown to the country or if an error was made in the partner assignment and (c) for reasons of confidentiality. If a specific geographical location can be identified within Areas nes, then they are recorded accordingly (i.e. Other Europe nes, South America nes, North and Central America nes, Oceania nes, Other Africa nes, and Other Asia nes). Bunkers are ship stores and aircraft supplies, which consists mostly of fuels and food. Free zones belong to the geographical and economic territory of a country but not to its customs territory. For the purpose of trade statistics the transactions between the customs territory and the free zones are recorded, if the reporting country uses the Special Trade System. Free zones can be commercial free zones (duty free shops) or industrial free zones. Data are expressed as percentages of total exports and of total imports of the country, area or special partner.

Source of the data: The United Nations Statistics Division's Commodity Trade Statistics Database (COMTRADE), available at http://comtrade.un.org and the United Nations International Trade Statistics Yearbook.

**Mobile-cellular telephone subscriptions**, per 100 inhabitants refer to the number of mobile cellular telephone subscriptions in a country for each 100 inhabitants. It is calculated by dividing the number of mobile cellular telephone subscriptions by the total population and multiplied by 100.

Source of the data: The World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database 2013 (17th Edition) of the International Telecommunication Union, Time series by country, available at http://www.itu.int/en/ITU-D/Statistics/Pages/stat/default.aspx (last accessed 13 December 2013).

**Population aged 0-14 years** refers to the population aged 0-14 years of both sexes as a percentage of total population. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the year 2013.

Source of the data: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013), World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision, available at http://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/Excel-Data/population.htm; supplemented by official national statistics published in the United Nations Demographic Yearbook 2012, Table 7, available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/dyb/dyb2012.htm; and data compiled by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC) Statistics and Demography Programme, Population and demographic indicators, available at http://www.spc.int/sdp.

Population aged 60 years and over refers to the percentage of the female population who are 60 years and older and the percentage of the male population who are 60 years and older, respectively. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the year 2013.

Source of the data: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013), World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision, available at http://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/Excel-Data/population.htm; supplemented by official national statistics published in the United Nations Demographic Yearbook 2012, Table 7, available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/ products/dyb/dyb2012.htm; and data compiled by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC) Statistics and Demography Programme, Population and demographic indicators, available at http://www.spc.int/sdp.

**Population density** refers to population per square kilometre of surface area. Data are derived from the population estimates for 2011 divided by the surface area. See also population estimates and surface area.

Population estimates: Data for "Population in 2012" refer to de facto population as of 1 July 2012. The total population of a country may comprise either all usual residents of the country (de jure population) or all persons present in the country (de facto population) at the time of the census; for purposes of international comparisons, the de facto definition is recommended.

Source of the data: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013), World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision, available at http://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/Excel-Data/population.htm (last accessed 16 December 2013).

Population growth rate is the average annual percentage change in total population size. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the period 2010-2015. Source of the data: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013), World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision, available at http://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/Excel-Data/population.htm.

Precipitation in the capital city refers to the total mean of rain and/or snow, computed by adding average monthly measurements from the weather stations in the capital city, unless otherwise noted. The data are official climatological information supplied by national meteorological and hydrological services. Since the definition of mean precipitation and averaging periods may be different for different countries, care should be taken when comparing city climatologies.

Source of the data: The World Meteorological Organization website, available at http://www.worldweather.org/ (last accessed 10 February 2014).

Refugees and others of concern to the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): The 1951 United Nations Convention relating to the Status of Refugees states that a refugee is someone who, owing to a well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, political opinion or membership in a particular social group, is outside the country of his or her nationality and is unable to, or owing to such fear, is unwilling to avail himself or herself of the protection of that country; or who, not having a nationality and being outside the country of his or her former habitual residence, is unable or, owing to such fear, unwilling to return to it. In this series, refugees refer to persons granted a humanitarian status and/or those granted temporary protection. Included are persons who have been granted temporary protection on a group basis. The series also includes returned refugees, asylum-seekers, stateless persons and persons displaced internally within their own country and others of concern to the UNHCR.

