



FIJI PRIORITIES AND DEMANDS (GREEN GROWTH CONTEXT)

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FIJI COUNTRY PROFILE

- Land area of 18,270 km 2
- 332 islands of which approximately 110 are inhabited.
- Coastline is approximately 1,129km and the terrain is mostly mountains of volcanic origin.
- Climate is tropical marine, and there is only slight seasonal temperature variation.
- Capital Suva (on the island of Viti Levu). It is located at: 18°08′ South, 178°25′ East (geographic coordinates) and UTC+12 (the Date Line passing through the country).
- The total population is estimated at 918,675 (2007).

MAJOR SECTORS

- Tourism
- Sugar
- Energy
- Mineral water
- Mining
- Copra
- Electricity
- Fish
- Garments
- o Timber,
- building and construction.

DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

- Past
 - Grow First, Clean up Later Policy
 - Resulting in environmental pollution, economic and social instability, and health risks
- Way Forward -Green Growth
 - Strategy ensures environmental and economic sustainability

GG INITIATIVES

- Establishing sound legislation, regulation and standardization framework;
- Optimization of the industrial structure, including improvements of energy consumption and use of high quality and alternative energy;
- Promoting improvements of technological processes for energy efficiency and recycling/ environmentally sound technologies;
- Improving energy consumption management;
- Developing appropriate incentive policies;
- oDeveloping new tools and mechanism such as energy efficiency labeling and energy and water conservation product certification to guide and provide sustainable consumption choices for consumers.
 - FOCUS OF GG IS ON LOW-CARBON INITIATIVES

GREEN GROWTH IN FIJI

 Green Growth is slowly being adopted by many sectors in Fiji

E.G.

- Energy
- Tourism
- Environment (supporting Green Growth)

GREEN GROWTH ALIGNED PROGRAMMES

1. ENERGY SECTOR

- Currently 66% Renewable energy
- 34% Diesel Generators

Small component of community use biodiesel, and rural communities are provided Solar Home Systems

ENERGY SECTOR APPROACHES

- Energy Efficient Operations
- Full Utilization of Energy
- No Wastage or leakage of energy

FOSSIL FUEL

 A major pollutant is Oil – sea ports and harbors, soils, bus stations, drainage systems, etc.

PRUDENT THAT THIS FUEL IS PHASED OUT AND REPLACED BY RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES.

2. TOURISM SECTOR

 Tourism Fiji and key players have aligned resources with Clay Engineering & Australian based energy efficiency equipment supplier XDX Australia – under the Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Partnership (REEEP) Project

To help advance Fiji as a low carbon tourist destination – long term benefits to communities

Focus is on energy efficient technologies and small scale renewable energy sources across destinations

3. ENVIRONMENT LEGISLATIONS / POLICIES

Environment Management Act 2005 coupled with the regulations

- Environment Impacts Assessment Regulations 2007
- Waste Disposal and Recycling Regulations 2007
- National Waste Management Strategies (Solid, Liquid, Air)
 - Conditions / Terms of Reference/
 Strategies are in line with Green Growth
 Concepts specifically for new
 developments and operational facilities
 Fiji wide.

3. ENVIRONMENT LEGISLATIONS / POLICIES

- Endangered and Protected Species Act 1992
- Ozone Depleting Substance Act 1998 and its Regulations 2012
- Litter (amendment) Decree 2010

PROGRAMME/ACTIVITIES

- State of the Environment Report (under review data collection and verification). The report will be used to finalize the National Environment Strategy.
- Environment Data is available for Thematic areas such as Management of Waste: Waste Generation/household, tonnages of waste collected and disposed at the landfill.
- Permitting Systems in place and the Department is in the process of setting-up a database for such programs.
- Recycling Programs in place and data on recycling rate is available where Master Solid Waste Management Plan is in place for Municipal Councils.
- Projects: Container Deposit Legislation, Plastic Bags Incentive, National Waste Oil Stewardship System (Levy).
- Feasibility studies Environmental Tax for sustainable waste management system.
- Green Town Program
 - Competition for Municipal Councils

CONCLUSION

- Green Growth is certainly a great challenge for Fiji, considering the financial losses, however, it is a challenge that is welcomed by Fiji for long term gain for the purposes of
 - Sustainable Economic Growth
 - Healthy Environment
 - Well Being of all!





THANK YOU