Source of the data: The UNHCR Mid-Year Trends 2013, Table 1: Refugees, asylumseekers, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees (refugees and IDPs), stateless persons, and others of concern to UNHCR by country/territory of asylum, mid-2013 (or latest available estimates), available at http://www.unhcr.org/statistics.html (last accessed 8 January 2014). See also the website of the Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre (IDMC) for further information.

Region: Macro geographical regions arranged according to continents and component geographical regions used for statistical purposes.

Source of the data: The Standard Country or Area Codes and Geographical Regions for Statistical Use, Revision 4 (United Nations publication), Composition of macro geographical (continental) regions, geographical sub-regions, and selected economic and other groupings available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/methods/ m49/m49regin.htm (last accessed 26 November 2013).

Rural population growth rate data are based on the number of persons defined as rural according to national definitions of this concept. In most cases these definitions are those used in the most recent population census.

Source of the data: The United Nations Population Division, World Urbanization Prospects: The 2011 Revision, File 7, available at http://esa.un.org/unpd/wup/CD-ROM/Urban-Rural-Population.htm (last accessed 8 November 2013).

Seats held by women in national parliaments refer to the number of women in the lower chamber of national parliaments expressed as a percentage of total occupied seats in the lower or single House.

Source of the data: The Inter-Parliamentary Union, Women in National Parliaments, Situation as of 1 January 2014, available at http://www.ipu.org/wmn-e/classif-arc.htm (last accessed 20 March 2014).

**Sex ratio** is calculated as the ratio of the number of men to that of 100 women. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the year 2013.

Source of the data: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013), World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision available at http://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/Excel-Data/population.htm; supplemented by official national statistics published in the United Nations Demographic Yearbook 2012, Table 7, available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/dyb/dyb2012.htm; and data compiled by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC) Statistics and Demography Programme, Population and demographic indicators, available at http://www.spc.int/sdp.

**Surface area**, unless otherwise noted, refers to land area plus inland water. *Source of the data*: The United Nations *Demographic Yearbook 2012*, Table 3, available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/dyb/dyb2012.htm (last accessed 11 December 2013).

Temperature in the capital city, mean °C (minimum and maximum): Data were computed from average monthly measurements from the weather stations in the capital city, unless otherwise noted. The data are official climatological information supplied by national meteorological and hydrological services worldwide. Since the definition of mean temperature and averaging periods may be different for different countries, care should be taken when comparing city climatologies.

Source of the data: The World Meteorological Organization website, available at http://www.worldweather.org/ (last accessed 10 February 2014).

**Threatened species** represents the number of plants and animals that are most in need of conservation attention and are compiled by the World Conservation Union IUCN/ Species Survival Commission (SSC).

Source of the data: The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species version 2013.2: Table 5, available at http://www.iucnredlist.org/about/summary-statistics#Tables\_5\_6 (last accessed 10 January 2014).

**Total trade:** exports and imports show the movement of goods out of and into a country. Goods simply being transported through a country (goods in transit) or temporarily admitted (except for goods for inward processing) do not add to the stock of material resources of a country and are not included in the international merchandise trade statistics. In the "general trade system", the definition of the statistical territory of a country coincides with its economic territory. In the "special trade system", the definition of the statistical territory comprises only a particular part of the economic territory, mainly that part which coincides with the free circulation area for goods. "The free circulation area" is a part of the economic territory of a country within which goods "may be disposed of without Customs restrictions". In the case of exports, the transaction value is the value at which the goods were sold by the exporter, including the cost of transportation and insurance,

to bring the goods onto the transporting vehicle at the frontier of the exporting country (an FOB-type valuation). In the case of imports, the transaction value is the value at which the goods were purchased by the importer plus the cost of transportation and insurance to the frontier of the importing country (a CIF-type valuation). Both imports and exports are shown in United States dollars. Conversion from national currencies is made by means of currency conversion factors based on official exchange rates (par values or weighted averages).

Source of the data: The United Nations Statistics Division's Commodity Trade Statistics Database (COMTRADE), available at http://comtrade.un.org and the United Nations 2012 International Trade Statistics Yearbook.

Tourist arrivals at national borders: An international tourist is any person who travels to a country other than that in which he or she has his or her usual residence but outside his/her usual environment for a period not exceeding 12 months and whose main purpose of visit is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from with the country visited, and who stays at least one night in a collective or private accommodation in the country visited (see Recommendations on Tourism Statistics of the United Nations and the World Tourism Organization). Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to arrivals of non-resident tourists at national borders

Source of the data: The United Nations World Tourism Organization Compendium of Yearbook Statistics (information provided by the United Nations World Tourism Organization as of 20 December 2012).

Unemployment refers to persons above a specified age who during a specified reference period were: "without work", i.e. were not in paid employment or selfemployment as defined under employment; "currently available for work", i.e. were available for paid employment or self-employment during the reference period; and "seeking work", i.e. had taken specific steps in a specified recent period to seek paid employment or self-employment. In circumstances where employment opportunities are particularly limited and where persons not working do not have easy access to formal channels for seeking employment or face social and cultural barriers when looking for a job, the "seeking work" criterion should be relaxed. National definitions of unemployment often differ from the recommended international standard definitions and thereby limit international comparability. Inter-country comparisons are also complicated by the different types of data collection systems used to obtain information on unemployed persons. Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the 15 years and over age group and are national employment office statistics, usually labour force surveys, compiled by the ILO. (See ILO's Current International Recommendations on Labour Statistics, 2000 Edition).

Source of the data: The LABORSTA Internet ILO database, Short term indicators, Unemployment rate by sex, available at http://www.ilo.org/ilostat/faces/home/ statisticaldata/data\_by\_subject?\_adf.ctrl-state=hhcnozbjq\_110&\_afrLoop= 1400953161591832 (last accessed 23 April 2014).

**United Nations membership dates:** The United Nations is an intergovernmental organization whose members are the countries of the world. Currently there are 192 Member States of the United Nations, some of which joined the UN by signing and ratifying the Charter of the United Nations in 1945; the other countries joined the UN later, through the adoption of a resolution admitting them to membership. The process usually follows these steps: first, the country applies for membership and makes a declaration accepting the obligations of the Charter; second, the Security Council adopts a resolution recommending that the General Assembly admit the country to membership and finally the General Assembly adopts a resolution admitting the country.

Source of the data: The List of Member States. available at http://www.un.org/en/members/ (accessed 4 November 2013).

**Urban population** is based on the number of persons defined as urban according to national definitions of this concept. In most cases these definitions are those used in the most recent population census.

Source of the data: United Nations Population Division, World Urbanization Prospects: The 2011 Revision, CD-ROM Edition, File 21, available at http://esa.un.org/unpd/wup/CD-ROM/Urban-Rural-Population.htm.

**Urban population growth rate** is based on the number of persons defined as urban according to national definitions of this concept. In most cases these definitions are those used in the most recent population census.

Source of the data: United Nations Population Division, World Urbanization Prospects: The 2011 Revision, File 6, available at http://esa.un.org/unpd/wup/CD-ROM/Urban-Rural-Population.htm (last accessed 8 November 2013).

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# Related products

The World Statistics Pocketbook can also be viewed online in PDF format at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/pocketbook/.



The updated version of UN CountryStats, an app for iPhones and iPads, and adapted from the print version of the Pocketbook 2014 Edition, is now available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/pubs/gesgrid.asp?id=442 or https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/un-countrystats/id505192468?mt=8.

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SIDS Trends Report 2014 - The report highlights the vulnerabilities of SIDS and recent trends and progress made in their sustainable development. In addition to the key areas covered in the first report - social development, climate change, energy, natural disaster management, and tourism, this report covers analysis on new areas - health and NCDs, oceans and seas, and waste management. The report is available at www.sidsnet.org.

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Energy

Environment

Food and agriculture

Gender Health Industrial production International finance International tourism International trade

Labour

National accounts

Population and migration

Prices